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3	SECTION .0200 - REGISTRATION OF RADIATION MACHINES: FACILITIES AND SERVICES

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- Codifier's Note: 10 NCAC 03G .2300 was transferred to 15A NCAC 11 .0200 effective January 4, 1990.
- 6 Recodification pursuant to G.S. 143B-279.3.

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10A NCAC 15.0201 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

- 9 (a) This Section provides for the registration of radiation machines, machines, radiation generating devices, radiation
- 10 machine facilities, and persons providing other radiological services.
- 11 (b) For purposes of this Section, "facility" means the location at which one or more radiation machines are installed
- 12 or located within one building, vehicle, or under one roof and are under the same administrative control. A person
- 13 who acquires, owns, possesses, or receives a radiation machine or radiation generating device before receiving a notice
- of registration in accordance with Rule .0209 of this Section is subject to the requirements of this Chapter.
- 15 (c) In addition to the requirements of this Section, all registrants are subject to the provisions in of the other sections
- 16 <u>Sections .0100, .1000, .1100, and .1600</u> of this Chapter.
- 17 (d) Special requirements for registration of particle accelerators are provided in Section .0900 of this Chapter and are
- 18 in addition to the requirements of this Section. Service providers using radiation machines for demonstration purposes
- or that provide mobile leasing services are subject to the additional requirements of Rule .0205 of this Section. Service
- 20 providers that provide those services by bringing radiation machines or radiation generating devices from out of state
- 21 <u>are subject to the additional requirements of Rule .0208 of this Section.</u>
- 22 (e) Emerging technologies for radiation machines and radiation generating devices that do not meet the equipment
- 23 requirements of this Chapter are subject to the additional requirements in Rule .0212 of this Section.
- 24 (f) Registrants using industrial radiographic machines are subject to the additional requirements of Section .0500 of
- 25 this Chapter.
- 26 (g) In addition to the requirements of this Section, all registrants are subject to the annual fee provisions contained in
- 27 Section .1100 of this Chapter. Registrants using radiation machines for human and veterinary use are subject to the
- 28 <u>additional requirements in Section .0600 of this Chapter.</u>
- 29 (h) Registrants using radiation machines for non-human use at educational facilities, for forensic medicine, or by
- 30 service providers for demonstration purposes are subject to the additional requirements of Section .0600 of this
- 31 Chapter.
- 32 (i) Registrants using ionizing radiation generating devices are subject to the requirements of Section .0800 of this
- 33 Chapter.

- 35 *History Note: Authority G.S.* 104E-7; 104E-9(8); 104E-19(a);
- 36 *Eff. February 1, 1980;*
- 37 Amended Eff. May 1, 1993; July 1, 1982;}

1	Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0201 Eff. February 1, 2015;
2	Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 22
3	2019. <u>2019;</u>
4	Amended Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15	.0202 is readopted as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
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3	10A NCAC 15	.0202 EXEMPTIONS
4	(a) Electronic	equipment that produces radiation incidental to its operation for other purposes is exempt from the
5	registration and	notification requirements of this Section provided that the dose equivalent rate average over an area
6	of ten <u>10</u> square	e centimeters does not exceed 0.5 mrem per hour at five 5 centimeters from any accessible surface of
7	the equipment w	hen any external shielding is removed. The production, testing, or factory servicing of such equipment
8	is not exempt.	
9	(b) Radiation n	nachines while in transit or storage incident thereto are exempt from the requirements of this Section.
10	The following a	re exempt from the requirements of this Section:
11	<u>(1)</u>	all radioactive materials; and
12	<u>(2)</u>	radiation machines while in transit.
13	(c) Domestic to	levision receivers are exempt from the requirements of this Section.
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15	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
16		Eff. February 1, 1980;
17		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0202 Eff. February 1, 2015. <u>2015:</u>
18		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .0203 is 1	readopted as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
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3	10A NCAC 15 .0203	APPLICATION: REGISTRATION: RADIATION MACHINES: FACILITIES
4		APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION PROCESS: GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
5		FOR ALL FACILITIES, RADIATION MACHINES, AND SERVICES PROVIDED
6		
7	(a) Each person having	an unregistered radiation machine or facility shall:
8	(1) apply	for registration of such facility and each radiation machine within 30 days following initial
9	operati	ion of that facility and each radiation machine. Application for registration shall be completed
10	on age	ency forms and shall contain all information required by the forms and accompanying
11	instruc	tions. The registration of the first radiation machine at a facility constitutes registration of
12	the fac	ility itself.
13	(2) design	ate on the application form an individual who shall be responsible for radiation protection.
14	(b) Agency forms descri	ibed in Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule require the following and other information:
15	(1) name,	address and telephone number of the radiation machine facility;
16	(2) name (of the person responsible for radiation protection in the facility;
17	(3) name,	training and experience of the person designated in Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule;
18	(4) the ma	nufacturer, model number, serial number and type of each radiation machine located within
19	the fac	ility;
20	(5) the dat	ee of the application and the signatures of the persons specified in Subparagraphs (b)(2) and
21	(3) of t	this Rule.
22	(a) A person with an un	registered facility, radiation machine, radiation generating device, or an unregistered service
23	provider, shall apply for	registration with the agency. After submitting the required application forms prescribed by
24	the agency in this Rule,	registration of the first radiation machine, radiation generating device, or registration of
25	services provided, consti	tutes registration of the facility or service provider.
26	(b) All application form	s in this Rule shall be completed by meeting the following requirements:
27	(1) An inc	dividual with administrative control and representative of the organization of a radiation
28	machin	ne, radiation generating device, or who is responsible for providing services, shall ensure
29	applica	ation forms, required by the agency in this Rule, meet the following requirements:
30	(A)	are accurate, complete, and contain all the information required by the application forms
31		and accompanying instructions; and
32	<u>(B)</u>	submitted to the agency at the e-mail address on the application for registration forms or
33		mailed to the address in Rule .0111 of this Chapter.
34	(2) Incom	plete application forms or application forms submitted without the requested documentation
35	to prov	vide services, will not be processed.
36	(3) The ag	gency may require additional information at any time after submission of the application to
37	<u>determ</u>	nine if the notice of registration should be issued or denied.

1	<u>(4)</u>	Application forms can be found at https://radiation.ncdhhs.gov/Xray/applic.htm.			
2	(c) A Business Application form shall be submitted prior to the operation of a facility or providing services in this				
3	State and the fol	lowing additional requirements shall be met:			
4	<u>(1)</u>	The application shall be submitted by any person:			
5		(A) with one or more radiation machines at a facility; or			
6		(B) that plans to engage in services listed in Paragraphs (f) and (g) of this Rule.			
7	(2)	The application form requires the following:			
8		(A) indication if the application is for a new facility, a change of ownership, relocation of a			
9		facility, or to update information by marking the corresponding checkbox;			
10		(B) the legal business name, facility physical address, phone number, type of business, days			
11		and hours of operation:			
12		(C) the name, title, mailing address, phone, and e-mail address of business manager;			
13		(D) the name of the individual on-site who is responsible for radiation protection. The training			
14		and experience qualifying him or her to perform the job duties and responsibilities in Rule			
15		.0211 of this Section, shall be documented on the application;			
16		(E) the name, title, mailing address, phone, and e-mail address for the invoice contact;			
17		(F) description of facility use:			
18		(G) description of service provider equipment;			
19		(H) dated and signed by the owner or the individual with administrative control; and			
20		(I) identify equipment forms included with the application form by marking the corresponding			
21		checkbox.			
22	(d) A Radiatio	n Machine Application or Radiation Generating Devices Application form shall be submitted in			
23	accordance with	Rule .0204(c)(1) through (5) of this Section, for the type of radiation machine or radiation generating			
24	device owned by	y the registrant or potential registrant or the service provided. The following additional requirements			
25	shall be met:				
26	<u>(1)</u>	The application shall be submitted by any person:			
27		(A) with one or more unregistered radiation machines or radiation generating devices at a			
28		facility; or			
29		(B) that is engaged in leasing or performing demonstrations using an unregistered radiation			
30		machine or radiation generating device.			
31	<u>(2)</u>	The application requires the following information:			
32		(A) registration number;			
33		(B) machine or device location;			
34		(C) manufacturer, model, serial number, number of tubes, install date, modality, application,			
35		type, and use;			
36		(D) location of machine or device not in use;			
37		(E) installer information; and			

l		(F) shall be dated and signed by the individual with administrative control. An individual with
2		administrative control can delegate a responsible person or persons within the organization
3		to sign when amendments are made to this form by notifying the agency in writing.
4	(e) A Disposal	of a Radiation Machine or Radiation Generating Device Form shall be submitted when a facility
5	disposes of a rac	diation machine or radiation generating device. The agency form requires the following information:
6	<u>(1)</u>	registration number, facility name, and physical address;
7	(2)	identify if the application is for a new facility, for a change of ownership, a facility relocates, or to
8		update information;
9	(3)	radiation machine or radiation generating device location; manufacturer, model, serial number;
10	<u>(4)</u>	identify the reason for disposal of the radiation machine or radiation generating device;
11	<u>(5)</u>	the recipient of the radiation machine or radiation generating device, to the individual or business
12		name, physical and e-mail address, and phone number; and
13	<u>(6)</u>	dated and signed by the owner or the individual with administrative control of the radiation machine
14		or radiation generating device.
15	(f) A Company	Service Application form shall be submitted prior to furnishing or offering to furnish services in Parts
16	(A) through (C)	of this Paragraph and the following additional requirements shall be met:
17	<u>(1)</u>	The application shall be submitted by any person engaged in:
18		(A) direct sales, demonstration, leasing, or transfer of radiation machines or radiation
19		generating devices:
20		(B) providing individual monitoring devices; and
21		(C) radiation survey equipment calibrations, except when calibrations are performed by the
22		manufacturer of the equipment.
23	<u>(2)</u>	The application requires the following information:
24		(A) registration number;
25		(B) business name, facility physical address;
26		(C) identify if the application is for a new service provider, for a change of ownership,
27		relocation of the facility, or to update information;
28		(D) identify each class and modality of services requested to be provided in the State;
29		(E) submit the requirements listed on the agency form for each class and modality requesting
30		to provide services in the State;
31		(F) list any class or modality not listed on this form;
32		(G) description of service provider equipment used for output measurements and surveys; and
33		(H) signature of the individual with administrative control.
34	(g) A Company	y Employee Services Application form shall be submitted prior to furnishing or offering to furnish
35	services in Parts	(A) through (H) of this Paragraph and the following additional requirements shall be met:
36	<u>(1)</u>	The application shall be submitted by any person engaged in providing the following services:
37		(A) area radiation surveys for diagnostic radiographic and fluoroscopy facilities;

I		(B) equipment surveys and shielding designs for radiation generating devices;
2		(C) general health physics consulting services to perform dose estimates, radiation output
3		measurements, radiation safety program development, and radiation safety program
4		training:
5		(D) installation or service repair of radiation machines or radiation generating devices;
6		(E) qualified expert consulting services for CT and mammography radiation machines;
7		(F) radiation protection expert:
8		(G) shielding designs for diagnostic radiographic and fluoroscopy facilities; and
9		(H) therapeutic facility and shielding design, area radiation survey, or calibration.
10	(2)	The application requires the following information:
11		(A) name of the employee to be registered;
12		(B) start date if the employee is being added and the stop date if the employee is being remove
13		from the registration;
14		(C) business registration number, name, physical address, and contact e-mail;
15		(D) class identification and modality of services to be provided;
16		(E) training and experience to submit for each class of services to be provided;
17		(F) date and signature of the employee applying for registration;
18		(G) date and signature of the individual with administrative control; and
19		(H) additional information the agency determines is necessary for evaluating the application
20		for registration.
21	(h) Owners of ra	diation imaging systems and in-house personnel employed by a facility or corporation shall be exemp
22	from the registra	tion requirements in this Rule to provide services in this State, provided such personnel:
23	(1)	meets the education, or is supervised by an individual who meets the training and experience
24		requirements of the Class for the services provided;
25	(2)	provides services at one facility or corporation; and
26	(3)	provides requirements in Subparagraph (1)(h) of this Rule for agency review during inspection.
27	(i) The followin	g general requirements apply to all facilities and services provided in North Carolina.
28	<u>(1)</u>	The registrant shall notify the agency when any change will render the information in an application
29		for registration or notice of registration no longer accurate.
30	(2)	A registrant that terminates all activities of radiation machines, radiation generating devices, or
31		providing services shall meet the following requirements within 30 days:
32		(A) request termination of the notice of registration in writing by the owner or the individual
33		with administrative control;
34		(B) submit to the agency, a Disposal of a Radiation Machine or Radiation Generating Device
35		Form in accordance with Paragraph(e) of this Rule; and
36		(C) pay any outstanding fees pursuant to Section .1100 of this Chapter.
37	(3)	A registrant shall not transfer the registration as part of a change of ownership.

1	<u>(4)</u>	A person who takes possession of a radiation machine or radiation generating device because of
2		bankruptcy, foreclosure, or state auction may possess the machine or device when the following
3		additional requirements are met:
4		(A) The machine or device shall be posted with a visible sign stating that the new owner is
5		responsible for registering with the agency if used in this State; and
6		(B) If the machine or device is energized, it shall only be energized by someone registered in
7		accordance with this Section and only to demonstrate that it is operable for sale or transfer.
8	<u>(5)</u>	No person shall in any advertisement refer to the fact that his or her facility is registered with the
9		agency pursuant to the provisions of Rule .0204 or .0205 of this Section, and no person shall state
10		or imply that under such registration any activities have been approved by the agency.
11		
12	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7; <u>104E-12; 104E-20;</u>
13		Eff. February 1, 1980;
14		Amended Eff. May 1, 1992;
15		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0203 Eff. February 1, 2015. <u>2015:</u>
16		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .0204	4 is readopted as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
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3	10A NCAC 15 .0204	4 PROHIBITED SERVICES AND INSTALLATION <u>FACILITY</u>
4		RESPONSIBILITIES
5	(a) Except as provide	led in Paragraph (b) of this Rule or otherwise authorized in writing by the agency, each person
6	registered pursuant	to Rule .0203 of this Section shall prohibit any person from furnishing equipment services
7	described in Rule .0	205(d) of this Section to his facility until such person provides evidence that he is currently
8	registered with the ag	gency as a provider of such services in accordance with Rule .0205 of this Section.
9	(b) No person regist	ered pursuant to the provisions of Rule .0203 of this Section shall perform any services listed in
10	Rule .0205(d) of this	s Section in his facility unless such person satisfies the applicable requirements in Rules .0205,
11	.0213, and .0214 of t	his Section and has received written authorization from the agency to perform such services.
12	(a) All forms in this	s Rule shall be completed in accordance with Rule .0203 of this Section and any accompanying
13	instructions.	
14	(b) Shielding design	requirements:
15	(1) <u>Pri</u>	or to construction for all new installations of radiation machines for human, non-human, or
16	<u>vet</u>	terinary use and prior to structural modification of existing installations, an applicant, shall have
17	<u>the</u>	e floor plans, shielding specifications, and equipment arrangement reviewed by a registered
18	ser	vice provider.
19	<u>(2)</u> Th	e registrant shall submit the shielding design and the agency Shielding Design Review Form to
20	the	e agency for review. The agency form shall include the following information:
21	<u>(A</u>)) facility and service provider name, registration number, e-mail and physical address, and
22		phone number;
23	<u>(B)</u>	equipment location, manufacturer, status, kVp, mA, mA min per week, facility type; and
24	<u>(C)</u>	proposed date of installation.
25	(3) A 1	radiation machine shall not be installed until the applicant has received acknowledgment of the
26	<u>shi</u>	elding design from the agency.
27	<u>(4)</u> A	radiation machine shall not be replaced until the existing shielding design, acknowledged
28	pre	eviously by the agency, is reviewed by a registered service provider in accordance with Rule
29	<u>.02</u>	205. The registrant shall have a service provider review the acknowledged shielding design for
30	the	e proposed radiation machine replacement to assess if the existing shielding meets the
31	rec	uirements of this Chapter. The documentation provided to the registrant from the service provider
32	sha	all be submitted to the agency and maintained for agency review during inspection.
33	<u>(5) Th</u>	e acknowledgment of such plans shall not preclude the requirement for additional modifications
34	sho	ould a subsequent analysis of operating conditions indicate the possibility of a dose that exceeds
35	<u>the</u>	e limits in Rule .1601 of this Chapter.
36	(6) Sh	ielding designs are not required to be submitted for the following radiation machines:
37	<u>(A</u>) dental handheld;

1		(B)	dual x-ray absorptiometry (DEXA);
2		(C)	mammography; or
3		<u>(D)</u>	mobile or portable radiographic and fluoroscopic machines used in more than two
4			locations.
5	(c) Facility reg	istration	
6	<u>(1)</u>	Mobile	e radiation machines located and used in this State that are fixed in a vehicle or trailer shall
7		meet tl	ne following requirements prior to use:
8		(A)	have a shielding design submitted in accordance with Paragraph (a) of this Rule;
9		<u>(B)</u>	have a Radiation Machine Application or a Radiation Generating Devices Application form
10			submitted in accordance with Rule .0203(d) of this Section. Radiation machines leased or
11			on loan from a registered service provider shall register the radiation machine if used for
12			more than 30 days;
13		<u>(C)</u>	have a copy of the operating and safety procedures to protect patients, operators, and the
14			public from radiation submitted to the agency;
15		<u>(D)</u>	receive a notice of registration from the agency; and
16		<u>(E)</u>	an individual with administrative control shall ensure that radiation machines are operated
17			in accordance with Section .0600 of this Chapter.
18	<u>(2)</u>	Mobile	e radiation machines located out-of-state and brought into this State for use, that are fixed in
19		a vehic	cle or trailer, shall meet the following requirements prior to use:
20		(A)	have the requirements in Parts (c)(1)(A) through (c)(1)(C) of this Rule submitted as a
21			complete document for agency review; and
22		(B)	have a written notice submitted, in accordance with Rule .0208 of this Section, and
23			maintain it for agency review during inspection.
24	(3)	Radiat	ion machines for human, non-human, or veterinary use shall meet the following additional
25		require	ements:
26		<u>(A)</u>	have a shielding design acknowledged by the agency in accordance with Paragraph (b) of
27			this Rule; and
28		<u>(B)</u>	submit a Radiation Machine Application form in accordance with Rule .0203 (d) of this
29			Section within 30 days of use.
30	<u>(4)</u>	Radiat	ion generating devices in Section .0800 of this Chapter shall meet the following additional
31		require	ements prior to use:
32		<u>(A)</u>	submit a Radiation Generation Device Application in accordance with Rule .0203(d) of
33			this Section; and
34		<u>(B)</u>	an individual with administrative control shall ensure operators are qualified in accordance
35			with Rule .0800 of this Chapter to use the radiation generating device indicated on the
36			application.

1	(5)	Industrial radiography radiation machines in Section .0500 of this Chapter shall meet the following
2		additional requirements prior to use:
3		(A) submit a Radiation Generating Device Application in accordance with Rule .0203(d) of
4		this Section; and
5		(B) an individual with administrative control shall ensure operators are qualified in accordance
6		with Section .0500 of this Chapter to use the machines indicated on the application.
7	(d) Persons regis	stered pursuant to Paragraph (c) of this Rule shall notify the agency, using the Disposal of a Radiation
8	Machine or Rad	iation Generating Device Form, prior to disposition or the transfer of a registered radiation machine
9	or radiation gene	erating device to another person required to be registered pursuant to Paragraph (c) of this Rule.
10	(e) Persons reg	tistered pursuant to Paragraph(c) of this Rule shall prohibit any person from furnishing services
11	described in Rule	e .0205(d) of this Section, at his or her facility, until such person provides evidence they are currently
12	registered with t	he agency as a provider of such services in accordance with Rule .0205 of this Section.
13	(f) No person re	egistered pursuant to the provisions of Paragraph (c) of this Rule shall perform any services listed in
14	Rule .0205(d) of	this Section in his or her facility unless such person meets the requirements in Rules .0205 and .0206
15	of this Section as	nd has received written authorization from the agency to perform such services.
16		
17	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7; 104E-9(a)(3); 104E-12;
18		Eff. February 1, 1980;
19		Amended Eff. June 1, 1989;
20		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0204 Eff. February 1, 2015. 2015;
21		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .0205 is readopted as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
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3	10A NCAC 15 .0205 APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF SERVICES SERVICE PROVIDER
4	<u>RESPONSIBILITIES</u>
5	(a) Each person who is engaged in the business of installing or offering to install radiation machines and machine
6	components or is engaged in the business of furnishing or offering to furnish any equipment services listed in
7	Paragraph (d) (e) of this Rule in this state, to any agency licensee or registrant, State, or any agency registrant
8	registrant, shall apply for registration of such services with the agency prior to furnishing or offering to furnish any or
9	these services.
10	(b) Application Applications for registration shall be completed on appropriate form(s) provided by the agency in
11	accordance with Rule .0203 of this Section and contain all information required by the agency as indicated on the
12	form and accompanying instructions. This information shall include:
13	(1) the name, address and telephone number of:
14	(A) the individual or the company to be registered;
15	(B) the owner(s) of the company;
16	(2) the description of the services to be provided;
17	(3) the name, training and experience of each person who provides services specified in Paragraph (d
18	of this Rule;
19	(4) the date of the application and the signature of the person responsible for the company; and
20	(5) any additional information the agency determines to be necessary for evaluation of the application
21	for registration.
22	(c) Each person applying for registration under pursuant to Paragraph (a) of this Rule shall certify that he or she has
23	read and understands the requirements of the rules in this Chapter. Chapter by signing the Company Employee
24	Services Application or Company Services Application form.
25	(d) For the purpose of this Section, equipment services include:
26	(1) direct sale and transfer of radiation machines and machine components to end users;
27	(2) installation or servicing of radiation machines and associated radiation machine components;
28	(3) diagnostic radiographic facility and shielding design;
29	(4) diagnostic fluoroscopic facility and shielding design;
30	(5) diagnostic area radiation survey, e.g., shielding evaluation;
31	(6) radiation instrument calibration;
32	(7) therapeutic facility and shielding design, area radiation survey or calibration;
33	(8) personnel dosimetry services; and
34	(9) general health physics consulting, e.g., independent diagnostic radiation output measurements, dose
35	analysis, design of safety programs and radiation safety training programs, non healing arts facility
36	and shielding design and area radiation surveys.
37	(d) Applicants for registration of services are subject to the requirements of Rules .0206 and .0207 of this Section.

I	(e) Applicants l	tor registration of services are subject to the applicable requirements of Rules .0213 and .0214 of this
2	Section.	
3	(e) For purpose	s of this Section, services include:
4	<u>(1)</u>	Class I - direct sales, transfer, leasing, lending, demonstration, or manufacturer training for the use
5		of radiation machines or radiation generating devices;
6	<u>(2)</u>	Class II - installation or service repair installation, repair, or service to include of the following:
7		(A) radiation machines and machine components, including the making of diagnostic radiation
8		output measurements; measurements, and performance verification; or
9		(B) radiation generating devices to include equipment surveys.
10	<u>(3)</u>	Class III - shielding designs for diagnostic radiographic facilities;
11	<u>(4)</u>	Class IV - shielding designs for diagnostic fluoroscopy facilities;
12	<u>(5)</u>	Class V - area radiation surveys and shielding evaluations for diagnostic radiographic and
13		fluoroscopy facilities;
14	(5)	manufacturer training for the use of radiation machines or radiation generating devices;
15	<u>(6)</u>	Class VI - radiation survey equipment calibrations;
16	<u>(7)</u>	Class VII - therapeutic facility and shielding design, area radiation survey, or ealibration.
17		verification;
18	<u>(8)</u>	Class VIII - providing individual monitoring devices;
19	<u>(9)</u>	Class IX - general health and medical physics consulting to include the following services:
20		(A) equipment surveys and shielding designs for radiation generating devices;
21		(B) dose estimates;
22		(C) radiation output measurements;
23		(D) radiation safety program development; and
24		(E) radiation safety program training.
25	(f) Persons reg	gistered pursuant to Subparagraph (e)(1) as a Class I service provider to provide mobile radiation
26	machines that ar	re fixed in a vehicle or trailer for demonstration purposes or that provides leasing services shall meet
27	the following re	quirements prior to use:
28		(A) mobile radiation machines located and used in this State shall meet the requirements of
29		Rules .0204(c)(1)(A) through (E) of this Section; and
30		(B) mobile radiation machines located out of state and brought into this State for use shall meet
31		the requirements of Rules .0204(c)(2)(A) and (B) of this Section.
32	(g) Report of in	<u>astallation</u>
33	(1)	Persons registered pursuant to Paragraph (a) of this Rule who sell, install, transfer, lease, lend, or
34		dispose of radiation machines in this State shall, within 15 days after each calendar quarter, notify
35		the agency at XrayNORS@dhhs.nc.gov or the address, in accordance with Rule .0111 of this
36		Chapter, of the following:

1		(A)	whether any radiation machines were directly sold, disposed of, installed, leased, loaned,
2			or transferred during the calendar quarter;
3		(B)	the name and address of persons who received radiation machines during the calendar
4			quarter;
5		<u>(C)</u>	the manufacturer, model, and serial number of each radiation machine directly sold,
6			disposed of, installed, leased, loaned, or transferred during the calendar quarter; and
7		(D)	the date of disposition, installation, lease, loan, sale, or transfer of each radiation machine
8			during the calendar quarter.
9	(2)	The inf	ormation specified in Parts (g)(1)(A) through (D) of this Rule may be omitted from the
10		quarterl	y reports when either of the following requirements are met:
11		(A)	for any diagnostic x-ray system that contains certified components, when a copy of the
12			assembler's report prepared in compliance with 21 CFR 1020.30(d) is received by the
13			agency; or
14		<u>(B)</u>	for radiation machines for nonhuman use and radiation generating devices, when a Report
15			of Sale and Installation Form prepared in accordance with Paragraph (i) of this Rule is
16			received by the agency.
17	(h) A Report of	Sale and	Installation of radiation machines for nonhuman use or radiation generating devices can be
18	found at https://ra	adiation.1	nedhhs.gov/Xray/documents/rptofassembly.pdf and shall include the following information:
19	<u>(1)</u>	facility	registration number, street address, city, state, and telephone number;
20	<u>(2)</u>	service	provider registration number, company name, street address, city, state, and telephone
21		number	
22	(3)	identify	if the radiation machine or the radiation generating device was sold or installed by checking
23		the corr	esponding checkbox;
24	<u>(4)</u>	identify	the system type by checking the corresponding checkbox;
25	(5)	room lo	cation:
26	<u>(6)</u>	date of	sale or installation;
27	<u>(7)</u>	manufa	cturer, serial number, and control model number;
28	<u>(8)</u>	the selle	er's signature or signature of the individual responsible for installation; and
29	<u>(9)</u>	the date	signed.
30	(i) No person reg	gistered p	oursuant to Paragraph (a) of this Rule for x-ray sales or installations shall make, sell, lease,
31	transfer, lend, ass	<u>semble, o</u>	r install radiation machines, radiation machine components, or radiation machine generating
32	devices unless su	ch mach	ines and devices when placed in operation shall meet the requirements of these Rules.
33	(j) No person re	gistered	pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Section shall install radiation machines that are subject to
34	provisions of Sec	ction .060	00 of this Chapter unless the registrant first determines that the agency has issued a written
35	acknowledgment	of a shie	elding design in accordance with Rule .0204(b) of this Section.
36	(k) Tests perform	ned at the	time of installation demonstrating the requirements of these Rules are met, shall be provided
37	to the registrant f	or agenc	y review during inspection for the following:

1	(1)	fluoroscopy machine output measurement; and
2	<u>(2)</u>	radiation generating devices equipment surveys.
3	(1) Records of an	ny routine maintenance, repair, alterations, or reassembly of radiation machines or radiation generating
4	devices shall:	
5	<u>(1)</u>	include the date that the service was performed and a legible signature of the person performing the
6		service; and
7	<u>(2)</u>	be provided to the registrant for agency review during inspection.
8		
9	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7; <u>104E-12</u> ; <u>104E-20</u> ;
10		Eff. February 1, 1980;
11		Amended Eff. June 1, 1993; May 1, 1992; June 1, 1989;
12		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0205 Eff. February 1, 2015. <u>2015:</u>
13		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .0206 is	readopted as pul	blished	in 39:22 NCR 1469-14	80 as follows:		
2							
3	10A NCAC 15 .0206	REPORTS	OF-	INSTALLATION	TRAINING	AND	EDUCATIONAL
4		REQUIREM	<u>IENTS</u>	TO PROVIDE SERV	<u>/ICES</u>		
5	(a) Persons, registered 1	oursuant to Rule	.0205	of this Section, who sel	ll, lease, transfer	, lend, dis	spose of, assemble or
6	install radiation machine	es in this state sh	all, with	iin 30 days after each ca	ılendar quarter, r	notify the	agency at the address
7	in Rule .0111 of this Ch	a pter, of:					
8	(1) wheth	er any radiatior	- machi	nes were installed, tra	insferred, or dis	posed of	during the calendar
9	quarte	r;					
10	. ,		•	ons who received radiate		Č	•
11		-		serial number of each r	adiation machin	e transfer	red or disposed of;
12	· /			diation machine.			
13	(b) The information sp	-	- 1		•		
14	reports required in (a) of			• •			
15	of the assembler's report	• •	-			_	•
16	(a) A person registered	-	-			-	•
17	education, training, and			he services for which i	<u>egistration is rec</u>	quested. [the following are the
18	minimum qualifications					C .	
19	• •			leasing, lending, demo			-
2021				diation generating dev			, ,
22	-	•		rledgeable, familiar, as se of radiation machine	• •		es which govern the
23	-			ce to verify performance			llation or service
24	(A)			oment school for service			
25	<u>(A)</u>			sed for dental hand-held			• •
26		·		pic, radiation generation			-
27	<u>(B)</u>			ciples of radiation prot	•	urvuront t	<u> </u>
28	(C)	_	-	erience in the installation		f radiation	n machines, radiation
29	(=)		-	and machine componen			
30	(3) Class			r diagnostic radiograph			
31	(A)			ciples of radiation prot	<u>.</u>		
32	(B)	_	-	design for each modali		provide s	ervices; and
33	<u>(C)</u>	_	_	nce in diagnostic radio	-	_	
34		machine appl	ication.				
35	(4) Class	IV - shielding de	esign fo	r diagnostic fluoroscop	oic facilities:		
36	<u>(A)</u>	training in ba	sic prin	ciples of radiation prot	ection;		
37	<u>(B)</u>	training in sh	ielding	design for each modali	ty registering to	provide s	ervices; and

1		(C) one year of experience in diagnostic fluoroscopic facility and shielding for the specific
2		each type of machine application.
3	<u>(5)</u>	Class V - area radiation surveys and shielding evaluation for diagnostic radiographic and
4		fluoroscopy facilities:
5		(A) training in basic principles of radiation protection;
6		(B) training in shielding evaluation for each modality registering to provide services; and
7		(C) one year of experience performing area radiation surveys for the specific each type of
8		machine application.
9	<u>(6)</u>	Class VI - radiation instrument calibration: The applicant must possess a current radioactive
10		materials license or registration authorizing radiation instrument calibration.
11	(7)	Class VII - therapeutic facility and shielding design, area radiation survey, or verification:
12		(A) certification by the American Board of Radiology in therapeutic radiological physics,
13		radiological physics, roentgen-ray and gamma ray physics, or x-ray and radium physics;
14		(B) certification by the American Board of Medical Physics;
15		(C) doctorate degree in medical physics or related field; or
16		D) have a master's degree in physics, biophysics, radiological physics, nuclear engineering, or
17		health physics, one year of full-time training in therapeutic radiological physics, one year
18		of full-time experience in a therapeutic facility including personal calibration and
19		spot-check of at least one machine, submit a description of the procedures that will be
20		utilized in performing therapeutic calibrations including a list of all guides and references
21		to be employed, submit a copy of all forms, reports, and documents that will be supplied
22		to customers; and submit one sample of each type of therapy modality service provided.
23	<u>(8)</u>	Class VIII - providing individual monitoring dosimetry: The applicant must hold current personnel
24		dosimetry accreditation from the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP)
25		of the National Institute of Standards and Technology or use NVLAP-accredited dosimetry.
26	(9)	Class IX - general health or medical physics consulting shall be performed by a person meeting one
27		of the following requirements:
28		(A) certified by the American Board of Health Physics in health physics in the appropriate field
29		or specialties for services provided;
30		(B) certified by the American Board of Medical Physics;
31		(C) certified by the American Board of Radiology in therapeutic radiological physics,
32		radiological physics, roentgen-ray and gamma ray physics, x-ray and radium physics; or
33		(D) hold a master's or doctorate in physics, medical physics, other physical science,
34		engineering, or applied mathematics, from an accredited college or university, and have 40
35		hours of practical training or supervised experience in x-ray physics.
36		

1 (b) Any person registered to provide Class IX services prior to the effective date of this Rule and holding a 2 baccalaureate degree in physical science of physics, chemistry, or radiologic science, engineering or related field, and 3 having two years of progressive experience in medical or health physics, or two years of graduate training in medical 4 or health physics, is exempt from the requirements in Parts (a)(9)(A) through (D) of this Rule, provided he or she is 5 in good standing with the agency. 6 (c) The agency shall initiate action to terminate the registration of any person who fails to meet the requirements of 7 this Rule. 8 9 History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7; 104E-12; 104E-13; 10 Eff. February 1, 1980;

Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0206 Eff. February 1, 2015. 2015:

12 <u>Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.</u>

1	10A NCAC 15 .0207	7 is readopted as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15 .020°	7 ISSUANCE OF NOTICE OF REGISTRATION ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS
4		TO PROVIDE SERVICES
5	(a) The agency shall	issue a notice of registration upon a determination that an applicant:
6	$\frac{(1)}{}$ is ϵ	qualified by reason of education, training or experience in the use and hazards of radiation sources
7	de	scribed in the application for registration;
8	(2) ha	s facilities and equipment which meet the requirements in these Rules;
9	(3) ha	s established a radiation protection program, appropriate to the registered activities, which assures
10	co :	mpliance with radiation protection requirements in these Rules; and
11	(4) me	eets the applicable requirements in this Chapter.
12	(b) The agency may	, by registration condition or order, when not in conflict with any law, waive any requirement in
13	these Rules or impor	se requirements with respect to the registrant's receipt, possession, use and transfer of radiation
14	machines as the agen	cy deems appropriate or necessary for compliance with the rules in this Chapter. Such additional
15	requirements are sub	ject to appeal under 15A NCAC 1B .0200.
16	(c) The agency may	refuse to grant a registration required in Rules .0203 and .0205 of this Section to any applicant
17	who does not posses	ss adequate qualifications or equipment or satisfy the applicable requirements in this Chapter;
18	provided that, before	e any order is entered denying an application for registration, the agency shall give notice and
19	grant a hearing as pr	ovided in G.S. 150B.
20	(a) A person apply	ring for registration to perform Class II or Class IX services for diagnostic radiation output
21	measurements, Class	V area radiation surveys and shielding evaluations for diagnostic radiographic and fluoroscopy
22	facilities, or Class V	II therapeutic area radiation survey or verification services pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Section
23	shall meet the follow	ring additional requirements:
24	(1) ha	ve radiation survey and radiation measurement equipment capable of measuring the radiation
25	ene	ergies corresponding to the services requested for authorization;
26	(2) en:	sure that the equipment in Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule is calibrated annually when a
27	<u>fre</u>	quency is not recommended by the manufacturer;
28	(3) sul	omit the following for agency review prior to registration:
29	<u>(1)</u>	a description of the procedures that will be used in performing area radiation surveys
30		including a list of all guides and references to the employed;
31	<u>(2)</u>	a copy of all forms, reports, and documents that will be supplied to registrants;
32	<u>(3)</u>	samples of surveys for each modality requested for registration;
33	<u>(4)</u>	samples of reports of diagnostic radiation output measurements for each modality
34		requested for registration; and
35	<u>(5)</u>	samples of calibration reports for each therapeutic and kV imaging modality requested for
36		registration.

1	(b) A person	applying for registration to perform Class VI equipment calibrations shall meet the following
2	requirements:	
3	<u>(1)</u>	ensure such calibrations are current and traceable to the National Institute of Standards and
4		Technology:
5	<u>(2)</u>	license or register radiation sources used for such calibration as required by the rules in this Chapter;
6	(3)	label the equipment to indicate the date of calibration; and
7	<u>(4)</u>	maintain records of the calibration.
8	(c) A person ap	plying for registration to perform Class III -shielding designs for diagnostic radiographic facilities,
9	Class IV shield	ing designs for diagnostic fluoroscopy facilities, and Class VII therapeutic facilities and shielding
10	design services	shall meet the following additional requirements:
11	<u>(1)</u>	submit examples of the facility and shielding design which will be provided to registrants;
12	<u>(2)</u>	submit any technical guides, methodology, occupancy factor rationales, and workload estimation
13		rationales that will be used; and
14	<u>(3)</u>	ensure that the facility and shielding design services provided to registrants meet the requirements
15		in this Chapter.
16 17	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
18	misiory wore.	Eff. February 1, 1980;
19		Amended Eff. June 1, 1993; June 1, 1989;
		•
20		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0207 Eff. February 1, 2015.
21		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .0208 is	amended as	s published in 39:22 l	NCR 1	469-1480 as foll	ows:	
2	104 NG4 G 15 0300	DDIOD	NOTIFICATION	OF	TD A NODED		DADIATION
3	10A NCAC 15 .0208		NOTIFICATION			•	KADIATION
4	() P : 1		NES AND RADIA				
5	(a) Persons registered	_			-		
6	registered radiation made					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
7	Rule does not prohibit	t ransfer with	10ut prior notificatio i	n to sa l	es and service c	ompanies registered	pursuant to Kule
8	.0205 of this Section.	11 ' 1 1					
9	(b) The notification sha		C.1				
10	` /		ress of the transferee		1 0.1 1		
11	` /	·	, model number and s				
12	(a) No person shall brin	•					
13	use, unless such person	•		•			
14	State. The notice shall					-	
15	location(s) where the ra				_	-	
16	working day period wo	•	-	n the p	erson, he or she	may, upon application	on to the agency,
17	obtain permission to pro						
18	(b) A person bringing a		_	enerat	ing device into the	nis state, State, for an	<u>y temporary use,</u>
19	shall meet the following	<u>z requiremer</u>	nts:				
20	(1) comp	lete the regi	stration process in ac	cordar	ce with Rules .(0203, .0204, and .020)5 of this Section
21	<u>prior</u>	to beginning	g operations in this St	tate;			
22	<u>(2)</u> suppl	y the agency	with other informat	ion the	agency may req	uest; and	
23	<u>(3)</u> comp	ly with the I	Rules of this Chapter	<u>.</u>			
24	(c) The out of state reg	istrant shall	maintain with the rac	diation	machine or radi	ation generating devi	ce, when located
25	and used in this state, S	tate, the follo	owing:				
26	(1) the ci	irrent notice	of registration from	this ag	ency;		
27	(2) a cop	y of the writ	tten notice submitted	to the	agency in accord	lance with Paragraph	(a) of the Rule;
28	(3) the sh	nielding desi	gn, if required, in acc	cordan	ce with Rule .020	04(c)(1)(A) of this Se	ection; and
29	(4) a cop	y of the out	of state registrant's o	peratin	g and safety pro-	cedures.	
30	(d) An inspection may	y be conduc	ted by an authorized	l repre	sentative of the	agency on any radia	ation machine or
31	radiation generating de-	vice used in	this State.				
32							
33	History Note: Author	ority G.S. 10	4E-7;				
34	Eff. F	Sebruary 1, 1	1980;				
35	Trans	ferred and I	Recodified from 15A	NCAC	11 .0208 Eff. Fe	ebruary 1, 2015;	
36	Pursi	uant to G.S.	150B-21.3A, rule is	necess	sary without sub	ostantive public inter	est Eff. June 22,
37	2019 .	<u> 2019;</u>					

Amended Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .0209 is readopted as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
2	
3	10A NCAC 15 .0209 REPORT OF CHANGES ISSUANCE OF NOTICE OF REGISTRATION
4	
5	Any registrant shall notify the agency in writing when any change will render the information contained in the
6	application for registration or notice of registration no longer accurate.
7	(a) The agency shall issue a notice of registration upon a determination that an applicant:
8	(1) is qualified by reason of education, training, or experience in the use and hazards of radiation sources
9	described in the application for registration;
10	(2) has facilities and equipment which meet the requirements in these Rules;
11	(3) has established a radiation protection program, appropriate to the registered activities, which assures
12	compliance with radiation protection requirements in these Rules; and
13	(4) meets the applicable requirements in this Chapter.
14	(b) The agency may, by registration condition or order, when not in conflict with any law, waive any requirement in
15	these Rules or impose requirements with respect to the registrant's receipt, possession, use, and transfer of radiation
16	machines or radiation generating devices as the agency deems appropriate or necessary for compliance with the rules
17	in this Chapter.
18	(c) The agency may refuse to grant a registration required in Rules .0203, .0204, and .0205 of this Section to any
19	applicant who does not possess the qualifications or equipment or satisfy the applicable requirements in this Chapter;
20	provided that, before any order is entered denying an application for registration, the agency shall give notice and
21	grant a hearing as provided in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes.
22 23	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7; 104E-12;
24	Eff. February 1, 1980;
25	Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0209 Eff. February 1, 2015:
26	Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15.	0210 is readopted as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15	0210 OTHER PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES MODIFICATIONS: REVOCATION:
4		TERMINATION OF REGISTRATIONS
5	(a) No person re	egistered pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Section for x-ray sales or installations shall make, sell, lease,
6	transfer, lend, a	ssemble, or install radiation machines or equipment used in connection with such machines unless
7	such machines a	nd equipment when placed in operation shall meet the applicable requirements of these Rules.
8	(b) No person, i	n any advertisement, shall refer to the fact that he or his facility is registered with the agency pursuant
9	to the provisions	of Rule .0203 or .0205 of this Section and no person shall state or imply that any activity under such
10	registration has	been approved by the agency.
11	(c) No person r	egistered pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Section shall install radiation machines which are subject to
12	provisions of Se	ection .0600 of this Chapter unless the registrant first determines that the agency has issued written
13	acknowledgeme	nt of receipt of any facility and shielding design required in Rule .0603 of this Chapter.
14	(a) The terms	and conditions of all registrations are subject to amendment, revision or modification and all
15	registrations are	subject to suspension or revocation by reason of:
16	<u>(1)</u>	rules adopted pursuant to provisions of the Act; or
17	<u>(2)</u>	orders issued by the agency pursuant to provisions of the Act and rules adopted pursuant to
18		provisions of the Act. Act.
19	(b) Any registra	tion may be revoked, suspended, or modified in whole or in part:
20	<u>(1)</u>	for any materially false statement in the application or in any false statement of fact required by
21		provisions of this Section;
22	<u>(2)</u>	because of a decision made by the agency to refuse to grant registration on the original application
23		revealed by:
24		(A) the application;
25		(B) any statement of fact;
26		(C) any report, record, inspection, or other means; or
27	(3)	for violations of, or failure to follow any of the terms and conditions of the Act, the registration, the
28		rules of this Chapter, or the order of the agency.
29	(c) In cases of 1	knowingly and intentionally choosing not to follow the requirements of this Chapter or those in which
30	the public health	, interest, or safety requires otherwise, prior to modification, revocation, or suspension of a registrant,
31	the agency shall	<u>:</u>
32	<u>(1)</u>	notify the registrant in writing of the facts or conduct which may warrant these actions, and
33	<u>(2)</u>	provide an opportunity for the registrant to demonstrate or achieve compliance with the
34		requirements. requirements of this Chapter.
35	(d) The agency	may terminate a registration upon written request submitted by the registrant to the agency.
36		
37	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7; 104E-20; <u>104E-13;</u>

1	Eff. February 1, 1980;
2	Amended Eff. May 1, 1993; June 1, 1989;
3	Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0210 Eff. February 1, 2015. <u>2015:</u>
4	Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .0211 is a	amended as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15 .0211	OUT-OF-STATE RADIATION MACHINES REQUIREMENTS AND
4		RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE INDIVIDUAL RESPONSIBLE FOR RADIATION
5		PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES
6	(a) No person shall brin	g any radiation machine into the state, for any temporary use, unless such person has given a
7	written notice to the age	ncy at least five working days before the machine is to be used in the state. The notice shall
8	include the type of radio	ation machine; the nature, duration, and scope of use; and the exact location(s) where the
9	radiation machine is to b	be used. If, for a specific case, the five working day period would impose an undue hardship
10	on the person, he may, u	pon application to the agency, obtain permission to proceed sooner.
11	(b) The person in Paragram	raph (a) of this Rule shall:
12	(1) comply	y with all applicable rules in this Chapter, including registration pursuant to Rule .0203 of this
13	Section	n; and
14	(2) supply	the agency with such other information as the agency may reasonably request.
15	(a) A person applying fo	r registration shall designate an individual responsible for radiation protection on the Business
16	Application form pursu	ant to Rule .0203(c) of this Section. The qualified individual, which can be an actively
17	registered radiologic tec	hnologist, shall be on site and be qualified by reason of education, training, and experience.
18	The following are the mi	inimum qualifications that must be met to carry out the job duties:
19	(1) trainin	g in basic radiation protection principles;
20	(2) comple	eted educational courses relating to ionizing radiation;
21	(3) know j	potential radiation hazards and emergency precautions; and
22	(4) trainin	g and experience in and knowing the proper use of the type of equipment used.
23	(b) The individual shall	be responsible for the following:
24	(1) Establi	ishing and overseeing operating and safety procedures:
25	<u>(A)</u>	that maintain radiation exposures as low as reasonably achievable (ALARA); and
26	<u>(B)</u>	to review the procedures annually, or when changes occur to ensure the procedures are
27		current.
28	(2) Ensuri	ng individual monitoring devices are used in accordance with these Rules by occupationally
29	expose	ed personnel and records of monitoring results shall be:
30	<u>(A)</u>	reviewed;
31	<u>(B)</u>	maintained; and
32	<u>(C)</u>	notifications made in accordance with Rule .1601 of this Chapter.
33	(3) Ensuri	ng that personnel are complying with:
34	<u>(A)</u>	this Chapter;
35	<u>(B)</u>	the conditions of the notice of registration; and
36	<u>(C)</u>	the operating and safety procedures of the registrant.
37	(4) Knowi	ing:

1		(A) the management policies and administrative procedures of the registrant; and		
2		(B) keeping management informed of the registrant's radiation protection program.		
3	(5)	Assuming control and having the authority to carry out corrective actions including stopping		
4		operations in emergencies or unsafe conditions.		
5				
6	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;		
7		Eff. February 1, 1980;		
8		Amended Eff. June 1, 1989;		
9		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0211 Eff. February 1, 2015;		
10		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 22,		
11		2019. <u>2019;</u>		
12		Amended Eff. October 1, 2025.		

1	10A NCAC 15 .0212 is amended as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:	
2		
3	10A NCAC 15 .0212 MODIFICATIONS: REVOCATION: TERMINATION OF REGISTRANT	rs
4	EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES THAT DO NOT MEET MEETING EXISTING	G
5	EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS	
6	(a) The terms and conditions of all registrations are subject to amendment, revision or modification and	all
7	registrations are subject to suspension or revocation by reason of:	
8	(1) rules adopted pursuant to provisions of the Act; or	
9	(2) orders issued by the agency pursuant to provisions of the Act and rules adopted pursuant	to
10	provisions of the Act.	
11	(b) Any registration may be revoked, suspended or modified in whole or in part:	
12	(1) for any material false statement in the application or in any statement of fact required by provisio	ns
13	of this Section;	
14	(2) because of conditions which would warrant the agency to refuse to grant a registration on origin	ıal
15	application revealed by:	
16	(A) the application;	
17	(B) any statement of fact;	
18	(C) any report, record, inspection or other means; or	
19	(3) for violations of, or failure to observe any of the terms and conditions of the Act, the registration	n,
20	the rules of this Chapter, or order of the agency.	
21	(c) Except in cases of willfulness or those in which the public health, interest or safety requires otherwise, prior to the safety requires of the safety requir	he
22	institution of proceedings for modification, revocation or suspension of a registrant, the agency shall:	
23	(1) call to the attention of the registrant in writing the facts or conduct which may warrant these action	1S,
24	and	
25	(2) provide an opportunity for the registrant to demonstrate or achieve compliance with all lawf	îul
26	requirements.	
27	(d) Before any order is entered suspending, revoking or modifying a registration, the agency shall give notice as	nd
28	grant a hearing as provided in Chapter 150B of the North Carolina General Statutes.	
29	(e) The agency may terminate a registration upon written request submitted by the registrant to the agency.	
30	(a) Radiation machines or radiation generating devices that do not meet the radiation machine requirements in Section	<u>on</u>
31	.0600 of this Chapter or radiation generating devices in Rule .0807 of this Chapter shall not be sold, installed, or use	<u>ed</u>
32	prior to the agency completing a review of information regarding the radiation machine and determining if the use	<u>of</u>
33	the radiation machine is allowed. The user or manufacturer of the radiation machine shall submit the following to the	<u>he</u>
34	agency for review:	
35	(1) an application form in accordance with Rule .0203(d) of this Section;	
36	(2) the manufacturer manual;	
37	(3) description of intended use:	

1	<u>(4)</u>	operator training provided to the end user;
2	<u>(5)</u>	an independent equipment survey to include the following:
3		(A) all equipment settings available to the operator;
4		(B) output at the highest setting; and
5		(C) leakage radiation around the radiation machine.
6	<u>(6)</u>	an area survey to include the following:
7		(A) radiation levels in adjacent areas, the operator location, and annual exposure to an operator;
8		(B) the survey instrument used; and
9		(C) the name and legible signature of the person who performed the survey.
10	<u>(7)</u>	the hazard level associated with the use of the radiation machine.
11	<u>(8)</u>	means to achieve radiation protection equivalent to the rules of this Section.
12	(b) After receiv	ring the information in Paragraph (a) of this Rule, the agency will respond to the applicant in writing
13	within 90 calen	dar days. Upon review, the agency may require additional information to determine if the radiation
14	machine is allow	ved for use.
15		
16	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7; 104E-13; <u>104E-20;</u>
17		Eff. June 1, 1989;
18		Amended Eff. June 1, 1993;
19		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0212 Eff. February 1, 2015;
20		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 22,
21		2019. <u>2019:</u>
22		Amended Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15.	13 is repealed through readoption as published in 39:22 NCR 1469-1480 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15	13 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS: REGISTERED SERVICES
4 5	History Note:	luthority G.S. 104E-7;
6		Eff. June 1, 1989;
7		mended Eff. June 1, 1993;
8		ransferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0213 Eff. February 1, 2015.

1	10A NCAC 15	.0501 is amended as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3		SECTION .0500 - INDUSTRIAL RADIOGRAPHY X-RAY MACHINES
4		
5	Codifier's Note	: 10 NCAC 03G .2600 was transferred to 15A NCAC 11 .0500 effective January 4, 1990
6	Recodification	pursuant to G.S. 143B-279.3.
7		
8	10A NCAC 15	
9		MACHINES FOR NON-HUMAN USE
10	` ´	ducting industrial radiographic operations using radiation machines shall comply with the following
11	-	CFR 34, which are hereby incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions
12	_	es to and the requirements of 10 CFR 30, 37, 71, 150 and 171 contained therein shall not apply:
13	(1)	10 CFR 34.1, "Purpose and Scope;"
14	(2)	10 CFR 34.3, "Definitions;" except that the definition of becquerel, control (drive) cable, control
15		drive mechanism, control tube, exposure head, field station, guide tube (projection sheath), S-tube
16		source assembly, source changer, and storage container, shall not apply. Prior to using industria
17		radiography all persons shall be registered in accordance with rules in Section .0200 of this Chapter
18		The following terms apply:
19		(A) "agreement state" shall have the same meaning as "agency" as defined in G.S 104E-5(2);
20		(B) "license" shall have the same meaning as "registration" as defined in Rule <u>.0104(131) .010</u>
21		of this Chapter;
22		(C) "licensed" shall have the same meaning as "registered" pursuant to the rules in Section
23		.0200 of this Chapter;
24		(D) "licensee" shall have the same meaning as "registrant" as defined in Rule .0104(130).010
25		of this Chapter;
26		(E) "radiation source" shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" in G.S. 104E-5(13)
27		(F) "radiographic exposure device" shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" in G.S.
28		104E-5(13); and
29		(G) "sealed source" shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" in G.S 104E-5(13).
30	(3)	10 CFR 34.25, "Radiation survey instruments." The term "radioactive material" used in 10 CFI
31		34.25 shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" in G.S. 104E-5(13);
32	(4)	10 CFR 34.31(a), (b)(1), and (c), "Inspection and maintenance of radiographic exposure devices
33		transport and storage containers, associated equipment, source changers, and survey instruments;"
34	(5)	10 CFR 34.33, "Permanent radiographic installations." The term "radioactive source" used in 19
35		CFR 34.33 shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" in G.S. 104E-5(13);
36	(6)	10 CFR 34.35(c), "Labeling, storage, and transportation;"
37	(7)	10 CFR 34.41, "Conducting industrial radiographic operations;"

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1
                        10 CFR 34.42, "Radiation Safety Officer for industrial radiograph;"
               (8)
 2
               (9)
                        10 CFR 34.43, "Training;"
 3
               (10)
                        10 CFR 34.45(a)(1) through (a)(3), (a)(5), (a)(7) through (a)(11), (a)(13), and (b), "Operating and
                        emergency procedure;"
 4
 5
               (11)
                        10 CFR 34.46, "Supervision of radiographers' assistants;"
                        10 CFR 34.47, "Personnel monitoring;"
 6
               (12)
 7
               (13)
                        10 CFR 34.49, "Radiation surveys;"
 8
               (14)
                        10 CFR 34.51, "Surveillance;"
 9
                        10 CFR 34.53, "Posting;"
               (15)
10
               (16)
                        10 CFR 34.61, "Records of the specific license for industrial radiography;"
11
               (17)
                        10 CFR 34.65, "Records of radiation survey instrument;"
12
               (18)
                        10 CFR 34.71, "Utilization logs;"
13
               (19)
                        10 CFR 34.73, "Records of inspection and maintenance of radiographic exposure devices, transport
14
                        and storage containers, associated equipment, source changers, and survey instruments;"
15
               (20)
                        10 CFR 34.75, "Record of alarm system and entrance control checks at permanent radiographic
16
                        installations;"
17
               (21)
                        10 CFR 34.79, "Records of training and certification;"
18
               (22)
                        10 CFR 34.81, "Copies of operating and emergency procedures;"
19
               (23)
                        10 CFR 34.83, "Records of personnel monitoring procedures;"
20
               (24)
                        10 CFR 34.85, "Records of radiation surveys;"
21
               (25)
                        10 CFR 34.87, "Form of records;"
22
                        10 CFR 34.89(a), (b)(1 through 10), "Location of documents and records;" and
               (26)
23
               (27)
                        Appendix A to 10 CFR 34-Radiographer Certification.
24
             Copies of these regulations are available free of charge at https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-
25
      collections/cfr/part034/index.html.
26
27
      History Note:
                       Authority G.S. 104E-7;
28
                        Eff. February 1, 1980;
29
                        Amended Eff. May 1, 1993;
30
                        Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0501 Eff. February 1,2015;
31
                        Pursuant to G.S.150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 22,
                        2019:
32
33
                       Amended Eff. October 1, 2025; May 1, 2024.
34
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1	10A NCAC 15	.0608 is	repealed through readoption as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:	
2				
3	10A NCAC 15	.0608	THERAPEUTIC X-RAY INSTALLATIONS: LESS THAN ONE MEV	
4				
5	History Note:	Autho	rity G.S. 104E-7; 104E-12(a);	
6		Eff. February 1, 1980;		
7		Amend	led Eff. January1, 1994; May 1, 1992; November 1, 1989;	
8		Transj	ferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0608 and .0609 Eff. February 1, 2015 <u>2015</u> :	
9		<u>Repea</u>	led Eff. October 1, 2025.	
10				

1	10A NCAC 15	.0609 is	repealed through readoption as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2			
3	10A NCAC 15	.0609	X-RAY AND ELECTRON THERAPY INSTALLATIONS ONE MEV AND
4			ABOVE
5			
6	History Note:	Author	rity G.S. 104E-7; 104E-12(a);
7	Eff. February 1, 1980;		
8		Amend	led Eff. January1, 1994; May 1, 1992; November 1, 1989;
9		Transf	Gerred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0608 and .0609 Eff. February 1, 2015 <u>2015</u> ;
10		<u>Repea</u>	led Eff. October 1, 2025.
11			

10A NCAC 15 .0802 is amended as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:

10A NCAC 15.0802 DEFINITIONS

- 4 In addition to terms found in Rule .0104.0103 of this Chapter, the following definitions shall apply to this Section:
 - (1) "Accredited bomb squad" means a law enforcement agency utilizing certified bomb technicians.
 - (2) "Accessible surface" means the external or outside surface of the enclosure or housing provided by the manufacturer or designer of the RGD. This includes the high-voltage generator, doors, access panels, latches, control knobs, and other permanently mounted hardware, and including the plane across the exterior edge of any opening.
 - (3) "Analytical RGD equipment" means equipment that uses electronic means to generate ionizing radiation for the purpose of examining the microstructure of materials using direct x-ray transmission, x-ray diffraction, x-ray fluorescence, and x-ray spectroscopy.
 - (4) "Analytical RGD system" means a group of local and remote components utilizing x-rays to determine the elemental composition or to examine the microstructure of materials.
 - (5) "Certified bomb technician" means a member of an accredited bomb squad who has successfully completed the FBI Hazardous Devices School. Information pertaining to this program can be found at http://www.fbi.gov/about-us/cirg/hazardous-devices.
 - (6) "Certifiable cabinet x-ray system" means an existing uncertified RGD that has been modified to meet the certification requirements specified in 21 C.F.R. 1020.40, as incorporated by reference in Rule <u>.0117.0104</u> of this Chapter.
 - (7) "Certified cabinet x-ray system" means an RGD utilized in an enclosed, interlocked cabinet, such that the radiation machine will not operate unless all openings are securely closed. These systems shall be certified in accordance with 21 CFR 1010.2, as incorporated by reference in Rule .0117.0104 of this Chapter, as being manufactured and assembled pursuant to the provisions of 21 C.F.R. 1020.40, as incorporated by reference in Rule .0117.0104 of this Chapter.
 - (8) "Collimator" means a device or mechanism by which the x-ray beam is restricted in size.
 - (9) "Control panel" means the part of the x-ray control where the switches, knobs, pushbuttons, and other hardware are, located for manually setting the technique factors.
 - (10) "Electron Beam Device" means any device using electrons below 1MeV to heat, join, or otherwise irradiate materials.
 - (11) "Enclosed beam RGD" means an RGD with all possible x-ray beam paths contained in a chamber, coupled chambers, or other beam-path-confinement devices, to prevent any part of the body from intercepting the beam during normal operations. Normal access to the primary beam path, such as a sample chamber door, shall be interlocked with the high voltage of the x-ray tube or the shutter for the beam to be considered "enclosed." An open-beam device placed in an interlocked enclosure is considered an "enclosed beam" unless there are provisions for routine bypassing of the interlocks.

1 (12)"Emergency procedure" means the written pre-planned steps to be taken in the event of actual or 2 suspected radiation exposure of an individual exceeding administrative or regulatory limits found 3 in Rule 10A NCAC 15 .1601(a)(8) and .1601(a)(15). This procedure shall include the names and 4 telephone numbers of individuals to be contacted, as well as directives for processing individual 5 monitoring devices. 6 (13)"Fail-safe characteristics" means a design feature that causes the radiation beam to terminate, port 7 shutters to close, or otherwise prevents emergence of the primary beam upon the failure of a safety 8 or warning device. For example, if an "X-ray On" light indicator, shutter indicator, or interlock fails, 9 the radiation beam shall terminate. 10 (14)"Gauging device" means a mechanism containing a source of ionizing radiation that is designed and 11 manufactured for the purpose of determining or controlling thickness, density, level, interface 12 location, or qualitative or quantitative composition of materials. It may include components such as 13 radiation shields, useful-beam controls, and other safety features in order to meet the requirements 14 or specifications of the device. 15 (15)"General-use system" means a security screening system that delivers an effective dose of 25 16 microrem (0.25 microSv) or less per screening. 17 (16)"Hand-held x-ray system" means any device or equipment that is portable and used for similar 18 purposes as analytical RGD equipment. 19 "Individual responsible for radiation protection" means a person who has the knowledge and (17)20 responsibility to apply appropriate radiation rules, for persons registered with the agency in 21 accordance with Section .0200 of this Chapter, commensurate with the scope of the activities 22 authorized by the registrant. 23 (18)"Inspection Zone" means the area established for the purpose of controlling access where screening 24 is performed. Areas controlled due to the presence of radiation shall include areas of ingress, egress, 25 gates, portals, and traffic paths. The area outside of the inspection zone shall not exceed the limits 26 of Rule .1601(a)(13) of this Chapter. 27 (19)"Interlock" means a feature designed to prevent access to an area of radiation hazard by preventing 28 entry or by automatically removing the hazard. 29 (20)"Ion implantation equipment, low-energy" means any enclosed device operating below 1MeV used 30 to accelerate elemental ions and implant them in other materials. 31 (21) "Leakage radiation" means radiation emanating from the source assembly housing except for: 32 the primary beam; (A) 33 (B) scatter radiation emanating from other components; and 34 radiation produced when the "beam on" switch or timer is not activated. (C) 35 (22)"Limited-use system" means a screening system that is capable of delivering an effective dose

mrem (10 microSv) per screening,

greater than 25 microrem (0.25 microSv) per screening, but shall not exceed an effective dose of 1

36

2 such as radiation source housings, port and shutter assemblies, collimators, sample holders, cameras, 3 goniometers, detectors, and shielding, but do not include power supplies, transformers, amplifiers, 4 readout devices, and control panels. "Mobile RGD" means RGD equipment mounted on a permanent base with wheels or casters for 5 (24)6 moving while completely assembled. 7 (25)"Normal operating procedures" means step-by-step instructions necessary to accomplish a task. 8 These procedures shall include sample insertion and manipulation, equipment alignment, routine 9 maintenance by the registrant, and data recording procedures that are related to radiation safety. 10 (26)"Open-beam RGD" means a device or system designed in such a way that the primary beam is not completely enclosed during normal operation, when used for analysis, gauging, or imaging, an 11 12 individual could accidentally place some part of their body in the primary beam or stray radiation 13 path during normal operation. 14 (27)"Portable RGD" means RGD equipment designed to be carried by hand. 15 (28)"Primary beam" means radiation that passes through an aperture of the source assembly housing by 16 a direct path from the radiation source. 17 (29)"Radiation generating device (RGD)" means any system, device, subsystem, or machine component 18 that may generate, by electronic means, x-rays or particle radiation above 5 keV, but below 1 MeV, 19 and not used for healing parts on humans or animals. RGDs may be used as a: 20 (A) mobile RGD; 21 (B) portable RGD; or 22 (C) stationary RGD. 23 (30)"Remote components" means parts of an RGD x-ray system that are not struck by x-rays, such as 24 power supplies, transformers, amplifiers, readout devices, and control panels. 25 (31)"Safety Device" means a device, interlock or system that prevents the entry of any portion of an 26 individual's body into the primary x-ray beam or that will cause the beam to shut off upon entry into 27 its path. 28 (32)"Scattered radiation" means radiation, other than leakage radiation, that during passage through 29 matter, has been deviated in direction or has been modified by a decrease in energy. 30 (33)"Screening" means the sum of scans necessary for a security screening system to image concealed 31 objects as intended by the system design under normal operating conditions. 32 (34)"Security screening device" means a non-human use open-beam device designed for the detection 33 of contraband or weapons concealed in baggage, mail, packages, or other structures. These devices 34 include bomb detection devices used for the sole purpose of detecting explosive devices. 35 (35)"Security screening system" means a system specifically designed to detect contraband and weapons 36 concealed on a person and is used for the sole purpose of public safety and security evaluation by 37 law enforcement.

"Local components" means part of an RGD x-ray system and include areas that are struck by x rays,

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(23)

1	(36)	"Shutter" means an adjustable device, generally made of lead or other high atomic number material,
2		fixed to a source assembly housing to intercept, block, or collimate the primary beam.
3	(37)	"Source" means the point of origin of the radiation, such as the focal spot of an x-ray tube.
4	(38)	"Stationary RGD" means RGD equipment that is installed or placed in a fixed location.
5	(39)	"Stray radiation" means the sum of leakage and scatter radiation emanating from the source
6		assembly or other components, except for the primary beam, and radiation produced when the beam
7		on switch or timer is not activated.
8	(40)	"Warning device" means an audible or visible signal that warns individuals of a potential radiation
9		hazard.
10	(41)	"X-ray generator" means the part of an x-ray system that provides the accelerating (high) voltage
11		and current for the x-ray tube.
12	(42)	"X-ray source housing" means the portion of an RGD system which contains the x-ray tube and
13		emitting target. The housing often contains radiation shielding material or inherently provides
14		shielding.
15		
16	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
17		Eff. February 1, 1980;
18		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0802 Eff. February 1, 2015;
19		Amended Eff. October 1, 2015;
20		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 22,
21		2019;
22		Amended Eff. October1, 2025; November 1, 2024.
23		
24		

1 10A NCAC 25 .0803 is amended as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows: 2 3 10A NCAC 15.0803 PERSONNEL REQUIREMENTS 4 (a) The registrant, as defined in 10A NCAC 15 .0104(130).0103, shall document the scope of training and instruction 5 required for the RGD in use. 6 (b) No individual shall be permitted to operate or maintain RGDs unless the individual has received instruction in the 7 basic principles of radiation protection, training specific to the manufacturer's recommendations for safe operation 8 and unique features of the RGD in use, and instruction in the operating and emergency procedures. Instruction and 9 training shall include: 10 (1) Basic principles of radiation protection: 11 (A) radiation fundamentals; 12 (B) source and magnitude of common sources of radiation exposure; 13 (C) units of radiation dose and measurements; 14 (D) potential hazards, biological effects of ionizing radiation, and recognition of symptoms of 15 an acute localized exposure; 16 (E) ALARA (As Low As Reasonably Achievable) principles for radiation protection concepts 17 of time, distance, and shielding to minimize radiation exposure; (F) 18 declared pregnancy policy; 19 (G) occupational, embryo/fetus, and public dose limits; and 20 (H) proper use of individual monitoring devices and survey instruments. 21 (2) Device specific training for each RGD: 22 hands-on training for proper use; (A) 23 (B) radiation hazards associated with use; 24 (C) precautions to take or measures required to minimize radiation exposure; 25 (D) procedures to prevent unauthorized use; and 26 (E) agency rules regarding use. 27 (3) Operating and emergency procedure requirements of Rule .0804 in this Section. 28 (c) Records of instruction and training for each individual operating RGDs, documenting that the requirements of this 29 Rule have been met, shall be maintained and available for agency review during inspection. 30 (d) Persons who will be operating the RGD shall be able to demonstrate an understanding in safe operating procedures 31 and use of the RGD according to the manufacturer's specifications and to an authorized representative of the Radiation 32 Protection Section. 33 (e) Each registrant shall provide ring or wrist individual monitoring devices to individuals: 34 (1) operating open-beam RGDs; and 35 (2) performing maintenance on an RDG, if the maintenance procedures require the presence of a 36 primary x-ray beam when any local component in the RGD is disassembled or removed.

1	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
2		Eff. February 1, 1980;
3		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0803 Eff. February 1, 2015;
4		Amended Eff. October 1, 2015;
5		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 22,
6		2019;
7		Amended Eff. October 1, 2025; November 1, 2024.
8		
9		

1	10A NCAC 15	.0901 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3		SECTION .0900 - REQUIREMENTS FOR PARTICLE ACCELERATORS
4		
5	Codifier's Note	e: 10 NCAC 03G .3000 was transferred to 15A NCAC 11 .0900 effective January 4, 1990.
6	Recodification	pursuant to G.S. 143B-279.3.
7		
8	10A NCAC 15	.0901 PURPOSE AND SCOPE
9	(a) This Section	n establishes procedures for the licensing and the use of particle accelerators.
10	(b) In addition	to the requirements of this Section, all licensees are subject to the requirements of Sections .0100,
11	.0200, .1000, a	nd .1600 of this Chapter. Chapter, and: Licensees engaged in industrial radiographic operations are
12	subject to the re	equirements of Section .0500 of this Chapter, and licensees engaged in the healing arts are subject to
13	Rule .0350 of t	his Chapter and the applicable requirements of Section .0600 of this Chapter. Licensees engaged in
14	the production of	of radioactive material or possessing radioactive material incidental to an accelerator are subject to the
15	requirements of	f Section .0300 of this Chapter.
16	(1)	Licensees engaged in the production of radioactive material or possessing radioactive material
17		incidental to operating an accelerator are subject to the requirements of Section .0300 of this
18		<u>Chapter</u> ;
19	(2)	Licensees engaged in the treatment of humans are subject to the requirements of Section .1900 of
20		this Chapter, and
21	(3)	Licensees engaged in the veterinary treatment of animals are subject to the requirements of Section
22		.2000 of this Chapter.
23	(c) Persons eng	gaged in industrial radiographic operations utilizing electronic radiation machines for non-human use
24	are subject to the	ne requirements of Rule .0501 of this Chapter in lieu of the Rules in this Section.
25	(c)(d) In additi	ion to the requirements of this Section, all particle accelerator licensees are subject to the annual fee
26	provisions cont	ained in Section .1100 of this Chapter.
27		
28	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7; 104E-9(a)(8); 104E-19(a);
29		Eff. February 1, 1980;
30		Amended Eff. January 1, 1994; June 1, 1989; July 1, 1982;
31		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0901 Eff. February 1, 2015.2015;
32		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1 10A NCAC 15 .0902 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows: 2 3 LICENSING REQUIREMENTS 10A NCAC 15.0902 4 No person shall receive, possess, use, transfer, own, or acquire a particle accelerator except as authorized in a license 5 issued pursuant to these Rules or as otherwise provided for in these Rules. The general procedures for licensing of 6 particle accelerator facilities are included in SectionRule .0903 of this Chapter.Section. 7 8 History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7; 9 Eff. February 1, 1980; 10 Amended Eff. May 1, 1993; Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0902 Eff. February 1, 2015.2015; 11 12 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15.	0903 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15.	0903 REQUIREMENTS FOR ISSUANCE OF A LICENSE FOR ACCELERATORS
4	(a) Application	for use of a particle accelerator will be approved only if the agency determines that:
5	(1)	The applicant and the applicant's particle accelerator operators are qualified by reason of training
6		and experience to use the accelerator in such a manner as to minimize danger to public health and
7		safety or property;
8	(2)	The applicant's proposed equipment, facilities, operating and emergency procedures are adequate to
9		protect health and minimize danger to public health and safety or property; property, and
10	(3)	The applicant has appointed a radiation safety officer; The applicant's management has appointed a
11		Radiation Safety Officer who agrees, in writing, to be responsible for implementing the radiation
12		protection program. The applicant, through the Radiation Safety Officer, shall ensure that radiation
13		safety activities are being performed in accordance with approved procedures and the requirements
14		of this Section.
15	(4)	The applicant has established a radiation safety committee to approve that the operation of the
16		particle accelerator is in accordance with applicable radiation protection Sections of this Chapter;
17		and
18	(5)	The applicant for the use of a particle accelerator in the healing arts shall be a physician licensed to
19		practice medicine in the state of North Carolina. The individuals designated on the application as
20		users shall have substantial training and experience in deep therapy techniques or in the use of
21		particle accelerators to treat humans.
22	<u>(4)</u>	The applicant for therapeutic use of a particle accelerator for medical use on humans shall meet the
23		additional requirements of Section .1900 of this Chapter and:
24		(A) [be]have a board-certified physician licensed as outlined in Rule .1903(c)(1) of Section
25		.1900 of this Chapter and licensed to practice medicine in the state of North Carolina; and,
26		(B) have a board-certified physicist outlined in Rule .1903(d) of Section .1900 of this Chapter.
27	<u>(5)</u>	The applicant for therapeutic use of a particle accelerator for veterinary use on animals shall meet
28		the additional requirements of Section .2000 of this Chapter.
29	(b) Application	s required by (a) of this Rule shall be made on forms provided by the agency. Applications and
30	supporting mate	erial shall be submitted to the agency via email to Licensing.ram@dhhs.nc.gov unless directed
31	otherwise by the	agency:
32	<u>(1)</u>	Persons applying for new accelerator licenses, or for the renewal of existing accelerator licenses,
33		shall submit an Application for Accelerator License. The instructions for completing the application
34		printed on the application form shall be followed. The following information shall appear on the
35		application:
36		(A) legal business name and mailing address;

1		(B)	physical address(es) where accelerators shall be used or possessed. The application shall
2			indicate if accelerators shall be used at temporary jobsites;
3		<u>(C)</u>	the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the Radiation Safety Officer;
4		(D)	the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the individual to be contacted about the
5			application. If this individual is same as the Radiation Safety Officer, the application may
6			so state;
7		<u>(E)</u>	the application shall indicate if the application is for a new license, or for the renewal of an
8			existing license, by marking the corresponding check box;
9		<u>(F)</u>	if the application is for the renewal of an existing license, the license number shall be
LO			provided on the application;
1		<u>(G)</u>	applicants shall indicate the type and category of license as shown on the form by marking
. 2			the corresponding check box; and
L3		<u>(H)</u>	the printed name, title, and signature of the certifying official. The certifying official shall
L 4			be an individual employed by the business or licensee, who is authorized by the licensee
L 5			to sign license applications on behalf of the business or licensee.
. 6	(2)	Persons	s applying for an amendment to an existing license shall submit an Application for
L7		Amend	ment of Radioactive Materials and Accelerator Licenses. The instructions for completing the
. 8		applica	tion printed on the application form shall be followed. The following information shall
L9		appear	on the application:
20		(A)	the license number;
21		(B)	amendment number of the current license;
22		<u>(C)</u>	expiration date of the license;
23		(D)	licensee name as it currently appears on the license;
24		<u>(E)</u>	the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the Radiation Safety Officer;
25		<u>(F)</u>	the name, telephone number, and e-mail address of the individual to be contacted about the
26			application. If this individual is same as the Radiation Safety Officer, item 5b on the
27			application may be left blank;
28		<u>(G)</u>	applicants shall provide a description of the action requested by marking the corresponding
29			checkbox in item 6a. If the check box next to "Other" is marked in item 6a, provide a brief
30			description of the action requested in the space provided in item 6b;
31		<u>(H)</u>	explanation of the action requested; and
32		<u>(I)</u>	the printed name, title, and signature of the certifying official. The certifying official shall
33			be an individual employed by the business or licensee who is authorized by the licensee to
84			sign license applications on behalf of the business or licensee.
35	(3) Application	ns specif	ied in this Rule are available at: [www.neradiation.net/rms/rmsforms2.htm(Rev01).htm]
86	https://radiation.	<mark>ncdhhs.g</mark>	ov/rms/rmsforms2.htm(Rev01).htm.

1	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
2		Eff. February 1, 1980;
3		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0903 Eff. February 1, 2015. 2015;
4		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15	.0904 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15	.0904 LIMITATIONS
4	(a) No licensee	shall permit any person to act as a particle accelerator operator until such person:
5	(1)	has been instructed in radiation safety and shall have demonstrated an understanding thereof;
6	(2)	has received copies of, and instruction in, this Section and the applicable requirements of this
7		Chapter, pertinent licensing conditions and the licensee's operating and emergency procedures; and
8	(3)	has demonstrated competence to use the particle accelerator, related equipment, and survey
9		instruments which will be employed in his their assignment.
10	(b) Either the r	radiation safety committee or the The radiation safety officer shall have the authority to terminate the
11	operations at a	particle accelerator facility if this action is deemed necessary to minimize danger to public health and
12	safety or proper	ty.
13		
14	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
15		Eff. February 1, 1980;
16		Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0904 Eff. February 1, 2015. 2015;
17		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1 10A NCAC 15 .0905 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:

2

10A NCAC 15.0905 SHIELDING AND SAFETY DESIGN

- 4 (a) AFor medical use a qualified expert registered to provide Class VII services by the agency pursuant to Rule .0205
- 5 of this Chapter, or an Authorized Medical Physicist named on the licensee's license, shall be consulted in the design
- 6 of a particle accelerator installation. A qualified expert installation and shall perform a radiation survey when the
- 7 accelerator is first capable of producing radiation to verify that radiation levels and shielding effectiveness meet the
- 8 applicable requirements in this Chapter. A copy of the survey shall be submitted to the agency by the licensee prior
- 9 to its use for its licensed purpose.
- 10 (b) For Veterinary use a qualified expert registered to provide Class VII services pursuant to Rule .0205 of this
- 11 Chapter by the agency or an Authorized Medical Physicist named on the licensee's license, shall be consulted in the
- design of a particle accelerator installation and shall perform a radiation survey when the accelerator is first capable
- of producing radiation to verify that radiation levels and shielding effectiveness meet the applicable requirements in
- 14 this Chapter.
- 15 (c) For non-medical use, a qualified expert registered to provide Class VII or Class IX services by the agency pursuant
- 16 to Rule .0205 of this Chapter, an individual with a Master's Degree in physics or higher, or the licensee's Radiation
- 17 Safety Officer shall be consulted in the design of a particle accelerator and shall perform a radiation survey when the
- accelerator is first capable of producing radiation to verify that radiation levels and shielding effectiveness meet the
- 19 applicable requirements in this Chapter. The Radiation Safety Officer may delegate performing the radiation survey
- 20 to another individual provided the Radiation Safety Officer reviews the final survey results.
- 21 (d) Persons registered with the Agency to provide Class VII services providing shielding and design, or post-
- 22 installation survey services to demonstrate compliance with Rule .1601 of this Chapter prior to the effective date of
- 23 this Rule shall be authorized to conduct activities authorized by Paragraphs (a) (c) of this Rule.
- 24 (e) A copy of the survey performed to document compliance with Rule .1601 of the Chapter shall be submitted to the
- agency by the licensee prior to use of the particle accelerator for its licensed purpose.
- 26 (b)(f) Plans for construction of accelerator installations shall be submitted to the agency.
- 27 (e)(g) Each particle accelerator installation shall be provided with such primary and secondary barriers as are
- necessary to assure compliance with Rules .1604 and .1611Rule .1601 of this Chapter.

- 30 History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
- 31 *Eff. February 1, 1980;*
- 32 Amended Eff. January 1, 1994;
- 33 Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0905 Eff. February 1, 2015.2015:
- 34 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1 10A NCAC 15 .0906 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:

2

10A NCAC 15.0906 CONTROLS AND INTERLOCK SYSTEMS

- 4 (a) Instrumentation, readouts and controls on the particle accelerator control console shall be clearly identified and
- 5 easily discernible.
- 6 (b) All entrances into a target room or other high radiation area shall conform to the requirements of Rule .1615.1601
- 7 of this Chapter.
- 8 (c) When an interlock system has been tripped, it shall only be possible to resume operation of the accelerator by
- 9 manually resetting controls at the position where the interlock that has been tripped tripped. and, subsequently at the
- 10 main control console.
- 11 (d) Each safety interlock shall operate independently of all other safety interlocks.
- 12 (e) All safety interlocks shall be fail-safe, i.e., designed so that any defect or component failure in the interlock system
- prevents operation of the accelerator.
- 14 (f) A "Scram button" or other emergency power cut-off switch shall be located and easily identifiable in all high
- 15 radiation areas and at the control console. Such a cut-off switch shall include a manual reset so that the accelerator
- 16 cannot be restarted from the accelerator control console without first manually resetting the cut-off switch.

- History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
- 19 Eff. February 1, 1980;
- 20 Amended Eff. January 1, 1994;
- 21 Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0906 Eff. February 1, 2015.2015;
- 22 <u>Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.</u>

2 3 10A NCAC 15.0907 WARNING DEVICES 4 (a) All Except in facilities designed for human exposure, all locations designated as high radiation areas, areas and 5 entrances to such locations shall be equipped with easily observable warning lights that operate when, and only when, 6 radiation is being produced. Facilities designed for human exposure shall be equipped with easily observable warning 7 lights outside the entrances to high radiation areas that operate when, and only when, radiation is being produced. 8 (b) Except in facilities designed for human exposure, each high radiation area shall have an audible warning device 9 which shall be activated for 15 seconds prior to the possible creation of such high radiation area. This warning device 10 shall be clearly discernible in all high radiation areas and all radiation areas. 11 (c) Barriers, temporary or otherwise, and pathways leading to high radiation areas shall be identified in accordance 12 with Rule .1624.1601 of this Chapter. 13 14 Authority G.S. 104E-7; History Note: 15 Eff. February 1, 1980; Amended Eff. January 1, 1994; 16 Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0907 Eff. February 1, 2015: 17 18 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

10A NCAC 15 .0907 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:

1 10A NCAC 15 .0908 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows: 2 3 10A NCAC 15.0908 **OPERATING PROCEDURES** 4 (a) Particle accelerators, when not in operation, shall be secured to prevent unauthorized use. 5 (b) Only a switch on the accelerator control console shall be routinely used to turn the accelerator beam "on" and 6 "off". The safety interlock system shall not be used to turn off the accelerator beam except in an emergency. 7 (c) All safety and warning devices, including interlocks shall be checked for proper operability at least every six 8 months unless more frequent checks are required by the agency. Results of such tests shall be maintained for two years 9 at the accelerator facility for inspection by the agency. 10 (d) Electrical circuit diagrams of the accelerator, and the associated interlock systems, shall be kept current and 11 maintained for inspection by the agency. 12 (e)(d) If, for any reason, it is necessary to intentionally bypass a safety interlock or interlocks, such action shall be: 13 authorized by the radiation safety officer; 14 (2) recorded in a permanent log and a notice posted at the accelerator control console and at the location 15 of the bypassed interlock; and 16 (3) terminated as soon as possible. 17 (f)(e) A copy of the current operating and the emergency procedures shall be maintained at the accelerator control 18 panel. 19 20 History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7; 21 Eff. February 1, 1980; 22 Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0908 Eff. February 1, 2015. 23 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

10A NCAC 15 .0909 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:

1 2 3

10A NCAC 15.0909 RADIATION MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- 4 (a) Portable Except for persons licensed for activities authorized by Section .1900 of this Chapter possessing non-
- 5 portable therapeutic radiation machines, portable monitoring equipment shall be available at each particle accelerator
- 6 facility. Such equipment shall be tested for proper operation monthly and calibrated at intervals not to exceed one
- 7 year, and after each servicing and repair.
- 8 (b) A radiation protection survey shall be performed and documented by a qualified expert registered by the agency
- 9 pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Chapter, Chapter for the provision of Class VII, Class IX services or an Authorized
- 10 Medical Physicist named on the licensee's license when changes have been made in shielding, operation, equipment,
- or occupancy of adjacent areas. The licensee shall submit the report or a copy of the report of the qualified expert to
- the agency by email to licensing.ram@dhhs.nc.gov or at one of the address addresses found in Rule .0111.0111(a) of
- 13 this Chapter.
- 14 (c) Except for facilities designed for human exposure, radiation levels in all high radiation areas shall be continuously
- 15 monitored. The monitoring devices shall be electrically independent of the accelerator control and interlock systems
- and capable of providing a remote and local readout with visual or audible alarms at the control panel and other
- 17 appropriate locations.
- 18 (d) All area monitors shall be tested for proper operation at least every six months unless more frequent checks are
- 19 required by the agency.
- 20 (e) Whenever applicable, periodic surveys Surveys shall be performed to determine the amount of airborne particulate
- 21 radioactivity present in areas of airborne hazards. hazards at least annually.
- 22 (f) Whenever applicable, periodic smear surveys shall be made to determine the degree of contamination in target
- and other pertinent areas.
- 24 (g) All area surveys shall be made in accordance with the written procedures established by a qualified expert
- 25 registered by the agency pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Chapter, or approved by the radiation safety officer of the
- 26 <u>accelerator facility.</u>
- 27 (h) Records of all radiation protection surveys, calibration results, instrumentation tests, and smear results shall be
- 28 kept current and on file at each accelerator facility for two years for inspection by the agency.

- 30 *History Note: Authority G.S.* 104E-7; 104E-12(a);
- 31 *Eff. February 1, 1980;*
- 32 Amended Eff. October 1, 1980;
- 33 Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0909 Eff. February 1, 2015.2015;
- 34 Readopted October 1, 2025.

10A NCAC 15 .0910 is readopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows: 2 3 **VENTILATION SYSTEMS** 10A NCAC 15.0910 4 (a) Adequate ventilation shall be provided in areas where airborne radioactivity may be produced to comply with 5 Rule .1604.1601 of this Chapter. 6 (b) The licensee shall not vent, release or otherwise discharge airborne radioactive material to an unrestricted area in 7 excess of the limits specified in Rule .1611.1601 of this Chapter. 8 9 History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7; 10 Eff. February 1, 1980; Amended Eff. January 1, 1994; May 1, 1992; 11 12 Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .0910 Eff. February 1, 2015.2015; 13 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	Rule 10A NCA	C 15 .100	1 is amended as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2			
3	S	ECTION	.1000 - NOTICES: INSTRUCTIONS: REPORTS AND INSPECTIONS
4			
5	Codifier's Note:	10A NC	AC 03G .3100 was transferred to 15A NCAC 11 .1000 effective January 4, 1990.
6	Recodification 1	pursuant t	o G.S. 143B-279.3.
7			
8	10A NCAC 15	.1001	NOTICES, INSTRUCTIONS, AND REPORTS TO EMPLOYEES
9	(a) Persons regis	stered wit	h the agency pursuant to the rules in Section .0200 of this Chapter and persons licensed under
10	the rules in Sect	tions .030	0, .0900, .1200, and .1300 of this Chapter shall comply with the provisions of 10 CFR 19 as
11	follows, which	are hereb	by incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions, except that
12	references to an	d require	ments for 10 CFR 2, 50, 52, 54, 60, 63, 72, and 76 shall not apply:
13	(1)	10 CFR	19.1, "Purpose;"
14	(2)	10 CFR	19.2, "Scope;"
15	(3)	10 CFI	R 19.3, "Definitions," except that the definition of "regulated activities" and "regulated
16		entities	" shall not apply. For persons registered with the agency pursuant to the rules in Section
17		.0200 o	f this Chapter, the following terms used in 10 CFR 19 shall have the following substitutions:
18		(A)	"license" shall have the same meaning as "registration" as defined in Rule .0104(131)
19			.0103(b) of this Chapter;
20		(B)	"licensed" means "registered" as defined in Rule <u>.0104(131)</u> <u>.0103(b)</u> of this Chapter;
21		(C)	"licensee" shall have the same meaning as "registrant" as defined in Rule -0104(130)
22			.0103(b) of this Chapter;
23		(D)	"materials" shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" as defined in Rule
24			.0104(122) .0103(b) of this Chapter:
25		(E)	"NRC-licensed" means "registered"; and
26		(F)	"radioactive material" shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" as defined in
27			Rule :0104(122) .0103(b) of this Chapter.
28	(4)	10 CF	R 19.5, "Communications," except that licensees and registrants shall address
29		commu	nications and reports to the agency as instructed by Rule .0111 of this Chapter in lieu of the
30		NRC;	
31	(5)	10 CFR	19.11, "Posting of notices to workers," except that 19.11(b) and (e) shall not apply;
32		(A)	NRC Form 3 shall not be used in lieu of the Notice to Employees issued by the agency,
33			except as authorized by the agency in writing;
34		(B)	licensees and registrants shall not post other notices, postings, notes, or other materials
35			over the Notice to Employees, nor shall equipment be placed in such a manner that the
36			Notice to Employees is obscured or hidden by that equipment; and

1 (C) additional copies of the Notice to Employees may be obtained free of charge from the 2 agency by contacting the agency at the addresses shown in Rule .0111(a) of this Chapter 3 in lieu of the NRC, or online at https://radiation.ncdhhs.gov/; 4 10 CFR 19.12, "Instructions to workers;" (6)5 **(7)** 10 CFR 19.13, "Notifications and reports to individuals;" 10 CFR 19.14, "Presence of representatives of licensees and regulated entities, and workers during 6 (8)7 inspections," except that 19.14(a) shall not apply; 8 (9)10 CFR 19.15, "Consultation with workers during inspections;" 9 (10)10 CFR 19.16, "Requests by workers for inspections." Requests for inspections shall be mailed or 10 delivered to the agency as instructed by Rule .0111(a) of this Chapter in lieu of the NRC; 11 (11)10 CFR 19.17, "Inspections not warranted; informal review." Communications regarding the 12 agency's decisions with respect to a request for inspection submitted to the agency under 13 Subparagraph (a)(10) shall be mailed or delivered to the agency as instructed by Rule .0111(a) of 14 this Chapter in lieu of the NRC; 15 (12)10 CFR 19.18, "Sequestration of witnesses and exclusion of counsel in interviews conducted under 16 subpoena;" 17 (13)10 CFR 19.20, "Employee protection;" 18 10 CFR 19.31, "Application for exemptions," except that the request for exemption shall be made (14)19 on the licensee's or registrant's business letterhead. Requests for exemptions from the requirements 20 of this Rule shall be made to the agency at the addresses shown in Rule .0111(a) of this Chapter in 21 lieu of the NRC or as otherwise instructed by the agency. To request an exemption, the following 22 information shall be submitted to the agency: 23 (A) licensee or registrant name; 24 (B) license or registration number; 25 (C) name of the individual requesting the exemption; 26 (D) contact information for the individual requesting the exemption; 27 (E) a description of the exemption being requested; and 28 (F) an explanation describing why the exemption is necessary. 29 (b) Notwithstanding Subparagraph (a)(5) of this Rule, registrants temporarily working in North Carolina and licensees 30 working in North Carolina under reciprocity may post the Notice to Employees, NRC Form 3, or an equivalent form 31 issued under the authority of the regulatory agency issuing the registration or license. 32 Copies of these regulations are available free of charge at https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-(c) 33 collections/cfr/part019/. 34 35 History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7; 104E-12; 36 Eff. February 1, 1980; 37 Amended Eff. May 1, 1993; June 1, 1989;

1	Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .1001 Eff. February 1, 2015;
2	Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 22
3	2019;
4	Amended Eff. October 1, 2025; October 1, 2023.

1 10A NCAC 15 .1601 is amended as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows: 2 3 SECTION .1600 - STANDARDS FOR PROTECTION AGAINST RADIATION 4 5 10A NCAC 15.1601 STANDARDS FOR PROTECTION AGAINST RADIATION 6 (a) Persons registered with the agency pursuant to the rules in Section .0200 of this Chapter and persons licensed 7 pursuant to the rules in Section .0300, .0900, .1200, or .1300 of this Chapter shall comply with the provisions of 10 8 CFR 20 as follows, which are hereby incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions, except 9 references to and requirements for 10 CFR 50, 52, 60, 63, 72, 73, and 76 shall not apply: 10 20.1001, "Purpose," except that non-ionizing radiation from radiation machines registered in (1) 11 accordance with the rules in Section .0200 of this Chapter shall also be regulated by this Rule; 12 (2) 20.1002, "Scope;" 13 (3) 20.1003, "Definitions," except that for persons registered with the agency pursuant to the rules in 14 Section .0200 of this Chapter, the following terms used in 10 CFR 20 shall have the following 15 substitutions: 16 (A) "license" shall have the same meaning as "registration" as defined in Rule .0104(131) .0103(b) of this Chapter; 17 18 "licensed" means registered pursuant to the rules in Section .0200 shall have the same (B) 19 meaning as "registered" as defined in Rule .0103(b) of this Chapter; 20 (C) "licensed material" shall have the same meaning as "radiation machine" as defined in Rule 21 .0104(122) .0103(b) of this Chapter, and 22 (D) "licensee" shall have the same meaning as "registrant" as defined in Rule .0104(130) 23 .0103(b) of this Chapter; 24 **(4)** 20.1004, "Units of radiation dose;" 25 (5) 20.1005, "Units of radioactivity;" 26 (6)20.1007, "Communications," except that licensees and registrants shall address communications 27 regarding these rules, notifications, and reports to the agency as instructed by Rule .0111 of this 28 Chapter in lieu of the NRC; 29 **(7)** 20.1101, "Radiation protection programs;" 30 (8) 20.1201, "Occupational dose limits for adults;" (9) 31 20.1202, "Compliance with requirements for summation of external and internal doses;" (10)32 20.1203, "Determination of external dose from airborne radioactive material;" 33 (11)20.1204, "Determination of internal exposure;" 20.1206, "Planned special exposures;" 34 (12)35 (13)20.1207, "Occupational dose limits for minors;" 36 (14)20.1208, "Dose equivalent to an embryo/fetus;" 37 (15)20.1301, "Dose limits for individual members of the public;"

1	(16)	20.1302, "Compliance with dose limits for individual members of the public;"
2	(17)	20.1401, "General provisions and scope;"
3	(18)	20.1402, "Radiological criteria for unrestricted use;"
4	(19)	20.1403, "Criteria for license termination under restricted conditions;"
5	(20)	20.1404, "Alternate criteria for license termination;"
6	(21)	20.1405, "Public notification and public participation," except the agency shall not publish a notice
7		in the Federal Register;
8	(22)	20.1406, "Minimization of contamination," except that 20.1406(b) shall not apply;
9	(23)	20.1501, "General;"
10	(24)	20.1502, "Conditions requiring individual monitoring of external and internal occupational dose;"
11	(25)	20.1601, "Control of access to high radiation areas;"
12	(26)	20.1602, "Control of access to very high radiation areas;"
13	(27)	20.1701, "Use of process or other engineering controls;"
14	(28)	20.1702, "Use of other controls;"
15	(29)	20.1703, "Use of individual respiratory protection equipment;"
16	(30)	20.1704, "Further restrictions on the use of respiratory equipment;"
17	(31)	20.1705, "Application for use of higher assigned protection factors;"
18	(32)	20.1801, "Security of stored material;"
19	(33)	20.1802, "Control of material not in storage;"
20	(34)	20.1901, "Caution signs;"
21	(35)	20.1902, "Posting requirements;"
22	(36)	20.1903, "Exceptions to posting requirements;"
23	(37)	20.1904, "Labeling containers;"
24	(38)	20.1905, "Exemptions to labeling requirements," except that 20.1905(g) shall not apply;
25	(39)	20.1906, "Procedures for receiving and opening packages;"
26	(40)	20.2001, "General requirements;"
27	(41)	20.2002, "Method for obtaining approval of proposed disposal procedures;"
28	(42)	20.2003, "Disposal by release to sanitary sewerage;"
29	(43)	20.2004, "Treatment or disposal by incineration;"
30	(44)	20.2005, "Disposal of specific wastes;"
31	(45)	20.2006, "Transfer for disposal and manifests;"
32	(46)	20.2007, "Compliance with environmental and health protection regulations;"
33	(47)	20.2008, "Disposal of certain byproduct material;"
34	(48)	20.2101, "General provisions;"
35	(49)	20.2102, "Records of radiation protection programs;"
36	(50)	20.2103, "Records of surveys;"
37	(51)	20.2104, "Determination of prior occupational dose;"

1	(52)	20.2105, "Records of planned special exposures;"
2	(53)	20.2106, "Records of individual monitoring results;"
3	(54)	20.2107, "Records of dose to individual members of the public;"
4	(55)	20.2108, "Records of waste disposal;"
5	(56)	20.2110, "Form of records;"
6	(57)	20.2201, "Reports of theft or loss of material." Persons registered with the agency pursuant to the
7		rules in Section .0200 of this Chapter shall make telephone reports of the theft or loss of radiation
8		machines in accordance with 20.2201(a)(1)(i);
9	(58)	20.2202, "Notifications of incidents;"
10	(59)	20.2203, "Reports of exposures, radiation levels, and concentrations of radioactive material
11		exceeding the constraints or limits," except that 20.2203(c) shall not apply;
12	(60)	20.2204, "Reports of planned special exposures;"
13	(61)	20.2205, "Reports to individuals exceeding dose limits;"
14	(62)	20.2206, "Reports of individual monitoring," except that 20.2206(a)(1), and 20.2206(a)(3) through
15		(a)(5) shall not apply. The report required by 20.2206(b) shall be submitted upon request by the
16		agency in lieu of the requirements of 20.2206(c);
17	(63)	20.2207, "Reports of transactions involving nationally tracked sources." Notwithstanding
18		Subparagraph (a)(6) of this Rule, reports required by this Subparagraph shall be made in accordance
19		with 20.2207(f) and (g);
20	(64)	20.2301, "Application for exemptions," except that the request for exemption shall be made on the
21		licensee's or registrant's business letterhead. Requests for exemptions from the requirements of this
22		Rule shall be made to the agency at the addresses shown in Rule .0111(a) of this Chapter in lieu of
23		the NRC or as otherwise instructed by the agency. To request an exemption, the following
24		information shall be submitted to the agency:
25		(A) licensee or registrant name;
26		(B) license or registration number;
27		(C) name and contact information for the individual requesting the exemption;
28		(D) a description of the exemption being requested, and
29		(E) an explanation describing why the exemption is necessary;
30	(65)	20.2302, "Additional requirements;"
31	(66)	Appendix A to Part 20, "Assigned Protection Factors for Respirators;"
32	(67)	Appendix B to Part 20, "Annual Limits on Intake (ALIs) and Derived Air Concentrations (DACs)
33		of Radionuclides for Occupational Exposure; Effluent Concentrations; Concentrations for Release
34		to Sewerage;"
35	(68)	Appendix C to Part 20, "Quantities of Radioactive Material Requiring Labeling;"
36	(69)	Appendix E to Part 20, "Nationally Tracked Source Thresholds," and

1 (70)Appendix G to Part 20, "Requirements for Transfers of Low-Level Radioactive Waste Intended for 2 Disposal at Licensed Land Disposal Facilities and Manifests." 3 (b) Exposure of a personnel monitoring device to deceptively indicate a dose delivered to an individual is prohibited. 4 (c) Licensees and registrants shall continue to perform all activities required by the rules of this Chapter, license or 5 registration condition, and shall pay annual fees as instructed on an invoice issued by the agency until the license or 6 registration is terminated. Registrants shall maintain registration of all radiation machines under their control until 7 those units are disposed. 8 (d) Nothing in the rules of this Chapter shall relieve any person of responsibility for complying with other applicable 9 North Carolina laws and rules. 10 Copies of these regulations are available free of charge at https://www.nrc.gov/reading-rm/doc-11 collections/cfr/part020/. 12 13 History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7(a)(2); 14 Eff. January 1, 1994; 15 Amended Eff. August 1, 1998; Transferred and Recodified from 15A NCAC 11 .1601 Eff. February 1, 2015; 16 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2023. 2023; 17 18 Amended Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .1901 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2	
3	SECTION .1900 - THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES
4	
5	10A NCAC 15 .1901 PURPOSE AND SCOPE
6	(a) This Section establishes requirements for use of therapeutic radiation machines to treat disease in humans. The
7	requirements of this Section are in addition to the requirements of Sections .0100, .0200, .0900, .1000, and .1600 of
8	this Chapter.
9	(b) The use of therapeutic radiation machines shall be by, or under the supervision of, a licensed practitioner of the
10	healing arts who meets the training and experience criteria established by Rule .1903(c).
11	(c) In addition to the requirements of this Section, all therapeutic radiation machine licensees are subject to the annual
12	fee provisions contained in Section .1100 of this Chapter.
13	
14	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
15	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .1	1902 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15.	1902 DEFINITIONS
4	(a) As used in th	is Section, the following definitions apply:
5	(1)	"Acceptance testing" means an evaluation of equipment and systems to confirm they meet the
6		specifications stated by the manufacturer.
7	(2)	"Annually" means at intervals not to exceed 12 consecutive months, plus or minus 30 days.
8	(3)	"Authorized Medical Physicist" means an individual authorized in accordance with Rule .1903(d).
9	<u>(4)</u>	"Authorized user" means a physician who meets the training requirements of Rule .1903(c) and is
10		authorized by license condition to use a therapeutic radiation machine covered by this Section.
11	(5)	"Barrier" see "Protective barrier".
12	(6)	"Biennially" means at intervals not to exceed 24 consecutive months, plus or minus 30 days.
13	(7)	"Commissioning" means an intricate and methodical process designed to:
14		(A) acquire needed machine-specific beam data;
15		(B) validate the safe, accurate, and effective operation of a therapeutic radiation machine,
16		treatment planning systems, ancillary systems, and associated procedural protocols; and,
17		(C) set baseline for future measurements for performance constancy.
18	(8)	"Dosimetry systems" means radiation detecting equipment that may be used to characterize the
19		radiation beam and quantify the energy it may deposit within a medium.
20	<u>(9)</u>	"Electronic brachytherapy" means a method of radiation therapy where an electrically generated
21		source of ionizing radiation is placed in or near the tumor or target tissue to deliver therapeutic
22		radiation dosage.
23	(10)	"Electronic brachytherapy device" means the system used to produce and deliver therapeutic
24		radiation including the x-ray tube, the control mechanism, the cooling system, and the power source.
25	<u>(11)</u>	"Electronic brachytherapy source" means the x-ray tube component used in an electronic
26		brachytherapy device.
27	(12)	"External beam radiation therapy" means therapeutic irradiation in which the source of radiation is
28		at a distance from the body.
29	(13)	"Human research subject" means an individual defined pursuant to 10A NCAC 15 .0307(a)(4) and
30		shall include radiation therapy treatments covered by this Section.
31	(14)	"Interlock" means a device preventing the start or continued operation of equipment unless certain
32		predetermined conditions prevail.
33	(15)	"Interruption of irradiation" means the stopping of irradiation with the possibility of continuing
34		irradiation without resetting of operating conditions at the control panel.
35	(16)	"Irradiation" means the exposure of a living being or matter to ionizing radiation.
36	(17)	"Isocenter" means the center of the sphere through which the useful beam axis passes while the
37		gantry moves through its full range of motions.

1	(10)	NTT 1 1 2 2 (1 3 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1	(18)	"Kilovolt," "kV," "kilo electron volt," and "keV" means the energy equal to that acquired by a
2		particle with one electron charge in passing through a potential difference of one thousand volts in
3		a vacuum. Current convention is to use kV for photons and keV for electrons.
4	(19)	"Leakage radiation" means radiation emanating from the radiation therapy system except for the
5		useful beam.
6	(20)	"Licensee" means any person who is licensed by the agency pursuant to the rules of this Section
7		.0900 of this Chapter.
8	(21)	"Light field" means the area illuminated by light, simulating the radiation field.
9	(22)	"Megavolt," "MV," "mega electron volt," and "MeV" means the energy equal to that acquired by a
10		particle with one electron charge in passing through a potential difference of one million volts in a
11		vacuum. Current convention is to use MV for photons and MeV for electrons.
12	(23)	"Method of Delivery" means mode of radiation to be used during treatment, which may include
13		photons, electrons, or protons.
14	(24)	"Patient" means an individual, for whom a written directive is intended, subjected to machine
15		produced radiation for the purposes of medical therapy.
16	(25)	"Periodic quality assurance check" means a procedure which is performed to ensure that a previous
17		parameter or condition continues to be valid.
18	(26)	"Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine in North Carolina pursuant to G.S. 90,
19	-	Article 1.
20	(27)	"Prescribed dose" means the total dose and dose per fraction as documented in the written directive.
21	(28)	"Primary protective barrier" (see "Protective barrier").
22	(29)	"Protective barrier" means a barrier of radiation absorbing material(s) used to reduce radiation
23	\ '	exposure. The types of protective barriers are as follows:
24		(A) "Primary protective barrier" means the material, excluding filters, placed in the useful
25		beam.
26		(B) "Secondary protective barrier" means the material which attenuates stray radiation.
27	(30)	"Qualified Expert" means a person registered by the agency pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Chapter
28	(50)	for the provision of Class VII services and who meets the training and experience requirements
29		listed in Rule [-0206(a)(7)(A)] .0214(a)(7)(A) or (B) of this Chapter.
30	[(30)](3	
31	[(30)] <u>[3</u>	
	[<mark>/2 1</mark>]] <mark>/2</mark>	days.
32	[<mark>(31</mark>)] <u>(3</u>	
33		authorized user, authorized medical physicist, medical dosimetrist, radiation therapist and oncology
34	F (0.0)	nurse whose purpose is to work together to deliver radiation safely and reproducibly.
35	[<mark>(32)</mark>] <u>(3</u>	
36		to the licensee for specialized care.

1	[33] Semiannually means at intervals not to exceed 6 consecutive months, plus or minus 13
2	consecutive days.
3	[(34)](35) "Sievert" and "Sv" mean the SI unit of dose equivalent measured as joule per kilogram.
4	[(35)](36) "Supervision" shall be defined as follows:
5	(A) "General supervision" means the activity is performed under the overall direction and
6	control of a supervising individual. The supervising individual's physical presence shall
7	not be required during the performance of the procedure but must be available by phone to
8	provide assistance and direction if needed.
9	(B) "Direct supervision" means an individual exercise General Supervision and be present
10	within the facility and immediately available to furnish assistance and direction throughout
11	the performance of the activity. Direct Supervision does not require that the supervising
12	individual must be present in the room when the procedure is being performed.
13	(C) "Personal supervision" means an individual exercises General Supervision and be present
14	in the room during the performance of the procedure.
15	[(36)](37) "Therapeutic radiation machine" means equipment that is designed and used for external beam
16	radiation therapy in the healing arts. For these regulations, devices used to administer electronic
17	brachytherapy shall also be considered therapeutic radiation machines.
18	[(37)](38) "Therapeutic radiation machine medical event" means an event that meets the criteria in Rule
19	<u>.1905(a)(4).</u>
20	[(38)](39) "Treatment room shielding" means a location which contains fixed protective barriers to limit
21	radiation exposures to members of the public and occupationally exposed workers to within
22	regulatory limits.
23	[(39)](40) "Weekly" means at least once per calendar week.
24	[40](41) "Written directive" means an order in writing for the administration of radiation to a specific
25	patient or human research subject, as specified in .1905(a)(1).
26	(b) Definitions of certain other words and phrases used in the Rules in this Section are set forth in Rules .0103, .1001
27	and .1601 of this Chapter.
28	
29	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
30	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .19	903 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15.1	903 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR FACILITIES USING
4		THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES
5	(a) The licensee s	shall be responsible for directing the operation of the therapeutic radiation machines that have been
6	licensed with the	Agency. The licensee or the licensee's agent shall ensure that the requirements of this Section are
7	met in the operation	on of the therapeutic radiation machines.
8	(b) A therapeutic	c radiation machine that does not meet the provisions of these regulations shall not be used for
9	irradiation of patie	ents or human research subjects.
10	(c) Training for T	herapeutic Radiation Machine Authorized Users: The licensee for any therapeutic radiation machine
11	subject to Rules w	vithin this subpart shall require the authorized user to be a physician who:
12	<u>(1)</u>	Holds Certification in General Radiology issued by the American Board of Radiology of a physician
13		who confines their professional practice to radiation oncology or certification in Radiation Oncology
14		or Therapeutic Radiology issued by the American Board of Radiology, the American Osteopathic
15		Board of Radiology, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada, or the Collège des
16		Médecins du Québec; or
17	(2)	Has satisfactory completion of a radiation oncology residency program approved by the American
18		Council of Graduate Medicine Education, the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada,
19		the Collège des Médecins du Québec, or the American Osteopathic Association. Radiation
20		oncologists who are eligible for certification by one of the certifying organizations listed in
21		Subparagraph (c)(1) of this Paragraph but not yet certified by the date of initial employment shall
22		be certified by one of the certifying organizations listed in Subparagraph (c)(1) of this Paragraph
23		within 6 years of initial certification eligibility; and,
24	(3)	Be an individual listed on an Agency or an Agreement State medical accelerator license as an
25		authorized user on or before the effective date of this Rule. Individuals listed on an Agency or
26		Agreement State medical accelerator license as Authorized Users need not comply with
27		Subparagraphs (c)(1) through (c)(2) of this Paragraph, except they must meet the training
28		requirements defined in this Rule for any uses for which they were not authorized on or before the
29		effective date of this Rule, and shall document 75 hours of continuing education every three (3)
30		years that is acceptable to the certifying organizations identified in (c)(1) through (c)(2).
31	(d) Training for A	Authorized Medical Physicist: The licensee for any therapeutic radiation machine subject to Rules
32	within this Section	n shall require the Authorized Medical Physicist to:
33	(1)	Be certified and maintaining certification by the American Board of Radiology in:
34		(A) Therapeutic radiological physics; or
35		(B) Therapeutic medical physics; or
36	(2)	Be certified and maintaining certification by the American Board of Medical Physics in Radiation
37		Oncology Physics; or

1	(3)	Be certified and maintaining certification by the Canadian College of Medical Physics in Radiation
2		Oncology Physics; or,
3	<u>(4)</u>	Be an individual listed on an Agency or an Agreement State medical accelerator license as an
4		authorized medical physicist on or before the effective date of this Rule. Individuals listed on an
5		Agency or Agreement State medical accelerator license need not comply with Subparagraphs (d)(1)
6		through (d)(3) of this Paragraph, except they must meet the training requirements defined in other
7		Paragraphs of this Rule for any uses for which they were not authorized on or before the effective
8		date of this Rule, and shall document 75 hours of accredited continuing education every three (3)
9		years that is acceptable to the certifying organizations identified in (d)(1) through (d)(3).
10	(e) Training for	Therapeutic Radiation Machine Radiation Safety Officer: The licensee for any therapeutic radiation
11	machine subject	to Rules within this subpart shall require the Radiation Safety Officer:
12	<u>(1)</u>	Be listed as an Authorized User or Authorized Medical Physicist on the license; or,
13	<u>(2)</u>	Be certified by the American Board of Health Physics in Health Physics; or,
14	<u>(3)</u>	Be certified by the American Board of Science in Nuclear Medicine in Radiation Protection; or,
15	<u>(4)</u>	Be certified by the American Board of Radiology in:
16		(A) Diagnostic Radiologic Physics;
17		(B) Diagnostic Medical Physics:
18		(C) Medical Nuclear Physics;
19		(D) Nuclear Medical Physics; or,
20	(5)	Be certified by the American Board of Medical Physics in Medical Health Physics; or,
21	(6)	Be an individual listed on an Agency or an Agreement State medical accelerator license as a
22		Therapeutic Radiation Machine Radiation Safety Officer on or before the effective date of this Rule.
23		Individuals listed on an Agency or Agreement State medical accelerator on or before the effective
24		date of this Rule need not comply with Subparagraphs (e)(1) through (e)(5) of this Paragraph, except
25		they must meet the training requirements in radiation safety, regulatory issues, and emergency
26		procedures for the types of use for which they were not authorized on or before the effective date of
27		this Rule, and shall document 60 hours of accredited continuing education every three (3) years that
28		is acceptable to the certifying organizations identified in (e)(2) through (e)(5).
29	(f) Qualification	ns of Operators:
30	<u>(1)</u>	Direct Human Use - Operators: Individuals who will be operating a therapeutic radiation machine
31		on humans or irradiation of products to be used by humans, shall:
32		(A) Be a registered Radiation Therapy Technologists by the American Registry of Radiologic
33		Technologists; or,
34		(B) Be American Registry of Radiologic Technologists registry-eligible as Radiation Therapy
35		Technologists provided the individual is under the personal supervision of an individual
36		that meets the requirements of Subparagraph (A) of this Paragraph; and,

1		(C) Successfully complete a licensee-developed initial and ongoing competency program in
2		the use of the therapeutic radiation machine as well as other ancillary systems used by the
3		operator in medical use applications. This competency program shall be documented, and
4		records shall include the list of topics evaluated, and each individual's completion of the
5		competency program shall be approved, signed, and dated. Records required by this
6		Subparagraph shall be maintained for a minimum of three years.
7	(2)	Non-direct Human Use - Operators: Individuals who will be operating a therapeutic radiation
8		machine for the purposes of quality assurance and/or non-human research, shall:
9		A) Comply with Paragraph (d) of this Rule; or,
10		B) Comply with Subparagraph (1)(A) of this Paragraph; or,
11		C) Comply with the requirements of Section .0900 of this Chapter; and,
12		(D) Successfully complete a licensee-developed initial and ongoing competency program in
13		the use of the therapeutic radiation machine as well as other ancillary systems used by the
14		operator for quality assurance or non-human research. The competency program shall be
15		documented, and records shall include the list of topics evaluated, and each individual's
16		completion of the competency program shall be approved, signed, and dated. Records
17		required by this subparagraph shall be maintained for a minimum of three years.
18	(g) Documente	d safety procedures shall be developed by an Authorized Medical Physicist and shall be readily
19	accessible in the	control area of a therapeutic radiation machine, including any restrictions required for the safe
20	operation of the	herapeutic radiation machine. The operator shall be able to demonstrate familiarity with these rules.
21	(h) Individuals s	hall not be exposed to the useful beam except for medical therapy purposes and unless such exposure
22	has been ordered	in writing by a therapeutic radiation machine authorized user. This provision specifically prohibits
23	deliberate exposi	re of an individual for training, demonstration, or other non-healing-arts purposes.
24	(i) Visiting Auth	orized User: A licensee may permit any physician to act as a visiting authorized user under the term
25	of the licensee's	icense for a total of sixty (60) days per calendar year under the following conditions:
26	(1)	The visiting authorized user has the prior approval of the licensee's facility management; and
27	(2)	The visiting authorized user meets the requirements established for authorized user(s) in
28		Subparagraph (c) of this Rule; and
29	(3)	The licensee shall maintain copies of the documentation of the approval and that the visiting
30		authorized user met the requirements of Subparagraph (i)(2) of this Paragraph for three (3) years
31		from the date of the last visit.
32	(j) Visiting Auth	orized Medical Physicist: A licensee may permit any medical physicist to act as a visiting authorized
33	medical physicis	t under the term of the licensee's license for a total of sixty (60) days per calendar year under the
34	following condit	ions:
35	<u>(1)</u>	The visiting qualified medical physicist has the prior approval of the licensee's facility management;
36		<u>and</u>

1	<u>(2)</u>	<u>The visiting authorized medical physicist meets the requirements established for</u> [authorized user(s)]		
2		authorized medical physicists in Subparagraphs (d) of this Rule; and		
3	(3)	The licensee shall maintain copies of the documentation of the approval and proof that the visiting		
4		authorized medical physicist met the requirements of Subparagraph (j)(2) of this Rule for three (3)		
5		years from the date of the last visit.		
6	(k) All individu	als associated with the operation of a therapeutic radiation machine shall be instructed in and shall		
7	comply with the	provisions of the licensee's quality management program. In addition to the requirements of this		
8	Section, these inc	dividuals are also subject to the requirements of Rules .1601(a)(8), (a)(24) and (a)(51) of this Chapter.		
9	(l) Unless other	wise specified by license condition, whenever patients or human research subjects are being treated		
10	by a therapeutic	radiation machine, a physician shall be accessible. This physician does not need to be an authorized		
11	user.			
12	(m) A licensee t	that permits supervised activities within this subpart is responsible for the acts and omissions of the		
13	supervised indivi	idual.		
14	(n) Information and Maintenance Record and Associated Information: The licensee shall maintain the following			
15	information in a	separate file or package for each therapeutic radiation machine for inspection by the Agency:		
16	<u>(1)</u>	Report of acceptance testing and commissioning:		
17	<u>(2)</u>	Records of all surveys, calibrations, and periodic quality assurance checks of the therapeutic		
18		radiation machine required by this Section, as well as the names of persons who performed such		
19		activities;		
20	<u>(3)</u>	Records of maintenance and/or modifications performed on the therapeutic radiation machine after		
21		the effective date of this Rule as well as the names of persons who performed such services;		
22	<u>(4)</u>	Assessments performed by an Authorized Medical Physicist, prior to the return of a therapeutic		
23		radiation machine to clinical use, after significant service, repair, or upgrade that may result in		
24		variances of machine functions more than the thresholds established within the quality management		
25		program.		
26	(o) Records Ret	tention: All records required by this Section shall be retained until disposal is authorized by the		
27	Agency unless an	nother retention period is specifically authorized in this Section.		
28				
29	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;		
30		Eff. October 1, 2025.		

1	10A NCAC 15 .1904	is adopted as publi	shed I 39:19 NCR	1 1225-1262 as follows:			
2							
3	10A NCAC 15 .1904	GENERAL	TECHNICAL	REQUIREMENTS	FOR	FACILITIES	USING
4		THERAPEU	TIC RADIATIO	ON MACHINES			
5	(a) <u>Protection Survey</u>	<u>/S:</u>					
6	<u>(1) The</u>	licensee shall ensu	re that radiation s	hielding surveys of all r	new facil	lities, and existing	g facilities
7	<u>not</u>	previously surveye	ed are performed	with an operable radiati	on meas	urement survey i	nstrument
8	<u>cali</u>	brated in accordance	ce with Rule .190	8 of this Chapter. The 1	adiation	protection surve	y shall be
9	per	formed by, or unde	r the direction of,	an Authorized Medical	Physici	st or a qualified of	expert and
10	sha	ll verify that, with t	he therapeutic rad	liation machine in a "BI	EAM-ON	N" condition:	
11	<u>(A)</u>	Radiation lev	els in restricted an	reas are not likely to car	use pers	onnel exposures:	more than
12		the limits spec	cified in Rule .160	01(a)(8) of this Chapter:	and		
13	<u>(B)</u>	Radiation lev	vels in unrestrict	ted areas do not exce	eed the	limits specified	l in Rule
14		.1601(a)(15)	of this Chapter.				
15	(2) In a	addition to the requ	irements of Subp	aragraph (a)(1) of this	Rule, a	radiation protecti	on survey
16	sha	ll also be performed	<u>1:</u>				
17	(A)	After making	any change in the	treatment room shieldi	ng;		
18	(B)	After making	any change in th	e location of the therap	eutic ra	diation machine	within the
19		treatment roo	m;				
20	(C)	After relocation	ng the therapeutic	radiation machine;			
21	(D)	After changes	s in occupancy of	surrounding areas; or			
22	(E)	Before using	the therapeutic ra	diation machine in a ma	anner th	at could result in	increased
23		radiation leve	ls in areas outside	the external beam radia	ation the	rapy treatment ro	om.
24	(3) The	survey record shal	l include: the date	of the measurements; the	ne reason	n the survey is rec	quired; the
25	mar	nufacturer's name;	model number an	d serial number of the	therape	utic radiation ma	chine; the
26	inst	rument(s) used to r	measure radiation	levels; a plan of the are	eas surro	ounding the treatn	nent room
27	that	were surveyed; the	e measured dose ra	ate at several points in e	ach area	expressed in mic	rosieverts
28	or r	nillirems per hour;	the calculated ma	ximum level of radiatio	n over a	period of one (1)) week for
29	eac	h restricted and unr	estricted area; and	d the signature of the in-	dividual	responsible for c	onducting
30	the	survey;					
31	(4) If th	ne results of the sur	veys required by t	this Paragraph indicate a	any radia	ation levels in exc	cess of the
32	lim	its specified in Par	ts (A) or (B) of S	Subparagraph(a)(1), the	licensee	shall disable the	e machine
33	<u>fror</u>	m use, label clearly	, and not use the u	<u>ınit:</u>			
34	<u>(A)</u>	Except as may	y be necessary to r	epair, replace, or test the	e therape	eutic radiation ma	ichine, the
35		therapeutic ra	diation machine s	hielding, or the treatme	nt room	shielding; or	
36	<u>(B)</u>	Until the licer	nsee has received	a specific exemption from	om the A	gency.	

1	(b) Modification of Radiation Therapy Unit or Room Before Beginning a Treatment Program. If the survey required
2	by Subparagraph (a) of this rule indicates that an individual in an unrestricted area may be exposed to levels of
3	radiation greater than those permitted by Rule .1601(a)(15) of this Chapter, before beginning the treatment program
4	the licensee shall:
5	(1) Either equip the unit with beam direction interlocks or add additional radiation shielding to ensure
6	compliance with Paragraph Rule .1601(a)(15) of this Chapter;
7	(2) Perform the survey required by Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule again; and
8	(3) Include in the report required by Subparagraph (d) of this Rule the results of the initial survey, a
9	description of the modification made to comply with Subparagraph (b)(1) of this Paragraph, and the
10	results of the second survey; or
11	(4) Request and receive a license amendment [under] authorizing radiation levels in unrestricted areas
12	greater than those permitted by Paragraph Rule .1601(a)(15) of this Chapter.
13	(c) Radiation Measuring Equipment. The licensee shall have, when required, appropriate and operable radiation
14	measuring equipment available for use and calibrated in accordance with Rule [.0927.].1908. Radiation measuring
15	equipment includes, but is not limited to, dosimetry systems, survey instruments, and other radiation measuring
16	devices used in planning, guiding, and administering radiation.
17	(d) Reports of External Beam Radiation Therapy Surveys and Measurements. The licensee for any therapeutic
18	radiation machine subject to Rules within this subpart shall furnish a copy of the records required in Subparagraphs
19	(a) and (b) of this rule to the Agency within thirty (30) days following completion of the action that initiated the record
20	requirement.
21	
22	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
23	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1 10A NCAC 15 .1905 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows: 2 3 10A NCAC 15.1905 **QUALITY MANAGEMENT PROGRAM** 4 (a) Each licensee or applicant subject to Rules within this Section shall develop, implement, and maintain a quality 5 management program to provide high confidence that radiation will be administered as directed by the authorized 6 user. The quality management program shall address, as a minimum, the following specific objectives: 7 (1) Written Directives: 8 A written directive must be approved by an authorized user prior to the administration of 9 radiation. If, a delay in the order to provide a written revision to an existing written directive 10 would jeopardize the patient or human research subject's health, an oral revision to an 11 existing written directive will be acceptable, provided that the oral revision is documented 12 as soon as possible in writing in the patient or human research subject's record and a revised 13 written directive is signed by an authorized user within 48 hours of the oral revision. 14 (B) The written directive must contain the patient or human research subject's name, treatment 15 site, method of delivery, dose per fraction, total number of fractions, and total dose. 16 A written revision to an existing written directive may be made provided that the revision 17 is dated and approved by an authorized user prior to the administration of the therapeutic 18 radiation machine dose, or the next fractional dose. 19 The licensee shall retain a copy of the written directive for three (3) years. (D) 20 (2) Procedures for Administrations. For any administration requiring a written directive, the licensee 21 shall develop, implement, and maintain written procedures to provide that: 22 Prior to the administration of each course of radiation treatment, the patient or human (A) 23 research subject's identity is verified by more than one method as the individual named in 24 the written directive; 25 (B) Each administration is in accordance with the written directive; 26 (E) Develop a table-shift policy describing action to be taken by staff in the event shifts are 27 used for patient or human research subject setup and a table shift exceeds limitations 28 established within the treatment plan. 29 (D) Therapeutic radiation machine final plans of treatment and related calculations are in 30 accordance with the respective written directives by checking both manual and computer-31 generated dose calculations to verify they are correct and in accordance with the written 32 directive; and verifying that any computer-generated calculations are correctly transferred 33 into the consoles of authorized therapeutic medical units; 34 (E) Any unintended deviation from the written directive is identified, evaluated and action is 35 taken; and 36 (F) The licensee retains a copy of the procedures for administrations for the duration of the 37 license.

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		therapeutic radiation machines shall reevaluate equipment parameters, pursuant to this Section,
3		when new procedures are to be performed [that] if the parameters, including dose rate, field size,
4		imaging accuracy, maximum dose, fall outside of the original commissioned parameters.
5	<u>(4)</u>	Documentation, Reports, and Notifications of Medical Events:
6		(A) Any unintended treatment deviation from the written directive or approved treatment plan
7		shall be identified, evaluated, and documented. Licensees shall document the corrective
8		action taken by the licensee as a result of any unintended deviation from the written
9		directive or approved treatment plan.
10		(B) A licensee shall report any medical event resulting from intervention of a patient or human
11		research subject in which the administration of radiation from therapy equipment results,
12		or will result, in unintended permanent functional damage to an organ or a physiological
13		system as determined by a physician.
14		(C) Except as required by Part (B) of this Subparagraph, licensees shall report any treatment
15		deviation as a medical event, except for a treatment deviation that results from intervention
16		by a patient or human research subject, when the treatment deviation is caused by any of
17		the conditions listed in Parts (D), (E), or (F) of this Subparagraph.
18		(D) Treatment deviations in which the administration of radiation from therapy equipment
19		involves the administration of radiation to an individual using a treatment plan intended
20		for another patient or human research subject;
21		(E) Treatment deviations in which the administration of radiation to a patient or human
22		research subject does not conform to the written directive and the approved treatment plan,
23		and the administered dose over the entire treatment course differs from the prescribed dose
24		as stated in the written directive by twenty percent or more; or,
25		(F) Treatment deviations in which the administered dose delivered differs from the prescribed
26		dose, for a single fraction, by an overdose of 50 percent or more.
27		(G) The licensee shall notify the Agency by telephone no later than the next calendar day after
28		the licensee determines that a medical event occurred.
29	<u>(5)</u>	The licensee shall submit a written report to the Agency within fifteen days after the initial report
30		of the medical event. The written report must include:
31		(A) The licensee name;
32		(B) The name of the prescribing physician;
33		(C) A brief description of the event;
34		(D) Why the event occurred;
35		(E) The effect, if any, on the individual who received the medical event;
36		(F) Actions, if any, that have been taken, or are planned, to prevent recurrence;

1		(G) Certification that the licensee notified the patient, or the patient's responsible relative or
2		guardian, and if not, why not, and
3		(H) The report shall not contain the patient's name or any other information that could lead to
4		the identification of the patient;
5	<u>(6)</u>	The licensee shall provide notification of the medical event to the referring physician no later than
6		twenty-four hours after its discovery. The licensee shall also notify the individual who is the subject
7		of the medical event no later than twenty-four hours after the initial notification, unless the
8		authorized user or referring physician determines that, based on their medical judgment, informing
9		the individual would be harmful. The licensee is not required to notify the individual without first
10		consulting the referring physician. If the referring physician or the affected individual cannot be
11		reached within twenty-four hours, the licensee shall notify the individual as soon as possible
12		thereafter. The licensee may not delay any appropriate medical care for the individual, including
13		any necessary remedial care because of the medical event, because of any delay in notification. To
14		meet the requirements of this paragraph, the notification of the individual who is the subject of the
15		medical event may be made instead to that individual's responsible relative or guardian. If a verbal
16		notification is made, the licensee shall inform the individual or appropriate responsible relative or
17		guardian that a written description of the event can be obtained from the licensee upon request. The
18		licensee shall provide such a written description if requested.
19	<u>(7)</u>	Aside from the notification requirement, nothing in this section affects any rights or duties of
20		licensees and physicians in relation to each other, to individuals affected by the medical event, or to
21		that individual's responsible relatives or guardians.
22	<u>(8)</u>	The licensee shall retain a record of each unintended deviation in accordance with Part (4)(A) of
23		this Paragraph. If the unintended deviation is a medical event, a copy of the record shall be provided
24		to the referring physician if other than the licensee within fifteen days after its discovery.
25	<u>(9)</u>	The licensee shall retain a record of each unintended deviation for three years. The record must
26		contain the following:
27		(A) The licensee name and the names of the individuals involved;
28		(B) A unique identification number, if one has been assigned, of the individual who is the
29		subject of the unintended deviation;
30		(C) A brief description of the event; why it occurred; the effect, if any, on the individual;
31		(D) The actions, if any, taken or planned to prevent recurrence; and
32		(E) Whether the licensee notified the individual, or the individual's responsible relative or
33		guardian; and, if not, whether such failure to notify was based on guidance from the
34		referring physician.
35		
36	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
37		Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .1906 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2	
3	10A NCAC 15 .1906 THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES OF LESS THAN 500 KV
4	(a) The licensee shall provide documentation that equipment authorized by this Section conforms to the relevant
5	International Electrotechnical Commission standard, documentation of US Food and Drug Administration clearance
6	or documentation of participation in a research study approved by the licensee's Institutional Review Board.
7	(b) Facility Design Requirements for Therapeutic Radiation Machines Capable of Operating in the Range 50 kV to
8	500 kV. In addition to shielding adequate to meet requirements of Rule .1909 of this Section, the treatment room shall
9	meet the following design requirements:
10	(1) Aural Communication. Provision shall be made for continuous two-way aural communication
11	between the patient or human research subject and the operator at the control panel;
12	(2) Viewing Systems. Provision shall be made to permit continuous observation of the patient or human
13	research subject during irradiation and the viewing system shall be so located that the operator can
14	observe the patient or human research subject from the control panel. The therapeutic radiation
15	machine shall not be used for patient or human research subject irradiation unless at least one
16	viewing system is operational.
17	(c) Additional Requirements. Treatment rooms that contain a therapeutic radiation machine capable of operating
18	above 150 kV shall meet the following additional requirements:
19	(1) All protective barriers shall be fixed except for entrance doors or beam interceptors;
20	(2) The control panel shall be located outside the treatment room or in a totally enclosed booth, which
21	has a ceiling, inside the room;
22	(3) Interlocks shall be provided such that all entrance doors, including doors to any interior booths, shall
23	be closed before treatment can be initiated or continued. If the radiation beam is interrupted by any
24	door opening, it shall not be possible to restore the machine to operation without closing the doo
25	and reinitiating irradiation by manual action at the control panel; and
26	(4) When any door referred to in Subparagraph (3) of this Paragraph is opened while the x-ray tube is
27	activated, the air kerma rate at a distance of 1 meter from the source shall be reduced to less than
28	mGy (100 mrad) per hour.
29	(d) Acceptance Testing, Commissioning, and Calibration Measurements. Acceptance testing, commissioning, and
30	full calibration of a therapeutic radiation machine subject to the Rules of this Chapter shall be performed by, or under
31	the direct supervision of, an Authorized Medical Physicist:
32	(1) Acceptance testing and commissioning shall be performed in accordance with current published
33	recommendations from a recognized national professional association with expertise in the use o
34	therapeutic radiation technologies, that includes the American Association of Physicists in
35	Medicine, the American College of Radiology, and the American Society for Radiation Oncology
36	In the absence of a protocol published by a national professional association, the manufacturer's
37	protocol or equivalent quality, safety, and security protocols, shall be followed. Acceptance testing

1		and commissioning shall be conducted before the first medical use following installation or
2		reinstallation of the therapeutic radiation machine.
3	<u>(2)</u>	A licensee authorized to use a therapeutic radiation machine for medical use shall perform
4		calibration measurements on each therapeutic radiation machine:
5		(A) Before the first medical use of the unit; and
6		(B) Before medical use whenever spot-check measurements indicate that the output, for each
7		specific mode and energy, differs by more than five percent from the output obtained at the
8		last calibration, following reinstallation of the therapeutic radiation machine in a new
9		location, following any repair of the therapeutic radiation machine that would likely impact
10		the radiation output beyond the normal range of expected fluctuation, and
11		(C) At intervals not to exceed annually.
12	(3)	To satisfy the requirement of Paragraph (a) of this Rule, an authorized medical physicist shall design
13		and implement a calibration procedure for each radiation therapy machine which is consistent with
14		the specifications recommended by the manufacturer of the equipment and consistent with
15		nationally recognizable standards. The calibration procedure shall be designed to ensure accurate
16		patient or human research subject treatments, in accordance with the written directive and treatment
17		plan. The calibration procedure shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
18		(A) Accuracy of output measurements to within ± five percent of radiations used medically;
19		<u>and</u>
20		(B) Evaluation and accuracy of auxiliary systems, such as motion tracking or gating and image
21		guidance, used during patient or human research subject treatments.
22	<u>(4)</u>	A licensee shall use the dosimetry system described in Rule .1908 of this Section to measure the
23		output for one set of exposure conditions. The remaining radiation measurements required in Part
24		(3)(A) of this Paragraph may be made using a dosimetry system that indicates relative dose rates.
25	<u>(5)</u>	The evaluations and measurements for:
26		(A) Acceptance, commissioning, and calibration measurements in Part (3)(A) of this Paragraph
27		shall be performed under the direct supervision of an authorized medical physicist;
28		(B) full calibration measurements in Part (3)(B) of this Paragraph shall be performed by an
29		authorized medical physicist or under the general supervision of an authorized medical
30		physicist.
31	<u>(6)</u>	A licensee shall maintain a record of each therapeutic radiation machine calibration for three years.
32		The record must include:
33		(A) The date of the calibration;
34		(B) The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation
35		machine, auxiliary systems, and the instruments used to calibrate the unit(s);
36		(C) The results and an assessment of the calibrations; and
37		(D) The name of the authorized medical physicist who approves the calibration.

I	<u>(7)</u>	A licensee shall maintain a record of each therapeutic radiation machine acceptance testing and
2		commissioning for the lifetime of the machine. The record must include:
3		(A) The date of the acceptance testing or commissioning:
4		(B) The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation
5		machine, auxiliary systems, and the instruments used to evaluate the unit(s):
6		(C) The results and an assessment of acceptance testing and/or commissioning; and
7		(D) The name of the authorized medical physicist who approves the acceptance testing and/or
8		commissioning.
9	(e) Independent	Verification of Therapeutic Radiation Machine Output:
10	<u>(1)</u>	In addition to the full calibration required by Paragraph (a) of this Rule, the licensee shall have the
11		outputs, for all clinically used radiations, independently verified:
12		(A) Within 90 days of first clinical use of a new installation;
13		(B) Within 90 days of first clinical use following a reinstallation in a new location; and
14		(C) Biennially, thereafter.
15	(2)	Verification may be obtained by:
16		(A) irradiating dosimeters from an AAPM Accredited Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory; or
17		(B) evaluation by a registered qualified expert using an independent dosimetry system meeting
18		Rule .1908 of this Section.
19	(3)	A licensee shall maintain a record of each independent verification of therapeutic radiation machine
20		output for three (3) years. The record must include:
21		(A) If obtained by Part (2)(A) of this Paragraph: The date of the irradiation, the date of the
22		analysis by the dosimetry center, the name, address and contact information for the AAPM
23		Accredited Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory, and the results of the independent
24		verification.
25		(B) If obtained by Part (2)(B) of this Paragraph: The date of the calibration, the manufacturer's
26		name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine, auxiliary
27		systems, and the instruments used to calibrate the unit(s), the results and an assessment of
28		the independent verification, and the name of the registered qualified expert who provided
29		the independent verification.
30	(f) Quality Assu	rance Checks:
31	(1)	Periodic quality assurance checks shall be performed on therapeutic radiation machines subject to
32		this Rule, which are capable of operation at greater than or equal to 50 kV.
33	(2)	To satisfy the requirement of Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph, quality assurance checks shall
34		meet the following requirements:
35		(A) The licensee shall perform quality assurance checks, to include ensuring the proper
36		function of requirements outlined in Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Rule, in accordance with
37		written procedures established by the Authorized Medical Physicist; and

1 The quality assurance check procedures shall specify the frequency at which tests or (B) 2 measurements are to be performed. The quality assurance check procedures shall specify 3 that the quality assurance check shall be performed during the calibration specified in 4 Paragraph (d) of this Rule. The acceptable tolerance for each parameter measured in the 5 quality assurance check, when compared to the value for that parameter determined in the calibration specified in Paragraph (d) of this Rule, shall be stated. 6 7 The cause for a parameter exceeding a tolerance set by the Authorized Medical Physicist shall be (3) 8 investigated and corrected before the system is used for patient or human research subject 9 irradiation; 10 Whenever a quality assurance check indicates a significant change in the operating characteristics (4) 11 of a system, as specified in the Authorized Medical Physicist's quality assurance check procedures, 12 the system shall be recalibrated as required in Subparagraph (d)(2) of this Rule; 13 (5) The licensee shall use the dosimetry system described in Rule .1908 of this Chapter to make the 14 quality assurance check required in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph; 15 (6) The licensee shall maintain a record of each quality assurance check required by this Paragraph for 3 years. The record shall include: the date of the quality assurance check; the manufacturer's name, 16 17 model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine; the manufacturer's name; 18 model number and serial number for the instrument(s) used to measure the radiation output of the 19 therapeutic radiation machine; and the signature of the individual who performed the periodic 20 quality assurance check. 21 (g) Operating Procedures: 22 The therapeutic radiation machine shall not be used for irradiation of patients or human research (1) 23 subjects unless the requirements of Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Rule have been met; Therapeutic radiation machines shall not be left unattended unless secured pursuant to Rules 24 (2) 25 .1601(a)(32) and (33) of this Chapter; 26 (3) When a patient or human research subject must be held in position for radiation therapy, mechanical 27 supports or immobilization devices shall be used; 28 (4) The tube housing or any other part of the imaging assembly shall not be held by an individual during 29 operation unless the assembly is designed to require such holding and the peak tube potential of the 30 system does not exceed 50 kV. In such cases, the holder shall wear protective gloves and apron of 31 not less than 0.5 millimeters lead equivalency at 100 kV; 32 A copy of the current operating and emergency procedures shall be maintained at the therapeutic (5) 33 radiation machine control console; and 34 No individual other than the patient or human research subject shall be in the treatment room during (6) 35 exposures from the rapeutic radiation machines operating above 150 kV. At energies less than or 36 equal to 150 kV, any individual, other than the patient or human research subject, in the treatment

1	room shall be protected by a barrier sufficient to meet the requirements of Rule .1601(a)(8) of thi
2	<u>Chapter.</u>
3	(h) Electronic brachytherapy devices are subject to the requirements of Rule .1911 of this Section and are exemp
4	from the requirements of this Rule.
5	
6	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
7	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .19	907 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15 .19	707 THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES OF 500 KEV AND ABOVE
4	a) The licensee sh	all provide documentation that equipment within this section conforms to the relevant International
5	Electrotechnical	Commission standard, documentation of US Food and Drug Administration clearance, or
6	documentation of	participation in a research study approved by the licensee's Institutional Review Board.
7	(b) Facility Desi	gn Requirements for Therapeutic Radiation Machines Operating above 500 kV. In addition to
8	shielding adequate	e to meet requirements of Rule .1909 of this Section, the following design requirements are made:
9	(1)	Protective Barriers. All protective barriers shall be fixed and permanent with respect to the radiation
10	:	source and designed to comply with Rules .1601(a)(8) and .1601(a)(15) of this Chapter external to
11		the dedicated space, except for access doors to the treatment space or movable beam interceptors;
12	(2)	Control Panel. In addition to other requirements specified within this Section, the control panel shall
13	:	also:
14	!	(A) Be located outside the treatment space and complies with Rules .1601(a)(8) and
15		.1601(a)(15) of this Chapter as required; and
16	!	(B) Provide an indication of whether radiation is being produced;
17	(3)	Include access controls that will prevent unauthorized use of the therapeutic radiation machine;
18	(4)	Viewing Systems. Viewing system shall be provided to permit continuous observation of the patient
19		or human research subject following positioning and during irradiation and shall be so located that
20		the operator may observe the patient or human research subject from the treatment control panel.
21		The therapeutic radiation machine shall not be used for patient or human research subject irradiation
22		unless at least one viewing system is operational;
23	<u>(5)</u>	Communication Device or Technique. Provision shall be made for continuous two-way
24	!	communication between the patient or human research subject and the operator at the control panel.
25		The therapeutic radiation machine shall not be used for irradiation of patients or human research
26	i	subjects unless continuous two-way communication device or technique is possible;
27	(6)	Entrances. Treatment space entrances shall be provided with warning lights in a viewable location
28	!	outside of all entrances, which will indicate when the useful beam is "ON" and when it is "OFF";
29	<u>(7)</u>	Entrance Interlocks. Interlocks shall be provided such that all access controls are activated before
30		treatment can be initiated or continued. If the radiation beam is interrupted by any access control, it
31	:	shall not be possible to restore the machine to operation without activating the access control and
32	:	reinitiating irradiation by manual action at the control panel;
33	(8)	Movable Beam Interceptor Interlocks. If the shielding material in any protective barrier requires the
34		presence of a movable beam interceptor to ensure compliance with Rule .1601(a)(15) of this
35		Chapter, interlocks shall be provided to prevent the production of radiation, unless the beam
36	:	interceptor is in place, whenever the useful beam is directed at the designated barriers;

1	<u>(9)</u>	Emergency Cutoff Switches. At least 1 emergency power cutoff switch shall be located in the
2		radiation therapy room and shall terminate all equipment electrical power including radiation and
3		mechanical motion. All emergency power cutoff switches shall include a manual reset so that the
4		therapeutic radiation machine cannot be restarted from the unit's control console without resetting
5		the emergency cutoff switch; and
6	<u>(10)</u>	Safety Interlocks. All safety interlocks shall be designed so that any defect or component failure in
7		the safety interlock system prevents or terminates operation of the therapeutic radiation machine.
8	(c) Authorized	Medical Physicist Support.
9	<u>(1)</u>	The services of an Authorized Medical Physicist shall be required in facilities having therapeutic
10		radiation machines. The Authorized Medical Physicist shall be responsible for:
11		(A) Calibrations required by Paragraph (d) of this Rule and radiation safety surveys required
12		by Rule .1904(a) of this Section;
13		(B) Beam data acquisition and configuration for treatment planning, and supervision of its use;
14		(C) Quality assurance, including quality assurance check review required by Paragraph (f) of
15		this Rule.
16		(D) Consultation with the authorized user in treatment planning, as needed; and
17		(E) Perform calculations/assessments regarding medical events.
18	<u>(2)</u>	The operating procedures required by Paragraph (d) of this Rule shall also specifically address how
19		the Authorized Medical Physicist is to be contacted for problems or emergencies, as well as the
20		specific actions, if any, to be taken until the Authorized Medical Physicist can be contacted.
21	(d) Operating P	rocedures.
22	<u>(1)</u>	No individual, other than the patient or human research subject, shall be in the treatment space
23		during treatment or during any irradiation for testing or calibration purposes;
24	<u>(2)</u>	Therapeutic radiation machines shall not be made available for medical use unless the requirements
25		of Rule .1904(a) of this Section, and Paragraphs (e), (f) and (g) of this Rule have been met;
26	<u>(3)</u>	Therapeutic radiation machines, when not in operation, shall be secured to prevent unauthorized use
27		pursuant to Rules .1601(a)(32) and (33) of this Chapter;
28	<u>(4)</u>	When a patient or human research subject must be held in position for radiation therapy, mechanical
29		supports or immobilization devices shall be used;
30	<u>(5)</u>	A copy of the current operating and emergency procedures shall be maintained at the therapeutic
31		radiation machine control console.
32	(e) Acceptance	Testing, Commissioning and Calibration Measurements. Acceptance testing, commissioning, and
33	calibration of a t	herapeutic radiation machine subject to this Rule shall be performed by, or under the direct supervision
34	of, an Authorize	d Medical Physicist:
35	(1)	Acceptance testing and commissioning shall be performed in accordance with current published
36		recommendations from a recognized national professional association with expertise in the use of
37		therapeutic radiation technologies, that includes the American Association of Physicists in

1		Medicine, the American College of Radiology and the American Society for Radiation Oncology.
2		In the absence of a protocol published by a national professional association, the manufacturer's
3		protocol or equivalent quality, safety, and security protocols, shall be followed.
4	(2)	A licensee authorized to use a therapeutic radiation machine for medical use shall perform
5		calibration measurements on each therapeutic radiation machine:
6		(A) Before the first medical use of the unit; and
7		(B) Before medical use under the following conditions: Whenever spot-check measurements
8		indicate that the output, for each specific mode and energy, differs by more than five
9		percent from the output obtained at the last calibration, following reinstallation of the
10		therapeutic radiation machine in a new location, following any repair of the therapeutic
11		radiation machine that would likely impact the radiation output beyond the normal range
12		of expected fluctuation; and
13		(C) At intervals not to exceed annually.
14	(3)	To satisfy the requirement of Paragraph (d) of this Rule, an authorized medical physicist shall design
15		and implement a calibration procedure for each radiation therapy machine which is consistent with
16		the specifications recommended by the manufacturer of the equipment and consistent with
17		nationally recognizable standards. The calibration procedure shall be designed to ensure accurate
18		patient or human research subject treatments, in accordance with the written directive and treatment
19		plan. The calibration procedure shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
20		(A) Accuracy of output measurements to within ± five percent of radiations used medically;
21		and,
22		(B) Evaluation and accuracy of auxiliary systems, such as motion tracking or gating and image
23		guidance, used during patient or human research subject treatments.
24	(f) Independent	Verification of Therapeutic Radiation Machine Output
25	<u>(1)</u>	In addition to the calibration required by Paragraph (e) of this Rule, the licensee shall have the
26		outputs, for all clinically used radiations, independently verified:
27		(A) Within 90 days of first clinical use of a new installation;
28		(B) Within 90 days of first clinical use following a reinstallation in a new location; and
29		(C) Biennially, thereafter.
30	<u>(2)</u>	Verification may be obtained by:
31		(A) the authorized medical physicist irradiating dosimeters from an AAPM Accredited
32		Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory; or
33		(B) evaluation by an independent registered qualified expert using an independent dosimetry
34		system meeting Rule .1908 of this Section.
35	(3)	A licensee shall maintain a record of each independent verification of therapeutic radiation machine
36		output for three years. The record must include:

1 If obtained by Part (e)(2)(A) of this Rule: The date of the irradiation, the date of the analysis 2 by the dosimetry center, the name, address and contact information for the AAPM 3 Accredited Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory, and the results of the independent 4 verification. 5 (B) If obtained by Part (e)(2)(B) of this Rule: The date of the calibration, The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine, auxiliary 6 7 systems, and the instruments used to calibrate the units, the results and an assessment of 8 the independent verification, and the name of the independent registered qualified expert 9 who provided the independent verification. 10 (g) Quality Assurance Checks. 11 (1) Periodic quality assurance checks shall be performed on therapeutic radiation machines subject to 12 this Rule, which are capable of operation at greater than or equal to 500 kV. 13 (2) To satisfy the requirement of Subparagraph (f)(1) of this Rule, quality assurance checks shall meet 14 the following requirements: 15 The licensee shall perform quality assurance checks, to include ensuring the proper (A) function of requirements outlined in Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Rule, in accordance with 16 17 written procedures established by the Authorized Medical Physicist; and 18 (B) The quality assurance check procedures shall specify the frequency at which tests or 19 measurements are to be performed. The quality assurance check procedures shall specify 20 that the quality assurance check shall be performed during the calibration specified in 21 Paragraph (d) of this Rule. The acceptable tolerance for each parameter measured in the 22 quality assurance check, when compared to the value for that parameter determined in the 23 calibration specified in Paragraph (d) of this Rule, shall be stated. The cause for a parameter exceeding a tolerance set by the Authorized Medical Physicist shall be 24 (3) 25 investigated and corrected before the system is used for patient or human research subject 26 irradiation; 27 (4) Whenever a quality assurance check indicates a significant change in the operating characteristics 28 of a system, as specified in the Authorized Medical Physicist's quality assurance check procedures, 29 the system shall be recalibrated as required by Paragraph (d) of this Rule; 30 The licensee shall use the dosimetry system described in Rule .1908 of this Section to make the (5) quality assurance check required by Paragraph (f) of this Rule; 31 32 The licensee shall maintain a record of each quality assurance check required by (f) of this Paragraph (6) 33 for three years. The record shall include: the date of the quality assurance check; the manufacturer's 34 name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine; the manufacturer's 35 name; model number and serial number for the instrument(s) used to measure the radiation output 36 of the therapeutic radiation machine; and the signature of the individual who performed the periodic 37 quality assurance check.

1
2 *History Note:* Authority G.S. 104E-7;
3 *Eff. October 1, 2025.*

1	10/11/0/10/10/13:1	908 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15 .1	908 CALIBRATION OF SURVEY INSTRUMENTS AND DOSIMETRY SYSTEMS
4	(a) Administrativ	ve: Survey Instruments, when employed by the licensee to perform surveys required by this Section:
5	(1)	The licensee shall ensure that the survey instruments used to show compliance with this Section
6		have been calibrated before first use, at intervals not to exceed twelve (12) months and following
7		repair.
8	(2)	To satisfy the requirements of Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule, the licensee shall:
9		(A) Calibrate all scale readings up to 10 mSv (1000 mrem) per hour with an appropriate
10		radiation source that is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
11		(B) Calibrate at least two (2) points on each scale to be calibrated. These points should be at
12		approximately 1/3 and 2/3 of full-scale; and
13	(3)	To satisfy the requirements of Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule, the licensee [shall:] shall consider
14		a point as calibrated if the indicated dose rate differs from the calculated dose rate by not more than
15		20 percent.
16		[(A) Consider a point as calibrated if the indicated dose rate differs from the calculated dose
17		rate by not more than 10 percent; and
18		(B) Consider a point as calibrated if the indicated dose rate differs from the calculated dose
19		rate by not more than 20 percent if a correction factor or graph is conspicuously attached
20		to the instrument.
21	<u>(4)</u>	The licensee shall retain a record of each calibration required in Paragraph (a) of this Rule for three
22		(3) years. The record shall include:
23		(A) A description of the calibration procedure; and
		(A) A description of the calibration procedure; and (B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates
24		•
24 25		(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates
24 25 26		(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the
24252627	(5)	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date
24 25 26 27 28	<u>(5)</u>	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date of calibration.
24 25 26 27 28 29	<u>(5)</u>	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date of calibration. The licensee may obtain the services of individuals licensed by the Agency, the US Nuclear
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	(5)	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date of calibration. The licensee may obtain the services of individuals licensed by the Agency, the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform calibrations of survey instruments.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<u>(5)</u>	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date of calibration. The licensee may obtain the services of individuals licensed by the Agency, the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform calibrations of survey instruments. Records of calibrations that contain information required by Paragraph [(4)](c) of this Rule shall be
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	-	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date of calibration. The licensee may obtain the services of individuals licensed by the Agency, the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform calibrations of survey instruments. Records of calibrations that contain information required by Paragraph [(d)](c) of this Rule shall be maintained by the licensee.
224 225 226 227 228 229 330 331 332 333	-	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date of calibration. The licensee may obtain the services of individuals licensed by the Agency, the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform calibrations of survey instruments. Records of calibrations that contain information required by Paragraph [(d)](c) of this Rule shall be maintained by the licensee. The record must include the model and serial number of the instrument, the date of the calibration, the results of the calibration, and the name of the individual who performed the calibration.
23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34	<u>(6)</u>	(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date of calibration. The licensee may obtain the services of individuals licensed by the Agency, the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform calibrations of survey instruments. Records of calibrations that contain information required by Paragraph [(d)(c) of this Rule shall be maintained by the licensee. The record must include the model and serial number of the instrument, the date of the calibration, the results of the calibration, and the name of the individual who performed the calibration.

1		(A)	The system must have been calibrated using a system or source traceable to the National
2			Institute of Standards and Technology and published protocols accepted by nationally
3			recognized bodies; or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association
4			of Physicists in Medicine. The calibration must have been performed within the previous
5			2 years and after any servicing that may have affected system calibration; or
6		(B)	The system must have been intercompared with another dosimetry system that was
7			calibrated within the previous 2 years by the National Institute of Standards and
8			Technology or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association of
9			Physicists in Medicine. The results of the intercomparison must indicate that the calibration
10			factor of the licensee's system had not changed by more than 2 percent.
11	<u>(2)</u>	A licer	see shall retain a record of the calibration, intercomparison, and comparisons of its dosimetry
12		<u>equipn</u>	nent done for three years after the record is made. For each calibration, intercomparison, or
13		compa	rison, the record must include:
14		(A)	The date;
15		<u>(B)</u>	The manufacturer's name, model numbers and serial numbers of the instruments that were
16			calibrated, intercompared, or compared as required by Parts (1)(A) or (1)(B) of this
17			Paragraph;
18		<u>(C)</u>	The correction factor that was determined from the calibration or comparison or the
19			apparent correction factor that was determined from an intercomparison; and
20	(c) The names of	of the ind	lividuals who performed the calibration, intercomparison, or comparison.
21			
22	History Note:	Author	ity G.S. 104E-7;
23		Eff. Oc	etober 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .1909 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2	
3	10A NCAC 15 .1909 SHIELDING AND SAFETY DESIGN REQUIREMENTS
4	(a) Each therapeutic radiation machine subject to Rules within this Section shall be provided with such primary and
5	secondary barriers as are necessary to ensure compliance with Rules .1601(a)(8) and .1601(a)(15) of this Chapter and
6	must consider the types of radiation generated in the use of the equipment.
7	(b) Facility shielding and safety designs shall be performed in accordance with current published recommendations
8	from a recognized national professional association with expertise in the use of therapeutic radiation technologies,
9	such as the American Association of Physicists in Medicine and the National Council on Radiation Protection and
10	Measurements. In the absence of a protocol published by a national professional association, the manufacturer's
11	protocol or equivalent quality, safety, and security protocols, shall be followed.
12	(c) Facility design information for all new installations of a therapeutic radiation machine or installations of a
13	therapeutic radiation machine of different model, higher energy or workload into a room not previously approved for
14	that energy, isocenter or planned workload shall be submitted for Agency approval prior to actual installation of the
15	therapeutic radiation machine.
16	
17	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
18	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15	.1910 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15	.1910 OTHER USE OF ELECTRONICALLY-PRODUCED RADIATION TO DELIVER
4		THERAPEUTIC RADIATION DOSAGE
5	A person shall r	not utilize any device which is designed to electrically generate a source of ionizing radiation to deliver
6	therapeutic radi	ation dosage, and which is not regulated under any existing category of therapeutic radiation machine,
7	<u>until:</u>	
8	(1)	The applicant or licensee has, at a minimum, provided the Agency with:
9	(2)	Documentation that equipment to be licensed conforms to the relevant International Electrotechnical
10		Commission standard, documentation of US Food and Drug Administration clearance, or
11		documentation of participation in a research study approved by the licensee's Institutional Review
12		Board;
13	(3)	A detailed description of the device and its intended application(s):
14	(4)	Facility design requirements, including shielding and access control;
15	(5)	Documentation of appropriate training for authorized user physician(s), authorized medical
16		physicist(s), and other personnel who will be involved in performing quality assurance tasks and/or
17		setting up patients or human research subjects for treatment or delivering treatment;
18	(6)	Methodology for measurement of dosages to be administered to patients or human research subjects;
19	<u>(7)</u>	Documentation regarding calibration, maintenance, and repair of the device, as well as instruments
20		and equipment necessary for quality assurance and radiation safety
21	<u>(8)</u>	Radiation safety precautions and instructions; and
22	<u>(9)</u>	Other information requested by the Agency in its review of the application; and
23	<u>(10)</u>	The applicant or licensee has received written approval from the Agency to utilize the device in
24		accordance with the regulations and specific conditions the Agency considers necessary for the
25		medical use of the device.
26		
27	<u>History Note:</u>	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
28		Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .1911 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:		
2			
3	10A NCAC 15 .1911 EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES		
4	(a) Each registrant shall develop, implement, and maintain a dedicated quality management program to control	the	
5	processes used to administer therapeutic radiation with US Food and Drug Administration cleared emerging	ing	
6	technologies or previously unused features of a future or existing technology system.		
7	(b) Implementation and on-going clinical use of the technology dated before the technology arrives at the facility	01	
8	the new features are used:		
9	(1) Must include an explicit strategy to ensure quality of processes and patient or human resear	rch	
10	subject safety.		
11	(2) Must include approval from facility management and the radiation oncology safety team before	the	
12	technology arrives or new features are used.		
13	(c) The quality management program shall be developed by the radiation oncology safety team.		
14	(d) The quality management program shall address, at a minimum:		
15	(1) Education and training about the new technology or features;		
16	(2) A system and timeline for on-going competency assessment;		
17	(3) A system for real-time recording of on-going issues related to the technology and clinical use of	the	
18	new technology or features;		
19	(4) A strategy for timely investigation and adjudication of accidents and process deviations that may	be	
20	captured in the system developed in Subparagraph (b)(1) of this Rule;		
21	(5) A strategy for routine review at intervals not to exceed 13 months of the clinical use of the n	ew	
22	technology or features which includes an assessment of the current use compared to Paragraph	(b)	
23	of this Rule and plan to either update the clinical use plan or steps to bring the clinical use back in	nto	
24	alignment with Paragraph (b) of this Rule;		
25	(6) A strategy to ensure quality of equipment functions;		
26	(7) A strategy for ensuring quality after hardware and software updates and after equipment repair.		
27	(e) The quality management program shall be developed in accordance with current published recommendations from	om	
28	a recognized national professional association with expertise in the use of therapeutic radiation technologies, the	hat	
29	includes the American Association of Physicists in Medicine, the American College of Radiology and the American	an	
30	Society for Radiation Oncology. In the absence of a protocol published by a national professional association, the		
31	manufacturer's protocol or equivalent quality, safety, and security protocol shall be followed.		
32	(f) New technology issues should be reported through the vendor or manufacturer, applicable regulatory agency alerts.		
33	or customer service bulletins and be reviewed and addressed via a documented reporting system.		
34			
35	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;		
36	Eff. October 1, 2025.		

1	10A NCAC 15 .2001 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2	
3	SECTION .2000 - VETERINARY USES OF THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES
4	
5	10A NCAC 15 .2001 PURPOSE AND SCOPE
6	(a) This Section establishes requirements for licensing and use of veterinary therapeutic radiation machines to treat
7	disease in animals other than humans. In addition to the requirements of this Section, all licensees are subject to the
8	rules in Sections .0100, .0200, .0900, .1000, and .1600 of this Chapter.
9	(b) The use of veterinary therapeutic radiation machines shall be authorized by a licensed practitioner of veterinary
10	medicine who meets the training and experience criteria established by Rule .2003(b) of this Section.
11	(c) In addition to the requirements of this Section, all veterinary therapeutic radiation machine licensees are subject
12	to the annual fee provisions contained in Section .1100 of this Chapter.
13	
14	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
15	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .2	2002 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15.	2002 DEFINITIONS
4	(a) As used in the	nis Section the following definitions apply:
5	<u>(1)</u>	"Acceptance testing" means an evaluation of equipment and systems to confirm they meet the
6		specifications stated by the manufacturer.
7	(2)	"Animal" means any mammal other than human, and includes birds, fish, and reptiles, wild or
8		domestic, living or dead.
9	(3)	"Annually" means at intervals not to exceed 12 consecutive months, plus or minus 30 days.
10	(4)	"Authorized Medical Physicist" means an individual authorized in accordance with Rule .2003(c)
11		of this Section.
12	(5)	"Authorized user" means a veterinarian who meets the training requirements of Rule .2003(b) of
13		this Section and is authorized by license condition to use a therapeutic radiation machine covered
14		by this Section.
15	(6)	"Barrier" see "Protective barrier".
16	<u>(7)</u>	"Biennially" means at intervals not to exceed 24 consecutive months, plus or minus 30 days.
17	<u>(8)</u>	"Commissioning" means an intricate and methodical process designed to:
18		(A) acquire needed machine-specific beam data;
19		(B) validate the safe, accurate, and effective operation of a therapeutic radiation machine,
20		treatment planning systems, ancillary systems, and associated procedural protocols; and,
21		(C) set baseline for future measurements for performance constancy.
22	<u>(9)</u>	"Dosimetry systems" means radiation detecting equipment that may be used to characterize the
23		radiation beam and quantify the energy it may deposit within a medium.
24	(10)	"Electronic brachytherapy" means a method of radiation therapy where an electrically generated
25		source of ionizing radiation is placed in or near the tumor or target tissue to deliver therapeutic
26		radiation dosage.
27	(11)	"Electronic brachytherapy device" means the system used to produce and deliver therapeutic
28		radiation including the x-ray tube, the control mechanism, the cooling system, and the power source.
29	(12)	"Electronic brachytherapy source" means the x-ray tube component used in an electronic
30		brachytherapy device.
31	(13)	"External beam radiation therapy" means therapeutic irradiation in which the source of radiation is
32		at a distance from the body.
33	<u>(14)</u>	"Interlock" means a device preventing the start or continued operation of equipment unless certain
34		predetermined conditions prevail.
35	<u>(15)</u>	"Interruption of irradiation" means the stopping of irradiation with the possibility of continuing
36		irradiation without resetting of operating conditions at the control panel.
37	(16)	"Irradiation" means the exposure of a living being or matter to ionizing radiation.

1	(17)	"Isocenter" means the center of the sphere through which the useful beam axis passes while the
2		gantry moves through its full range of motions.
3	(18)	"Kilovolt," "kV," "kilo electron volt," and "keV" means the energy equal to that acquired by a
4		particle with one electron charge in passing through a potential difference of one thousand volts in
5		a vacuum. Current convention is to use kV for photons and keV for electrons
6	(19)	"Leakage radiation" means radiation emanating from the radiation therapy system except for the
7		useful beam.
8	(20)	"Licensee" means any person who is licensed by the agency pursuant to the Rules of Section .0900
9		of this Chapter.
10	(21)	"Light field" means the area illuminated by light, simulating the radiation field.
11	(22)	"Megavolt," "MV," "mega electron volt," and "MeV" means the energy equal to that acquired by a
12		particle with one electron charge in passing through a potential difference of one million volts in a
13		vacuum. Current convention is to use MV for photons and MeV for electrons.
14	(23)	"Method of Delivery" means mode of radiation to be used during treatment, which may include
15		photons, electrons, or protons.
16	(24)	"Patient" means an animal, for whom a written directive is intended, subjected to machine produced
17		radiation for the purposes of medical therapy.
18	(25)	"Periodic quality assurance check" means a procedure which is performed to ensure that a previous
19		parameter or condition continues to be valid.
20	(26)	"Prescribed dose" means the total dose and dose per fraction as documented in the written directive.
21	(27)	"Primary protective barrier" see "Protective barrier".
22	(28)	"Protective barrier" means a barrier of radiation absorbing materials used to reduce radiation
23		exposure. The types of protective barriers are as follows:
24		(A) "Primary protective barrier" means the material, excluding filters, placed in the useful
25		beam.
26		(B) "Secondary protective barrier" means the material which attenuates stray radiation.
27	(29)	"Qualified Expert" means a person registered by the agency pursuant to Rule .0205 of this Chapter
28		for the provision of either Class VII or IX services.
29	(30)	"Quarterly" means at intervals not to exceed 13 consecutive weeks, plus or minus 7 days.
30	(31)	"Radiation oncology safety team" means, minimally, a group of individuals consisting of an
31		authorized user, authorized medical physicist, and veterinary therapeutic radiation machine operator
32		whose purpose is to work together to deliver radiation safely and reproducibly.
33	(32)	"Restricted area" means an area, access to which is controlled by the licensee or registrant for
34		purposes of protecting individuals against undue risks from exposure to radiation and radioactive
35		materials. Restricted area does not include areas used as residential quarters, but separate rooms in
36		a residential building may be set apart as a restricted area.
37	(33)	"Semiannually" means at intervals not to exceed 6 consecutive months, plus or minus 15 days.

1	(34)	"Sievert (Sv)" means the SI unit of dose equivalent. The unit of dose equivalent is the joule per
2		kilogram.
3	(35)	"Supervision" shall be defined as follows:
4		(A) "General supervision" means the activity is performed under the overall direction and
5		control of a supervising individual. The supervising individual's physical presence shall
6		not be required during the performance of the procedure but must be available by phone to
7		provide assistance and direction if needed.
8		(B) "Direct supervision" means an individual exercise General Supervision and be present
9		within the facility and immediately available to furnish assistance and direction throughout
10		the performance of the activity. Direct Supervision does not require that the supervising
11		individual must be present in the room when the procedure is being performed.
12		(C) "Personal supervision" means an individual exercises General Supervision and be present
13		in the room during the performance of the procedure.
14	(36)	"Treatment room shielding" means a location which contains fixed protective barriers to limit
15		radiation exposures to members of the public and occupationally exposed workers to within
16		regulatory limits.
17	(37)	"Unrestricted area" means an area, access to which is neither limited nor controlled by the licensee
18		or registrant.
19	(38)	"Veterinarian" means a person licensed to practice medicine in North Carolina pursuant to G.S.
20		Chapter 90, Article 11.
21	(39)	"Veterinary therapeutic radiation machine," also known as a "Therapeutic radiation machine,"
22		means equipment that is designed and used for external beam radiation therapy in the healing arts.
23		For these regulations, devices used to administer electronic brachytherapy shall also be considered
24		therapeutic radiation machines.
25	<u>(40)</u>	"Weekly" means at least once per calendar week.
26	<u>(41)</u>	"Written directive" means an order in writing for the administration of radiation to a specific patient.
27		as specified in Rule .2005(b)(1) of this Section.
28	(b) Definitions	of certain other words and phrases used in the rules in this Section are set forth in Rules .0103, .1001
29	and .1601 of thi	s Chapter.
30		
31	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
32		Eff. October 1, 2025.

10A NCAC I	5 .2003 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
10A NCAC 1	5.2003 GENERAL ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS FOR VETERINARY
	FACILITIES USING THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES
(a) Administ	rative Controls: Licensees shall be responsible for directing the operation of the therapeutic radiation
machines tha	t have been licensed with the Agency. The licensee or the licensee's agent shall ensure that the
requirements	of this Section are met in the operation of the therapeutic radiation machines. A therapeutic radiation
machine that	does not meet the provisions of these regulations shall not be used for irradiation of patients.
(b) Training	for Veterinary Therapeutic Radiation Machine Authorized Users: The licensee for any therapeutic
radiation mac	hine subject to Rules within this subpart shall require the authorized user to be a veterinarian who:
<u>(1)</u>	Certification in Radiation Oncology by the American College of Veterinary Radiology; or
(2)	Satisfactory completion of a radiation oncology residency program approved by the American
	College of Veterinary Radiology. For radiation oncologists who are eligible for certification by the
	American College of Veterinary Radiology in accordance with Subparagraph (c)(1) of this Rule but
	not yet certified by the date of application, certification shall be required within six years of initial
	certification eligibility; and
<u>(3)</u>	Recentness of Training: The training and experience specified within Paragraph (c) of this Rule
	must have been obtained within the seven years preceding the date of hire or the individual must
	have had related continuing education and experience since the required training and experience
	was completed.
c) Training	for Veterinary Authorized Medical Physicist or Authorized Medical Physicist: The licensee for any
herapeutic ra	diation machine subject to rules within this Section shall require the Authorized Medical Physicist to:
(1)	Be certified and maintaining certification by the American Board of Radiology in:
	(A) Therapeutic radiological physics; or
	(B) Therapeutic medical physics; or
<u>(2)</u>	Be certified and maintaining certification by the American Board of Medical Physics in Radiation
	Oncology Physics; or
<u>(3)</u>	Be certified and maintaining certification by the Canadian College of Medical Physics in Radiation
	Oncology Physics; or
<u>(4)</u>	Holds a master's or doctor's degree in physics, medical physics, other physical science, engineering,
	or applied mathematics from an accredited college or university; and
	A) Completed one year of full-time training in medical physics and an additional year of full-
	time work experience under the supervision of an individual who meets the requirements
	for an authorized medical physicist for the types of use for which the individual is seeking
	authorization. This training and work experience must be conducted in clinical radiation
	facilities that provide external beam therapy with photons and electrons with energies
	greater than or equal to 1 million electron volts and brachytherapy services and must

1		include: Performing full cantration and periodic spot checks of external beam treatment
2		units, stereotactic radiosurgery units, and remote afterloading units as applicable to the
3		veterinary practice, and conducting radiation surveys around external beam treatment units,
4		stereotactic radiosurgery units, and remote afterloading units as applicable to the veterinary
5		practice; and
6		(B) Completed training for the types of use for which authorization is sought that includes
7		hands-on device operation, safety procedures, clinical use, and the operation of a treatment
8		planning system. This training requirement may be satisfied by satisfactorily completing
9		either a training program provided by the vendor or by training supervised by an authorized
10		medical physicist authorized for the types of use for which the individual is seeking
11		authorization; or, be a qualified expert registered by the agency to provide Class VII or
12		Class IX services in accordance with Rule .0205(c) of this Chapter.
13	(5)	An individual identified on an Agency or an Agreement State medical accelerator license as an
14		authorized medical physicist on or before the effective date of this Rule need not comply with
15		Subparagraphs (1) through (4) of this Paragraph, except they must meet the training requirements
16		defined in other sections of this rule for any uses for which they were not authorized on or before
17		this date.
18	(d) Training for	Veterinary Therapeutic Radiation Machine Radiation Safety Officer: The licensee for any therapeutic
19	radiation machin	ne subject to Rules within this subpart shall require the Radiation Safety Officer:
20	<u>(1)</u>	Be listed as an Authorized User or Authorized Medical Physicist on the license; or
21	<u>(2)</u>	Be certified by the American Board of Health Physics in Health Physics; or,
22	(3)	Be certified by the American Board of Science in Nuclear Medicine in Radiation Protection; or
23	<u>(4)</u>	Be certified by the American Board of Radiology in:
24		(A) Diagnostic Radiologic Physics;
25		(B) Diagnostic Medical Physics:
26		(C) Medical Nuclear Physics;
27		(D) Nuclear Medical Physics; or
28	<u>(5)</u>	Be certified by the American Board of Medical Physics in Medical Health Physics; or
29	<u>(6)</u>	Has completed a structured educational program consisting of both:
30		(A) 200 hours of classroom and laboratory training in the following areas: Radiation physics
31		and instrumentation, radiation protection, radiation biology, and radiation dosimetry, and
32		(B) One year of full-time radiation safety experience under the supervision of the individual
33		identified as the Radiation Safety Officer on an Agreement State license or permit that
34		authorizes similar type(s) of use(s) of radiation sources;
35	<u>(7)</u>	An individual identified on an Agency or an Agreement State medical accelerator license as an
36		Therapeutic Radiation Machine Radiation Safety Officer on or before the effective date of this Rule
37		need not comply with Subparagraphs (1) through (6) of this Paragraph, except they must meet the

1		training requirements in radiation safety, regulatory issues, and emergency procedures for the types
2		of use which they were not authorized on or before this date; and
3	(8)	Receive training in the requirements of the rules in Sections .1000 and .1600 of this Chapter and the
4		Rules of this Section.
5	(e) Qualification	ons of Operators: Individuals who will be operating therapeutic radiation machines on patients or
6	irradiation of pro	oducts to be used by patients, shall:
7	(1)	Comply with the requirements of Section .0900 of this Chapter; and
8	(2)	Successfully complete a licensee-developed initial and ongoing competency program in the use of
9		the therapeutic radiation machine as well as other ancillary systems used by the operator in
10		veterinary medical use applications. The competency program shall be documented, and
11		documentation of training shall include the list of topics evaluated, and shall be approved by the
12		licensee, signed, and dated. Records required by this subparagraph shall be maintained for three
13		years from the completion date of the approved competency program.
14	(f) Documente	d safety procedures shall be developed by an Authorized Medical Physicist and shall be readily
15	accessible in the	e control area of a therapeutic radiation machine, including any restrictions required for the safe
16	operation of the	therapeutic radiation machine. The operator shall be able to demonstrate familiarity with these Rules.
17	(g) Patients sha	ll not be exposed to the useful beam except for medical therapy purposes and unless such exposure
18	has been ordered	d in writing by a therapeutic radiation machine authorized user. This provision specifically prohibits
19	deliberate expos	ure of a patient for training, demonstration, or other non-healing-arts purposes.
20	(h) Visiting Vet	terinary Authorized User: A licensee may permit any veterinarian to act as a visiting authorized user
21	under the term o	f the licensee's license for a total of 60 days per calendar year under the following conditions:
22	<u>(1)</u>	The visiting authorized user has the prior approval of the licensee's management; and
23	(2)	The visiting authorized user meets the requirements established for authorized users in Paragraph
24		(b) of this Rule; and
25	<u>(3)</u>	The licensee shall maintain copies of the documentation of the approval and that the visiting
26		authorized user met the requirements of this rule for three years from the date of the last visit.
27	(i) Visiting	g Veterinary Authorized Medical Physicist: A licensee may permit any medical physicist to act as a
28	visiting authoriz	ed medical physicist under the term of the licensee's license for a total of 60 days per calendar year
29	under the follow	ring conditions:
30	<u>(1)</u>	The visiting authorized medical physicist has the prior approval of the licensee's management; and
31	(2)	The visiting authorized medical physicist meets the requirements established for authorized user(s)
32		in Subparagraphs (c)(1) through (c)(5) of this Rule; and
33	(3)	The licensee shall maintain copies of the documentation of the approval and that the visiting
34		authorized medical physicist met the requirements of this rule for three years from the date of the
35		last visit.

1	(j) All individuals associated with the operation of a therapeutic radiation machine shall be instructed in and shall
2	comply with the provisions of the licensee's quality management program. In addition to the requirements of this
3	Section, these individuals are also subject to the requirements of Rules .1601(a)(8), (a)(24) and (a)(51) of this Chapter.
4	(k) Unless otherwise specified by license condition, whenever patients are being treated by a therapeutic radiation
5	machine, a veterinarian shall be accessible. This veterinarian does not need to be an authorized user.
6	(l) A licensee that permits supervised activities within this subpart is responsible for the acts and omissions of the
7	supervised individual.
8	(m) Information and Maintenance Record and Associated Information: The licensee shall maintain the following
9	information in a separate file or package for each therapeutic radiation machine, for inspection by the Agency:
10	(1) Report of acceptance testing and commissioning:
11	(2) Records of all surveys, calibrations, and periodic quality assurance checks of the therapeutic
12	radiation machine required by this Section, as well as the name(s) of person(s) who performed such
13	activities;
14	(3) Records of maintenance or modifications performed on the therapeutic radiation machine after the
15	effective date of this Rule, as well as the name(s) of person(s) who performed such services;
16	(4) Assessments performed by an Authorized Medical Physicist, prior to the return of a therapeutic radiation
17	machine to clinical use, after significant service, repair, or upgrade that may result in variances of machine function(s)
18	more than the threshold(s) established within the quality management program.
19	(n) Records Retention: All records required by this Section shall be retained until these records have been inspected
20	by the Agency, unless another retention period is specifically authorized in this Section.
21	
22	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
23	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15.	2004 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:	
2			
3	10A NCAC 15.	2004 GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR FACILITIES USIN	G
4		VETERINARY THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES	
5	(a) Protection S	urveys:	
6	<u>(1)</u>	The licensee shall ensure that radiation shielding surveys of all new facilities, and existing facilities	<u>es</u>
7		not previously surveyed are performed with an operable radiation measurement survey instrume	<u>nt</u>
8		calibrated in accordance with Rule .2008 of this Section. The radiation protection survey shall	<u>)e</u>
9		performed by, or under the direction of, an Authorized Medical Physicist or a qualified expert, an	<u>ıd</u>
10		shall verify that, with the therapeutic radiation machine in a "BEAM-ON" condition:	
11		(A) Radiation levels in restricted areas are not likely to cause personnel exposures more that	<u>ın</u>
12		the limits specified in Rule .1601(a)(8) of this Chapter; and	
13		(B) Radiation levels in unrestricted areas do not exceed the limits specified in Ru	<u>le</u>
14		<u>.1601(a)(15) of this Chapter.</u>	
15	(2)	In addition to the requirements of Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule, a radiation protection surve	<u>y</u>
16		shall also be performed:	
17		(A) After making any change in the treatment room shielding:	
18		(B) After making any change in the location of the therapeutic radiation machine within the	<u>1e</u>
19		treatment room;	
20		(C) After relocating the therapeutic radiation machine:	
21		(D) After changes in occupancy of surrounding areas; or	
22		(E) Before using the therapeutic radiation machine in a manner that could result in increase	<u>:d</u>
23		radiation levels in areas outside the external beam radiation therapy treatment room.	
24	(3)	The survey record shall include: the date of the measurements; the reason the survey is required; the	<u>1e</u>
25		manufacturer's name; model number and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine; the	<u>1e</u>
26		instruments used to measure radiation levels; a plan of the areas surrounding the treatment roo	<u>m</u>
27		that were surveyed; the measured dose rate at several points in each area expressed in microsiever	<u>ts</u>
28		or millirems per hour; the calculated maximum level of radiation over a period of one week for each	<u>:h</u>
29		restricted and unrestricted area; and the signature of the individual responsible for conducting the	<u>1e</u>
30		survey;	
31	<u>(4)</u>	If the results of the surveys required by this Paragraph indicate any radiation levels in excess of the	<u>1e</u>
32		limits specified in Parts (1)(A) or (B) of this Paragraph, the licensee shall disable the machine fro	<u>m</u>
33		use, label clearly, and not use the unit:	
34		(A) Except as may be necessary to repair, replace, or test the therapeutic radiation machine, the	<u>1e</u>
35		therapeutic radiation machine shielding, or the treatment room shielding; or	
36		(B) Until the licensee has received a specific exemption from the Agency.	

1	(b) Modification of Radiation Therapy Unit or Room Before Beginning a Treatment Program. If the survey required
2	by Paragraph (a) of this rule indicates that an individual in an unrestricted area may be exposed to levels of radiation
3	greater than those permitted by Rule .1601 of this Chapter, before beginning the treatment program the licensee shall:
4	(1) Either equip the unit with beam direction interlocks or add additional radiation shielding to ensure
5	compliance with Rule .1601of this Chapter;
6	(2) Perform the survey required by Paragraph (a) of this Rule again; and
7	(3) Include in the report required by Paragraph (d) of this Rule the results of the initial survey, a
8	description of the modification made to comply with Subparagraph (b)(1) of this Rule, and the
9	results of the second survey; or
10	(4) Receive an amended license issued by the agency that authorizes radiation levels in unrestricted
11	areas greater than those permitted by Rule .1601 of this Chapter.
12	(c) Radiation Measuring Equipment. The licensee shall have, when required, appropriate and operable radiation
13	measuring equipment available for use and calibrated in accordance with Rule .2008 of this Section. Radiation
14	measuring equipment includes, but is not limited to, dosimetry systems, survey instruments, and other radiation
15	measuring devices used in planning, guiding, and administering radiation.
16	(d) Reports of External Beam Radiation Therapy Surveys and Measurements. The licensee for any therapeutic
17	radiation machine subject to Rules within this subpart shall furnish a copy of the records required in Paragraphs (a)
18	and (b) of this Rule to the Agency within 30 days following completion of the action that initiated the record
19	requirement.
20	
21	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
22	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15.	.2005 is a	adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2			
3	10A NCAC 15	.2005	QUALITY MANAGEMENT PROGRAM
4	(a) Each license	ee or app	olicant subject to Rules within this subpart shall develop, implement, and maintain a quality
5	management pro	ogram to	provide high confidence that radiation will be administered as directed by the authorized
6	user.		
7	(b) Scope and A	<u>Applicab</u>	ility. The quality management program shall address, as a minimum, the following specific
8	objectives:		
9	<u>(1)</u>	Writte	n Directives:
10		(A)	A written directive must be approved by an authorized user prior to the administration of
11			radiation. If because of the patient's condition, a delay in the order to provide a written
12			revision to an existing written directive would jeopardize the patient's health, an oral
13			revision to an existing written directive will be acceptable, provided that the oral revision
14			is documented as soon as possible in writing in the patient's record and a revised written
15			directive is signed by an authorized user within 48 hours of the oral revision.
16		<u>(B)</u>	The written directive must contain the patient's name, treatment site, method of delivery,
17			dose per fraction, total number of fractions, and total dose.
18		(C)	A written revision to an existing written directive may be made provided that the revision
19			is dated and approved by an authorized user prior to the administration of the therapeutic
20			radiation machine dose, or the next fractional dose.
21		(D)	The licensee shall retain a copy of the written directive for three years.
22	(2)	Proced	ures for Administrations. For any administration requiring a written directive, the licensee
23		shall d	evelop, implement, and maintain written procedures to provide that:
24		(A)	Prior to the administration of each course of radiation treatments, the patient's identity is
25			verified.
26		(B)	Each administration is in accordance with the written directive.
27		<u>(C)</u>	Develop a table-shift policy describing action to be taken by staff in the event shifts are
28			used for patient setup and a table shift exceeds limitations established within the treatment
29			<u>plan.</u>
30		(D)	Therapeutic radiation machine final plans of treatment and related calculations are in
31			accordance with the respective written directives by: Checking both manual and computer-
32			generated dose calculations to verify they are correct and in accordance with the written
33			directive, and verifying that any computer-generated calculations are correctly transferred
34			into the consoles of authorized therapeutic medical units;
35		<u>(E)</u>	Any unintended deviation from the written directive is identified, evaluated, corrective
36			action taken, the unintended deviation documented; and

1	(F) The licensee retains a copy of the procedures for administrations for the duration of the
2	license.
3	(c) New Procedures on Established Equipment. Established and commissioned therapeutic radiation machines shall
4	reevaluate equipment parameters, pursuant to this Section, when new procedures are to be performed [that] if the
5	parameters, including dose rate, field size, imaging accuracy, maximum dose, falls outside of the original
6	commissioned parameters.
7	
8	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
9	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .2006 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:	
2		
3	10A NCAC 15 .2006 VETERINARY THERAPEUTIC RADIATION MACHINES OF LESS THAT	AN 500
4	KV	
5	(a) The licensee shall provide documentation that equipment within this section conforms to the relevant Internation	national
6	Electrotechnical Commission standard, documentation of US Food and Drug Administration cleara	nce, or
7	documentation of participation in a clinical research study approved by the licensee's Institutional Animal C	are and
8	<u>Use Committee.</u>	
9	(b) Facility Design Requirements for Therapeutic Radiation Machines Capable of Operating in the Range 5	0 kV to
10	500 kV shall meet the requirements of Rule .2009 of this Section and shall permit continuous observation of the	patient
11	subject during irradiation and the viewing system shall be so located that the operator can observe the patient f	rom the
12	control panel. The therapeutic radiation machine shall not be used for patient irradiation unless at least one	viewing
13	system is operational.	
14	(c) Additional Requirements. Treatment rooms that contain a therapeutic radiation machine capable of op-	erating
15	above 150 kV shall meet the following additional requirements:	
16	 All protective barriers shall be fixed except for entrance doors or beam interceptors; 	
17	(2) The control panel shall be located outside the treatment room or in a totally enclosed booth	, which
18	has a ceiling, inside the room;	
19	(3) Interlocks shall be provided such that all entrance doors, including doors to any interior bootl	ıs, shall
20	be closed before treatment can be initiated or continued. If the radiation beam is interrupted	by any
21	door opening, it shall not be possible to restore the machine to operation without closing t	he door
22	and reinitiating irradiation by manual action at the control panel; and	
23	(4) When any interlocked door is opened while the x-ray tube is activated, the air kerma r	ate at a
24	distance of 1 meter from the source shall be reduced to less than 1 mGy or 100 mrad per ho	<u>ur.</u>
25	(d) Acceptance Testing, Commissioning, and Calibration Measurements. Acceptance testing, commissioning	ng, and
26	full calibration of a therapeutic radiation machine subject to this Rule shall be performed by, or under the	e direct
27	supervision of, an Authorized Medical Physicist:	
28	(1) Acceptance testing and commissioning shall be performed in accordance with current pu	blished
29	recommendations from a recognized national professional association with expertise in the	e use of
30	therapeutic radiation technologies, such as the American Association of Physicists in Medic	ine, the
31	American College of Radiology and the American Society for Radiation Oncology. In the	<u>absence</u>
32	of a protocol published by a national professional association, the manufacturer's prot	ocol or
33	equivalent quality, safety, and security protocols, shall be followed. Acceptance testi	ng and
34	commissioning shall be conducted before the first medical use following installation or reinst	allation
35	of the therapeutic radiation machine.	
36	(2) A licensee authorized to use a therapeutic radiation machine for medical use shall	<u>perform</u>
37	calibration measurements on each therapeutic radiation machine:	

1		(A) Before the first medical use of the unit;
2		(B) Whenever spot-check measurements indicate that the output, for each specific mode and
3		energy, differs by more than five percent from the output obtained at the last calibration;
4		(C) Following reinstallation of the therapeutic radiation machine in a new location;
5		(D) Following any repair of the therapeutic radiation machine that would likely impact the
6		radiation output beyond the normal range of expected fluctuation; and
7		(E) at intervals not exceeding annually.
8	<u>(3)</u>	To satisfy the requirement of Paragraph (a) of this Rule, an authorized medical physicist shall design
9		and implement a calibration procedure for each radiation therapy machine which is consistent with
10		the specifications recommended by the manufacturer of the equipment and consistent with
11		nationally recognizable standards. The calibration procedure shall be designed to ensure accurate
12		patient treatments, in accordance with the written directive and treatment plan. The calibration
13		procedure shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
14		(A) Accuracy of output measurements to within ± five percent of radiations used medically;
15		and,
16		(B) Evaluation and accuracy of auxiliary systems, such as motion tracking or gating and image
17		guidance, used during patient treatments.
18	<u>(4)</u>	A licensee shall use the dosimetry system described in Rule .2008 of this Section to measure the
19		output for one set of exposure conditions. The remaining radiation measurements required in Part
20		(3)(A) of this Paragraph may be made using a dosimetry system that indicates relative dose rates.
21	(5)	The evaluations and measurements for:
22		(A) Acceptance, commissioning, and calibration measurements required by Part (3)(A) of this
23		Paragraph shall be performed under the direct supervision of an authorized medical
24		physicist;
25		(B) Full calibration measurements required by Part (3)(B) of this Paragraph shall be performed
26		by an authorized medical physicist or under the general supervision of an authorized
27		medical physicist.
28	<u>(6)</u>	A licensee shall maintain a record of each therapeutic radiation machine calibration for three years.
29		The record must include:
30		(A) The date of the calibration;
31		(B) The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation
32		machine, auxiliary systems, and the instruments used to calibrate the units;
33		(C) The results and an assessment of the calibrations; and
34		(D) The name of the authorized medical physicist who approves the calibration.
35	(7)	A licensee shall maintain a record of each therapeutic radiation machine acceptance testing and
36		commissioning for the lifetime of the machine. The record must include:
37		(A) The date of the acceptance testing or commissioning;

1	<u>(B)</u>	The manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation
2		machine, auxiliary systems, and the instruments used to evaluate the units;
3	<u>(C)</u>	The results and an assessment of acceptance testing or commissioning; and
4	<u>(D)</u>	The name of the authorized medical physicist who approves the acceptance testing or
5		commissioning.
6	(e) Independent Verificat	ion of Therapeutic Radiation Machine Output
7	(1) In addit	ion to the full calibration required by Paragraph (a) of this Rule, the licensee shall have the
8	outputs,	for all clinically used radiations, independently verified:
9	(A)	Within 90 days of first clinical use of a new installation;
10	<u>(B)</u>	Within 90 days of first clinical use following a reinstallation in a new location; and
11	<u>(C)</u>	Biennially, thereafter.
12	(2) Verifica	tion may be obtained by:
13	(A)	irradiating dosimeters from an American Association of Physicists in Medicine Accredited
14		Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory; or
15	<u>(B)</u>	evaluation by a registered qualified expert using an independent dosimetry system meeting
16		the requirements of Rule .0947 of this Chapter.
17	(3) A licens	see shall maintain a record of each independent verification of therapeutic radiation machine
18	output f	or three years. The record must include:
19	(A)	If obtained by Part (2)(A) of this Paragraph: The date of the irradiation, the date of the
20		analysis by the dosimetry center, name, address and contact information for the American
21		Association of Physicists in Medicine Accredited Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory, and
22		the results of the independent verification.
23	<u>(B)</u>	If obtained by Part (2)(B) of this Paragraph: the date of the calibration, the manufacturer's
24		name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine, auxiliary
25		systems, and the instruments used to calibrate the units, The results and an assessment of
26		the independent verification, and the name of the registered qualified expert who provided
27		the independent verification.
28	(f) Quality Assurance Ch	<u>ecks.</u>
29	(1) Periodic	quality assurance checks shall be performed on therapeutic radiation machines subject to
30	this Rul	e, which are capable of operation at greater than or equal to 50 kV.
31	(2) To satis	fy the requirement of Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph, quality assurance checks shall
32	meet the	e following requirements:
33	(A)	The licensee shall perform quality assurance checks, to include ensuring the proper
34		function of requirements outlined in Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Rule, in accordance with
35		written procedures established by the Authorized Medical Physicist; and
36	<u>(B)</u>	The quality assurance check procedures shall specify the frequency at which tests or
37		measurements are to be performed. The quality assurance check procedures shall specify

1 that the quality assurance check shall be performed during the calibration specified in 2 Paragraph (d) of this Rule. The acceptable tolerance for each parameter measured in the 3 quality assurance check, when compared to the value for that parameter determined in the 4 calibration specified in Paragraph (d) of this Rule shall be stated. 5 The cause for a parameter exceeding a tolerance set by the Authorized Medical Physicist shall be investigated and corrected before the system is used for patient irradiation; 6 7 (4) Whenever a quality assurance check indicates a significant change in the operating characteristics 8 of a system, as specified in the Authorized Medical Physicist's quality assurance check procedures, 9 the system shall be recalibrated as required in Subparagraph (d)(2) of this Rule; 10 The licensee shall use the dosimetry system described in Rule .2008 of this Section to make the (5) 11 quality assurance check required in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph; 12 The licensee shall maintain a record of each quality assurance check required by this Paragraph for (6) 13 three years. The record shall include: the date of the quality assurance check; the manufacturer's 14 name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine; the manufacturer's 15 name; model number and serial number for the instruments used to measure the radiation output of the therapeutic radiation machine; and the signature of the individual who performed the periodic 16 17 quality assurance check. 18 Operating Procedures. (g) 19 The therapeutic radiation machine shall not be used for irradiation of patients unless the (1) 20 requirements of Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Rule have been met; 21 Therapeutic radiation machines shall not be left unattended unless secured pursuant to Rules (2) 22 .1601(a)(32) and (33) of this Chapter; 23 (3) When a patient must be held in position for radiation therapy, mechanical supports or 24 immobilization devices shall be used; 25 (4) The tube housing or any other part of the imaging assembly shall not be held by an individual during 26 operation unless the assembly is designed to require such holding and the peak tube potential of the 27 system does not exceed 50 kV. In such cases, the holder shall wear protective gloves and apron of 28 not less than 0.5 millimeters lead equivalency at 100 kV; 29 A copy of the current operating and emergency procedures shall be maintained at the therapeutic <u>(5)</u> 30 radiation machine control console; and 31 (6) No individual other than the patient shall be in the treatment room during exposures from therapeutic 32 radiation machines operating above 150 kV. At energies less than or equal to 150 kV, any individual, 33 other than the patient, in the treatment room shall be protected by a barrier sufficient to meet the 34 requirements of Rule .1601(a)(8) of this Chapter. 35 (h) Electronic brachytherapy devices are subject to the requirements of Rule .2011 of this Chapter and are exempt 36 from the requirements of this Rule.

37

- 1 <u>History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;</u>
- 2 <u>Eff. October 1, 2025.</u>

1	10A NCAC 15 .2	2007 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15 .2	
4		ABOVE
5		shall provide documentation that equipment within this section conforms to the relevant International
6		Commission standard, documentation of US Food and Drug Administration clearance, or
7		f participation in a clinical research study approved by the licensee's Institutional Animal Care and
8	Use Committee.	
9	•	sign Requirements for Therapeutic Radiation Machines Operating above 500 kV. In addition to
10	shielding adequa	te to meet requirements of Rule .2009 of this Section, the following design requirements are made:
11	(1)	Protective Barriers. All protective barriers shall be fixed and permanent with respect to the radiation
12		source and designed to comply with the dose limits required by Rules .1601(a)(8) and .1601(a)(15)
13		of this Chapter and shall be external to the dedicated space, except for access doors to the treatment
14		space or movable beam interceptors;
15	<u>(2)</u>	Control Panel. In addition to other requirements specified within this Section, the control panel shall
16		also:
17		(A) Be located outside the treatment space and shall comply with the dose limits required by
18		Rules .1601(a)(8) and .1601(a)(15) of this Chapter; and
19		(B) Provide a visual indication of when radiation is being produced;
20	(3)	Include access controls that will prevent unauthorized use of the therapeutic radiation machine;
21	(4)	Viewing Systems. Viewing system shall be provided to permit continuous observation of the patient
22		following positioning and during irradiation and shall be so located that the operator may observe
23		the patient from the treatment control panel. The therapeutic radiation machine shall not be used for
24		patient irradiation unless at least one viewing system is operational;
25	<u>(5)</u>	Entrances. Treatment space entrances shall be provided with warning lights in a viewable location
26		outside of all entrances, which will indicate when the useful beam is "ON" and when it is "OFF";
27	(6)	Entrance Interlocks. Interlocks shall be provided such that all access controls are activated before
28		treatment can be initiated or continued. If the radiation beam is interrupted by any access control, it
29		shall not be possible to restore the machine to operation without activating the access control and
30		reinitiating irradiation by manual action at the control panel;
31	<u>(7)</u>	Movable Beam Interceptor Interlocks. If the shielding material in any protective barrier requires the
32		presence of a movable beam interceptor to ensure compliance with Rule .1601(a)(15) of this
33		Chapter, interlocks shall be provided to prevent the production of radiation, unless the beam
34		interceptor is in place, whenever the useful beam is directed at the designated barriers;
35	(8)	Emergency Cutoff Switches. At least one emergency power cutoff switch shall be located in the
36		radiation therapy room and shall terminate all equipment electrical power including radiation and
37		mechanical motion. All emergency power cutoff switches shall include a manual reset so that the

1		therapeutic radiation machine cannot be restarted from the unit's control console without resetting
2		the emergency cutoff switch; and
3	<u>(9)</u>	Safety Interlocks. All safety interlocks shall be designed so that any defect or component failure in
4		the safety interlock system prevents or terminates operation of the therapeutic radiation machine.
5	(c) Authorized	Medical Physicist Support.
6	<u>(1)</u>	The services of an Authorized Medical Physicist shall be required in facilities having therapeutic
7		radiation machines. The Authorized Medical Physicist shall be responsible for:
8		(A) Calibrations required by Paragraph (d) of this Rule and the protection surveys required by
9		Rule .2004(a) of this Section;
10		(B) Beam data acquisition and configuration for treatment planning, and supervision of its use;
11		(C) Quality assurance, including quality assurance check review required by Paragraph (f) of
12		this Rule.
13		(D) Consultation with the authorized user in treatment planning, as needed; and
14		(E) Perform calculations and assessments regarding medical events.
15	(2)	The operating procedures required by Paragraph (c) of this Rule shall also address how the
16		Authorized Medical Physicist is to be contacted for problems or emergencies, as well as the specific
17		actions, if any, to be taken until the Authorized Medical Physicist can be contacted.
18	(d) Operating P	Procedures.
19	<u>(1)</u>	No person shall be in the treatment space during treatment or during any irradiation for testing or
20		calibration purposes;
21	<u>(2)</u>	Therapeutic radiation machines shall not be made available for medical use unless the requirements
22		of Rule .2004(a), and Paragraphs (d), (e) and (f) of this rule have been met;
23	(3)	Therapeutic radiation machines, when not in operation, shall be secured to prevent unauthorized use
24		pursuant to Rules .1601(a)(32) and (33)of this Chapter;
25	<u>(4)</u>	When a patient must be held in position for radiation therapy, mechanical supports or
26		immobilization devices shall be used;
27	<u>(5)</u>	A copy of the current operating and emergency procedures shall be maintained at the therapeutic
28		radiation machine control console.
29	(e) Acceptance	Testing, Commissioning and Calibration Measurements. Acceptance testing, commissioning, and
30	calibration of a t	herapeutic radiation machine subject to this Rule shall be performed by, or under the direct supervision
31	of, an Authorize	ed Medical Physicist:
32	(1)	Acceptance testing and commissioning shall be performed in accordance with current published
33		recommendations from a recognized national professional association with expertise in the use of
34		therapeutic radiation technologies, that includes the American Association of Physicists in
35		Medicine, the American College of Radiology and the American Society for Radiation Oncology.
36		In the absence of a protocol published by a national professional association, the manufacturer's
37		protocol or equivalent quality, safety, and security protocols, shall be followed.

1	(2) A licensee authorized to use a therapeutic radiation machine for medical use shall perform	<u>)rm</u>
2	calibration measurements on each therapeutic radiation machine:	
3	(A) Before the first medical use of the unit; and	
4	(B) Before medical use under the following conditions: Whenever spot-check measurement	ents
5	indicate that the output, for each specific mode and energy, differs by more than	five
6	percent from the output obtained at the last calibration, following reinstallation of	the
7	therapeutic radiation machine in a new location, or following any repair of the therape	utic
8	radiation machine that would likely impact the radiation output beyond the normal ra	nge
9	of expected fluctuation, and at intervals not exceeding annually.	
10	(3) To satisfy the requirement of Paragraph (d) of this Rule, an authorized medical physicist shall des	ign
11	and implement a calibration procedure for each radiation therapy machine which is consistent v	vith
12	the specifications recommended by the manufacturer of the equipment and consistent v	vith_
13	nationally recognizable standards. The calibration procedure shall be designed to ensure accur	rate
14	patient treatments, in accordance with the written directive and treatment plan. The calibrat	ion
15	procedure shall include, but not be limited to, the following:	
16	(A) Accuracy of output measurements to within ± five percent of radiations used medical	lly;
17	and.	
18	(B) Evaluation and accuracy of auxiliary systems, such as motion tracking or gating and im	age
19	guidance, used during patient treatments.	
20	(f) Independent Verification of Therapeutic Radiation Machine Output	
21	(1) In addition to the calibration required by Paragraph (d) of this Rule, the licensee shall have	the
22	outputs, for all clinically used radiations, independently verified:	
23	(A) Within 90 days of first clinical use of a new installation;	
24	(B) Within 90 days of first clinical use following a reinstallation in a new location; and	
25	(C) Biennially, thereafter.	
26	(2) Verification may be obtained by:	
27	(A) the authorized medical physicist irradiating dosimeters from an American Association	<u>1 of</u>
28	Physicists in Medicine Accredited Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory; or	
29	(B) evaluation by an independent registered qualified expert using an independent dosime	<u>etry</u>
30	system meeting the requirements of Rule .2008 of this Chapter.	
31	(3) A licensee shall maintain a record of each independent verification of therapeutic radiation mach	iine
32	output for three years. The record must include:	
33	(A) If obtained by Part (e)(2)(A) of this Rule: The date of the irradiation, the date of the analysis	<u>ysis</u>
34	by the dosimetry center, name, address and contact information for the Ameri	can
35	Association of Physicists in Medicine Accredited Dosimetry Calibration Laboratory,	and
36	the results of the independent verification.	

I		(B) If obtained by Part (e)(2)(B) of this Rule: The date of the calibration, the manufacturer's
2		name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine, auxiliary
3		systems, and the instruments used to calibrate the unit(s), the results and an assessment of
4		the independent verification, and the name of the independent registered qualified expert
5		who provided the independent verification.
6	(g) Quality Ass	surance Checks.
7	(1)	Periodic quality assurance checks shall be performed on therapeutic radiation machines subject to
8		this Rule, which are capable of operation at greater than or equal to 500 kV.
9	(2)	To satisfy the requirement of Subparagraph (f)(1) of this Rule, quality assurance checks shall meet
10		the following requirements:
11		(A) The licensee shall perform quality assurance checks, to include ensuring the proper
12		function of requirements outlined in Paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Rule, in accordance with
13		written procedures established by the Authorized Medical Physicist; and
14		(B) The quality assurance check procedures shall specify the frequency at which tests or
15		measurements are to be performed. The quality assurance check procedures shall specify
16		that the quality assurance check shall be performed during the calibration specified in
17		Paragraph (d) of this Rule. The acceptable tolerance for each parameter measured in the
18		quality assurance check, when compared to the value for that parameter determined in the
19		calibration specified in Paragraph (d) of this Rule, shall be stated.
20	(3)	The cause for a parameter exceeding a tolerance set by the Authorized Medical Physicist shall be
21		investigated and corrected before the system is used for patient irradiation;
22	(4)	Whenever a quality assurance check indicates a significant change in the operating characteristics
23		of a system, as specified in the Authorized Medical Physicist's quality assurance check procedures,
24		the system shall be recalibrated as required in Paragraph (d) of this rule;
25	(5)	The licensee shall use the dosimetry system described in Rule .2008 of this Section to make the
26		quality assurance check required in Paragraph (f) of this rule;
27	(6)	The licensee shall maintain a record of each quality assurance check required by Paragraph (f) of
28		this Rule for three years. The record shall include: the date of the quality assurance check; the
29		manufacturer's name, model number, and serial number of the therapeutic radiation machine; the
30		manufacturer's name; model number and serial number for the instruments used to measure the
31		radiation output of the therapeutic radiation machine; and the signature of the individual who
32		performed the periodic quality assurance check.
33		
34	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
35		Eff October 1 2025

1	10A NCAC 15	2008 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15.	2008 CALIBRATION OF SURVEY INSTRUMENTS AND DOSIMETRY SYSTEMS
4	(a) Survey Instr	uments, when employed by the licensee to perform surveys required by this section:
5	(1)	The licensee shall ensure that the survey instruments used to show compliance with the provisions
6		of this Rule have been calibrated before first use, at intervals not to exceed 12 months and following
7		repair.
8	(2)	To satisfy the requirements of Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph, the licensee shall:
9		(A) Calibrate all required scale readings up to 10 mSv or 1000 mrem per hour with an
10		appropriate radiation source that is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and
11		Technology;
12		(B) Calibrate at least two points on each scale to be calibrated. These points should be at
13		approximately 1/3 and 2/3 of full-scale; and
14	(3)	To satisfy the requirements of Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule, the licensee [shall:] shall consider
15		a point as calibrated if the indicated dose rate differs from the calculated dose rate by not more than
16		10 percent.
17		[(A) Consider a point as calibrated if the indicated dose rate differs from the calculated dose
18		rate by not more than 10 percent; and
19		(B) Consider a point as calibrated if the indicated dose rate differs from the calculated dose
20		rate by not more than 20 percent if a correction factor or graph is conspicuously attached
21		to the instrument.
22	<u>(4)</u>	The licensee shall retain a record of each calibration required in Paragraph (a) of this rule for three
23		years. The record shall include:
24		(A) A description of the calibration procedure; and
25		(B) A description of the source used and the certified dose rates from the source, and the rates
26		indicated by the instrument being calibrated, the correction factors deduced from the
27		calibration data, the signature of the individual who performed the calibration, and the date
28		of calibration.
29	(5)	The licensee may obtain the services of individuals licensed by the Agency, the US Nuclear
30		Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform calibrations of survey instruments.
31		Records of calibrations that contain information required by Paragraph (d) of this rule shall be
32		maintained for three years by the licensee.
33	(6)	The record must include the model and serial number of the instrument, the date of the calibration,
34		the results of the calibration, and the name of the individual who performed the calibration.
35	(b) Dosimetry s	<u>ystem:</u>
36	(1)	A licensee shall have a calibrated dosimetry system available for use. To satisfy this requirement,
37		one of the following two conditions must be met.

1		(A)	The system must have been calibrated using a system or source traceable to the National
2			Institute of Standards and Technology and published protocols accepted by nationally
3			recognized bodies; or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association
4			of Physicists in Medicine. The calibration must have been performed within the previous
5			2 years and after any servicing that may have affected system calibration; or
6		(B)	The system must have been intercompared with another dosimetry system that was
7			calibrated within the previous 2 years by National Institute of Standards and Technology
8			or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association of Physicists in
9			Medicine. The results of the intercomparison must indicate that the calibration factor of the
10			licensee's system had not changed by more than 2 percent.
11	(2)	A licen	see shall retain a record of the calibration, intercomparison, and comparisons of its dosimetry
12		<u>equipn</u>	nent done for three years after the record is made. For each calibration, intercomparison, or
13		compa	rison, the record must include:
14		(A)	The date;
15		<u>(B)</u>	The manufacturer's name, model numbers and serial numbers of the instruments that were
16			calibrated, intercompared, or compared as required by paragraphs (b)(1) and (b)(2);
17		(C)	The correction factor that was determined from the calibration or comparison or the
18			apparent correction factor that was determined from an intercomparison; and
19		(D)	The names of the individuals who performed the calibration, intercomparison, or
20			comparison.
21			
22	History Note:	Author	ity G.S. 104E-7;
23		Eff. Oc	tober 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .2009 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2	
3	10A NCAC 15 .2009 SHIELDING AND SAFETY DESIGN REQUIREMENTS
4	(a) Each therapeutic radiation machine subject to Rules within this subpart shall be provided with such primary or
5	secondary barriers as are necessary to ensure compliance with Rules .1601(a)(8) and .1601(a)(15) of this Chapter and
6	must consider the types of radiations generated in the use of the equipment.
7	(b) Facility shielding and safety designs shall be performed in accordance with current published recommendations
8	from a recognized national professional association with expertise in the use of therapeutic radiation technologies,
9	such as the American Association of Physicists in Medicine and the National Council on Radiation Protection and
10	Measurements. In the absence of a protocol published by a national professional association, the manufacturer's
11	protocol or equivalent quality, safety, and security protocols, shall be followed.
12	(c) Facility design information for all new installations of a therapeutic radiation machine or installations of a
13	therapeutic radiation machine of different model, higher energy or workload into a room not previously approved for
14	that energy, isocenter or planned workload shall be submitted for Agency approval prior to actual installation of the
15	therapeutic radiation machine.
16	
17	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;
18	Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .	.2010 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 15	.2010 OTHER USE OF ELECTRONICALLY-PRODUCED RADIATION TO DELIVER
4		THERAPEUTIC RADIATION DOSAGE
5	(a) A person sh	nall not utilize any device which is designed to electrically generate a source of ionizing radiation to
6	deliver therapeu	ttic radiation dosage, and which is not regulated under any existing category of therapeutic radiation
7	machine, until tl	he applicant or licensee has, at a minimum, provided the Agency with:
8	(1)	Documentation that equipment to be licensed conforms to the relevant International Electrotechnical
9		Commission standard, documentation of US Food and Drug Administration clearance, or
10		documentation of participation in a clinical research study approved by the licensee's Institutional
11		Animal Care and Use Committee.
12	(2)	A detailed description of the device and its intended applications:
13	(3)	Facility design requirements, including shielding and access control;
14	<u>(4)</u>	Documentation of appropriate training for authorized users, authorized medical physicists, and other
15		personnel who will be involved in performing quality assurance tasks and setting up patients for
16		treatment or delivering treatment;
17	<u>(5)</u>	Methodology for measurement of dosages to be administered to patients;
18	<u>(6)</u>	Documentation regarding calibration, maintenance, and repair of the device, as well as instruments
19		and equipment necessary for quality assurance and radiation safety
20	<u>(7)</u>	Radiation safety precautions and instructions; and
21	<u>(8)</u>	Other information requested by the Agency in its review of the application; and
22	(b) The applica	nt or licensee has received written approval from the Agency to utilize the device in accordance with
23	the regulations a	and specific conditions the Agency considers necessary for the medical use of the device.
24		
25	History Note:	Authority G.S. 104E-7;
26		Eff. October 1, 2025.

1	10A NCAC 15 .2011 is adopted as published in 39:19 NCR 1225-1262 as follows:		
2			
3	10A NCAC 15 .2011 EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES		
4	(a) Each registrant shall develop, implement, and maintain a dedicated quality management program to control t	the	
5	processes used to administer therapeutic radiation with US Food and Drug Administration cleared emergi	ng	
6	technologies or previously unused features of a future or existing technology system.		
7	(b) Implementation and on-going clinical use of the technology dated before the technology arrives at the facility	or	
8	the new features are used:		
9	(1) Must include an explicit strategy to ensure quality of processes and patient safety.		
10	(2) Must include approval from facility management and the radiation oncology safety team before t	he	
11	technology arrives or new features are used.		
12	(c) The quality management program shall be developed by the radiation oncology safety team.		
13	(d) The quality management program shall address, at a minimum:		
14	(1) Education and training about new technologies and features;		
15	(2) A system and timeline for on-going competency assessment;		
16	(3) A system for real-time recording of on-going issues related to the technology and clinical use of t	<u>he</u>	
17	new technology or features;		
18	(4) A strategy for timely investigation and adjudication of accidents and process deviations that may	be	
19	captured in the system developed in Subparagraph (b)(1) of this Rule;		
20	(5) A strategy for routine review at intervals not to exceed 13 months of the clinical use of the no	<u>ew</u>	
21	technology or features which includes an assessment of the current use compared to Paragraph ((b)	
22	of this Rule and a plan to either update the clinical use plan or steps to bring the clinical use ba	<u>ick</u>	
23	into compliance with Paragraph (b) of this Rule;		
24	(6) A strategy to ensure quality of equipment functions;		
25	(7) An strategy for ensuring quality after hardware and software updates and after equipment repair.	<u>.</u>	
26	(e) The quality management program shall be developed and maintained in accordance with current publish	ed	
27	recommendations from a recognized national professional association with expertise in the use of therapeutic radiation	on	
28	technologies, such as the American Association of Physicists in Medicine, the American College of Radiology, a	nd	
29	the American Society for Radiation Oncology. In the absence of a protocol published by a national profession	nal	
30	association, the manufacturer's protocol or equivalent quality, safety, and security protocol shall be followed.		
31	(f) New technology issues should be reported through the vendor or manufacturer, applicable regulatory agency alerts,		
32	and customer service bulletins and be reviewed and addressed via a documented reporting system.		
33			
34	History Note: Authority G.S. 104E-7;		
35	Eff. October 1, 2025.		