1	15A NCAC 18A	.1301 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	SECTION .1	300 - SANITATION OF HOSPITALS, NURSING HOMES, ADULT CARE HOMES, AND
4		OTHER INSTITUTIONS
5		
6	15A NCAC 18A	1.1301 DEFINITIONS
7	The following do	efinitions shall apply throughout this Section in the interpretation and enforcement of this-Section:
8	<u>(1)</u>	"Activity kitchen" means a kitchen that is available to residents of an institution and their guests for
9		the purpose of preparing food for individual or group activities. Nothing in this Section shall prohibit
10		residents or employees of a residential care facility, as that term is defined at 15A NCAC 18A
11		[.1601(8),] .1601 or their guests [guests,] from using an activity kitchen when an institution's
12		activity kitchen is in the same building where a residential care facility is located.
13	(2)	"Administrator" means the person designated by the licensee to be responsible for the daily
14		operation of the institution.
15	(3)	"Ancillary kitchen" means a kitchen that is used by the institution's employees for meal preparation
16		and other work to support the dietary kitchen. Ancillary kitchens shall meet the requirements of 15A
17		NCAC 18A .2600.
18	<u>(4)</u>	"Bed linens" means bed sheets, pillowcases, mattress covers, blankets, and duvets covers.
19	<u>(5)</u>	"Clean" means that an object or surface has been made free of garbage, solid waste, soil, dust, hair,
20		dander, food, bodily fluids and secretions, and feces.
21	<u>(6)</u>	"Department" means the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services.
22	<u>(7)</u>	"Dietary kitchen" means the primary kitchen in the institution that is used to provide meals and
23		nutrition services to the institution's residents, employees, and guests. Dietary kitchens shall meet
24		the requirements of 15A NCAC 18A .2600.
25	(1) (8)	_"Disinfect" means a non-sporicidal process used on inanimate surfaces to destroy or irreversibly
26		inactivate infectious fungi fungi, viruses, and bacteria but not necessarily their spores by using an
27		EPA registered disinfectant in accordance with the disinfectant's product label.
28	(2)	"Environmental Health Specialist" means a person authorized by the Department of Environment
29		and Natural Resources under G.S. 130A 6 to enforce environmental health rules adopted by the
30		Commission for Public Health.
31	<u>(9)</u>	"EPA registered disinfectant" means a disinfectant as defined at 40 C.F.R. 158.2203 that has been
32		registered with the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") in accordance with 40
33		C.F.R. [152] 152, which are hereby incorporated by reference, including any subsequent
34		amendments or editions, and available free of charge at https://www.ecfr.gov/.
35	<u>(10)</u>	"Garbage" means as defined at G.S. 130A-290(7).
36	(11)	"Good repair" means as defined at 15A NCAC 18A .2651(8). Items that are in good repair shall
37		operate in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

1	<u>(12)</u>	"Hand Hygiene Program" means a written plan implemented in an institution in the absence of hand
2		washing facilities as set forth in this Section. The licensee or the licensee's designee shall submi
3		the hand hygiene program plan to the local health department for the county in which the institution
4		is located, serving as the regulatory authority, for approval prior to [the] implementing the hand
5		hygiene program. The regulatory authority shall notify the institution or the institution's designed
6		in writing of the decision to approve or not to approve the hand hygiene program plan. In
7		determining whether to approve the hand hygiene program, the regulatory authority shall consider
8		the following:
9		(a) the type and frequency of activities carried out at the institution that involve employee or
10		resident contact with bodily fluids [exerctions] or secretions; and
11		(b) the number of handwashing facilities on each wing or floor of an institution's building or
12		buildings
13	(3) (13)	"Institution" means includes the following establishments providing that provide room or board and
14		for which a license or certificate of payment must be obtained from the Department: Department of
15		Health and Human Services, other than those operated exclusively by the State of North Carolina:
16		(a) hospital, as defined in G.S. 131E-76 including doctors' clinics with food preparation
17		facilities;
18		(b) nursing home, as defined in G.S. 131E-101;
19		(c) sanitarium, sanatorium, and any similar an establishment, other than a hospital and nursing
20		home, for the recuperation and treatment of 13 or more persons suffering from physica
21		physical, behavioral, or mental health disorders; conditions;
22		(d) adult care home, providing custodial care on a 24 hour basis for 13 or more persons
23		including homes for the aged; as defined at G.S. 131D-2.1;
24		(e) orphanage, or children's home providing care on a 24 hour basis for 13 or more children.
25		residential child care facility, as defined at G.S. 131D-10.2(13); and
26		(f) facilities that provide room and board to individuals but are exempt from licensure under
27		G.S. 131D-10.4(1).
28		However, the This term shall not include a child day care facility, facility as defined in G.S. 110
29		86(3), an adult day service facility as defined in 15A NCAC 18A .3300, or a residential care
30		facility as defined in 15A NCAC 18A .1600.
31	(4)	"Department of Environment and Natural Resources" shall mean the Secretary, or his authorized
32		representative.
33	<u>(14)</u>	"Licensing agency" means the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Division
34		of Health Service Regulation.
35	(15)	"Linens" means bath towels, hand drying towels, and bed linens.
36	(5) (16)	"Local health director" department" means shall mean local health director as defined in G.S. 130A
37		2(5). 130A-2(6) or his authorized representative.

1	(17) "Non-community water supply" means a noncommunity water system as defined at G.S. 130A-
2	<u>313(10).</u>
3	(18) "Nourishment station" means an area where commercially packaged food that is used to provide
4	nourishment to an institution's residents, employees, or guests is stored.
5	(19) "Pest" means as defined at G.S. 143-460(26a).
6	(20) "Pest harborage" means any condition that provides water or food and shelter for pests.
7	[(20)](21) "Refuse" means [a]as defined at G.S. 130A-290(28).
8	[(21)](22) "Registered Environmental Health Specialist" or "REHS" means as defined at G.S. 90A-51(4).
9	[90-51(4).]
10	[(22)](23) "Regulatory authority" means the Department or authorized agent of the Department.
11	[(23)](24) "Rehabilitation kitchen" means a kitchen used solely for the purpose of providing supervised
12	therapeutic activities to residents, including occupational or physical therapy. Food prepared in a
13	rehabilitation kitchen shall not be consumed by anyone who is not a participant in the therapeutic
14	activity being conducted in the rehabilitation kitchen.
15	[(24)](25) "Resident" means an individual residing in or being served by the institution, including patients.
16	This term does not include an institution's employees or a resident's guests.
17	(6) "Patient" means a patient or resident living in an institution as defined in this Section.
18	(7) "Person" shall mean an individual, firm, association, organization, partnership, business trust,
19	corporation, or company.
20	(8) "Personal Hygiene" means maintenance of personal health, including grooming, brushing teeth,
21	showering, applying makeup, or washing/drying face, hands, and body.
22	(9) "Potentially hazardous food" means any food or ingredient, natural or synthetic, in a form capable
23	of supporting the growth of infectious or toxigenic microorganisms, including Clostridium
24	botulinum. This term includes raw or heat treated foods of animal origin, raw seed sprouts, and
25	treated foods of plant origin. The term does not include foods that have a pH level of 4.6 or below
26	or a water activity (Aw) value of 0.85 or less.
27	(10)[(25)](26) "Sanitize" means as defined a bactericidal treatment that meets the temperature and chemical
28	concentration levels in Part 4-7 of the Food Code incorporated by reference at 15A NCAC 18A
29	.2650 as amended by 15A NCAC 18A .2654. [-2619. [-2600]
30	(11) "Soiled utility room" means a room or area with fixtures used for cleaning and disinfecting soiled
31	patient care items.
32	[(26)](27) "Solid waste" means as defined at G.S. 130A-290(35).
33	"Time/Temperature Control for Safety Food" or "TCS Food" means as defined in Part 1-2 of
34	the Food Code incorporated by reference at 15A NCAC 18A .2650 as amended by 15A NCAC 18A
35	<u>.2651. [-2600.]</u>
36	[(28)](29) "Yard trash" means as defined at G.S. 130A-290(45).
37	

1	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
2		Eff. February 1, 1976;
3		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
4		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); August 1, 1998; February 1, 1997; September 1
5		1990; March 1, 1988;
6		Temporary Amendment Eff. June 1, 2003;
7		Amended Eff. February 1, 2004. 2004;
8		Readonted Eff. October 1, 2022.

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1	15A NCAC 18A	A .1302 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 18.	A .1302 APPROVAL OF PLANS
4	In addition to a	ny other licensure requirements, <u>Construction <mark>documents, as defined in 10A NCAC 13B .3001, plane</mark></u>
5	for an institution	n shall be submitted by the licensee to the local health department for the county in which the institution
6	is located, servi	ing as the regulatory authority, for review and approval before beginning construction. Construction
7	documents [plai	es] shall <u>be approved by the regulatory authority when the plans</u> comply with the Rules of this Section
8		
9	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
10		Eff. February 1, 1976;
11		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
12		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); April 1, 1997; September 1, 1990; June 30
13		1980.<u>1</u>980;
14		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

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15A NCAC 18A .1304 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:

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15A NCAC 18A .1304 INSPECTIONS

- 4 (a) Institutions shall be graded inspected once each in a six months month period by the local health department for
- 5 the county in which the institution is located, serving as the regulatory authority, and food services at Dietary kitchens
- 6 within institutions that prepare and serve meals to 13 or more patients or residents shall be inspected at least once each
- 7 quarter. in accordance with G.S. 130A-235(a1) or 10A NCAC 46 .0213, as applicable.
- 8 (b) The grading inspection of institutions shall be done documented on inspection forms furnished by the Department
- 9 to local health departments. The form shall <u>contain include</u> the following information:
- 10 (1) the name and address of the facility; institution;
 - (2) the name of the person in charge of the facility; licensee;
 - (3) the standards of [a description of the institution's] construction and operation [standards] as listed

 [described]-in-[Rules]-.1309-..1324 of this Section;
- 14 [(4)] (3) an explanation for all points deducted during the inspection and scoring;
- 15 (4)[(5)] the institution's [operating status and] the score; score calculated in accordance with Rule .1308 of this Section; and
 - (5)[(6)] the signature of the Registered Environmental Health Specialist who conducted the inspection; authorized agent of the Department. and
 - [(7)](6) the date on which the inspection was conducted.
- (c) Whether or not a permit is required under G.S. 130A 248, inspections of food preparation and central dining areas 20 21 in institutions serving meals to 13 or more patients or residents The inspection of dietary kitchens, [kitchens and] 22 ancillary kitchens, [kitchens] and [associated dining] areas for dining associated with the dietary kitchen or ancillary 23 kitchen shall be documented separately using the inspection forms and grading system used for grading restaurants as 24 specified in current "Rules Governing the Sanitation of Restaurants and Other Foodhandling Establishments" 15A NCAC 18A .2661 and .2662. .2600. When grading the food preparation and central dining areas of institutional food 25 services that are not required to obtain a permit under G.S. 130A 248, the provisions of Rule .1323(d) of this Section 26 shall supercede the provisions of Rule 15A NCAC 18A .2610(e) regarding animals in dining areas. Except as required 27 28 by G.S. 130A 247 through 250, food services at institutions shall not be required to obtain foodhandling establishment permits. Facilities that the "Rules Governing the Sanitation of Restaurants and Other Foodhandling Establishments" 29 30 are made effective by the rules of this Section that were Dictary [kitchens] kitchens, ancillary kitchens, and [associated] dining areas for dining associated with the dietary kitchen or ancillary kitchen in operation before March 1, 2003 may 31 32 shall be allowed to continue to use equipment and construction in use on that date if no imminent hazard as defined at 33 G.S. 130A-2(3) exists. Points shall not be deducted from the food service sanitation score for existing equipment that

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History Note: Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;

is kept clean and performs the task for which it is used. Replacement When such equipment is replaced, the

replacement equipment for these facilities shall comply with 15A NCAC 18A .2600 .2654.

1	Eff. February 1, 1976;
2	Readopted Eff. December 1, 1977;
3	Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990; June 30, 1980;
4	Temporary Amendment Eff. June 1, 2003;
5	Amended Eff. February 1, 2004. 2004;
6	Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1	15A NCAC 18A	A .1305 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 18	A .1305 GRADING RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITIES IN INSTITUTIONS
4	H When an inst	itution <u>is located in the same building or on [the same property] contiguous parcels of land</u> as includes
5	one or more resi	dential care facilities each providing that provide room or board for 12 persons or fewer, the residential
6	care facilities sh	nall be inspected and graded separately from the institution and in accordance with rules in 15A NCAC
7	18A <u>.1600.</u> .160	00 shall apply and grading of the residential care facilities shall be in accordance with the residential
8	care and these I	Rules do not apply.
9		
10	History Note:	Authority G.S <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
11		Eff. February 1, 1976;
12		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
13		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990. 1990;
14		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1 15A NCAC 18A .1306 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1306 PUBLIC DISPLAY OF GRADE CARD 4 (a) Whenever When an inspection of an institution is made, inspected, the regulatory authority Environmental Health 5 Specialist shall designate the location where the remove the existing grade card shall be posted, eard, issue a new 6 grade card, and post the new The grade card shall be located where it may be readily observed by the public upon 7 entering the facility, the public has an unobstructed view of the grade card upon entering the institution. The 8 administrator shall be responsible for keeping the grade card posted at the location designated by the Environmental 9 Health Specialist at all times. If the administrator objects to the location designated by the Environmental Health 10 Specialist, then the administrator may suggest an alternative location which meets the criteria of this Rule. The posted 11 grade card shall be black text on a white background. The section of text on the grade card that lists the numeric score 12 and the alphabetic grade shall be 1.5 [includes]inches in height. 13 (b) Private institutions are inspected and graded by Environmental Health Specialists employed by the local health 14 departments, under the direction of the local health directors. When [and] an [inspection of an] institution is inspected, 15 [conducted,] the regulatory authority shall remove any existing grade card, issue a new grade card, and post the new grade card in accordance with Paragraph (a) of this Rule. The administrator shall keep the grade card posted at the 16 17 designated location at all times. 18 19 Authority G.S. <u>130A-4</u>; <u>130A-29</u>; 130A-235; History Note: 20 Eff. February 1, 1976; 21 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 22 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); July 1, 1986.1986; 23 Readopted October 1, 2022.

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1 15A NCAC 18A .1307 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1307 REINSPECTIONS 4 The administrator may request a reinspection for the purpose of raising the alphabetical grade. If the administrator 5 requests a reinspection for the purpose of raising the alphabetical grade, Upon [the] receipt of a request from [of] the 6 management [administrator,] the regulatory authority shall conduct for a reinspection for the purpose of raising the 7 alphabetical grade in accordance with the Rules of this Section, of the institution, the Environmental Health Specialist 8 The administrator shall submit the request for reinspection to the local health department, serving as the regulatory 9 authority, for the county in which the institution is located. The regulatory authority shall make an unannounced 10 inspection after the lapse of a reasonable period of time, not to exceed within 30 days. calendar days from the date on 11 which the request for reinspection is made. The alphabetical grade that is assessed based on the reinspection shall replace the institution's most recently assessed alphabetical grade. Following a reinspection, a new grade card shall 12 13 be issued and posted in accordance with Rule .1306 of this Section. 14 15 Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235; History Note: 16 Eff. February 1, 1976; 17 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 18 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); 19 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

I	15A NCAC 18A .13	08 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 18A .13	608 APPROVED INSTITUTIONS AND SCORING SYSTEM
4	(a) The sanitation gr	rading of all institutions shall be based on a sanitation system of scoring as follows:
5	<u>(1) wł</u>	nerein all institutions receiving a score of at least 90 percent or greater shall be awarded Grade A;
6	<u>(2)</u> all	institutions receiving a score of at least 80 percent and less than 90 percent shall be awarded
7	Gr	rade B;
8	<u>(3)</u> all	institutions receiving a score of at least 70 percent and less than 80 percent shall be awarded
9	Gr	rade C; and
10	<u>(4)</u> all	institutions receiving a score of less than 70 percent do not meet the minimum sanitation
11	sta	andards. standards and shall not receive a grade.
12	(b) If an institution of	or an institutional food service [an] institution's dietary kitchen fails to <u>earn</u> maintain a sanitation
13	score of at least 70 pe	ercent, or if the Environmental Health Specialist determines that conditions found at the institution
14	at the time of any ins	pection are dangerous to the health of residents or the public, the Environmental Health Specialist
15	the regulatory author	rity shall notify the licensing agency within 24 hours. hours of completing the inspection and shall
16	provide a A copy of	the inspection report documenting the dangerous conditions shall be sent to the licensing agency
17	within two working	business days following of the date of the inspection.
18	(b)(c) Sanitation sco	res for institutions shall be determined by an Environmental Health Specialist authorized by the
19	Department by comp	pleting an inspection report Form DENR 1213. The sanitation score is a percentage compliance
20	determined by deduc	cting points from 100 percent for each item found not to be in compliance with the Rules of this
21	Section. <u>Deductions</u>	for sanitation scores shall be based on [actual] violations of the Rules of this Section that are
22	observed during the	inspection. The regulatory authority authorized Environmental Health Specialist shall deduct
23	take zero, one-half,	or a full or half credit deduction for non-compliant items based on the severity or the recurring
24	nature severity, per-	vasiveness and persistence of the rule violation. The percentage point value of each item is
25	determined as follow	vs:
26	(1) Vi	olation of Rule .1309 of this Section regarding eleanability the cleanliness and repair of floors
27	an	d <u>carpet</u> provision of floor drains shall be assessed a value of <u>equal no more than</u> two points.
28	(2) Vi	olation of Rule .1309 of this Section regarding cleaning and maintenance of floors and carpet
29	sh	all be assessed a value of two points.
30	(3) (2) Vi	olation of Rule .1310 .1310(a) of this Section regarding eleanability and repair of walls and
31	ce	ilings shall be assessed equal a value of no more than two points.
32	(3) Vi	olation of Rule .1310(b) of this Section regarding ceiling attachments shall equal no more than
33	<u>on</u>	e point.
34	(4) Vi	olation of Rule .1311(a) of this Section regarding lighting levels shall be assessed equal a value
35	of	no more than two points. one point.

1	(5)	Violation of Rule .1311(b) or (c) of this Section regarding ambient air temperatures and cleaning
2		<u>cleanliness</u> of ventilation equipment shall be assessed <u>equal</u> a value of <u>no more than</u> two points. <u>one</u>
3		point.
4	(6)	Violation of Rule .1311(c) of this Section regarding ambient air temperatures shall equal no more
5		than two points.
6	(6)	Violation of Rule .1311(d) of this Section regarding moisture control shall be assessed a value of
7		three points.
8	(7)	Violation of Rule .1311(e) of this Section regarding control of indoor smoke exposure shall be
9		assessed a value of two points.
10	(8) (7)	Violation of [Rules] -1312(a), (b), or (f) Rule .1312(a) of this Section regarding location, cleaning
11		$\underline{\text{and repair of toilet}}, \underline{\text{handwashing.}} \underline{\text{handwashing.}} \underline{\text{and bathing facilities shall } \underline{\text{be assessed } \underline{\text{equal a value}}} \\$
12		of no more than two points.
13	(9) (8)	Violation of Rule .1312(b) of this Section regarding toilet rooms storage and signage shall be
14		assessed equal a value of no more than one point.
15	(10) (9)	Violation of Rule .1312(c) of this Section regarding bedpans, urinals, bedside commodes
16		commodes, and emesis basins shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point.
17	(11)	Violation of Rule .1312(c) or (d) of this Section regarding provision, accessibility and use of hand
18		sinks shall be assessed a value of two points.
19	(12) (10)	Violation of Rule .1312(d) of this Section regarding equipment for handwashing facilities shall be
20		assessed equal a value of no more than three points.
21	(13) (11)	Violation of Rule .1312(e) of this Section regarding disinfectants hot water temperature at lavatory
22		and bathing facilities shall be assessed equal a value of no more than two points.
23	(14) (12)	Violation of Rule .1312(f) of this Section regarding bathing facilities accessibility and mixing of
24		eleaning and disinfectant agents shall be assessed equal a value of no more than three two points.
25	(15) (13)	Violation of Rule .1313(a) or (d) of this Section regarding water supply and cross connections shall
26		be assessed <u>equal</u> a value <u>no more than</u> of four points.
27	(14)	Violation of Rule .1313(b) of this Section regarding water sampling shall equal no more than two
28		points.
29	(15)	Violation of Rule .1313(c) of this Section regarding cross-connections shall equal no more than two
30		points.
31	(16)	Violation of Rule <u>.1313(d)</u> . 1313 (e) or (f) of this Section regarding quantity of hot <u>and cold</u> water
32		and backup water supply plans shall be assessed equal a value of no more than three two points.
33	(17)	Violation of Rule .1313(e) of this Section regarding back up water supply plans shall equal no more
34		than one point.
35	(17) (18)	Violation of Rule .1314(a) of this Section regarding <u>cleaning and maintenance</u> <u>cleaning</u> , repair and
36		flow regulation of drinking fountains shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point. two
37		points.

1	(18) (19)	Violation of Rule .1314(a) .1314(b) of this Section regarding drinking utensils used for service of
2		water and ice shall be assessed equal a value of no more than two points.
3	(19) (20)	Violation of Rule .1314(b) .1314(c) of this Section regarding protection of ice and cleaning and
4		repair of ice making and handling equipment and utensils shall be assessed equal a value of no more
5		than two points.
6	(20) (21)	Violation of Rule <u>.1315</u> <u>.1315(a)</u> of this Section regarding wastewater <u>sewage</u> disposal shall be
7		assessed equal a value of no more than four points.
8	(22)	Violation of Rule [.1315(a)] .1315(b) of this Section regarding disposal of mop water shall equal no
9		more than three points.
10	(21) (23)	Violation of Rule .1316(a) .1316(a), (b) or (c) of this Section regarding solid waste storage and
11		container cleaning facilities shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point. four points.
12	(22) (24)	Violation of Rule .1316(d) .1316(b) of this Section regarding refuse, recyclables, and returnables
13		solid waste disposal and control of insect breeding or nuisance shall be assessed equal a value of no
14		more than one point. two points.
15	(23) (25)	Violation of Rule .1316(e) .1316(c) of this Section regarding containers and container washing
16		<u>facilities</u> handling and disposal of medical wastes shall be assessed <u>equal</u> a value of <u>no more than</u>
17		one point. two points.
18	(24) (26)	Violation of Rule .1316(d) of this Section regarding cleaning and maintenance of the premises shall
19		equal no more than two points.
20	(27)	Violation of Rule .1316(e) of this Section regarding handling and disposal of medical waste shall
21		equal no more than two points.
22	<u>(28)</u>	_ Violation of Rule .1317(a) of this Section regarding pest control exclusion of vermin shall be
23		assessed equal a value of no more than one point. three points.
24	(25) (29)	Violation of Rule .1317(b) of this Section regarding storage and handling of pesticides shall be
25		assessed equal a value of no more than two points.
26	(26)	Violation of Rule .1317(c) of this Section regarding cleaning and maintenance of premises shall be
27		assessed a value of two points.
28	(27)	Violation of Rule .1317(e) or (f) of this Section regarding pet maintenance shall be assessed a value
29		of two points.
30	(28)	Violation of Rule .1318(a) of this Section regarding storage areas shall be assessed a value of one
31		point.
32	(29)	Violation of Rule .1318(b) of this Section regarding mop sinks shall be assessed a value of one
33		point.
34	(30)	Violation of Rule .1318(a) .1318(e) of this Section regarding medication carts shall be assessed
35		equal a value of no more than two points.

1	(31)	Violation of Rule .1318(b) .1318(d) of this Section regarding feeding bags, tubes, syringes, and oral
2		suction catheters [eatheters,] and tube feeding bags shall be assessed equal a value of no more than
3		two points.
4	(32)	Violation of Rule .1319(a) of this Section regarding <u>furnishings</u> eleaning and repair of furniture and
5		use of mattress covers shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point. two points.
6	(33)	Violation of Rule .1319(b) of this Section regarding <u>linens and</u> linen <u>storage</u> changes and handling
7		of soiled laundry shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point. two points.
8	(34)	Violation of Rule .1319(c) .1319 of this Section regarding laundry areas and equipment, cleaning
9		and sanitizing of laundry, and storage and handling of clean laundry shall be assessed equal a value
10		of no more than three two points.
11	(35)	Violation of Rule .1319(d) .1319(c) of this Section regarding laundry repair, storage, cleaning and
12		disinfection of patient contact items shall be assessed equal a value of no more than no more than
13		one point.
14	(36)	Violation of Rule .1319(e) .1320 of this Section regarding laundry areas approval, cleaning and
15		sanitizing food contact items shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point. two points.
16	(37)	Violation of Rule .1319(f) of this Section regarding mobility equipment shall equal no more than
17		one point.
18	(37) (38)	Violation of Rule .1320(a) .1320 of this Section regarding food service equipment approved uses of
19		activity kitchens shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point.
20	(39)	Violation of Rule .1320(b) of this Section regarding cleaning and sanitization of utensils shall equal
21		no more than three points.
22	(38) (40)	Violation of Rule .1320(c) .1320(b) of this Section regarding handwashing lavatories facilities in
23		foodhandling areas shall be assessed equal a value of no more than two points.
24	<u>(41)</u>	Violation of Rule .1320(d) of this Section regarding cooking and baking equipment surfaces shall
25		equal no more than one point.
26	(39) (42)	Violation of this Section regarding food sources and supplies shall be assessed
27		equal a value of no more than three four points.
28	(40) (43)	Violation of Rule .1321(b) of this Section regarding storage, labeling, and condition disposition of
29		food brought by employees or visitors shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point.
30	(41)	Violation of Rule .1322 of this Section regarding milk and milk products shall be assessed a value
31		of two points.
32	(42) (44)	Violation of Rule .1323(a) of this Section regarding food <u>protection</u> protection , temperature control
33		and time in lieu of temperature shall be assessed equal a value of no more than four points.
34	(43) (45)	Violation of Rule .1323(b) of this Section regarding hot and cold food storage holding equipment
35		and display units and thermometers shall be assessed equal a value of no more than one point.
36	(44) <u>(46)</u>	Violation of Rule .1323(c) of this Section regarding food storage shall be assessed equal a value of
37		no more than one point.
33343536	(43)(45) (44)(46)	and time in lieu of temperature shall be assessed equal a value of no more than a Violation of Rule .1323(b) of this Section regarding hot and cold food storage and display units and thermometers shall be assessed equal a value of no more to Violation of Rule .1323(c) of this Section regarding food storage shall be assessed.

1	(45)(47)	Violation of Rule .1323(d) of this Section regarding control of live animals in food service areas
2		shall be assessed equal a value of no more than two points.
3	(46) (48)	Violation of Rule .1324(a) of this Section regarding employee clothing and tobacco use while
4		handling food shall be assessed equal a value of no more than two points. one point.
5	(47) (49)	Violation of Rule .1324(a)(1)-(5) .1324(a) or (b) of this Section regarding employee hand washing
6		handwashing and hand antisepsis shall be assessed equal a value of no more than three points.
7	(50)	Violation of Rule .1324(b) of this Section regarding employee handwashing shall equal no more
8		than three points.
9	(48) (51)	Violation of Rule .1324(c) of this Section regarding exclusion of persons with certain diseases and
10		conditions infections from food service work shall be assessed equal a value of no more than four
11		two points.
12	(52)	Violation of Rule .1324(d) of this Section regarding cleaning supplies and written procedures for
13		responding to vomiting or diarrheal events shall equal no more than two points.
14		
15	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
16		Eff. February 1, 1976;
17		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
18		Amended Eff. February 1, 2004; August 1, 2002. 2002;
19		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1	15A NCAC 18A	A .1309 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 18	A .1309 FLOORS
4	(a) All Except a	s permitted by Paragraph (b) of this Rule, the [The] floors in intensive care units, bathrooms, showers,
5	hydrotherapy ar	eas, operating rooms, soiled utility rooms and laundry areas an institution shall be made of smooth,
6	non-absorbent r	naterials and so constructed as to be easy to clean. shall be kept clean and in good repair.
7	(b) Floors shall	be free of obstacles to cleaning, and shall be kept clean and in good repair. Notwithstanding the
8	foregoing in Pa	ragraph (a) of this Rule, carpet is permitted if it is Carpeting [carpet is installed in an institution then
9	the carpet] shall	-be maintained kept clean, odor free, dry and in good repair.
10	(b) In all room	s in which floors are subjected to flooding type cleaning, floors shall be of nonabsorbent materials,
11	shall be sloped	to drain and be provided with floor drains.
12		
13	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
14		Eff. February 1, 1976;
15		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
16		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990. 1990;
17		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1	15A NCAC 18A	.1310 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 18A	A .1310 WALLS AND CEILINGS
4	(a) The interior	walls of the institution, including doors, windows and window trim, and ceilings of all rooms and
5	areas shall be ke	ept clean and in good repair. All walls shall be easily cleanable and shall have washable surfaces to
6	the highest level	reached by splash or spray in rooms or areas where such occur.
7	(b) [Ceiling att	achments, including light fixtures and fans,] Light fixtures, fans, conduits, and heating, ventilation,
8	and air condition	ning vents shall be kept clean and in good repair.
9		
10	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
11		Eff. February 1, 1976;
12		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
13		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160). 2002-160;
14		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1 15A NCAC 18A .1311 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1311 **LIGHTING, LIGHTING AND VENTILATION AND MOISTURE CONTROL** 4 (a) All The areas interior to an institution's building or buildings shall be provided equipped with sufficient illumination to effectively perform all operations, including cleaning, and shall have at least 10 foot candles of light 5 6 at 30 inches above the floor. floor in all areas other than food service areas. Food service areas shall be lighted as required for restaurants in "Rules Governing The Sanitation of Restaurants and other Foodhandling Establishments" 7 8 15A NCAC 18A .2600. 9 (b) Ventilation equipment shall be kept clean and in good repair. 10 (c) Ambient indoor air temperatures shall be maintained in the range of 65° F [65 degrees Fahrenheit to] at or below 11 85° F. 85 degrees Fahrenheit. (d) Moisture shall be controlled such that there is no evidence of microbial growth on interior surfaces and objects. 12 13 (e) Indoor smoking, including the carrying of any lit cigarette, pipe, cigar, or other similar product containing tobacco 14 or other substances shall be restricted to dedicated smoking rooms. Smoking rooms shall be ventilated to prevent 15 environmental tobacco smoke from moving into other occupied portions of the building. There shall be no obligation 16 to establish such smoking rooms. 17 18 Authority G.S. 130A-4; 130A-29; 130A-235; History Note: 19 Eff. February 1, 1976; 20 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 21 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990; July 1, 1986; October 1, 22 1985.1985; 23 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

15A NCAC 18A .1312 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:

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15A NCAC 18A .1312 TOILET: HANDWASHING: LAUNDRY: AND BATHING FACILITIES

- 4 (a) All institutions shall provide be provided with toilet, handwashing, and bathing facilities that are conveniently
- 5 located and readily accessible to available for use by residents and staff. These facilities, and laundry facilities when
- 6 provided, shall be kept clean and in good repair.
- 7 (b) Toilet facilities shall comply with the requirements of the state agency licensing the facility. Toilet rooms
- 8 Bathrooms shall not be used for storage of items not currently in use, storage. Fixtures and furnishings shall be kept
- 9 clean and in good repair. Durable, legible signs A sign shall be posted or stenciled conspicuously in each toilet room
- for food service institution employees directing them to wash their hands after each visit to the toilet room and before
- 11 returning to work.
- 12 (c) Institutions where bedpans, <u>bedside commodes</u>, <u>urinals</u>, <u>urinals</u> or emesis basins are used shall provide facilities
- for emptying, cleaning, and disinfecting bedpans, [beside] bedside commodes, urinals, urinals and emesis basins.
- 14 Bedpans, bedside commodes, urinals, shared diaper changing surfaces, urinals and emesis basins that have been used
- by a resident shall be eleaned after each use kept clean and shall be disinfected before use by other patients. residents.
- Where bedpans are cleaned in patient rooms, bedpan cleaning facilities shall consist of a water closet with bedpan
- 17 lugs or spray arms. Where facilities for cleaning bedpans are not provided in patient rooms, bedpans shall be taken to
- 18 a soiled utility room and be cleaned and disinfected using an EPA registered hospital disinfectant after each use.
- Where When disposable bedpans, emesis basins, and urinals bedpans are reused, they shall be labeled with the [date
- 20 of first use and so that they are associated with an individual resident. Disposable bedpans, emesis basins, and urinals
- 21 patient's name and date and shall not be used by more than one resident. Patient. Bedside commodes shall be cleaned
- 22 after each use and shall be cleaned and disinfected before use by successive patients. Hand sinks shall not be used for
- 23 cleaning bedpans or bedside commodes.
- 24 (d) Handwashing facilities shall be <u>located in an institution in accordance with 10A NCAC 13B .5411, 10A NCAC</u>
- 25 13D .3201, 10A NCAC 13F .0305, .1304, and 10A NCAC 13K .1109, .1204, [10A NCAC 13B, 10A NCAC 13D,
- 26 10A NCAC 13F, and 10A NCAC 13K, as applicable. Institutions that do not have a handwashing facility located in
- 27 all areas required by this Paragraph shall not be required to install handwashing facilities if the institution has an
- 28 approved hand hygiene program. accessible to all areas where personnel may be exposed to bodily excretions or
- 29 secretions and in sterile supply processing areas, medication rooms, laundry areas, and soiled utility rooms. Any area
- 30 where personnel may be exposed to bodily excretions or secretions shall have handwashing facilities located in the
- 31 same room or have a doorway connecting to an adjacent room or corridor containing handwashing facilities. All
- 32 lavatories Hand washing facilities shall be supplied equipped with hot and cold running water through a and a
- 33 tempering mixing device. faucet, or with tempered warm water, soap, and sanitary towels or hand drying devices.
- Facilities in operation prior to March 1, 2003 that do not have handwashing lavatories in all areas required shall not
- be required to install additional lavatories if an approved hand hygiene program is used. Hand hygiene programs shall
- 36 be approved by the Environmental Health Specialist case by case based on type and frequency of activities involving
- 37 contamination with bodily excretions or secretions, use of gloves to reduce contamination, availability of pre-

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moistened detergent wipes for hand cleaning, use of alcohol rubs or other skin antiseptics, and availability of
handwashing facilities on the same wing or floor of the building. Handwashing facilities shall be supplied with soap
and [sanitary] disposable towels or hand-drying devices, provided in kitchens and any other food preparation areas in
addition to any lavatories provided at employees' toilet rooms. Sinks used for washing utensils and equipment shall
not be accepted as a substitute for required handwashing facilities. Handwash lavatories Handwashing facilities shall
be used only for handwashing. Lavatories provided for use of patients or residents shall be used only for handwashing,
personal hygiene, rinsing feeding tubes and obtaining water. Lavatories used for handwashing or personal hygiene
and shall not be used for disposal of body bodily fluids or washing items that are not clean. cleaning soiled linens.
Lavatories in medication rooms used primarily for handwashing can be used for other purposes, such as disposal of
medications, which do not interfere with effective handwashing. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence,
handwashing facilities provided for use in a resident's room may be used for personal hygiene, rinsing feeding tubes,
obtaining drinking water, and disposal of medications in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions or non-TCS
liquids as long as the handwashing facility is kept clean and is disinfected daily. Employees shall be permitted to use
handwashing facilities [in medication storage rooms] to dispose of medications in accordance with the manufacturer's
instructions.
(c) Water heating facilities shall provide hot water within the temperature range of 100 degrees F to 116 degrees F at
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(e) Water heating facilities shall provide hot water within the temperature range of 100 degrees F to 116 degrees F at all lavatories and bathing facilities. EPA registered disinfectants shall be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. When EPA registered disinfectants are mixed and prepared by institution employees, a measuring device, chemical testing device, or the methods and devices [proscribed] prescribed by the chemical manufacturer shall be used to prepare the concentration of chemicals in accordance with the disinfectant's label and the manufacturer's instructions.

(f) Bathing facilities as required by the licensing agency shall be provided, maintained and kept clean. Bathing facilities shall be supplied equipped with hot and cold running water and a mixing device, or a tempering device. Shared bathing Bathing equipment that has contact with a resident's patient's skin and is used by more than one resident shall be kept clean cleaned with detergent and shall be disinfected an EPA registered hospital disinfectant between patient resident uses. Equipment located within a bathing facility that uses a pump to move water shall be kept clean in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Manufacturer's instructions shall be followed for cleaning equipment with pumps. A supply of cleaning and disinfectant agents shall be accessible to bathing areas. Where disinfectants are mixed on site, the concentration of the mix shall be assured by use of a metering pump, measuring device or chemical test kit.

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    32 History Note: Authority G.S. 130A-4; 130A-29; 130A-235;
    33 Eff. February 1, 1976;
    34 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
    35 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990;
    36 Temporary Amendment Eff. June 1, 2003;
    37 Amended Eff. February 1, 2004-2004;
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1 15A NCAC 18A .1313 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:

2 3

15A NCAC 18A .1313 WATER SUPPLY

- 4 (a) Water supplies at institutions shall meet the requirements in 15A NCAC 18C or 15A NCAC 18A ... 1700, as
- 5 applicable.
- 6 (b) Non-community public water supplies shall be listed with the Public Water Supply Section, Division of
- 7 Environmental Health.
- 8 (e)(b) In institutions that use a non-community water supply, a sample of water shall be collected by the Department
- 9 at least once a year and submitted to the Division of North Carolina State Laboratory of Public Health Services or
- 10 other laboratory certified by the North Carolina State Laboratory of Public Health under 10A NCAC 41C .0102
- 11 Department to perform bacteriological examinations.
- 12 (d)(c) An institution's water supply plumbing shall not include Cross connections cross-connections as set out in 15A
- 13 NCAC 18C .0102(c)(8), with sewage lines, non-potable water supplies, or other potential sources of contamination
- 14 are prohibited.
- (e)(d) Hot water Water Institutions shall provide water heating facilities, facilities shall be provided. Hot and cold 15
- running water under pressure shall be provided to food preparation areas, and to any other areas where water is required 16
- 17 in sufficient quantities to carry out all operations. <u>Hot water shall be provided at temperatures between 105 degrees</u>
- 18 Fahrenheit and 116 degrees Fahrenheit at handwashing and bathing facilities.
- 19 (f)(e) The local health department administrator shall be immediately notified notify the licensing agency and the
- 20 local health department that serves the county in which the institution is located if the institution's primary water
- 21 supply is interrupted for more than four consecutive hours. Each The institution shall have a written plan to obtain a
- 22 backup water supply in the event that the <u>institution's primary</u> water supply is lost interrupted for more than four
- 23 consecutive hours. The written plan shall identify a backup water supply or alternate source of water plan shall that
- provides provide for two liters of potable water per day per resident and institution employee person for drinking. 24
- drinking and potable water for The backup water supply plan shall include a plan for either relocating residents or 25
- 26 providing an alternative source of water for essential functions such as food preparation, hand washing, bathing,
- 27 cleaning, dishwashing, laundry, and disposal of bodily waste. This may include a plan for relocating residents
- 28 to a facility with a water supply that satisfies Paragraph (a) of this Rule. The amount of water provided for uses other
- than drinking may be reduced if the plan includes alternatives for water use for services such as laundry and
- 30 dishwashing. If an institution's primary water supply or back up water supply becomes [non-potable] unsafe for
- 31 human consumption then the water sources within the institution, such as sink faucets, assessment determines that tap
- 32 water is not to be used for drinking, sources shall be prominently labeled or hooded to restrict prevent their use and
- 33 the administrator shall provide potable water for use by the institution's residents and employees, shall be provided.

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- Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235; 35 History Note:
- 36 Eff. February 1, 1976;
- Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 37

1	Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990; July 1, 1986
2	Temporary Amendment Eff. June 1, 2003;
3	Amended Eff. February 1, 2004. 2004;
4	Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1 15A NCAC 18A .1314 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1314 DRINKING WATER FACILITIES: ICE HANDLING 4 (a) Drinking fountains shall be of sanitary angle jet design, kept clean clean, and in good repair, properly regulated. 5 All multi-use utensils used for service of water in patients' rooms, including glasses, pitchers, and drinking tubes, shall 6 be cleaned and sanitized before being used by any other individuals. Disposable water pitchers shall be marked with 7 the patient's name, used only by that patient and shall be disposed of and replaced when visibly soiled. 8 (b) Multi-use utensils for service of water and ice shall be kept clean and in good repair and shall be sanitized before 9 being provided to a resident for use. Disposable, single service utensils shall be used by only one person. 10 (c) Ice shall be handled, transported, stored, and dispensed in such a manner as to be protected against contamination. 11 physical, chemical, and biological contamination and shall be kept clean. Ice machines, buckets, other containers, and scoops shall be eleaned on a regular schedule such that they are kept clean and free of seum, rust, mold or other 12 contamination. Ice machines, buckets, other containers and scoops shall be maintained in good repair. repair and 13 14 shall be protected from the elements, splash, drip, dust, vermin, other contamination, and from use by unauthorized 15 personnel. Ice machines and storage chests which are accessible to patients residents, guests, or the public shall provide ice through automatic ice dispensing equipment which prevents the contamination of stored ice. and shall not 16 17 permit ice to be accessed using a scoop or bucket. 18 19 History Note: Authority G.S. <u>130A-4</u>; <u>130A-29</u>; 130A-235; 20 Eff. February 1, 1976; 21 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 22 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990.1990; 23 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1	15A NCAC 18A	A .1315 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 18	A .1315 LIQUID WASTES
4	(a) All wastewa	ater sewage originating from the institution shall be disposed of in accordance using a publicly operated
5	sewage treatme	nt plant or an individual sewage disposal system that meets the requirements of Section .1900 of this
6	Subchapter. wit	th 15A NCAC 18A .1900 or 15A NCAC 02H .0200.
7	(b) Mop basins	or mop sinks shall only be used to wash mops and dispose of the water used for mopping.
8		
9	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
10		Eff. February 1, 1976;
11		Amended Eff. July 1, 1977;
12		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
13		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990. 1990;
14		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

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1 15A NCAC 18A .1316 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1316 SOLID WASTES WASTES: [PREMSISES:]PREMISES MEDICAL WASTES 4 (a) All solid wastes containing food scraps or other decomposable putrescible materials shall, prior to disposal, shall 5 be kept in leak-proof, non-absorbent containers, such as standard garbage cans, containers which shall be kept covered 6 with tight-fitting lids when filled or stored, or when not in use. continual use; provided that such containers need not 7 be covered when stored in a special vermin proofed room, such as a refrigerated garbage room, or enclosure. 8 (b) All dry rubbish (including scrap paper, cardboard boxes, packing crates, etc.) Refuse, recyclables, and returnables 9 shall be stored in containers, rooms, or areas designated areas. for the storage of refuse, recyclables, and returnables. 10 (c) The rooms, enclosures, designated rooms areas, and containers described in Paragraph (b) of this Rule shall be 11 adequate for the storage of all solid wastes accumulating on the premises. have the capacity to store the institution's 12 refuse, recyclables, and returnables and shall be kept clean. Cleaning facilities for waste containers used to store food 13 scraps, putrescible materials, refuse, recyclables, and returnables shall be provided. Containers, rooms, or designated 14 areas shall be kept clean. 15 (d) All solid wastes shall be disposed of with sufficient frequency and in such a manner as to prevent insect breeding or public health nuisances. An institution's exterior premises, including parking lots, lawns, and walkways, and 16 17 interior premises within the institution's building or buildings, shall be kept free of garbage, solid waste, yard trash, and [conditions that attract or harbor pests.] pest harborages. 18 19 (e) Medical wastes shall be handled and disposed of as required in North Carolina "Solid Waste Management Rules" 20 15A NCAC 13B .1200. .1200 Medical Waste Management. 21 22 Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235; History Note: 23 Eff. February 1, 1976; 24 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 25 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990-1990; 26 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1	15A NCAC 18A	.1317 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 18A	.1317 VERMIN PEST CONTROL: PREMISES: ANIMAL MAINTENANCE
4		<u>PESTICIDES</u>
5	(a) Effective me	asures shall be taken to keep flies, rodents, cockroaches, and other vermin out of the establishment
6	and to prevent th	eir breeding or presence on the premises. All openings Pests shall not be present in an institution's
7	building or build	ings. Openings to the outside of an institution's building or buildings the outer air shall be protected
8	against the entra	nce of flies and other flying insects by equipped with self-closing doors, doors that are flush with the
9	door frame when	closed, closed windows, 16 mesh or finer screening, window screening on windows that can be
10	opened, or contr	olled air currents, or other effective means. <u>currents to prevent pests from entering the building or</u>
11	buildings.	
12	(b) Only those	pesticides that are registered in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 152 and G.S. 143-442 shall be used to
13	control pests. wh	ich have been approved for a specific use and registered with the Environmental Protection Agency
14	and with the Nor	th Carolina Department of Agriculture in accordance with the "Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and
15	Rodenticide Act'	and the "North Carolina Pesticide Law". Such pesticides Pesticides shall be used used, handled, and
16	stored as directed	on in accordance with the instructions on the manufacturer's label. label and shall be so handled and
17	stored as to avoid	I health hazards.
18	(c) The premise	s under control of the management shall be kept neat, clean, and free of litter. There shall be no fly
19	or mosquito bree	ding places, rodent harborages, or undrained areas on the premises.
20	(d) Cleaning sha	Il minimize accumulation of feces and other allergens generated by insects and other vermin.
21	(e) Animal pens	, litter boxes, bird cages and other areas on the premises shall be cleaned to minimize accumulation
22	of animal wastes	pet dander and allergens.
23	(f) Copies of vet	erinary records for all resident pets shall be kept on the premises.
24		
25	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
26		Eff. February 1, 1976;
27		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
28		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990. 1990;
29		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

1 15A NCAC 18A .1318 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1318 MEDICAL SUPPLIES MISCELLANEOUS 4 (a) Suitable rooms or spaces shall be provided for the storage of all necessary equipment, furniture and supplies, and 5 kept clean. All patient care or consumable items shall be stored at least eight inches above the floor to prevent water 6 contamination from cleaning floors and shall not be stored below exposed sewer lines. 7 (b) Mop receptors or sinks shall be provided and used for the cleaning of mops and the disposal of mop water. Other 8 plumbing fixtures shall not be used for these purposes. 9 (a)(e) Medication carts shall be kept clean. eleaned when visibly soiled. Food and utensils Food, utensils, medications, 10 and [medication dispensing] equipment used on medication carts shall be kept clean. handled in a sanitary manner. 11 Unused medication cups shall be kept covered or inverted. Sharps containers located on medication carts shall be attached affixed or secured to the medication [card] cart to prevent the sharps contained from spilling, spillage. 12 13 (b)(d) Feeding bags, [tubes] tubes, syringes syringes, and oral suction catheters shall be stored and used in accordance 14 with the manufacturer's instructions. which are reused shall be labeled with the patient's name and date opened, shall be disassembled and rinsed after each use, and shall be disposed of within 24 hours of first use. Tube feeding bags 15 shall be changed within the time period specified by the manufacturer. Oral suction catheters which are reused shall 16 be flushed after each use and shall be disposed of within 24 hours of first use. Feeding syringes and oral suction 17 18 catheters shall be stored in a clean container. 19 Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235; 20 History Note: 21 Eff. February 1, 1976; 22 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 23 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160): 2002-160); Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022. 24

15A NCAC 18A .1319 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:

1 2 3

15A NCAC 18A .1319 FURNISHINGS AND <u>LAUNDRY PATIENT CONTACT ITEMS</u>

- 4 (a) All furniture, bed springs, mattresses, sleeping mats, draperies, curtains, shades, venetian blinds, or other furnishings in institutions Furnishings in an institution, including furniture, curtains, rugs, and [blinds] blinds, shall
- 6 be kept clean and in good repair. Mattresses shall be kept clean, dry, dry and in good repair. odor free.
- 7 (b) Clean bed linen Bed linens that are provided by the institution for use by residents shall be free from holes and
- 8 tears. A resident's bed linens in good repair shall be provided for each individual and shall be changed when no longer
- 9 clean. soiled. Soiled linen Linens that are not clean shall be placed in a covered container or bag devoted to this
- 10 purpose at the point of use and stored in the covered container or bag until sanitized in accordance with Paragraph (c)
- 11 of this Rule and handled so as to contain and minimize aerosolization of and exposure to any waste products. Such
- 12 covered containers or bags shall be kept clean between uses and labeled to indicate the contents. Linens that are not
- 13 <u>clean shall be handled and stored separately from cleaned and sanitized linens.</u> Soiled laundry shall be handled and
- 14 stored separately from clean laundry using separate cleanable carts or bags. Carts used for soiled laundry shall be
- 15 labeled for soiled laundry use only.
- 16 (c) Linens provided by the institution that are not clean shall be cleaned and sanitized in accordance with this
- 17 paragraph. When hot water in washing machines is used to sanitize linens provided by the institution, the washing
- 18 <u>machines shall be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. When chemicals are used to sanitize</u>
- 19 <u>linens provided by the institution, linens shall be washed in accordance with the following:</u>
- 20 (1) using a solution of at least 50 parts per million chlorine; or
- 21 (2) using laundry sanitizer that is registered in accordance with 40 C.F.R. 152 and that is used in
- 22 <u>accordance with the manufacturer's [instructions; or] instructions.</u>
- 23 [(3) using a chemical or laundering process that produces a 99.9 percent reduction of pathogens.]
- 24 If hot water is used, linen including sheets, pillow cases, absorbent pads, towels and wash cloths provided by the
- 25 facility shall be washed with a detergent in water at least 71°C (160°F) for 25 minutes. If low temperature (less than
- 26 71°C) laundry cycles are used, linens shall be washed in at least 50 parts per million chlorine or an EPA Listed laundry
- 27 sanitizer shall be used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. This shall not preclude the approval of
- 28 other chemicals or processes shown to produce a 99.9 percent reduction of the pathogens Staphylococcus aureus,
- 29 Klebsiella pneumoniae and Pseudomonas aeruginosa on laundry. The wash temperatures and chemicals required for
- 30 linens shall not apply to personal laundry provided and used by a resident. Clean linen shall be stored and handled in
- 31 a separate room or area, or in another manner that will prevent contamination of clean linen. Laundry areas and
- 32 equipment shall be kept clean.
- 33 (d) Clothing and linens that are provided by a resident for the resident's personal use shall be that resident's personal
- 34 laundry. Personal laundry that is not clean shall be kept separate from clean clothing and linens using covered
- 35 containers or bags that are labeled to indicate their contents and kept clean between uses. Containers or bags that are
- 36 used to hold personal laundry that is not clean shall not be used for clean personal laundry. When a resident's personal

- laundry is combined with the personal laundry of one or more other residents and washed together by the institution,
- 2 the combined personal laundry shall be washed in accordance with Paragraph (c) of this Rule.
- 3 (e) Laundry areas and equipment shall be kept clean.
- 4 (f)(e) Patient contact items Wheelchairs, walkers, lifts, and other mobility equipment shall be kept clean and sanitized
- 5 between uses by different residents, in good repair. Soiled patient contact items shall be taken to a designated area
- 6 for cleaning and shall be stored separately from clean items. A room or area shall be provided for cleaning patient
- 7 contact equipment such as wheelchairs. Patient contact items such as diaper changing surfaces that become
- 8 contaminated during use shall be cleaned and disinfected after each use. Shared toys subject to mouthing shall be
- 9 washed and rinsed with soap and water and disinfected with 70 percent alcohol or 100 parts per million chlorine after
- 10 each day's use. Shared plush toys shall be laundered after each day's use. Shared toys that are not washable shall be
- 11 gas sterilized or disposed of when soiled.

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- 13 *History Note: Authority G.S.* <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
- 14 Eff. February 1, 1976;
- 15 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
- 16 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); August 1, 1998; February 1, 1997; September 1,
- 17 1990:
- 18 Temporary Amendment Eff. June 1, 2003;
- 19 *Amended Eff. February 1, 2004.2004:*
- 20 <u>Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.</u>

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15A NCAC 18A .1320 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:

15A NCAC 18A .1320 <u>ACTIVITY KITCHENS, REHABILITATION KITCHENS, AND NOURISHMENT</u> <u>STATIONS FOOD SERVICE UTENSILS AND EQUIPMENT</u>

- (a) All food service equipment and utensils shall be kept clean and in good repair. Institutions shall be allowed to use domestic food service equipment in activity kitchens, rehabilitation kitchens, and nourishment stations. used in institutions for preparing meals for 13 or more people shall comply with the requirements of "Rules Governing the Sanitation of Restaurants and Other Foodhandling Establishments" 15A NCAC 18A .2600. Residential style rehabilitation activity kitchens with domestic utensils and equipment may be used by groups of 12 or less people to prepare meals only for members of the group. Potentially hazardous foods prepared in rehabilitation activity kitchens shall not be served to groups of more than 12 people. This shall not preclude the use of an activity kitchen as a serving area for meals catered from a main kitchen and served to groups of 13 or more people in connection with a planned event from which the public is excluded. For planned events, the equipment in the activity kitchen may be used for heating prepared foods received from a main kitchen or a commercial source. Bread machines, soup kettles and other food contact items used at nutrition stations shall be so constructed as to be easily cleanable.
- (b) <u>Utensils that have been used to prepare, serve, or consume food or drink shall be returned to the dietary kitchen and shall be washed, rinsed, and sanitized. Notwithstanding the foregoing sentence, utensils may be washed, rinsed and sanitized at At activity kitchens or kitchens, rehabilitation kitchens, and nourishment nutrition stations, stations provisions shall be made for cleaning all food service utensils and equipment and sanitizing utensils and equipment not continuously subjected to high temperatures. Where utensils and equipment are not returned to a central kitchen for cleaning, designated nutrition stations shall be that are equipped with the following:</u>
 - (1) <u>at least</u> a two compartment sink with 24 inch drainboards or counter top space at each end <u>of the sink</u> for handling <u>used utensils</u> <u>dirty items</u> and air drying clean <u>and sanitized utensils</u>. <u>items. Sinks The sinks</u> shall be of sufficient size to submerge, wash, rinse and sanitize <u>utensils</u>; <u>or</u>
 - (2) a dishwashing machine approved by [NSF] National Sanitation Foundation International. utensils and equipment. At nutrition stations, dish machines listed with NSF International shall meet this provision.
- (c) Any area where food is portioned, <u>served</u>, <u>served</u> or handled shall be equipped with a <u>separate handwash lavatory</u> <u>handwashing facility</u> with <u>a</u> hot and cold mixing faucet, <u>soap</u>, <u>soap</u> and <u>single-use</u> <u>individual</u> towels or <u>a hand-drying</u> <u>hand drying</u> device. <u>Separate handwashing lavatories shall not be required for activity kitchens used only by groups of 12 or less people.</u>
- (d)(e) All kitchenware and The food-contact surfaces of cooking and baking equipment, including microwave ovens, shall be kept clean. exclusive of cooking surfaces of equipment, used in the preparation or serving of food or drink, and all food storage utensils, shall be cleaned after each use. Cooking surfaces of equipment shall be cleaned at least once each day. All utensils and food contact surfaces of equipment used in the preparation, service, display, or storage of potentially hazardous foods shall be cleaned and sanitized prior to each use. Non food contact surfaces of equipment shall be cleaned at such intervals as to keep them in a clean and sanitary condition.

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2	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
3		Eff. February 1, 1976;
4		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
5		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990;
6		Temporary Amendment Eff. June 1, 2003;
7		Amended Eff. February 1, 2004. 2004;
8		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

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1 15A NCAC 18A .1321 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1321 FOOD SUPPLIES 4 (a) All food and food supplies provided by an institution for consumption by residents shall be from sources that 5 comply with North Carolina "Rules Governing the Sanitation of Restaurants and Other Foodhandling Establishments" approved sources, stored, and handled as set forth in [Section] 15A NCAC 18A .2600 [of this Subchapter.] and shall 6 7 be clean, free from spoilage, free from adulteration and misbranding, and safe for human consumption. 8 (b) Food brought from home by employees or visitors of patients or residents shall be stored separately from the 9 institution's food supply and shall be labeled with the name of the person to receive the food and the date the food was 10 brought in and shall be kept only as long as it is clean, and free from spoilage. as described in Paragraph (a) of this 11 Rule. Such food shall be labeled with the name of the resident or employee that the food belongs to and the date the 12 food was brought into the institution. Labeling as required by this Rule shall not be required for food items stored in 13 employee-designated or individual resident's refrigerators or rooms. 14 15 Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235; History Note: Eff. February 1, 1976; 16 17 Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977; 18 Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990; 19 Temporary Amendment Eff. June 1, 2003; 20 Amended Eff. February 1, 2004.2004; 21 Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

15A NCAC 18A .1323 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:

15A NCAC 18A .1323 FOOD PROTECTION <u>IN ACTIVITY KITCHENS, REHABILITATION</u> KITCHENS, AND NOURISHMENT STATIONS

- (a) All TCS food shall be maintained at temperatures required by Part 3-501.19 of the Food Code incorporated by reference at 15A NCAC 18A .2650 as amended by 15A NCAC 18A .2653 [Section .2600 of this Subchapter] during storage, preparation, transportation, display, and service of the TCS food. Time as a public health control may be used as specified in Section .2600 of this Subchapter, except that written procedures shall not be required. All food while being stored, prepared, transported, displayed, and served, shall be protected from contamination. All perishable foods shall be stored at temperatures which will protect against spoilage. All potentially hazardous food shall be maintained at safe temperatures (45 degrees F. or below, or 140 degrees F. or above) except during necessary periods of preparation and serving. Potentially hazardous foods served shall be either consumed or discarded within two hours of being removed from temperature control. Medications shall be stored in a manner which will not contaminate food or food products such as in separate covered containers or in separate refrigerators.
- (b) Hot and cold holding equipment shall be used to maintain required temperatures for TCS food. Conveniently located refrigeration units, hot food storage and display units and effective insulated units shall be provided as needed to assure the maintenance of all food at required temperatures during storage, preparation, display, service, and transportation. Each refrigeration unit shall be provided with an indicating thermometer that is accurate to ±3 degrees Fahrenheit or [-]±1.5 degrees Celsius. of such type and so situated that the thermometer can be easily read except that
- 20 indicating thermometers shall not be required for food iced in coolers for transport.
- 21 (c) Containers of food Food shall be stored at least six inches above the floor, in a clean, dry location, and on clean
 22 racks, dollies, slatted shelves, or other clean surfaces in such a manner as to be protected from splash or other
 23 contamination.
 - (d) No live animals shall be allowed in any room where food is prepared or stored. Live animals shall be allowed in dining areas if their presence will not result in contamination of food, clean equipment, utensils, linens, and unwrapped single service and single use articles in the following situations: permitted in an institution's dining areas in the following situations and only if the live animal does not come into physical contact with institution employees engaged in the preparation or handling of food, serving dishes, utensils, tableware, linens, unwrapped single service and single use articles, food contact surfaces, or other food service items:
 - (1) Fish or crustacea in aquariums or display tanks, or other animals in enclosed terrariums or glass enclosed aviaries;
 - (2) Patrol dogs <u>Dogs</u> accompanying police or security officers in offices and dining, sales, and storage areas, and sentry dogs <u>used for security purposes</u> running loose in outside fenced areas;
 - (3) Service [animals] animals, as defined in 28 C.F.R. 36.104, accompanying individuals with disabilities in areas that are not used for food preparation; and In areas that are not used for food preparation such as dining and sales areas, support animals such as guide dogs that are trained to

1		assist an employee or other person who is handicapped, are controlled by the handicapped employee
2		or person, and are not allowed to be on seats or tables; and
3	(4)	Dogs (Canis lupus familiaris) and cats (Feliscatus) in outdoor dining areas provided that dogs and
4		cats are physically restrained and do not pass through any indoor dining areas of the facility. Pets in
5		the common dining areas of group residences at times other than during meals if:
6		(A) Effective partitioning or self closing doors prevent pets from entering food storage and
7		food preparation areas;
8		(B) Condiments, equipment, and utensils are stored in enclosed cabinets or removed from the
9		common dining areas when pets are present; and
10		(C) Dining areas including tables, countertops, and similar surfaces are cleaned after all pets
11		have left the area and before the next meal service.
12	(e) Notwithstan	nding Paragraph (d) of this Rule, and except in accordance with applicable law, nothing in this Rule
13	shall prohibit ar	institution from restricting live animals in dining areas.
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15	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
16		Eff. February 1, 1976;
17		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
18		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); October 1, 1993; September 1, 1990. 1990;
19		Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

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15A NCAC 18A .1324 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows:

15A NCAC 18A .1324 EMPLOYEES

- (a) While on duty, at work, all institution employees shall wear visibly clean outer clothing. elothing and shall be clean as to their persons. No employee shall use tobacco in any form while engaged in the preparation and handling of food. Employees shall wash or decontaminate their hands: hands as set forth in Paragraph (b) [(b):] immediately:
- (1) before beginning work;
- 8 (2) after each visit to the toilet;
 - (3) before and after patient resident contact; contact; including [using an] oral [feeding] feeding; [tube;]
- 10 (4) after contact with a source of microorganisms (body fluids and substances, mucous membranes,
 11 nonintact skin, inanimate objects that are likely to be contaminated); coughing, sneezing, using a
 12 handkerchief or disposable tissue, using tobacco, eating, or drinking; and
- 13 (5) after removing gloves.
 - (b) Institution employees shall wash their hands as required by Paragraph (a) of this Rule in a handwashing sink using the handwashing method required for food employees in Part 2-301.12 of the Food Code incorporated by reference at 15A NCAC 18A .2650 as amended by 15A NCAC 18A .2652. [Section .2600 of this Subchapter.] When hands are visibly soiled, routine handwashing shall include a vigorous rubbing together of all surfaces of lathered hands for at least 10 seconds followed by thorough rinsing under a stream of water and drying with individual disposable towels or hand drying devices. When an employee's hands are not visibly soiled, clean, in lieu of handwashing, the employee may [the] use [of] alcohol-based hand antiseptics that contain 65% or more ethyl alcohol or 70% or more isopropyl alcohol, antiseptics with alcohol based hand rubs shall be acceptable for decontamination of hands. In the event of interruption of the institution's water supply or when in settings where handwashing facilities are not available for use, inadequate or inaccessible, hand decontamination can be achieved by using a towelette detergent containing [towelettes] toweletts containing detergent followed by and an alcohol-based hand antiseptic that contains 65% or more ethyl alcohol or 70% or more isopropyl alcohol, rubs. [antisepties.]
 - (c) Institution employees shall comply with the requirements for exclusion from work and restriction due to communicable disease or illness required for food employees as set forth in Parts 2-201.12 and 2-201.13 of the Food Code incorporated by reference at 15A NCAC 18A .2650 as amended by 15A NCAC 18A .2652. [Section .2600 of this Subchapter.] No person who has a communicable or infectious disease that can be transmitted by foods, or who knowingly is a carrier of organisms that cause such a disease, or who has a boil, infected wound, or an acute respiratory infection with cough or nasal discharge, shall work in food service in any capacity in which there is a likelihood of such person contaminating food or food contact surfaces, with disease causing organisms or transmitting the illness to other persons.
- (d) The institution shall have gloves, personal protective equipment, disinfectant, individual disposable towels, and a
 coagulating agent on-site for employees to use and a written procedure for employees to follow when responding to
 [vomiting or diarrheal events that involve the discharge of] vomitus or fecal matter on institution surfaces.

1	surfaces in the ir	nstitution.] The procedure shall specify the actions that employees shall take to minimize the exposure
2	of employees, re	esidents, guests, food, and additional surfaces to vomitus or fecal matter.
3		
4	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>130A-4; 130A-29;</u> 130A-235;
5		Eff. February 1, 1976;
6		Readopted Eff. December 5, 1977;
7		Amended Eff. March 1, 2003 (see S.L. 2002-160); September 1, 1990. 1990;
Q		Readonted Eff October 1, 2022

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1 15A NCAC 18A .1327 is readopted with changes as published in 36:23 NCR 1823-1835 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 18A .1327 INCORPORATED RULES 4 For purposes of this Where referenced in this Section, 15A NCAC 13B .1200, 15A NCAC 18A .1700, 15A NCAC 18A .2600, and 15A NCAC 18C, are hereby incorporated by reference, including any subsequent amendments or 5 6 editions, and available free of charge at http://reports.oah.state.nc.us/ncac.asp. (a) The North Carolina "Rules Governing the Sanitation of Restaurants and Other Foodhandling Establishments" 15A 7 8 NCAC 18A .2600 are incorporated by reference including any subsequent amendments or editions. This material is 9 available for inspection at the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Environmental Health, 10 2728 Capital Boulevard, Raleigh, NC. Copies may be obtained from Environmental Health Services Section, 1632 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699 1632 at no cost. 11 (b) The North Carolina "Rules Governing Public Water Systems" 15A NCAC 18C are incorporated by reference 12 13 including any subsequent amendments or editions. This material is available for inspection at the Department of 14 Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Environmental Health, 2728 Capital Boulevard, Raleigh, NC. Copies may be obtained from Public Water Supply Section, 1634 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699 1634 at 15 16 no cost. (c) The North Carolina "Rules Governing Protection of Water Supplies" 15A NCAC 18A .1700 are incorporated by 17 18 reference including any subsequent amendments or editions. This material is available for inspection at the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Environmental Health, 2728 Capital Boulevard, 19 Raleigh, NC. Copies may be obtained from Environmental Health Services Section, 1632 Mail Service Center, 20 21 Raleigh, NC 27699 1632 at no cost. (d) The North Carolina "Solid Waste Rules" 15A NCAC 13B ,1200 Medical Waste Management are incorporated by 22 23 reference including any subsequent amendments or editions. This material is available for inspection at the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Environmental Health, 2728 Capital Boulevard, 24 Raleigh, NC. Copies may be obtained from Solid Waste Section, 1646 Mail Service Center, Raleigh NC 27699-1646 25 26 at a cost of nine dollars (\$9.00). (e) The North Carolina "Rules Governing Grade A Milk Sanitation" 15A NCAC 18A .1200 are incorporated by 27 28 reference including any subsequent amendments or editions. This material is available for inspection at the Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Environmental Health, 2728 Capital Boulevard, 29 30 Raleigh, NC. Copies may be obtained from Environmental Health Services Section, 1632 Mail Service Center, 31 Raleigh, NC 27699 1632 at no cost. 32 33 Authority G.S. 130A-4; 130A-29; 130A-235; History Note:

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Readopted Eff. October 1, 2022.

Eff. March 1, 2003 (See S.L. 2002-160). 2002-160);

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