REQUEST FOR § 150B-21.10 CHANGES

AGENCY: Board of Electrolysis Examiners

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 19.0404

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, October 5, 2022

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

For all definitions, the structure of the text should be as follows: (1) "Alcohol-based hand rub or gel" means a preparation which... Please restructure all definitions accordingly to avoid any ambiguity.

Several defined words are not used in Chapter 19, except in this Rule. These definitions should be deleted because they define words that do not appear elsewhere: (5) Biological indicator; (8) Contaminate; (33) Latex allergy; (34) Medical-grade gloves; (38) Non-critical items; (43) Physical visible indicators; and (52) Tip for epilator needle.

Also in several items, "which" is used where "that" would be proper. Please change on Page 1, lines 5, 17, 18; Page 2, line 35; Page 3, lines 10 (also remove comma), 23; Page 4, lines 7, 19 (also remove comma), 21, 23, delete second "which" on 34; Page 5, line 3, 11 (also remove comma).

In (1), line 6, delete "in order".

In (6), line 22, place a comma after the conjugation "but" to properly tie it to the independent clause proceeding it.

In (7), line 24, add an Oxford comma after "detergent".

What is being required in (10)(b)? What must content of the CEUs do to "contribute to the competency"?

In (10)(c), how does a licensee "obtain" a "contact hour of participation"? Revise.

In (11), remove the comma.

In (12), insert an Oxford comma after "objects".

In (15), delete "in order".

Lawrence R. Duke Commission Counsel Date submitted to agency: September 23, 2022 In (16), insert a comma after "spores" to create a proper dependent clause.

In the subparagraphs of (16), place quotes around the "levels", consistent with paragraphs (17) and (25). Alternatively, remove the quote from those sections.

In (16)(a), is "semi-critical instruments or devices" defined?

Also, in (a), (b), and (c), are the lists exhaustive?

In (17), insert a quotation before "Disinfection".

In (17)(a), remove the comma after "bovis". Also, delete "with the exception of" and put in "except for".

In (b), remove the period after "killing". "is capable of killing" should be "can kill".

In (c), insert a comma after "viruses" and "fungi" to make a list and separate dependent clause.

In (19), remove "potentially" as it is unnecessary. Also, reword for clarity to "...crosscontamination by contact with the electrologist or instruments that will subsequently contact clients."

In (20), remove the comma after "fats".

The second sentence of (23) seems to be a requirement for "forceps" within the Definition section. Is this located elsewhere, or can it be moved? Regardless, the second sentence should end: "...but may contact blood, serum, or other material..."

In (25)(a), what are hands to be lathered with?

In (26), what is meant by "permanent documentation" and is there a separate rule stating the requirements for such "permanent documentation"?

In (28), should the language "spectrum of activity" mirror the language of "Disinfectant", notably "levels of potency"? Add an Oxford comma after "aureus".

In (31), revise the definition for greater clarity as to what "tools or devices" are being discussed. The current language would cover practically every man-made object.

In (33), consider removing "various", as it would suggest the allergic response must be to greater than one latex protein. Consider, "... response to a latex protein..."

In (37), is this meant to be "electrical" current? If so, include.

In (38), insert an Oxford comma after "objects".

In (43), insert an Oxford comma after "pressure gauges".

Lawrence R. Duke Commission Counsel Date submitted to agency: September 23, 2022 In (45), what is the purpose of the portion "... that may be difficult..." and after? If kept, rewrite as such, "... tables, pillows, or hard-to-clear surfaces, such as light handles and epilator surfaces." The second period should be removed from the end of the sentence.

In (46), insert an Oxford comma after "disinfecting".

In (47), insert an Oxford comma after "objects" and make "environmental surface" plural by adding an "s".

Also, is the reference to "Item 44" correct? This may need to be updated with the new numberings to "Item 46".

In (48), is there a reference which can be made for "regulated medical waste"? Who regulates such waste?

In (51), the recommendations are improper, as recommendations are not rules within the definition of G.S. 150B-2(8a).

In (54), what does a "processing unit" mean? A device?

21 NCAC 19 .0404 is amended with changes as published in 37:02 NCR 202-205 as follows:

3	21 NCAC 19 .04	404 DEFINITIONS AND OVERVIEW
4	In addition to the	e terms defined in G.S. 88 A, G.S. 88A, the following terms have the following meanings:
5	(1)	"Alcohol-based hand rub or gel" is a preparation which contains 60 percent to 95 percent ethanol or
6		isopropanol that is designed for application to the hands in order to reduce the number of viable
7		microorganisms on the hands.
8	(2)	"Antiseptic "Antiseptic" is a germicide used on skin or living tissue to inhibit or destroy
9		microorganisms.
10	(3)	"Aseptic technique" is the term used to describe the precautionary measures taken to help reduce
11		the risk of post treatment infections by decreasing the opportunity for microorganisms to enter the
12		body. Precautionary measures include handwashing, disinfection, sterilization of surfaces and
13		instruments, use of protective barriers, containment and disposal of waste, and instrument and
14		surface manipulations that minimize cross contamination.
15	(4)	"Autoclave" is a vessel used for sterilization by the application of saturated steam under pressure
16		and heat.
17	(5)	"Biological indicator" is a commercially prepared device populated with bacterial spores which is
18		used to test the method of sterilization being monitored and which demonstrates whether or not
19		conditions necessary to achieve sterilization were met during the cycle being monitored.
20	(6)	"Chemical indicator" is a chemically treated paper strip used to monitor parameters of a heat
21		sterilization process by means of a characteristic color change. A chemical indicator does not
22		indicate that sterilization has been achieved, but rather, that the temperature needed has been
23		attained.
24	(7)	"Cleaning" is the removal of all visible organic material from objects using friction, detergent and
25		water prior to the disinfection and sterilization processes.
26	(8)	"Contaminate" is to make something impure by exposure to or addition of a polluting substance.
27	(9)	"Contaminated" is the presence of potentially infectious pathogenic microorganisms on surfaces of
28		a objects.
29	(10)	"Continuing education unit" or "CEU" means one contact hour of participation in an organized
30		learning experience that is:
31		(a) related to the practice of electrolysis or laser light-based hair reduction;
32		(b) contributes to the competency of a practitioner of electrolysis or laser light-based hair
33		reduction;
34		(c) obtained by a licensee after the original granting of licensure; and
35		(d) approved by the Board at least $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{30}{9} \end{bmatrix}$ days before the event according to the standards set
36		forth in G.S. 88A-13.

1	(10)<u>(11)</u>	"Cross-c	contamination" is the process by which bacteria or other microorganisms are transferred
2		from one	e substance or object to another, with harmful effect.
3	(11)<u>(12)</u>	"Critical	items" are instruments, devices, objects or environmental surfaces that will come in direct
4		contact v	with the bloodstream or other normally sterile areas of the body.
5	(12)<u>(13)</u>	"Decont	aminate" is to neutralize or remove dangerous substances or germs from an area or object.
6	(13)<u>(14)</u>	"Decont	amination" is the use of physical or chemical means to remove, inactivate, or destroy
7		pathoger	ns on a surface or item so that they are no longer capable of transmitting infectious particles
8		and to re	ender the surface or item safe for handling, use, or disposal.
9	(14)<u>(15)</u>	"Disinfe	ct" is to clean with a disinfectant in order to destroy bacteria.
10	(15)<u>(16)</u>	"Disinfe	ctant" is a chemical agent used on inanimate surfaces and objects to destroy infectious fungi
11		and bact	eria, but not necessarily their spores and is classified into levels of potency as follows:
12		<u>(a)(A)</u>	High-level, which is utilized for the reprocessing of semi-critical instruments or devices
13			and includes Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulated substances such as
14			glutaraldehyde-, chlorine dioxide-hydrogen peroxide, orthophthaldehyde-, and peracetic
15			acid-based formulations;
16		<u>(b)(B)</u>	Intermediate-level, which is utilized for disinfecting tips for epilator needles and includes
17			Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) regulated substances such as alcohols containing
18			70 to 90 percent ethanol or isopropanol, chlorine compounds, and certain phenolic or
19			iodophor preparations as determined by the EPA;
20		<u>(c)(C)</u>	Low-level, which is utilized for disinfecting environmental or non-instrument surfaces and
21			includes EPA regulated substances such as quaternary ammonium compounds and certain
22			phenolic or iodophor preparations as determined by the EPA.
23	(16)<u>(17)</u>	Disinfec	tion" is a procedure that reduces the level of microbial contamination and is classified into
24		the follo	wing levels:
25		<u>(a)(A)</u>	"High-level," which inactivates some, but not necessarily all, bacterial spores. This process
26			will also kill Mycobacterium tuberculosis var. bovis, and all microorganisms with the
27			exception of high levels of bacterial spores.
28		<u>(b)(B)</u>	"Intermediate-level," which does not kill bacterial spores, but is capable of killing. M.
29			tuberculosis var. bovis, most vegetative bacteria and fungi, as well as viruses such as
30			hepatitis B virus (HBV) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV);
31		<u>(c)(C)</u>	"Low level," which inactivates most bacteria, some viruses and fungi but not bacterial
32			spores or Mycobacterium tuberculosis var. bovis.
33	(17)<u>(18)</u>	"Dry hea	at sterilizer" is a forced air oven-type device designed to sterilize items by exposure to high
34		temperat	tures for designated exposure periods.
35	(18)<u>(19)</u>	"Enviroi	nmental surfaces" are surfaces in the electrology treatment room which may potentially
36		contribu	te to cross-contamination by hands of the electrologist or by contact with instruments that
37		will subs	sequently come into contact with clients.

1	(19)(20) "Enzyme detergent" is the detergent that helps break down organic soils and fats, and suspends
2	particles during cleaning. An enzyme detergent is used as a soaking solution for critical and non-
3	critical instruments and as the detergent used in the ultrasonic device.
4	(20)(21) "Epilator" is an electrical device used to perform electrolysis.
5	(21)(22) "Epilator cords" are insulated plastic covered cords used to complete the current circuit between the
6	epilator and the epilator needle or the indifferent electrode.
7	(22)(23) "Forceps" are the instruments or "tweezers" used in electrology treatments to lift the treated hair
8	from the follicle. Forceps used in electrology are not intended to be critical items, but may come in
9	contact with blood, serum or other material and shall be sterile when used.
10	(23)(24) "Gloves" are coverings for the hands, which provide a protective barrier against infections and toxic
11	substances.
12	(24)(25) "Hand hygiene" is the general term that applies to:
13	(a)(A) "Hand washing," the decontamination process for the removal of soil and transient
14	microorganisms from the hands by a vigorous rubbing together of all surfaces of lathered
15	hands for at least 15 seconds, followed by rinsing under a stream of water;
16	(b)(B) "Antiseptic hand wash," the washing of hands with water and soap or other detergents
17	containing an antiseptic agent;
18	(c)(C) "Antiseptic hand rub," the application of an alcohol-based hand rub product, to all surfaces
19	of the hands to reduce the number of microorganisms present; and
20	(d)(D) "Hand antisepsis," a preoperative antiseptic hand wash or antiseptic hand rub to eliminate
21	transient microorganisms and reduce resident hand flora.
22	(25)(26) "Health History Assessment File" is a cumulative and permanent documentation of a client's medical
23	and treatment record which is maintained by the electrologist.
24	(26)(27) "Hirsute or Hirsutism" is the excessive growth of hair that is thickened caused by hormonal or
25	biochemical imbalances or genetic predisposition.
26	(27)(28) "Hospital-grade disinfectant" is a chemical germicide that is classed in a spectrum of activity as
27	either low-level or intermediate-level, with labeled claims for effectiveness against Salmonella
28	choleraesuis, Staphylococcus aureus and Pseudomonas aeruginosa.
29	(28)(29) "Indifferent electrode" is a stainless steel bar held by the client during electrology treatments to
30	complete current circuit with galvanic electrolysis modality or with the use of a timer delay switch
31	in automatic delivery epilators.
32	(30) "In-person seminar" is continuing education that occurs in a physical location rather than online.
33	(29)(31) "Instruments" are tools or devices designed to perform a specific function, such as grasping, holding,
34	or retracting.
35	(30)(32) "Intact skin" is skin in which the natural protective barrier has not been altered by infection or
36	trauma.

1	(31)(33) "Latex allergy" is a systemic or local allergic response to various latex proteins to which the
2	individual has been sensitized.
3	(32)(34) "Medical-grade gloves" are disposable gloves used during medical examinations and procedures to
4	prevent contamination between caregivers and patients.
5	(33)(35) "Microbial" is a minute life form; a microorganism, especially a bacterium that causes disease.
6	(34)(36) "Nitrile" is non-sterile, latex-free substance from which gloves are manufactured.
7	(35)(37) "Needle" is the pre-sterilized, disposable wire filament which is inserted into the hair follicle for
8	application of current in electrology.
9	(36)(38) "Non-critical items" are instruments, devices, objects or environmental surfaces that will come in
10	contact only with intact skin.
11	(37)(39) "Non-intact skin" is skin in which there is a break in the skin's natural integrity, for example, exposed
12	skin that is chapped, abraded, or afflicted with dermatitis.
13	(38)(40) "Packaging" is a generic term meant to include all types of containment, such as woven or non-
14	woven wraps, paper or film pouches, or rigid container systems.
15	(39)(41) "Pathogen" is a microorganism or substance capable of producing a disease.
16	(40)(42) "Phoresis rollers" are sterilized stainless steel rollers used to apply current to skin before or after
17	electrology treatment.
18	(41)(43) "Physical visible indicators" are monitoring devices built into a sterilizer, such as indicating
19	thermometers, recording thermometers, pressure gauges and automatic controls, which are used in
20	identifying and preventing malfunctions and operational errors and for recordkeeping purposes.
21	(42)(44) "Plain soap" is a detergent-based cleanser without antimicrobial additives which is used for the
22	physical removal of dirt and transient microorganisms.
23	(43)(45) "Protective disposable barrier" is a disposable, moisture-resistant covering which reduces the
24	potential for contaminating environmental or medical device surfaces that may be difficult or
25	inconvenient to clean and disinfect routinely, for example, tables and pillows, or hard-to-clean
26	surfaces such as light handles and epilator surfaces
27	(44)(46) "Reprocessing" is the process of cleaning, disinfecting or sterilizing a reusable instrument that has
28	been used or contaminated in order to be made safe for its intended use.
29	(45)(47) "Semi-critical items" are instruments, devices, objects or environmental surface that may come in
30	contact with mucous membranes and non-intact skin, but do not ordinarily penetrate body surfaces.
31	Semi-critical items require sterilization or exposure to high-level disinfection as set in Item 44 of
32	this Rule.
33	(46)(48) "Sharps container" is a manufactured and labeled, leak-proof, rigid, puncture-resistant, durable
34	plastic container into which needles are placed after use and which is designed to be disposed of as
35	an item of regulated medical waste.
36	(47)(49) "Standards" is the level of quality or excellence.

1	(48)<u>(50</u>)	"Sterility assurance file" is the record containing the sterilizer maintenance and use log and culture
2		report from each biological monitor.
3	(49)<u>(51)</u>	"Sterilization" is the process which destroys all forms of microbial life. The recommended methods
4		of sterilization of instruments and items used in the practice of electrology are the dry heat sterilizer
5		or the autoclave.
6	(50)<u>(52)</u>	"Tip for epilator needle" is the cap or plastic tip that surrounds the base of the needle and covers the
7		pin device where the needle shank is seated.
8	(51)<u>(53)</u>	"Treatment room" is the operatory where electrolysis treatments are performed.
9	(52)<u>(</u>54)	"Ultrasonic cleaner" is a processing unit using ultrasonic waves transmitted through the cleaning
10		solution in a mechanical process known as cavitation. The transmitted sound waves produce tiny air
11		bubbles on instrument surfaces, which scrub tightly adhering or embedded particles from solid
12		surfaces and remove soil deposits from hard-to-reach areas.
13		
14	History Note:	Authority G.S. 88A-6; <u>88A-13;</u> 88A-16;
15		<i>Eff. December 1, 2010;</i>
16		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. May 1,
17		2018. <u>2018:</u>
18		Amended Eff. November 1, 2022.

AGENCY: Board of Electrolysis Examiners

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 19.0701

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, October 5, 2022

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The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

Throughout the Rule, "license effective period" is used numerous times. What statute or rule is the "license effective period" pursuant to? Also, what is the purpose of the language in paragraph (a) and (b)? The subparagraphs are not requirements for license renewals and read more as individual rules for electrologist and laser hair practitioners regarding CEUs.

In (a)(1), delete the comma following "Chapter". Also, in (a)(1), what does "years of practice" mean? Do you mean years of licensure or the practice of electrology? This is vague and could apply to years being engaged in an electrologist practice while unlicensed.

In (a)(2), begin with "A" instead of "Each".

In (a)(3), what is the "inactive list" pursuant to? Also, is there any specific "evidence" which must be produced something completion of CEUs?

In (a)(5)(E), what does "participation" mean. This is vague.

In (a)(6), move the definition for "home study" to (5) since (5) is the earliest the phrase is used. Also, how is a "home study" "credited"?

In (a)(7), what is "tested" pursuant to? The licensing examination?

In (a)(8), "Over any two license effective periods" is vague. Do you mean "any two sequential license effective periods"?

In (a)(9), when shall the licensees "renew licenses and pay for inspections for the upcoming year"? How does this not conflict with G.S. 88A-12?

In (a)(10), what is the "initial inspection" and what is it pursuant to?

1		
2	21 NCAC 19 .07	701 is amended with changes as published in 37:02 NCR 205-206 as follows:
3		
4	21 NCAC 19 .0	701 CONTINUING EDUCATION REQUIREMENTS, LICENSE RENEWAL,
5		REINSTATEMENT AND REACTIVATION
6	(a) Requirement	tts The following are requirements for the Board to approve renewals for electrologist or laser hair
7	practitioners:	
8	(1)	Each electrologist licensed in this State shall complete one CEU, 10 CEUs as defined in Rule .0103
9		Rule .0404 of this Chapter, per renewal license effective period as a requirement for renewal of the
10		electrology license. For electrologists Electrologists with 20 30 or more years of practice, practice
11		without interruption in licensure the CEU requirement shall be completion of one CEU complete 10
12		CEUs every five years. The first five-year period shall be measured from the issuance date of the
13		license in year 30, and subsequent periods shall be measured from the issuance date in each fifth
14		year thereafter.
15	(2)	Each laser hair practitioner licensed in this State shall complete one CEU 10 CEUs per renewal
16		license effective period as a requirement for renewal of the laser hair practitioner license.
17	(3)	An electrologist or laser hair practitioner who has been placed on the inactive list by the Board for
18		less than five years and desires to return to active status, status shall present evidence of completion
19		of one CEU 10 CEUs within the 12 months preceding the reactivation application in satisfaction of
20		the competency requirement of G.S. 88A-14.
21	(4)	An electrologist or laser hair practitioner whose license has been expired for 90 days or more but
22		less than five years shall present certification of completion of one CEU 10 CEUs for each renewal
23		license effective period or part of a renewal license effective period that has elapsed since the
24		electrologist's or laser hair practitioner's license was last eurrent current, in satisfaction of the
25		competency requirement of G.S. 88A-12. At least one 10 of the CEUs offered in satisfaction of a
26		competency requirement shall have been completed within the 12 months immediately preceding
27		the application for reinstatement.
28	(5)	Not more than one CEU 10 CEUs [earned through in person seminar] may be carried over per
29		renewal period. to the next license effective period. CEUs earned through [other content delivery
30		methods] home study [cannot] shall only be carried over to the next license effective [period.] period
31		if the following occur:
32		(A) The education provider records the full name and license number of the attendee;
33		(B) There is both a host and a monitor administering the education, where the monitor verifies
34		that attendees are present during the presentation;
35		(C) The attendee has a camera on at all times so that the monitor can verify that the attendee is
36		participating in the presentation:
37		(D) The education provider records the time the attendee was present during the education; and

		(E) The education provider submits verification of the attendee's participation in the
2		presentation within 30 days of the event to the address in Rule .0101 of this Chapter.
3	(6)	No more than one CEU 10 CEUs of home study may be credited for continuing education in each
4		renewal license effective period. "Home study" is defined as an educational activity undertaken by
5		an individual, completed by correspondence or online, and with a certification of completion
6		awarded at the end of the course. Continuing education hours obtained through home study may
7		[<mark>shall</mark>] not be carried over to a subsequent renewal [<mark>license effective</mark>] period .
8	(7)	In the initial year of licensure, new licensees tested after the sixth month of the calendar year shall
9		not be required to obtain CEUs until the following renewal year.
10	(8)	Over any two renewal license effective periods, the Board shall give credit for no more than one-
11		half CEU five CEUs in the area of business management.
12	<u>(9)</u>	New licensees shall be required to renew licenses and pay for inspections for the upcoming year.
13	<u>(10)</u>	An initial license shall not be issued until an initial inspection has been completed on the practicing
14		office.
15	(b) Requirement	ts The following are requirements for the Board to approve renewals for instructors:
16	(1)	An instructor whose certification has been placed on the inactive list for more than 90 days and less
17		than 3 three years shall present certification of completion of one CEU 10 CEUs within the 12
18		months immediately preceding the application for reactivation of certification.
19	(2)	An instructor whose certification has been expired for more than 90 days, but less than 3 three years
20		shall present certification of completion of one CEU 10 CEUs for each renewal license effective
21		period or part of a renewal license effective period that has elapsed since the instructor's license was
22		last current. At least one 10 of the CEUs offered in satisfaction of a competency requirement shall
23		have been completed within the 12 months immediately preceding the application for reinstatement
24		of certification.
25		
26	History Note:	Authority G.S. 88A-6; 88A-12; 88A-13; 88A-18;
27		Eff. March 1, 1995;
28		Amendment Eff. October 1, 2015; December 1, 2010;
29		Readopted Eff. September 1, 2019. 2019:
30		<u>Amended Eff. November 1, 2022.</u>

AGENCY: Board of Electrolysis Examiners

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 19.0702

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, October 5, 2022

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

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In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (a)(1) and (2), the first letter of each should not be capitalized.

In (A)(2)(B), should "laser association" be qualified further? Should it be laser medicine association?

In (b), what is the authority to require the named entities provide such information outside of information needed for granting approval under G.S. 88a-13?

In (e), what are the criteria used by the Board in the IACET and ANSI?

In (f), is there a requirement as to the type of mailing or address used?

1	21 NCAC 19 .0702 is amended with changes as published in 37:02 NCR 206 as follows:		
2	21 NGAG 10 0		
3	21 NCAC 19 .0'		
4		hall approve a program or course if it is:	
5	(1)	In any subject required by 21 NCAC 19 .0601; and	
6	(2)	Offered by one of the following entities:	
7		(A) a college or university authorized to grant degrees in this State;	
8		(B) a national professional electrolysis or laser association;	
9		(C) a school or Continuing Education (CE) provider certified by the Board;	
10		(D) American Society of Laser Medicine (ASLM);	
11		(E) American Academy of Dermatology (AAD); or	
12		(F) an entity providing a program of Certified Medical Education (CME).	
13	(b) The <u>applica</u>	unt or entity offering the program or course shall provide the Board with the information listed in	
14	Paragraph (c) of	f this Rule and shall certify to the Board the names of all electrologists licensed by the Board who	
15	attended the pro-	gram or course and their actual hours of attendance.	
16	(c) The Board s	hall not approve a program or course without the following information:	
17	(1)	Title, location, and date of the course; course or courses;	
18	(2)	Sponsoring entity;	
19	(3)	Course objective and outline of each course's content;	
20	(4)	Hours of study; study for each course topic; and	
21	(5)	Name, education, and background of each instructor.	
22	(d) An electrolo	ogist or laser hair practitioner seeking credit for a program or course offered by an entity not listed in	
23	Paragraph (a) of	this Rule may request that the Board approve the course by submitting in writing, at least two months	
24	in advance of th	e course registration date, the information listed in Paragraph (c) of this Rule on an application form	
25	provided by th	e Board. The Application for Approval of Continuing Education may be obtained online at	
26	www.ncbee.com	+ the application for approval of continuing education as set forth in Rule .0705 of this Section.	
27	(e) The Board sl	hall approve a program or course if requested pursuant to Paragraph (d) of this Rule upon finding that	
28	it meets the requ	irements of G.S. 88A-13. In determining whether or not to make When making this finding, the Board	
29	-		
30			
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25 26 27 28	provided by the www.nebee.com (e) The Board sh it meets the requisable consider the Guidelines, curr (IACET) in conj including subsect not be conclusive by case basis. C	e Board. The Application for Approval of Continuing Education may be obtained online the application for approval of continuing education as set forth in Rule .0705 of this Section. hall approve a program or course if requested pursuant to Paragraph (d) of this Rule upon finding th irements of G.S. 88A-13. In determining whether or not to make <u>When making</u> this finding, the Boar the program or course in light of the criteria set forth in The Continuing Education Unit Criteria ar rent edition, as adopted by the International Association for Continuing Education and Training function with the American Standards National Institute (ANSI) and incorporated herein by reference quent amendments or editions. The presence of all criteria or the absence of individual criteria show re, and the Board shall have discretion in the approval of programs, courses, or providers on a case opies of The Continuing Education Unit Criteria and Guidelines, current edition, may be obtained the project of the Continuing Education Unit Criteria and Guidelines, current edition, may be obtained by nine dollars and ninety five cents (\$29.95) for four hundred ninety-five dollars (\$495.00)	

- 1 (f) The Board shall notify the electrologist by mail of the Board's findings and decision regarding the request made
- 2 pursuant to Paragraph (d) of this Rule.
- 3 (g) A change in subject matter, length, or instructor of a course requires reapproval by the Board.
- 4 (h) The entity offering the program or course shall either provide to the electrologist or directly to the Board
- 5 certification of the electrologist's actual hours of attendance after the program or course is complete.
- 6 7

History Note: Authority G.S. 88A-6; 88A-12; 88A-13; 88A-18;

- 8 *Eff. March 1, 1995;*
- 9 Amended Eff. September 1, 2015; December 1, 2010;
- 10 Readopted Eff. September 1, 2019; 2019;
- 11 <u>Amended Eff. November 1, 2022.</u>

REQUEST FOR § 150B-21.10 CHANGES

AGENCY: Board of Electrolysis Examiners

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 19.0703

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, October 5, 2022

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (a), why use "learning activity" when "course", "program", and "learning experience" is used previously and within this same Rule? Is this different in any way?

In (c), does the "semester credit hour" include any course? There is no limiting language. Must it comply with G.S. 88A-13(b)?

Also, what does "[a] course may be audited or taken for credit" mean?

- 1 21 NCAC 19 .0703 is amended as published in 37:02 NCR 207 as follows:
- 3 21 NCAC 19.0703 COMPUTATION OF CONTINUING EDUCATION UNITS
- 4 (a) To obtain credit as a contact hour of continuing education, the learning activity scheduled for an hour shall occupy
- 5 at least 50 minutes of the hour.
- 6 (b) An electrologist may fulfill the continuing education requirements of Rule .0701 of this Section by completing
- 7 more than one course if the total equals one <u>10</u> or more CEUs.
- 8 (c) One semester credit hour at a university or college shall be equivalent to one CEU. <u>10 CEUs.</u> A course may be
- 9 audited or taken for credit.
- 10 (d) An electrologist who teaches in a program or course approved by the Board may obtain CEU credit at the rate of
- 11 four contact hours for each contact hour of teaching.
- 12

- 13 History Note: Authority G.S. 88A-6; 88A-12; 88A-13; 88A-18;
- 14 *Eff. March 1, 1995;*
- 15 Readopted Eff. September 1, 2019: 2019:
- 16 <u>Amended Eff. November 1, 2022.</u>

AGENCY: Board of Electrolysis Examiners

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 19.0704

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, October 5, 2022

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

What is this rule requiring beyond which is stated in 21 NCAC 19 .0701? Is this rule necessary?

What, if any, additional requirements are placed on persons seeking reinstatement?

What, if any, criteria may the agency use in determining whether to grant the reinstatement? See the noncompulsory language of "may receive credit".

21 NCAC 19 .0704 is amended with changes as published in 37:02 NCR 207 as follows:

3 21 NCAC 19.0704 TIME LIMITS ON CREDIT

4 An electrologist or laser hair practitioner may carry over up to one CEU from one renewal period to the next. An 5 electrologist or laser hair practitioner applying for reinstatement under 21 NCAC 19.0203(b) who is Rule .0203(b) of 6 this Chapter and presenting CEUs in satisfaction of competency requirements may, however, subject to the 7 requirements of 21 NCAC 19 .0701(c), may receive credit for that purpose for any CEUs taken during the time the 8 applicant's license was expired, expired, subject to the requirements of [Rule .0701(c)] Rule .0701 of this Section. 9 10 Authority G.S. 88A-6; 88A-12; 88A-13; 88A-18; *History Note:* 11 Eff. March 1, 1995; 12 Amended Eff. December 1, 2010; 13 Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. May 1, 14 2018. <u>2018;</u> 15 Amended Eff. November 1, 2022.

AGENCY: Board of Electrolysis Examiners

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 19.0705

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, October 5, 2022

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

Paragraph (a) should be reworded. Rule .0702(d) does not set forth the filing requirements. Rather, this Rule sets forth the filing requirements and Rule .0702(d) sets forth when an application is to be filed. Consider: "An Applicant for approval of continuing education as set forth in Rule .0702(d) shall include the following in his or her application:".

In Paragraph (b), "Applicants" should be "An applicant".

Regarding (b) and (c), what happens in the event the course "subject matter, length, or instructor" after the two-month period before the course-registration date?

In Paragraph (d), should "...the website listed address in Rule..." be "...the website address listed in Rule..."

1 21 NCAC 19 .0705 is adopted as published in 37:02 NCR 207 as follows: 2 3 21 NCAC 19 .0705 **APPLICATION FOR APPROVAL OF CONTINUING EDUCATION** 4 (a) The application for approval of continuing education shall be filed as set forth in Rule .0702(d) of this Section. It 5 requests the following: 6 (1)the application date; 7 the sponsoring entity offering the continuing education; (2)8 (3) the name of the speakers or presenters; 9 (4) the title of the course; 10 (5) the location of the course; 11 (6) the date of the course; 12 (7)the number of hours of study; 13 (8) the course objectives and a summary of the course content; 14 (9) the educational or professional background of the speakers or presenters, or a copy of the curricula 15 vitae of the speakers or presenters; and (10) a summary of the learning outcomes of the course. 16 (b) Applicants shall submit the form to the address in Rule .0101 of this Chapter at least two months before the course-17 18 registration date. 19 (c) Any change in subject matter, length, or instructor of a course shall require a new application. (d) The application form is available at the website listed address in Rule .0101 of this Chapter. 20 21 (e) The application form shall be submitted as a fillable PDF and shall not be submitted as a handwritten form. 22 23 *History Note:* Authority G.S. 88A-6; 88A-13; 24 *Eff. November 1, 2022.*

AGENCY: Board of Electrolysis Examiners

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 19.0706

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, October 5, 2022

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

Generally, any newly adopted rule must have all language underlined and any language changed since adoption should be highlighted.

What makes the listed "factors" compliant with G.S. 150B-19(6)'s requirement to provide "specific guidelines" for any waiver?

Further, is this Rule or are these factors tied to any event or decision, such as emergency orders? What causes this to trigger?

In (5), what does "notice to and opposition by the public" mean? Are there notice requirements?

Generally, what triggers this Rule? Must a licensee, applicant, or other covered person request a waiver? How?

When does a waiver under this Rule expire? Say, for example, the agency waives CEUs for a licensee for renewal. Does this apply for each year to come? What is the limiting principle?

21 NCAC 19 .0706 is adopted with changes as published in 37:02 NCR 207 as follows:

3	21 NCAC 19 .07	06 WAIVER
4	The Board may v	vaive any rule in this Chapter that is not statutorily required if a licensee, or applicant for license or
5	certification, sub	mits a written request to the address in Rule .0101 of this Chapter. Factors the Board shall use in
6	determining whet	ther to grant the waiver are:
7	(1)	degree of disruption to the Board;
8	(2)	cost to the Board;
9	(3)	degree of benefit to the public;
10	(4)	whether the requesting party had control over the circumstances that required the requested waiver;
11	(5)	notice to and opposition by the public; public, provided that this notice does not conflict with laws
12		that would prohibit disclosure of information, such as the Health Insurance Portability and
13		Accountability Act or the North Carolina Identity Theft Protection Act;
14	(6)	need for the waiver; and
15	(7)	previous requests for waivers submitted from the requesting party.
16		
17	History Note:	Authority G.S. 88A-6; 150B-19(6);
18		<u>Eff. November 1, 2022.</u>