1 02 NCAC 52B. 0212 is adopted as published in 36:19 NCR 1522-1533 as follows: 2 3 02 NCAC 52B .0212 IMPORTATION REQUIREMENTS: WILD ANIMALS 4 (a) A person shall obtain a permit from the State Veterinarian before importing any of the following animals into this 5 State: 6 (1) Skunk; 7 (2) Fox; 8 (3) Raccoon; 9 **(4)** Ringtail; 10 (5) Bobcat (includes Lynx and other North and South American felines as cougars, jaguars, etc.); 11 (6)Coyote; 12 <del>(7)</del> Marten; 13  $\frac{(8)(7)}{(8)(8)}$ Brushtail Possum (Trichosurus vulpecula). 14 (b) Permits for the importation into this State of any of the animals listed in Paragraph (a) of this Rule shall be issued 15 only if the animal(s) will be used in a research institute, or for exhibition by a USDA licensed exhibitor, or organized 16 entertainment as in zoos or circuses. Furthermore, permits for the importation of wild animals, as defined in G.S. 113-17 129, shall be issued only if the applicant shows compliance with applicable North Carolina Wildlife Resources 18 Commission rules in 15A NCAC 10H .1400. 19 (c) Camelids, bison, and other bovidae other than domestic cattle may be imported into the State if accompanied by 20 an official health certificate issued by a licensed, accredited veterinarian, as defined in 02 NCAC 52B .0401, which 21 states that: 22 (1) all animals six months of age or older have tested negative for brucellosis within 30 days prior to 23 importation; and all animals six months of age or older have tested negative for tuberculosis within 60 days prior to 24 (2) 25 importation; and 26 (3) the herd of origin has had no brucellosis or tuberculosis diagnosed within the past 12 months. 27 Additionally, all bison and other bovidae other than domestic cattle may be imported into the State only if officially 28 identified in accordance with 9 CFR 86.1, which shall be incorporated by reference, including any subsequent 29 amendments and editions, and can be obtained free of cost at https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-30 idx?SID&node=pt9.1.86&rgn=div5#se9.1.86 11. The requirements of this Paragraph shall not apply to camelids, 31 llamas, vicunas, alpacas, and guanacos from other states that are tuberculosis Accredited-Free and brucellosis 32 Certified-Free, when accompanied by an official health certificate. 33 (d) Any species or hybrid of a mammal not otherwise covered in the Administrative Code that is found to exist in the 34 wild or naturally occurs in the wild must be accompanied by a valid certificate of veterinary inspection. 35 (e) Imported elephants shall be accompanied by an official health certificate issued by a licensed, accredited 36 veterinarian, as defined in 02 NCAC 52B .0401, which states that "all animals have tested negative for tuberculosis 37 within 365 days prior to importation."

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2	History Note:	Authority G.S. 106-317; 106-400;
3		Eff. April 1, 1984;
4		Amended Eff. July 1, 1998; February 1, 1996; May 1, 1992;
5		Temporary Amendment Eff. February 18, 2002;
6		Temporary Amendment Expired August 1, 2002 (See Rule .0213);
7		Amended Eff. August 1, 2002;
8		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. March 26,
9		2017;
10		Amended Eff. September 1, 2022.

02 NCAC 52B. 0214 is adopted with changes as published in 36:22 NCR 1775-1776 as follows:

## 02 NCAC 52B .0214 IMPORTATION REQUIREMENTS: RABBITS RABBITS, OR ANY SPECIES IN THE ORDER LAGOMORPHA, INCLUDING HARES AND PIKAS

- (a) An import permit from the State Veterinarian is required for the importation of a rabbit rabbit, or any species in the order of Lagomorpha, including hare and pika, into the State of North Carolina originating from:
  - (1) any country or state with Rabbit Hemorrhagic Disease Virus-2 ("RHDV-2") detected; or
  - (2) a state or country without RHDV-2 if the rabbit animal makes any intervening stop in a country or state with RHDV-2 detected, if the rabbit animal is commingled or exposed to any other rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not being shipped directly from the point of origin together, or if the imported rabbit is exposed to materials such as cages, beddings, and supplies that have been in contact with another rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not shipped directly from the point of origin together.
- (b) The <del>rabbit</del> import permit application shall be accompanied by an official health certificate certifying the <del>rabbit</del> animal to be free from any contagious animal disease, including RHDV-2, as follows:
  - (1) If the rabbit animal is shipped directly without any intervening stops, without commingling or exposure to any other rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not being shipped directly from the point of origin together, and without exposure to materials such as cages, beddings, and supplies that have been in contact with another rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not shipped directly from the point of origin together, then the official health certificate shall be obtained within 7 days of the date of importation into North Carolina.
  - (2) If the rabbit animal is shipped with intervening stops, with commingling or exposure to another rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not being shipped directly from the point of origin together, or with exposure to materials such as cages, beddings, and supplies that have been in contact with another rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not shipped directly from the point of origin together, then the official health certificate shall be obtained from the location of the last intervening stop, commingling, or exposure, and within 7 days of the date of importation into North Carolina.
- (c) No permit is needed for for:
  - direct shipment of a rabbit rabbit, or any species in the order of Lagomorpha, including hare and pika, from a country or state without RHDV-2 or if the rabbit animal makes intervening stops only in countries or states without RHDV-2, the rabbit animal is not commingled or exposed to another rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not shipped directly from the point of origin together, and the rabbit animal is not exposed to materials such as cages, beddings, and supplies that have been in contact with another rabbit animal in the order of Lagomorpha not shipped directly from the point of origin together, together; or

- rabbits, or any species in the order of Lagomorpha, including hare and pika, brought into the State on a temporary basis for the sole purpose of seeking veterinary services by a North Carolina licensed veterinarian, lasting only until the end of the veterinary service visit, and the animal is brought directly to the veterinary clinic and departs from the veterinary clinic to the originating state with no intervening stops.
  - (d) The application for rabbit <u>a</u> importation shall include the state of origin, health certificate inspection date, the owner's name, address, and phone number at the time of import, the import destination within the State of North Carolina, the name, address, and phone number of the person with control and responsibility over the <u>rabbit</u> <u>animal</u> at the import destination, and any federal licensing, permit, and documentation required for the importation of the <u>rabbit</u> animal if imported from outside of the United States of America.
- (e) A rabbit rabbit, or any species in the order of Lagomorpha, including hare and pika, requiring an import permit that is imported into North Carolina shall be accompanied by an official health certificate with the import permit number and shall be made available for inspection by the State Veterinarian or his or her designee upon request.
- 14 (f) An intervening stop is defined as a stop in a country or state longer than 24 hours but less than 10 days. The location of any stop for longer than 10 days shall be deemed the new country or state of origin.
- (g) Health certificates issued outside of the United States shall be issued in English and by a veterinarian with a valid license to practice veterinary medicine in the country of export.

19 History Note: Authority G.S. 106-317;
 20 Eff. September 1, 2022.

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1	02 NCAC 61 .01	101 is amended as published in 36:20 NCR 1607 as follows:
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3		CHAPTER 61 - SANITATION OF BEDDING
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5	02 NCAC 61 .0	101 DEFINITIONS
6	The following d	efinitions shall apply throughout these Rules:
7	<u>(1)</u>	"Chemical Method" means a process accomplished by application of a disinfectant registered by
8		the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and labeled as a disinfectant for bedding.
9	<del>(1)</del> (2)	"Chief Financial Officer" means the officer or employee with primary bookkeeping responsibility
10		for a business that manufactures manufactures, or sanitizes sanitizes, sells or offers to sell bedding in
11		this State or manufactures and sells or offers to sell bedding to be sold in this state.
12	(3)	"Division" means the Structural Pest Control and Pesticides Division of the N.C. Department of
13		Agriculture and Consumer Services.
14	<u>(4)</u>	"Dry Heat Method" means a process accomplished by conduction, where heat is absorbed by the
15		exterior surface of an item and then passed inward to the next layer.
16	<del>(2)</del> (5)	"Person" means an individual, corporation, company, partnership, or other legal entity.
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18	History Note:	Authority G.S. 106-65.107;
19		Eff. April 1, 1984;
20		Amended Eff. January 1, 1988;
21		Transferred from 15A NCAC 18B .0201 Eff. May 1, 2012;
22		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021;
23		Amended Eff. September 1, 2022.

1 02 NCAC 61 .0102 is amended as published in 36:20 NCR 1607-1608 as follows: 2 3 02 NCAC 61 .0102 **AUTHORIZED SANITIZING PROCESSES** 4 (a) In the dry heat process, secondhand or previously used bedding must be heated at a temperature of 230 degrees F. for a period of two hours. The chamber in which this process is performed must be insulated sufficiently to ensure 5 6 maintenance of a uniform temperature of 230 degrees F. Articles to be sanitized must be placed on racks, or other 7 devices provided therein so that a minimum space of six inches is left around each item being sanitized, and between 8 the item and the walls, floor, ceiling, and other items. Loose materials to be sanitized must be placed on tiers or slats, 9 or in other arrangements that permit an even distribution of heat throughout the material. A thermometer that has been 10 checked for accuracy within one degree F, must be placed within the chamber at a point where it can be read at all 11 times through a window for that purpose. (b) In the washing process, the bedding shall be boiled for two hours and washed with a soap or detergent. After 12 13 drying, the bedding shall be free from dirt, marks, stains, or other offensive odors or materials. 14 (a) The dry heat process may be used to sanitize secondhand mattresses, innersprings, or similar covered in whole or 15 in part by a porous material or fabric. In order to properly sanitize using the dry heat process: The bedding must be heated to a temperature of 230 degrees F. for a period of two hours. All 16 17 chambers shall be insulated to ensure maintenance of uniform temperature of 230 degrees Fahrenheit and 18 shall be tightly sealed to prevent any leakage of gases. Materials to be sanitized must be placed on racks, or 19 other devices provided therein so that a minimum space of six inches is left around each item being sanitized, 20 and between the item and the walls, floor, ceiling, and other items. 21 Loose materials to be sanitized must be placed on tiers or slats, or in other arrangements that permits 22 an even distribution of heat throughout the material; and 23 A thermometer that has been checked for accuracy within one-degree Fahrenheit must be placed within the chamber at a point(s) where it can always be easily read to determine the temperature accuracy of 24 25 the equipment. (b) The chemical method of sanitizing is authorized if performed in accordance with the requirements of this rule. 26 27 Only those products evaluated and registered by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Division, 28 as approved for use as disinfectants of articles of bedding shall be used. The product used must clearly state, on the 29 label or on printed materials included on each container or package, detailed instructions for its use in disinfecting 30 articles of bedding. It is a violation of this Rule to use an unregistered product, or to use a registered product in a 31 manner inconsistent with its label or accompanying printed material, in the sanitizing process. 32 (c) In the washing process, the bedding shall be boiled for two hours and washed with a soap or detergent. After 33 drying, the bedding shall be free from dirt, marks, stains, or other offensive odors or materials. 34 35 History Note: Authority G.S. 106-65.107; 36 Eff. April 1, 1984; 37 Amended Eff. January 1, 1985;

1	Transferred from 15A NCAC 18B .0202 Eff. May 1, 2012;
2	Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.
3	Amended Eff September 1 2022

1	02 NCAC 61 .0104 is adopted as published in 36:20 NCR 1608 as follows:
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3	02 NCAC 61 .0104 RECORDKEEPING FOR SANITIZATION
4	(a) A person who sanitizes previously used material or bedding shall keep a record of the kind of material and
5	bedding which has been sanitized, that is available for inspection by the Division.
6	(b) The record shall be retained on the business premises and/or with each mobile unit for not less than 2 years and
7	shall be made available for inspection by the Division upon request.
8	(c) The record shall include the following:
9	(1) the date of sanitization;
10	(2) the sanitization method used;
11	(3) the kind of materials and types of items sanitized;
12	(4) the unit number of bedding articles sanitized;
13	(5) a list of all chemicals, including EPA Reg. numbers, total amount applied per application used in
14	the pre- and post-sanitizing process; and
15	(6) the name of the person and/or company performing the sanitization.
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17	History Note: Authority G.S. 106-65.107;
18	Eff September 1, 2022

1 02 NCAC 61 .0105 is amended as published in 36:20 NCR 1608 as follows: 2 3 02 NCAC 61 .0106.0105 STORAGE OF SECONDHAND OR PREVIOUSLY-USED MATERIALS 4 When secondhand bedding or previously-used materials that have not been sanitized are stored in a bedding 5 manufacturing establishment, a sanitizing business, a retail outlet, a distribution warehouse, or in the same room with 6 new or sanitized bedding or bedding materials, the secondhand bedding or previously-used materials must be 7 segregated at all times from the new or sanitized bedding or bedding materials materials: 8 (1) by partitions that are free of holes, cracks, or other openings. The top of the partitions must be at least one 9 foot higher than the level of the unsanitized materials.materials; or 10 (2) by complete separation by a minimum of six feet. 11 12 History Note: Authority G.S. 106-65.98; 106-65.107; 13 Eff. April 1, 1984; 14 Transferred from 15A NCAC 18B .0205 Eff. May 1, 2012; 15 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021. 16 Amended Eff. September 1, 2022.

1 02 NCAC 61 .0108 is amended as published in 36:20 NCR 1608-1609 as follows: 2 3 02 NCAC 61 .0109.0108 LICENSE FEES AND APPLICATIONS 4 (a) Applications for a license shall be on a form provided by the Division and shall include the following information: 5 (1) the name of the business; 6 (2) the physical address for the plant or operation; 7 (3) the name, title, mailing address, and telephone number and email address if available, for the contact 8 person for the license; and 9 **(4)** the type of bedding items the business manufactures, manufactures, sanitizes or renovates. 10 (b) The applicant shall submit a verification from the applicant's chief financial officer that he has examined the records of the applicant and that the information provided in accordance with G.S. 106-65.103 correctly reflects the 11 12 information contained in the records of the applicant. However, if the Division has reason to believe that the 13 information provided is incomplete, misleading or incorrect, the Division may require the applicant to obtain a 14 certification of the required information by an independent Certified Public Accountant licensed to practice in North 15 Carolina. 16 (c) License fees, in accordance with G.S. 106-65.103, shall be paid in full on March 1 of each year or in quarterly 17 installments on March 1, June 1, September 1, and December 1 of each year. Applicants who have not operated for a 18 full calendar year may owe additional fees or be due a refund for the first year's operation, depending on the business 19 volume eligible for stamp exemption fee payment. Application forms for making the determination of fee payment 20 owed or refunded shall be furnished by the Division. When the requirements of G.S. 106-65.103(a) can be met, the 21 option described by G.S. 106-65.103(b) will no longer be available to the applicant. 22 (d) Applicants who have gone out of business in the initial year of their operation and who have paid the license fee 23 in accordance with G.S. 106-65.103 may apply for a refund for the remainder of the calendar year upon providing verified proof of the bedding units sold or manufactured in North Carolina during the operating portion of the calendar 24 25 year. 26 (e) All forms may be obtained from the Division at www.ncagr.gov/SPCAP/Sleep/beddinglicense.htm. 27 28 History Note: Authority G.S. 106-65.103; 106-65.107; 29 Eff. April 1, 1984; 30 Amended Eff. September 1, 1990; January 1, 1988; 31 Transferred from 15A NCAC 18B .0208 Eff. May 1, 2012; 32 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.

Amended Eff. September 1, 2022.

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1 02 NCAC 61 .0110 is amended as published in 36:20 NCR 1609 as follows: 2 3 02 NCAC 61 .0111.0110 DURABLE MATERIALS FOR TAGS 4 In addition to the requirements set forth in G.S. 106-65.99, identifying tags shall be of linen, muslin, white vellum 5 cloth, or other durable cloth-material of comparable quality that will not flake when abraded and shall not be easily 6 torn.abraded. Paper or plastic face tags shall not be allowed. Tags shall be printed or stamped on one side only in 7 colorfast black letters that will not fade or wash out. Tags shall be so located that the information contained thereon 8 is visible to the purchaser at all times and shall be securely attached or sewn sewed to the pillows, mattresses, sleeping 9 bags, comforters, and other articles of bedding. Tags shall not be altered or defaced in any manner. The labeling 10 requirements of another governmental unit may appear on the tag. 11 12 History Note: Authority G.S. 106-65.99; 106-65.107; 13 Eff. April 1, 1984; 14 Amended Eff. January 1, 1988; 15 Transferred from 15A NCAC 18B .0210 Eff. May 1, 2012; Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021; 16 17 Amended Eff. September 1, 2022.