1	15A NCAC 01C	C.0101 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:	
2			
3		SECTION <u>.0101</u> <u>.0100</u> – GENERAL PROVISIONS	
4			
5	15A NCAC 010	C .0101 STATEMENT OF PURPOSE, POLICY, AND SCOPE	
6	(a) The purpose	of the rules in this Subchapter is to establish procedures within the Department of Environment and	
7	Natural Resource	ces (DENR) Environmental Quality (DEQ) for conforming with related to the North Carolina	
8	Environmental I	Policy Act (NCEPA).	
9	(b) Rules for i	implementation of the NCEPA (01 NCAC 25) are hereby incorporated by including subsequent	
10	amendments and editions. Copies of these Rules can be obtained from the Department of Administration, State		
11	Clearinghouse, 1302 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1302.		
12	(e) (b) Environmental documents shall be available to public officials and citizens before decisions are made and before		
13	actions are taken. The information shall be reliable and sufficient to allow selection among alternatives.		
14	(d) (c) The Secretary is the "responsible state official" for DENR DEQ. The Secretary may delegate responsibility for		
15	the implementation of the NCEPA to staff.		
16	(e) (d) The provisions of the rules in this Subchapter, the state Department of Administration's rules (01 NCAC 25), and		
17	the NCEPA shall be read together as a whole in order to comply with the spirit and letter of the law.		
18	(f) (e) These Rules rules establish minimum criteria to determine when preparation of an environmental document is not		
19	required when D	DEQ is the state project agency. the procedures for determining whether an environmental document is	
20	required when E	DENR is the State Project Agency.	
21			
22	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-6; 113A-9; 143B-10;	
23		Eff. August 1, 1989;	
24		Transferred from T15.01D .0201 Eff. November 1, 1989;	
25		Amended Eff. April 1, 2003; August 1, 1996; March 1, 1990;	
26		Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.	

15A NCAC 01C .0103 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows:

1 2

15A NCAC 01C .0103 DEFINITIONS

- The definition of any word or phrase used in rules of this Subchapter is the same as given in G.S. <u>113A-9</u> <u>113A-9</u>. and in 1 NCAC 25, including subsequent amendments and editions. The following words and phrases have the following meaning.
 - (1) "Agency" means the Divisions and Offices of DENR, as well as the boards, commissions, committees, and councils of DENR having decision making authority and adopting these rules by reference; except where the context clearly indicates otherwise.
 - (2) (1) "Channel Disturbance" means activities that permanently remove or degrade the natural functions of the stream such as culverting, relocation, channelization channelization, or streambank stabilization methods including gabions, rip rap rip rap, or similar hard structures.
 - (3) (2) "Cumulative Impacts" mean means environmental impacts resulting from incremental effects of an activity when added to other past, present, and reasonably foreseeable future activities regardless of what entities undertake such other actions. Cumulative impacts are the reasonably foreseeable impacts from individually minor but collectively significant activities.
 - (4) (3) "Direct Impacts" mean environmental impacts which are caused by an activity and occurring at the same time and place.
 - (5) (4) "Disposal" means the discharge, deposit, injection, dumping, spilling, leaking leaking, or placing of any waste into or on any land or water so that the waste or any constituent part of the waste may enter the environment or be emitted into the air or discharged into any waters, including groundwaters, or beneath or on the surface of the land.
 - (6) (5) "Ecosystem" means all the interrelated organisms and their environment within a defined area.
 - (7) (6) "Forestry Management Plan" means a document that guides the practical and sustainable application of biological, physical, quantitative, managerial, economic, social social, and policy principles to the regeneration, management, utilization utilization, and conservation of forests to meet specified goals goals, and objectives while maintaining the productivity of the forest. Forest management includes management for aesthetics, fish, recreation, urban values, water, wilderness, wildlife, wood products and other forest resource values.
 - (8) (7) "Hazardous Waste" means a waste, or combination of wastes, in any state or form including gas, liquid liquid, or solid, that because of its quantity, concentration concentration, or physical, chemical chemical, or infectious characteristics may cause or contribute to an increase in mortality or an increase in irreversible or incapacitating reversible illness, or pose a present or potential hazard to human health or the environment when improperly treated, stored, transported, disposed of of, or otherwise managed.
 - (9) (8) "High Quality Waters (HQW)" has the same meaning as in 15A NCAC 02B .0224. means a subset of waters with quality higher than the existing classification standards. These include those rated as

2	monitoring or special studies; native and special native trout waters (and their tributaries) designated
3	by the Wildlife Resources Commission; primary nursery areas (PNA) designated by the Marine
4	Fisheries Commission and other functional nursery areas designated by the Marine Fisheries
5	Commission; all water supply watersheds which are either classified as WS I or WS II or those for
6	which a formal petition for reclassification as WS-I or WS-II has been received from the appropriate
7	local government and accepted by the Division of Water Quality; and all Class SA waters.
8	(10) (9) "Inlet" means a waterway between islands connecting a lagoon, estuary, sound sound or similar water
9	body with the ocean.
10	(11) (10)"Instream Flow" means the amount of water needed in a stream to adequately provide for downstream
11	uses occurring within the stream channel, including some or all of the following: aquatic habitat,
12	recreation, wetlands maintenance, navigation, hydropower, riparian vegetation, and water quality.
13	(12) (11) "Land-Disturbing Activity" has the same meaning as in G.S. 113A-52. means any use of the land by
14	any person in residential, industrial, educational, institutional or commercial development, highway
15	and road construction and maintenance that results in a change in the natural cover or topography and
16	that may cause or contribute to sedimentation.
17	(13) "Lead Agency" means the agency or agencies preparing or having taken primary responsibility for
18	preparing an environmental document. The lead agency is a sub-agency of the state project agency.
19	(14) "Non State Entity" means local governments, special purpose units of government, contractors, and
20	individuals or corporations to whom NCEPA may apply.
21	(12) "Lead Division" means the division within DEQ that has been appointed by the Secretary, pursuant to
22	15A NCAC 01C .0105, to have primary responsibility for preparation of an environmental document
23	when DEQ is the state project agency.
24	(15) (13) "Perennial Stream" means a channel that contains water year round during a year of normal rainfall
25	with the aquatic bed located below the water table for most of the year. Groundwater is the primary
26	source of water for a perennial stream, but it also carries stormwater runoff. A perennial stream
27	exhibits the typical biological, hydrological, and physical characteristics commonly associated with
28	the continuous conveyance of water.
29	(16) (14) "Prime agricultural and forest land" means lands which that possess the best combination of physical
30	and chemical characteristics for producing food, feed, fiber (including forest products), forage,
31	oilseed, and other agricultural products (including livestock), without intolerable soil erosion. This
32	does not apply to lands which that are already in or committed to development projects such as water
33	impoundment, transportation, and urban development.
34	(17) (15) "Reclaimed Water Utilization" means the use of reclaimed water that meets the criteria provided in
35	15A NCAC 02H .0219(k) for beneficial uses in lieu of water from other sources. "Reclaimed Water"
36	has the same meaning as in 15A NCAC 02U .0103.

excellent based on biological and physical/chemical characteristics through Division of Water Quality

1	(18) (16) "Resource" means any natural product or value, not necessarily economic, but including trees,
2	(10) (10	minerals, wildlife, clean air and water, fisheries, ecosystems, tandscapes landscapes, and open space.
3	(10) (17)	"River Basin" means the watershed of a major river system.
	` ' ' '	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
4	(20) <u>(18</u>) "Secondary Impacts" mean indirect impacts caused by and resulting from a specific activity that
5		occur later in time or further removed in distance than direct impacts, but are reasonably foreseeable.
6		Indirect impacts may include growth inducing effects and other effects related to induced changes in
7		the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate, and related effects on air, water
8		water. and other natural systems, including ecosystems.
9	(21) <u>(19</u>	"Secretary" means the Secretary of DENR. <u>DEQ.</u>
10	(22) <u>(20</u>	"State Project Agency" means the state department or council of state agency which that has been
11		designated pursuant to 4 <u>01</u> NCAC 25 .0210(a) for ensuring compliance with NCEPA.
12	(23) <u>(</u>21)	"Stream Enhancement" means the process of implementing stream rehabilitation practices in order to
13		improve water quality or ecological function. These practices are typically conducted on the stream
14		bank or in the flood prone area. Enhancement activities may also include the placement of in-stream
15		habitat structures.
16	(24) <u>(</u>22) "Stream Restoration" means the process of converting an unstable, altered, or degraded
17		stream corridor, including adjacent riparian zone and flood prone areas to its natural or referenced,
18		stable conditions considering recent and future watershed conditions. This process also includes
19		restoring the geomorphic dimension, pattern pattern, and profile as well as biological and chemical
20		integrity, including transport of water and sediment produced by the stream's watershed in order to
21		achieve dynamic equilibrium.
22	(25) <u>(23)</u>	"Total Design Withdrawal" means the pumping rate at which water can be removed from the
23		contributing stream. It is the sum of any pre-existing withdrawal capacity plus any withdrawal
24		increase.
25	(26) <u>(24</u>)) "Wetlands" mean "wetlands" as defined has the same meaning as in 15A NCAC 02B .0202.
26		
27	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-6; 113A-9; 143B-10;
28		Eff. April 1, 2003;
29		Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022.
30		

1 15A NCAC 01C .0104 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 01C .0104 AGENCY COMPLIANCE 4 (a) Each DENR agency DEQ shall interpret the provisions of the NC EPA NCEPA as a supplement to its existing 5 authority and as a mandate to view its policies and programs in the light of the NC EPA's NCEPA's comprehensive 6 environmental objectives, except where existing law applicable to the DENR agency's DEQ's operations 7 expressly prohibits compliance or makes compliance impossible. 8 (b) As part of making a decision on a project for which an environmental document has been prepared, the DENR 9 agency decision maker DEO shall review the document and incorporate it as part of continuing deliberations. The 10 resulting decision shall be made after weighing all of the impacts and mitigation measures presented in the 11 environmental document, which shall become part of the decision-making record. 12 13 History Note: Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-5; 113A-6; 113A-10; 143B-10; 14 Eff. April 1, 2003; 15 Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022. 16

1 15A NCAC 01C .0105 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows: 2 LEAD AND COOPERATING AGENCY DIVISIONS RESPONSIBILITY 3 15A NCAC 01C .0105 4 Where DENR DEQ is the State Project Agency state project agency and more than one of its divisions DENR agency 5 must issue a permit or other authorization for the project requiring review under NCEPA, the Secretary shall appoint a 6 lead division DENR agency to be responsible for issuance preparation of the environmental document. The lead and 7 cooperating DENR agencies' divisions' responsibilities shall be established by the Secretary. 8 9 History Note: Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-7; 143B-10; 10 Eff. April 1, 2003; 11 Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.

1 15A NCAC 01C .0106 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 01C .0106 **SCOPING AND HEARINGS** 4 DENR agencies When DEQ is the state project agency, DEQ shall utilize scoping and hearing processes in their NCEPA 5 activities to the extent appropriate to the complexity, potential for environmental effects, and level of expressed interest 6 associated with the proposed activity action. Scoping and hearing processes are public processes designed to determine 7 the types of environmental issues to be addressed in environmental documents. They are open processes intended to 8 obtain the view of other agencies and the public in order for state agencies to make informed decisions. 9 10 Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-4; 113A-6; 143B-10; History Note: 11 Eff. April 1, 2003; 12 Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022. 13

15A NCAC 01C .0107 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:

15A NCAC 01C .0107 LIMITATION ON ACTIONS DURING NCEPA PROCESS

- (a) While work on an environmental document is in progress, no DENR agency shall undertake in the interim any action which might limit the choice among alternatives or otherwise prejudice the ultimate decision on the issue. A permit approval or other action to approve land disturbing activity or construction of part of the project or action, other than those actions necessary for gathering information needed to prepare the environmental document, limits the choice among alternatives and shall not be approved until the final environmental document for the action is published in the Environmental Bulletin pursuant to 01 NCAC 25 .0212 and adopted by the DENR agency through the procedures established by to the Department of Administration's Rules for administering NC EPA and this Subchapter of the Department's rules. If an environmental document is required under NCEPA, DEQ shall not undertake an action until the environmental document for that action is final.
- (b) If a DENR agency DEQ is considering a proposed action for which an environmental document is to be or is being prepared, prepared under NCEPA, the DENR agency DEQ shall promptly notify the initiating party applicant that the DENR agency DEQ cannot take final action until the environmental documentation document is completed and available for use as a decision-making tool. The notification shall be consistent with the statutory and regulatory requirements of the DENR agency DEQ and may be in the form of a notification that the application is incomplete.
- 18 (c) When a DENR agency a program within DEQ decides that a proposed action, activity, for which state other DEQ
 19 actions are pending or have been taken, requires environmental documentation, then the DENR agency that program
 20 shall promptly notify all the other relevant DEQ programs DENR action agencies of the decision. When statutory and
 21 regulatory requirements prevent a DENR agency from suspending action, the DENR agency shall deny any action for
 22 which it determines an environmental document is necessary but not yet available as a decision making tool.
- (d) When statutory and regulatory requirements prevent DEQ from suspending action, DEQ shall deny any action for
 which it determines an environmental document is required under NCEPA but not yet available as a decision-making
 tool.

- History Note: Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-7; 143B-10;
- 29 Eff. April 1, 2003;
- 30 <u>Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.</u>

1 15A NCAC 01C .0108 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 01C .0108 **EMERGENCIES** 4 (a) Where emergency circumstances make it necessary to take an otherwise lawful action with potential environmental 5 effects without observing the public review provisions of the NC EPA, the DENR agency taking the action shall notify 6 the Secretary and limit actions to those necessary to control and mitigate for the immediate threat to the public health, 7 safety, and welfare. If there is an immediate threat to public health, safety, and welfare, DEQ may take otherwise lawful 8 actions with potential environmental effects without preparing an environmental document. In those emergency 9 circumstances, DEO shall limit actions to those necessary to control and mitigate for the immediate threat to the public 10 health, safety, and welfare. 11 (b) DENR agencies DEO may prepare and maintain environmental documents for repetitive emergency programs 12 affecting the public, public to review the scope of involved activities, identify specific effects to be expected, and 13 identify mitigation measures that can be employed, employed in various circumstances to assure protection of the public 14 and long term environmental productivity. (c) The minimum criteria established pursuant to Section .0400 of this Subchapter or the review processes for 15 environmental assessments or environmental impact statements set out in Rules 01 NCAC 25 .0506 and .0605, may be 16 altered where an emergency makes it necessary to take action or control or mitigate any threat to the public health, safety 17 18 and welfare caused by the emergency. Rule 01 NCAC 25,1002 establishes the procedures to supplement the provisions of this Chapter in an emergency consistent with the policies of NC EPA. 19 20 21 Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-7; 143B-10; History Note: 22 Eff. April 1, 2003; 23 Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022. 24

1 15A NCAC 01C .0109 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 01C .0109 NON-STATE INVOLVEMENT AND CONSULTANTS PREPARATION OF 4 **ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS** 5 (a) If a lead DENR agency requires a non-state entity to submit environmental information for use by the DENR agency 6 in preparing an environmental document for the non state entity's activity, then the DENR agency shall assist by 7 outlining the types of information requested. When DEQ is the state project agency, DEQ may request information from 8 an applicant to prepare an environmental document. The DENR agency—DEQ shall independently evaluate the 9 information provided and shall be responsible for its accuracy. 10 (b) When DEQ is the state project agency, an environmental document may be prepared by a consultant, including the applicant for the action's consultant. If a lead DENR agency DEQ a non-state entity allows an applicant for the action to 11 prepare an environmental document, the lead DENR agency-DEQ shall furnish guidance and participate in the 12 13 preparation, and take responsibility for its scope, objectivity, content, and accuracy. 14 (c) An environmental document may be prepared by a consultant. (d)(c) The Environmental Assessment Guidance Document available through the State Clearinghouse and Rules 01 15 NCAC 25 .0400 through .1000 offer provides guidance in preparing environmental documents. 16 17 (d) When DEQ is the state project agency, the content and finalization of an environmental document shall comply with 18 NCEPA, DEQ's rules, and the Department of Administration's rules (01 NCAC 25). 19 20 History Note: Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-5; 113A-6; 113A-9; 143B-10; 21 Eff. April 1, 2003; 22 Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022. 23

1	15A NCAC 01C	.0205 is repealed through readoption as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:		
2				
3	15A NCAC 01C	.0205 IMPLEMENTATION		
4				
5	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-4; 113A-5; 113A-6; 143B-10;		
6	Eff. April 1, 2003;			
7		Repealed Eff. May 1, 2022.		
8				
9				

I	15A NCAC 010	C.0206 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:	
2			
3		SECTION .0200 - INTEGRATION WITH AGENCY ACTIVITY	
4 5	15A NCAC 01	C .0206 WHEN TO PREPARE ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS	
6	(a) DENR age	ncies shall prepare an environmental assessment in accordance with the NC EPA and the related state	
7	rules at 01 NCA	.C 25 for those activities described in Section .0300 of this Subchapter, and for those activities above the	
8	thresholds set i	n DENR's minimum criteria described in Section .0400 of this Subchapter. When an environmental	
9	document is req	uired under NCEPA and DEQ is the state project agency, DEQ shall prepare an environmental document	
10	unless the actio	n falls below the minimum criteria set forth in Section .0400 of this Subchapter. As described in 15A	
11	NCAC 01C .03	06, the Secretary may require preparation of an environmental document that would otherwise not be	
12	required throug	h application of DEQ's minimum criteria.	
13	(b) An environmental assessment is not necessary if a DENR agency DEQ has decided to prepare an environmental		
14	impact stateme	nt, statement. because the scope or complexity of the activity has a clear potential for environmental	
15	effects.		
16	(c) DENR age	neies DEQ shall insure ensure that the activity that is the subject of the environmental document is	
17	properly define	d. Closely connected activities should be reviewed together. Closely connected activities include:	
18	(1)	activities that automatically trigger other activities that may require environmental impact statements;	
19	(2)	activities that cannot or will not proceed unless other activities occur either previously or	
20		simultaneously; and	
21	(3)	activities that are interdependent parts of a larger plan of development and depend on the larger plan	
22		of development for justification.	
23			
24	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-4; 113A-6; 143B-10;	
25		Eff. April 1, 2003;	
26		Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.	
27			
28			

1	15A NCAC 010	2.0207 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:		
2				
3	15A NCAC 01	C .0207 INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE		
4	(a) DENR ager	ncies DEQ shall incorporate material into environmental documents by reference to cut down on bulk		
5	without impeding DENR agency DEQ and public reviews of the action. The incorporated material shall be cited in the			
6	document and its contents briefly described.			
7	(b) Incorporated-by-reference material must shall be made available by the applicant for inspection by reviewers and			
8	potentially interested persons within the time allowed for comment.			
9				
10	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-10; 143B-10;		
11		Eff. April 1, 2003;		
12		Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.		
13				

2 3 INCOMPLETE OR UNAVAILABLE INFORMATION 15A NCAC 01C .0208 4 (a) Where a DENR agency DEQ is evaluating significant effects upon the environment in an environmental document <u>5</u> and there are gaps in relevant information or scientific uncertainty, the DENR agency DEQ should always shall make <u>6</u> clear that such information is lacking or that uncertainty exists. 7 (b) If the information relevant to the effects is essential to a reasonable choice among alternatives and the overall costs 8 of and time for obtaining it are not out of proportion to the potential environmental effects of the activity, the DENR 9 agency [DEO] should [shall] include the information in the environmental document. 10 (c) If the information relevant to the effects is essential to a reasoned choice among alternatives and the overall cost of <u>11</u> and time for obtaining it are out of proportion to the potential environmental effects of the activity, or the means of <u>12</u> obtaining it are not known (beyond the state of the art), then the DENR agency [DEQ] shall weigh the need for the action <u>13</u> against the risk and severity of possible adverse impacts were the action to proceed in the face of uncertainty. If the <u>14</u> DENR agency [DEQ] proceeds, it shall include within the environmental document: <u>15</u> (b) In considering whether unavailable information should be sought and included in the environmental document, DEQ shall consider whether the information can be obtained, how long it would take to obtain that information, and the 16 significance of the information to understanding the effects of the proposed action or alternative. If, after considering <u>17</u> <u>18</u> those factors, DEQ proceeds with preparation of the environmental document without the information, DEQ shall 19 include within the environmental document: <u>20</u> (1) a statement that such information is incomplete or unavailable; <u>21</u> (2) a statement of the relevance of the incomplete or unavailable information to evaluating reasonably <u>22</u> foreseeable significant adverse impacts on the human environment; 23 (3) a summary of existing credible scientific evidence which is relevant to evaluating the reasonably <u>24</u> foreseeable significant adverse impacts on the human environment; and <u>25</u> (4) the DENR agency's DEQ's evaluation of such impacts based upon theoretical approaches or research <u> 26</u> methods generally accepted in the scientific community. <u>27</u> (d)(c) For the purposes of this Section, "reasonably foreseeable" includes impacts which have catastrophic consequences, <u>28</u> even if their probability of occurrence is low, provided that the analysis of the impacts is supported by credible scientific <u> 29</u> evidence, is not based on pure conjecture, and is within the rule of reason. <u>30</u> 31 History Note: Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 143B-10; <u>32</u> Eff. April 1, 2003; <u>33</u> Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022. <u>34</u>

15A NCAC 01C .0208 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows:

<u>35</u>

1	15A NCAC 01C	C .0304 is repealed through readoption as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 010	C .0304 ACTIVITIES ABOVE THE MINIMUM CRITERIA
4		
5	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-11; 143B-10;
6		Eff. April 1, 2003;
7		Repealed Eff. May 1, 2022.
8		
9		
10		

I	15A NCAC 01C	.0305 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows:
2		
3		SECTION .0300 – SPECIAL CIRCUMSTANCES
4 5	15A NCAC 01C	C.0305 ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN BY DEQ TYPES OF ACTIVITIES REQUIRING
6		ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION
7	The following D	ENR agency activities activities, when undertaken by DEQ, will shall be deemed to have a potentia
8	effect upon the e	nvironment of the state and require preparation of an environmental document unless they fall unde
9	satisfy the minin	num criteria set out in Section .0400 of this Subchapter.
10	(1)	Proposed construction Construction of facilities or infrastructures on lands and waters owned or
11		managed by any DENR agency <u>DEQ</u> .
12	(2)	Specific programs conducted by DENR agencies on lands and waters or in the atmosphere owned or
13		managed by the state.
14	(3) <u>(2)</u>	Demolition of or additions, rehabilitation rehabilitation, and/or and or renovations to a structure listed
15		in the National Register of Historic Places or more than 50 years of age except where agreement exists
16		with the Department of Natural and Cultural Resources that the structure lacks architectural or
17		historical significance.
18	(4) <u>(3)</u>	Ground disturbances involving National Register listed archaeological sites or areas around buildings
19		50 years old or older, except where agreement exists with the Department of Natural and Cultura
20		Resources.
21		
22	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-8; 113A-9; 113A-10; 143B-10;
23		Eff. April 1, 2003;
24		Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022.
25		
26		
27		

1 15A NCAC 01C .0306 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows: 2 3 15A NCAC 01C .0306 **ACTIVITIES OF A SPECIAL NATURE** 4 Any activity falling within the parameters of the minimum criteria set out in Section .0400 of this Subchapter shall not 5 routinely be required to have environmental documentation under the NCEPA. However, an environmental document is 6 required when the Secretary determines that The Secretary may require preparation of an environmental document that 7 would otherwise not be required through application of DEQ's minimum criteria if the Secretary determines: 8 (1) the proposed activity may have a potential for significant adverse effects on wetlands; surface waters 9 such as rivers, streams streams, and estuaries; parklands; game lands; prime agricultural or forest 10 lands; or areas of local, state state, or federally recognized scenic, recreational, archaeological, 11 ecological, scientific research research, or historical value, including secondary impacts; or would 12 threaten a species identified on the Department of Interior's or the state's State's threatened and 13 endangered species lists; or 14 (2) the proposed activity could cause changes in industrial, commercial, residential, agricultural, or 15 silvicultural land use concentrations or distributions which would be expected to create adverse water 16 quality, instream flow, air quality, or ground water impacts; or affect long-term recreational benefits, 17 fish, wildlife, or their natural habitats; or 18 (3) the proposed activity has secondary impacts, or is part of cumulative impacts, not generally covered in 19 the approval process for the state action, and that may result in a potential risk to human health or the 20 environment; or 21 (4) the proposed activity is of such an unusual nature or has such widespread implications that a concern 22 for its environmental effects has been identified by the DENR agency DEQ or expressed to the DENR 23 agency. DEQ. 24 25 History Note: Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-9; 113A-10; 113A-11; 113A-12; 143B-10; 26 Eff. April 1, 2003; 27 Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022. 28 29

1	15A NCAC 01C .0405 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:
2	
3	SECTION .0400 OTHER REQUIREMENTS MINIMUM CRITERIA
4 5	
6	15A NCAC 01C .0405 PURPOSE OF THE MINIMUM CRITERIA THRESHOLDS
7	(a) This Section establishes minimum criteria to be used in determining when environmental documents are not
8	required. The minimum criteria, as defined in state rules at 01 NCAC 25, shall be used by the Secretary and DENR
9	agencies to provide sound decision making processes by allowing separation of activities with a high potential for
10	environmental effects from those with only a minimum potential.
11	(b) The minimum criteria set out in this Section are established to determine when environmental documentation under
12	the NCEPA is not required.
13	If NCEPA requires preparation of an environmental document and DEQ is the state project agency, the minimum
14	criteria set forth in this Section determine when preparation of an environmental document is not required because the
15	action or class of actions have no significant long-term impact on the environment. An activity must be at or below shall
16	satisfy each applicable minimum criteria threshold to maintain this status. As set out in Rule .0306 of Section .0300 this
17	Subchapter, the Secretary may require preparation of an environmental documentation document for activities that would
18	otherwise not be required through application of DEQ's qualify under these minimum criteria. criteria thresholds.
19	
20	History Note: Authority G.S. 113A-2; 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-11; 143B-10;
21	Eff. April 1, 2003;
22	Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.
23	

1	15A NCAC 010	C .0406 IS 1	READOPTED AS PUBLISHED IN 36:08 NCR 584 AS FOLLOWS:			
2	17 A NICLA C 010	2 0406	CAMPLING CUDURY MONITORING AND DELATED DECEADOR			
3	15A NCAC 010		SAMPLING, SURVEY, MONITORING, AND RELATED RESEARCH			
4			ACTIVITIES			
5		-	ring and research activities do not require the filing preparation of environmental			
6	documentation.	documents.	_These activities include, but are not limited to the following:			
7	(1)	Aerial ph	otography projects involving the photographing or mapping of the lands of the state;			
8	(2)	Biology s	ampling and monitoring of:			
9		(a) l	Fisheries resources through the use of traditional commercial fishing gear, electricity, and			
10		1	rotenone; and			
11		(b)	Wildlife resources through the use of traditional techniques, including but not limited to			
12		t	raps, drugs, and firearms;			
13	(3)	Soil survey projects involving the sampling or mapping of the soils of the state;				
14	(4)	Establishing stream gaging stations for the purpose of measuring water flow at a particular site;				
15	(5)	Placement of monitoring wells for the purpose of measuring groundwater levels, quantity, or quality;				
16	(6)	Gathering	surface or subsurface information on the geology, minerals, or energy resources, of the			
17		state.				
18	(7)	Placemen	t and use of geodetic survey control points;			
19	(8)	Other rou	tine survey and resource monitoring activities, or other temporary activities required for			
20		research i	nto the environment which that do not have adverse effects; and			
21	(9)	Investigat	tion and assessment of sites contaminated with regulated substances.			
22						
23	History Note:	Authority	G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-9; 113A-10; 113A-11; 113A-12; 143B-10;			
24		Eff. April	1, 2003;			
25		<u>Readopte</u>	d Eff. May 1, 2022.			
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1	15A NCAC 010	C .0407 is READOPTED AS PUBLISHED IN 36:08 NCR 584 AS FOLLOWS:
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3	15A NCAC 01	C .0407 STANDARD MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR ACTIVITIES
4	Standard mainte	enance or repair activities, if needed to maintain the originally defined function of an existing project or
5	facility (but wit	hout expansion, increase in quantity, decrease in quality, use, or release of hazardous waste), do not
6	require the filin	g preparation of environmental documents. These activities include but are not limited to maintenance
7	and repair of the	e following:
8	(1)	Housekeeping projects which that maintain a facility's original condition and physical features,
9		including re-roofing and minor alterations where in-kind materials and techniques are used. This also
10		encompasses structures 50 years of age and older and for which no separate law, rule, or regulation
11		dictates a formal review and approval process;
12	(2)	Roads, bridges, parking lots, and their related facilities;
13	(3)	Utilities on their existing rights-of-way;
14	(4)	Surface drainage systems;
15	(5)	Boat ramps, docks, piers, bulkheads, rip rap, breakwaters and associated facilities;
16	(6)	Diked, high ground dredge-material disposal areas;
17	(7)	Activities necessary to fulfill the existing requirements of in-effect permits for the protection of the
18		environment and human health;
19	(8)	Other maintenance and repair activities on projects which that are consistent with previously approved
20		environmental documents; and
21	(9)	Routine grounds maintenance and landscaping of sidewalks, trails, walls, gates, and related facilities,
22		including outdoor exhibits.
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24	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-9; 113A-10; 113A-11; 113A-12; 143B-10;
25		Eff. April 1, 2003;
26		Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.
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2 3 15A NCAC 01C .0408 MINOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES 4 This Rule sets out the general and specific minimum criteria for construction activities. Construction and land disturbing 5 activities must fall under that satisfy both the general minimum criteria and any specific minimum criteria applicable to 6 the project. project do not require preparation of environmental documents. 7 General criteria. The following categories of land disturbing activity do not require preparation of an (1) 8 environmental document. 9 In the 20 coastal counties, land disturbing activity that: (a) 10 is located more than 575 feet away from waters classified as High Quality Waters (i) 11 (HQW) or impacts less than five acres located all or in part within 575 feet of 12 waters classified as High Quality Waters (HQW); 13 (ii) is located outside of any Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) watershed or area 14 that requires specific management actions to protect ORW waters as defined in 15A 15 NCAC 02B .0225; and 16 (iii) impacts less than five acres located in any Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) 17 watershed or in any area that requires specific management actions to protect ORW 18 waters as defined in 15A NCAC 02B .0225. 19 Land disturbing activity outside the twenty 20 coastal counties that: (b) 20 (i) is located more than one mile from waters classified as HQW or impacts less than 21 five acres located within one mile of and draining to waters classified as HQW; 22 (ii) is located outside of any Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) watershed or area 23 that requires specific management actions to protect ORW waters as defined in 15A 24 NCAC 02B .0225; 25 impacts less than five acres located in any Outstanding Resource Waters (ORW) (iii) 26 watershed or in any area that requires specific management actions to protect ORW 27 waters as defined in 15A NCAC 02B .0225; and 28 (iv) is located more than 25 feet from any waters classified as Trout (Tr) waters or 29 impacts less than five acres located all or in part within 25 feet of any waters 30 classified as Trout (Tr) waters. 31 (c) Channel disturbance and land disturbing activities associated with non-compensatory stream 32 restoration or stream enhancement. 33 (d) Land disturbing activities impacting wetlands if the activity will result in the loss of one acre 34 or less of Class WL wetlands. 35 (e) Land disturbing activities impacting streams if the activity will result in channel disturbance 36 of less than 500 linear feet of perennial streams. Land disturbing activities that impact 500

15A NCAC 01C .0408 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 as follows:

1			linear fe	et or more of perennial streams do not require preparation of an environmental
2			documen	at if stream restoration or stream enhancement is performed.
3	(2)	Specific	Criteria.	Construction or expansion activities listed below require an environmental
4		docume	nt if they o	exceed either the minimum criteria set out in Item (1) of this Rule or the thresholds
5		establish	red below	.
6		(a)	The follo	owing activities related to wastewater treatment systems.
7			(i)	Relocation of discharge points within the same river basin;
8			(ii)	New discharge facilities with a proposed permitted expansion of less than 500,000
9				gallons per day and producing an instream waste concentration of less than 33
10				percent during the 7-day 10-year low flow conditions;
11			(iii)	Expansion of an existing discharge facility of less than 500,000 gallons per day
12				additional flow;
13			(iv)	New surface irrigation, high rate infiltration, or subsurface waste water systems
14				with a proposed permitted capacity not exceeding 100,000 gallons per day;
15			(v)	Reclaimed water utilization systems with reclaimed water utilization being the sole
16				disposal option with a proposed permitted capacity not exceeding 200,000 gallons
17				per day;
18			(vi)	New reclaimed water utilization sites with a proposed permitted capacity not to
19				exceed 500,000 gallons per day when the reclaimed water utilization system is
20				required for compliance with any other wastewater disposal permit;
21			(vii)	New reclaimed water utilization sites with a proposed permitted capacity not to
22				exceed 1,000,000 gallons per day when the reclaimed water utilization system is
23				not required for compliance with any other wastewater disposal permit;
24			(viii)	New reclaimed water utilization distribution lines;
25			(ix)	New permits or modification to existing permits for land application of residuals
26				utilization, where less than 10 acres not previously permitted is prior converted
27				within three years or will be converted from a non-plantation forested area to
28				application area;
29			(x)	New or expanding surface disposal sites disposing less than 3000 dry tons of
30				residuals per year;
31			(xi)	Gravity sewer extensions with less than three miles of new lines or lines of less
32				than 18 inches in diameter; and
33			(xii)	New or expanding individual pump stations and associated force mains with a
34				proposed permitted capacity of less than 1750 gallons per minute.
35		(b)	The follo	owing activities related to potable water systems.

1		(i)	Improvements to water treatment plants that involve less than 1,000,000 gallons per
2			day added capacity and total design withdrawal less than one-fifth of the 7-day, 10-
3			year low flow of the contributing stream;
4		(ii)	Improvements not intended to add capacity to the facility;
5		(iii)	Installation of appurtenances in existing rights-of-way for streets or utilities, or
6			water lines and appurtenances less than five miles in length and having only
7			directional bore stream crossings or no stream crossings; and
8		(iv)	Construction of water tanks, or booster pumping or secondary or remote
9			disinfection stations.
10	(c)	Groun	dwater withdrawals of less than 1,000,000 gallons per day where such withdrawals are
11		not ex	spected to cause alterations in established land use patterns, or degradation of
12		ground	dwater or surface water quality.
13	(d)	The fo	llowing activities related to solid waste disposal:
14		(i)	Construction of solid waste management facilities, other than landfills exempt
15			pursuant to G.S. 130A-294 (a)(4), which store, treat, process incinerate, or dispose
16			of less than 350 tons per day (averaged over one year) of solid waste; and
17		(ii)	Disposal of solid waste by land application on 100 total acres or less, where less
18			than 10 percent of the total land application area is converted from a non-plantation
19			forested area.
20	(e)	Develo	opment requiring a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) permit or State Dredge
21		and Fi	ll Law permit that does not involve:
22		(i)	Construction of a new marina, or a 25% or greater expansion in the number of slips
23			at existing and operating marinas;
24		(ii)	Excavation of a new navigation channel. Maintenance activities associated with
25			maintaining the traditional and established use of a channel and new excavation
26			activities located entirely within 100 feet of the shoreline, or within 50 feet from the
27			waterward edge of any existing or authorized docking facility and involving the
28			excavation of less than 5,000 square feet of public trust bottom do not constitute
29			excavation of a new navigation channel for purposes of these rules.
30		(iii)	Excavation of materials from aquatic environments for use for beach nourishment
31			or other purposes not directly related to approved navigation projects;
32		(iv)	A large scale beach nourishment or spoil deposition project. A project shall be
33			considered large scale when it places more than a total volume of 200,000 cubic
34			yards of sand at an average ratio of more than 50 cubic yards of sand per linear foot
35			of shoreline;

1			(v) The salvaging of cut logs from public trust waters for commercial use, unless the
2			salvage operation complies with any departmentally approved best management
3			practices developed for such activities;
4			(vi) The construction over state owned submerged lands of private bridges to privately
5			owned islands, unless the length of the bridge is less than 50 feet; and
6			(vii) The excavation, dredging or other hydrodynamic manipulation of an inlet, inlet
7			channel(s) or inlet shoal(s) for non-navigational purposes.
8		(f) (e)	Construction of a minor source or modification of a minor source of air emissions as defined
9			in 15A NCAC 02D .0530, that are less than 100 tons per year or 250 tons per year as defined
10			therein.
11		(g)(f)	Construction relating to the reclamation of underground storage tanks and restoration of
12			groundwater quality.
13		(h)(g)	The construction, repair or removal of dams less than 25 feet in height and having less than
14			50 acre-feet of effective storage capacity.
15		(i)(h)	Any new construction for a building which that involves all of the following;
16			(i) A footprint of less than 10,000 square feet;
17			(ii) A location that is not a National Register Archaeological site; and
18			(iii) The building's purpose is not for storage of hazardous waste.
19		(j) (i)	Demolition of or additions, rehabilitation or renovations to a structure not listed in the
20			National Register of Historic places or less than 50 years of age.
21		(k) (j)	Routine grounds construction and landscaping of sidewalks, trails, walls, gates and related
22			facilities, including outdoor exhibits.
23		(l)(k)	Installation of on-farm Best Management Practices that meet the standards of the North
24			Carolina Soil and Water Conservation Commission and the federal Natural Resources
25			Conservation Service.
26		(m) (<u>l)</u>	Construction or remodeling of swimming pools.
27		(n)(m)	Construction of a new two-lane road in accordance with DOT accepted design practices and
28			DOT standards and specifications involving less than a total of 25 cumulative acres of
29			ground surface limited to a single project, and not contiguous to any other project making
30			use of this provision.
31		(o)(n)	Expansion of a two-lane road in accordance with DOT accepted design practices and DOT
32			standards and specifications involving less than a total of 10 cumulative acres of ground
33			surface limited to a single project, and not contiguous to any other project making use of this
34			provision.
35			
36	History Note:	Authori	ty G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-9; 113A-10; 113A-11; 113A-12; 143B-10;
37		Eff. Apr	ril 1, 2003;

1 <u>Readopted Eff. May 1, 2022.</u>

1	15A NCAC 01C	.0409 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows:
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3	15A NCAC 01C	2.0409 MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES
4	Management acti	ivities do not require the filing preparation of environmental documents. These activities include but are
5	not limited to the	following:
6	(1)	Replenishment of shellfish beds through the placement of seed oysters, seed clams or shellfish cultch
7		on marine or estuarine habitats.
8	(2)	Creation and enhancement of marine fisheries habitat through the establishment of artificial reefs in
9		accordance with the Division of Marine Fisheries' Artificial Reef Master Plan.
10	(3)	Placement of fish attractors and shelter in public waters managed by the N.C. Wildlife Resources
11		Commission.
12	(4)	Translocation and stocking of native or naturalized fish and wildlife in accordance with appropriate
13		DENR agency DEQ species management plans, watershed management plans, or other state agency
14		approved resource management plans.
15	(5)	Reintroduction of native endangered or threatened species in accordance with state or federal
16		guidelines or recovery plans.
17	(6)	Production of native and agricultural plant species to create or enhance fish or wildlife habitat and
18		forest resources, including fertilization, planting, mowing, and burning in accordance with fisheries,
19		wildlife, or forestry management plans.
20	(7)	Forest products harvest in accordance with the forestry Best Management Practices (BMPs) and the
21		performance standards in the Forest Practice Guidelines (FPGs) Related to Water Quality (15A NCAC
22		011.0201 .0209) (02 NCAC 60C) and the United States Forest Service or the N.C. Division of
23		Forest Resources forest management plans.
24	(8)	Reforestation of woodlands in accordance with the United States Forest Service or the N.C. Division
25		of Forest Resources forest management plans.
26	(9)	Use of forestry best management practices to meet the performance standards in Forest Practice
27		Guidelines Related to Water Quality codified as 15A NCAC 011. in 02 NCAC 60C.
28	(10)	The control of forest or agricultural insects and disease outbreaks by biological treatments, mechanical
29		treatments, or the lawful application of labeled pesticides by licensed applicators, or any combination
30		of those practices, on areas of no more than 100 acres.
31	(11)	Control of species composition on managed forestlands as prescribed by approved forest management
32		plans by the lawful application of labeled herbicides by licensed applicators, on areas no more than
33		100 acres.
34	$(12)\frac{(17)^2}{(17)^2}$	Control of aquatic weeds in stream channels, canals and other water bodies, by the lawful
35		application of labeled herbicides by licensed applicators <u>pursuant to Article 15, Chapter 113A of the</u>
36		NC General Statutes., on areas of no more than two acres or 25 percent of surface area, whichever is
37		less, except in Primary Nursery Areas designated by the Marine Fisheries Commission, Inland

1		Primary	Nursery Areas designated by the Wildlife Resources Commission, and Anadromous Fish
2		Spawnin	ng Areas designated by the Marine Fisheries Commission or the Wildlife Resources
3		Commi	ssion.
4	(13) [(8)]	Removal of logs, stumps, trees, and other debris from stream channels where there is no
5		channel	excavation, and activities are carried out in accordance with "Best Management Practices
6		(BMPs)	for Selective Clearing and Snagging," Appendix B in Incremental Effects of Large Woody
7		Debris I	Removal on Physical Aquatic Habitat, US Army Corps of Engineers Technical Report EL-92-
8		35, Smi	th et al, 1992, or other guidelines approved through the Intergovernmental Review process as
9		set out a	at 01 NCAC 25 .0211.
10	(14) [(9)]	Dredging of existing navigation channels and basins to originally approved specifications,
11		provide	d that the spoil is placed in existing and approved high ground disposal areas.
12	(15) [(10))]	Controlled or prescribed burning for wildlife, timber enhancement, and hazard reduction in
13		accorda	nce with applicable management plans.
14	(16) [(11)]	Plowing fire lines with tractor plow units, or other mechanized equipment, for the purpose of
15		suppres	sing wildland (brush, grass, or woodland) fires and prescribed burning.
16	(17) [(11)]	Scooping or dipping water from streams, lakes, or sounds with aircraft or helicopters for the
17		purpose	of suppressing wild land (brush, grass, or woodland) fires.
18	(18) [(12	2)]	Drainage projects where the mean seasonal water table elevation will be lowered less than
19		one foo	t over an area of one square mile or less, and riparian and wetland areas will not be affected.
20	(19)[(13])]	Manipulation of water levels in reservoirs or impoundments in accordance with approved
21		manage	ment plans, for the purpose of providing for water supply storage, flood control, recreation,
22		hydroel	ectric power, fish and wildlife, downstream water quality and aquatic weed control.
23	(20) [(1 4	1)]	Installation of on-farm Best Management Practices that meet the standards of the North
24		Carolina	a Soil and Water Conservation Commission and the federal Natural Resources Conservation
25		Service.	
26	(21)[(15])]	Continuation of previously permitted activities where no increase in quantity or decrease in
27		quality	are proposed.
28	(22)[(16])]	Acquisition or acceptance of real property to be retained in a totally natural condition for its
29		environ	mental benefits.
30	$(23)[\frac{(17)}{(17)}]$)]	Acquisition or acceptance of real property to be managed in accordance with plans for which
31		environ	mental documents have been approved.
32	(24) [(18	})]	Care of all trees, plants, and groundcovers on public lands.
33	$(25)[\frac{(19)}{(19)}]$	<mark>)]</mark> Care, i	ncluding medical treatment, of all animals maintained for public display.
34	(26) [(20))]	Activities authorized for control of mosquitoes such as the following:
35		(a)	Mosquito control water management work in freshwater streams performed in accordance
36			with "Best Management Practices (BMPs) for Selective Clearing and Snagging" Appendix B
37			in Incremental Effects of Large Woody Debris Removal on Physical Aquatic Habitat, US

1			Army Corps of Engineers Technical Report EL-92-35, Smith et al, 1992, or other guidelines
2			reviewed through the Intergovernmental Review process as set out at 01 NCAC 25 .0211;
3		(b)	Mosquito control water management work in salt marsh environments performed under
4			Open Marsh Water Management guidelines reviewed through the Intergovernmental Review
5			process as set out at 01 NCAC 25 .0211;
6		(c)	Lawful application of chemicals approved for mosquito control by the United States
7			Environmental Protection Agency and the State when performed under the supervision of
8			licensed operators; and
9		(d)	Lawful use of established species to control mosquitoes.
10			
11	History Note:	Autho	ority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-9; 113A-10; 113A-11; 113A-12; 143B-10;
12		Eff. A	pril 1, 2003;
13		Reado	opted Eff. June 1, 2022.
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1	15A NCAC 01C .0410 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows:		
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3	15A NCAC 01C .0410	PRIVATE USE OF PUBLIC LANDS	
4	Activities related to the p	private use of public lands, when conducted in accordance with permit requirements, do not	
5	require the filing preparat	ion of environmental documents. These activities include but are not limited to the following:	
6	(1)	Use use of pound nets. <u>nets:</u>	
7	(2)	Shellfish shellfish, relaying and transplanting, transplanting:	
8	(3)	Harvest <u>harvest</u> of shellfish during closed-season;	
9	(4)	Special special fisheries management activities under 15A NCAC 03L .0012 15A NCAC	
10		<u>030 [.0506.] .0506;</u>	
11	(5)	Aquaculture aquaculture operations within coastal waters. waters:	
12	(6)	Scientific scientific collecting within coastal waters. waters:	
13	(7)	Introduction introduction and transfer of marine and estuarine organisms.	
14	(8)	Development requiring a Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA) or a State Dredge and Fill	
15		Law permit that does not involve:	
16		(a) Construction of a new marina, or a 25% or greater expansion in the number of slips	
17		at existing and operating marinas;	
18		(b) Excavation of a new navigation channel. Maintenance activities associated with	
19		maintaining the traditional and established use of a channel and new excavation	
20		activities located entirely within 100 feet of the shoreline, or within 50 feet from the	
21		waterward edge of any existing or authorized docking facility and involving the	
22		excavation of less than 5,000 square feet of public trust bottom do not constitute	
23		excavation of a new navigation channel for purposes of these rules.	
24		(c) Excavation of materials from aquatic environments for use for beach nourishment	
25		or other purposes not directly related to approved navigation projects;	
26		(d) A large scale beach nourishment or spoil deposition project. A project shall be	
27		considered large scale when it places more than a total volume of 200,000 cubic	
28		yards of sand at an average ratio of more than 50 cubic yards of sand per linear foot	
29		of shoreline;	
30		(e) The salvaging of cut logs from public trust waters for commercial use, unless the	
31		salvage operation complies with any Departmentally approved best management	
32		practices developed for such activities;	
33		(f) The construction over state owned submerged lands or private bridges to privately	
34		owned islands, unless the length of the bridge is less than 50 feet; and	
35		(g) The excavation, dredging or other hydrodynamic manipulation of an inlet, inlet	
36		channel(s) or inlet shoal(s) for non-navigational purposes.	

1	(9)	Construction of piers and boat docks on all State Lakes when conducted in accordance with 15A
2		NCAC 12C .0300.
3		
4	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-9; 113A-10; 113A-11; 113A-12; 143B-10;
5		Eff. April 1, 2003;
6		Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022.
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1	15A NCAC 010	2.0411 is readopted as published in 36:08 NCR 584 with changes as follows:	
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3	15A NCAC 01	C .0411 REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES	
4	Activities that s	eek to clean up, remove, remediate, abate, contain contain, or otherwise protect public health or the	
5	environment from the effect of contamination released to the environment do not require the filing preparation of		
6	environmental e	documentation documents.	
7			
8	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113A-4; 113A-6; 113A-9; 113A-10; 113A-11; 113A-12; 143B-10;	
9		Eff. April 1, 2003;	
10		Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022.	
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