1	10A NCAC 13L	.0301 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 306-308 as follows:	
2			
3		SECTION .0300 - ADMINISTRATION	
4			
5	10A NCAC 13I	2.0301 WRITTEN POLICIES AND PROCEDURES	
6	(a) The nursing	pool shall have written administrative and personnel policies to govern the services that it provides.	
7	These policies si	hall include those concerning patient care, personnel, training and orientation, supervision, employee	
8	evaluation, and	organizational structure.	
9	(b) At the option	n of the licensee, written policies and procedures may address other services not subject to the Nursing	
10	Pool Licensure	Act. The Division shall not require separate policies and procedures if the premises from which	
11	nursing pool ser	vices are offered also offers additional temporary nursing services not subject to licensure.	
12	(c) Policies shall provide that no reprisal action shall be taken against any employee who reports instances of patient		
13	rights violations or patient abuse, neglect neglect, or exploitation to the appropriate governmental authority.		
14	(d) The nursing pool shall retain all administrative records for five years and shall make these records available to the		
15	Division upon re	equest. Administrative records shall include:	
16	<u>(1)</u>	documents evidencing control and ownerships, such as corporation or partnership papers;	
17	<u>(2)</u>	policies and procedures governing the operation of the agency;	
18	<u>(3)</u>	minutes of the agency's professional and administrative staff meetings;	
19	<u>(4)</u>	reports of complaints, inspections, reviews, and corrective actions taken related to licensure; and	
20	<u>(5)</u>	contracts and agreements to which the agency is a party.	
21			
22	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-154.4;	
23		Eff. January 1, 1991;	
24		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 20,	
25		2015. <u>2015:</u>	
26		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.	

1	10A NCAC 13L	.0302 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 306-308 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13L	2.0302 PERSONNEL RECORDS
4	(a) A nursing po	ool shall maintain a personnel record on each individual.
5	(b) Each individ	lual's personnel record shall include:
6	(1)	A legible copy of a current an unexpired license verification to practice nursing as a registered nurse
7		or a licensed practical nurse or a current an unexpired Nurse Aide I or Nurse Aide II Listing Card
8		issued by the North Carolina Board of Nursing. listing verification.
9	(2)	A completed job application with employment history, training, education and continuing education.
10		education, continuing education, and identification data including name, address, and telephone
11		<u>number.</u>
12	(3)	Results of reference checks.
13	(4)	Performance evaluations at least annually. The annual performance evaluation shall include
14		feedback from the health care facility of the on-site performance of contracted nursing personnel.
15	(c) Personnel re-	cords shall be maintained for one year after termination from agency employment.
16		
17	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-154.4;
18		Eff. January 1, 1991;
19		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 20,
20		2015. <u>2015:</u>
21		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

1	10A NCAC 13P.	0101 is amended with changes as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	SUBC	CHAPTER 13P – EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND TRAUMA RULES
4		
5		SECTION .0100 – DEFINITIONS
6		
7	10A NCAC 13P	.0101 ABBREVIATIONS
8	As used in this Su	abchapter, the following abbreviations mean:
9	(1)	ACS: American College of Surgeons;
10	(2)	AEMT: Advanced Emergency Medical Technician;
11	(3)	AHA: American Heart Association;
12	(4)	ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials;
13	(5)	CAAHEP: Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs;
14	(6)	CPR: Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation;
15	(7)	ED: Emergency Department;
16	(8)	EMD: Emergency Medical Dispatcher;
17	<u>(9)</u>	EMDPRS: Emergency Medical Dispatch Priority Reference System;
18	(9) (10)	EMR: Emergency Medical Responder;
19	(10) (11)	EMS: Emergency Medical Services;
20	(11) (12)	EMS-NP: EMS Nurse Practitioner;
21	(12) (13)	EMS-PA: EMS Physician Assistant;
22	(13) (14)	EMT: Emergency Medical Technician;
23	(14) (15)	FAA: Federal Aviation Administration;
24	(15) (16)	FCC: Federal Communications Commission;
25	(16) (17)	ICD: International Classification of Diseases;
26	(17) (18)	ISS: Injury Severity Score;
27	(18)	MICN: Mobile Intensive Care Nurse;
28	(19)	NHTSA: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration;
29	(20)	OEMS: Office of Emergency Medical Services;
30	(21)	OR: Operating Room;
31	(22)	PSAP: Public Safety Answering Point;
32	(23)	RAC: Regional Advisory Committee;
33	(24)	RFP: Request For Proposal;
34	(25)	SCTP: Specialty Care Transport Program;
35	(26)	SMARTT: State Medical Asset and Resource Tracking Tool;
36	(27) (26)	STEMI: ST Elevation Myocardial Infarction; and
37	(28) (27)	US DOT: United States Department of Transportation.

1		
2	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-508(b);
3		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
4		Eff. April 1, 2003;
5		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009; January 1, 2004;
6		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;
7		Amended Eff. <u>April 1, 2024;</u> July 1, 2021.

10A NCAC 13P .0102 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:

10A NCAC 13P .0102 DEFINITIONS

In addition to the definitions in G.S. 131E-155, the following definitions apply throughout this Subchapter:

- (1) "Affiliated EMS Provider" means the firm, corporation, agency, organization, or association identified with a specific county EMS system as a condition for EMS Provider Licensing as required by Rule .0204 of this Subchapter.
- (2) "Affiliated Hospital" means a non-trauma center hospital that is owned by the Trauma Center or there is or a hospital with a contract or other agreement to allow for the acceptance or transfer of the Trauma Center's patient population to the non-trauma center hospital.
- (3) "Affiliate" or "Affiliation" means a reciprocal agreement and association that includes active participation, collaboration, and involvement in a process or system between two or more parties.
- (4) "Alternative Practice Setting" means a practice setting that utilizes credentialed EMS personnel that may not be affiliated with or under the oversight of an EMS System or EMS System Medical Director.
- (5) "Air Medical Ambulance" means an aircraft configured and medically equipped to transport patients by air. The patient care compartment of air medical ambulances shall be staffed by medical crew members approved for the mission by the Medical Director.
- (6) "Air Medical Program" means a SCTP or EMS System utilizing rotary-wing or fixed-wing aircraft configured and operated to transport patients.
- (7) "Assistant Medical Director" means a physician, EMS-PA, or EMS-NP who assists the Medical Director with the medical aspects of the management of a practice setting utilizing credentialed EMS personnel or medical crew members.
- (8) "Bypass" means a decision made by the patient care technician to transport a patient from the scene of an accident or medical emergency past a receiving facility for the purposes of accessing a facility with a higher level of care, or by a hospital of its own volition reroutes to reroute a patient from the scene of an accident or medical emergency or referring hospital to a facility with a higher level of care.
- (9) "Community Paramedicine" means an EMS System utilizing credentialed personnel who have received additional training as determined by the EMS system System Medical Director to provide knowledge and skills for the community needs beyond the 911 emergency response and transport operating guidelines defined in the EMS system System plan.
- (10) "Contingencies" mean conditions placed on a designation that, if unmet, may result in the loss or amendment of a designation.
- (11) "Convalescent Ambulance" means an ambulance used on a scheduled basis solely to transport patients having a known non-emergency medical condition. Convalescent ambulances shall not be used in place of any other category of ambulance defined in this Subchapter.

1	(12)	"Deficiency" means the failure to meet essential criteria for a designation that can serve as the basis
2		for a focused review or denial of a designation.
3	(13)	"Department" means the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services.
4	(14)	"Diversion" means the hospital is unable to accept a patient due to a lack of staffing or resources.
5	(15)	"Educational Medical Advisor" means the physician responsible for overseeing the medical aspects
6		of approved EMS educational programs.
7	(16)	"EMS Care" means all services provided within each EMS System by its affiliated EMS agencies
8		and personnel that relate to the dispatch, response, treatment, and disposition of any patient.
9	(17)	"EMS Educational Institution" means any agency credentialed by the OEMS to offer EMS
10		educational programs.
11	(18)	"EMS Non-Transporting Vehicle" means a motor vehicle operated by a licensed EMS provider
12		dedicated and equipped to move medical equipment and EMS personnel functioning within the
13		scope of practice of an AEMT or Paramedic to the scene of a request for assistance. EMS
14		nontransporting vehicles shall not be used for the transportation of patients on the streets, highways,
15		waterways, or airways of the state.
16	(19)	"EMS Peer Review Committee" means a committee as defined in G.S. 131E-155(6b).
17	(20)	"EMS Performance Improvement Self Tracking and Assessment of Targeted Statistics" means one
18		or more reports generated from the State EMS data system analyzing the EMS service delivery,
19		personnel performance, and patient care provided by an EMS system and its associated EMS
20		agencies and personnel. Each EMS Performance Improvement Self Tracking and Assessment of
21		Targeted Statistics focuses on a topic of care such as trauma, cardiac arrest, EMS response times,
22		stroke, STEMI (heart attack), and pediatric care.
23	(21) (20) "EMS Provider" means those entities defined in G.S. 131E-155(13a) that hold a current license
24		issued by the Department pursuant to G.S. 131E-155.1.
25	(22) (21) "EMS System" means a coordinated arrangement of local resources under the authority of the county
26		government (including all agencies, personnel, equipment, and facilities) organized to respond to
27		medical emergencies and integrated with other health care providers and networks including public
28		health, community health monitoring activities, and special needs populations.
29	(23) (22	2) "Essential Criteria" means those items that are the requirements for the respective level of trauma
30		center designation (I, II, or III), as set forth in Rule .0901 of this Subchapter.
31	(24) (23	3) "Focused Review" means an evaluation by the OEMS of corrective actions to remove contingencies
32		that are a result of deficiencies following a site visit.
33	(25) (24	1) "Ground Ambulance" means an ambulance used to transport patients with traumatic or medical
34		conditions or patients for whom the need for specialty care, emergency, or non-emergency medical

care is anticipated either at the patient location or during transport.

1	(26)(25) "Hospital" means a licensed facility as defined in G.S. 131E-176 or an acute care in-patient
2	diagnostic and treatment facility located within the State of North Carolina that is owned and
3	operated by an agency of the United States government.
4	(27)(26) "Inclusive Trauma System" means an organized, multi-disciplinary, evidence-based approach to
5	provide quality care and to improve measurable outcomes for all defined injured patients. EMS,
6	hospitals, other health systems, and clinicians shall participate in a structured manner through
7	leadership, advocacy, injury prevention, education, clinical care, performance improvement, and
8	research resulting in integrated trauma care.
9	(28)(27) "Infectious Disease Control Policy" means a written policy describing how the EMS system will
10	protect and prevent its patients and EMS professionals from exposure and illness associated with
11	contagions and infectious disease.
12	(29)(28) "Lead RAC Agency" means the agency (comprised of one or more Level I or II trauma centers) that
13	provides staff support and serves as the coordinating entity for trauma planning.
14	(30)(29) "Level I Trauma Center" means a hospital that has the capability of providing guidance, research,
15	and total care for every aspect of injury from prevention to rehabilitation.
16	(31)(30) "Level II Trauma Center" means a hospital that provides trauma care regardless of the severity of
17	the injury, but may lack the comprehensive care as a Level I trauma center, and does not have trauma
18	research as a primary objective.
19	(32)(31) "Level III Trauma Center" means a hospital that provides assessment, resuscitation, emergency
20	operations, and stabilization, and arranges for hospital transfer as needed to a Level I or II trauma
21	center.
22	(33)(32) "Medical Crew Member" means EMS personnel or other health care professionals who are licensed
23	or registered in North Carolina and are affiliated with a SCTP.
24	(34)(33) "Medical Director" means the physician responsible for the medical aspects of the management of
25	a practice setting utilizing credentialed EMS personnel or medical crew members, or a Trauma
26	Center.
27	(35)(34) "Medical Oversight" means the responsibility for the management and accountability of the medical
28	care aspects of a practice setting utilizing credentialed EMS personnel or medical crew members.
29	Medical Oversight includes physician direction of the initial education and continuing education of
30	EMS personnel or medical crew members; development and monitoring of both operational and
31	treatment protocols; evaluation of the medical care rendered by EMS personnel or medical crew
32	members; participation in system or program evaluation; and directing, by two-way voice
33	communications, the medical care rendered by the EMS personnel or medical crew members.
34	(36)(35) "Mobile Integrated Healthcare" means utilizing credentialed personnel who have received
35	additional training as determined by the Alternative Practice Setting medical director to provide
36	knowledge and skills for the healthcare provider program needs.

1	(37) (36)	"Office of Emergency Medical Services" means a section of the Division of Health Service
2		Regulation of the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services located at 1201
3		Umstead Drive, Raleigh, North Carolina 27603.
4	(38) (37)	"On-line Medical Control" means the medical supervision or oversight provided to EMS personnel
5		through direct communication in-person, via radio, cellular phone, or other communication device
6		during the time the patient is under the care of an EMS professional.
7	(39) (38)	"Operational Protocols" means the administrative policies and procedures of an EMS System or that
8		provide guidance for the day-to-day operation of the system.
9	(40) (39)	"Physician" means a medical or osteopathic doctor licensed by the North Carolina Medical Board
10		to practice medicine in the state of North Carolina.
11	(41)(40)	"Regional Advisory Committee" means a committee comprised of a lead RAC agency and a group
12		representing trauma care providers and the community, for the purpose of regional planning,
13		establishing, and maintaining a coordinated trauma system.
14	(42) (41)	"Request for Proposal" means a State document that must be completed by each hospital seeking
15		initial or renewal trauma center designation.
16	(42)	"Specialized Ambulance Protocol Summary (SAPS) means a document listing of all standard
17		medical equipment, supplies, and medications, approved by the Specialty Care or Air Medical
18		Program Medical Director as sufficient to manage the anticipated number and severity of injury or
19		illness of the patients, for all vehicles used in the program based on the treatment protocols and
20		approved by the OEMS.
21	(43)	"Significant Failure to Comply" means a degree of non-compliance determined by the OEMS during
22		compliance monitoring to exceed the ability of the local EMS System to correct, warranting
23		enforcement action pursuant to Section .1500 of this Subchapter.
24	(44)	"State Medical Asset and Resource Tracking Tool" means the Internet web-based program used by
25		the OEMS both in its daily operations and during times of disaster to identify, record, and monitor
26		EMS, hospital, health care, and sheltering resources statewide, including facilities, personnel,
27		vehicles, equipment, and pharmaceutical and supply caches.
28	(45) (44)	"Specialty Care Transport Program" means a program designed and operated for the transportation
29		of a patient by ground or air requiring specialized interventions, monitoring, and staffing by a
30		paramedic who has received additional training as determined by the program Medical Director
31		beyond the minimum training prescribed by the OEMS, or by one or more other healthcare
32		professional(s) qualified for the provision of specialized care based on the patient's condition.
33	(46) (45)	"Specialty Care Transport Program Continuing Education Coordinator" means a Level II Level I
34		EMS Instructor within a SCTP who is responsible for the coordination of EMS continuing education
35		programs for EMS personnel within the program.
36	(47) (46)	"Stretcher" means any wheeled or portable device capable of transporting a person in a recumbent
37		position and may only be used in an ambulance vehicle permitted by the Department

1	(48)(47) "Stroke" means an acute cerebrovascular hemorrhage or occlusion resulting in a neurologic deficit.
2	(49)(48) "System Continuing Education Coordinator" means the Level II EMS Instructor designated by the
3	local EMS System who is responsible for the coordination of EMS continuing education programs.
4	(50)(49) "System Data" means all information required for daily electronic submission to the OEMS by all
5	EMS Systems using the EMS data set, data dictionary, and file format as specified in "North
6	Carolina College of Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection,"
7	incorporated herein by reference including subsequent amendments and editions. This document is
8	available from the OEMS, 2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699 2707, at no
9	cost and online at www.ncems.org OEMS at https://oems.nc.gov at no cost.
10	(51)(50) "Trauma Center" means a hospital designated by the State of North Carolina and distinguished by
11	its ability to manage, on a 24-hour basis, the severely injured patient or those at risk for severe
12	injury.
13	(52)(51) "Trauma Patient" means any patient with an ICD-CM discharge diagnosis as defined in the "North
14	Carolina Trauma Registry Data Dictionary," incorporated herein by reference, including subsequent
15	amendments and editions. This document is available from the OEMS, 2707 Mail Service Center,
16	Raleigh, North Carolina 27699 2707, at no cost and OEMS online at
17	https://info.ncdhhs.gov/dhsr/EMS/trauma/traumaregistry.html
18	https://oems.nc.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/datadictionary.pdf at no cost.
19	(53)(52) "Trauma Program" means an administrative entity that includes the trauma service and coordinates
20	other trauma-related activities. It shall also include the trauma Medical Director, trauma program
21	manager/trauma coordinator, and trauma registrar. This program's reporting structure shall give it
22	the ability to interact with at least equal authority with other departments in the hospital providing
23	patient care.
24	(54)(53) "Trauma Registry" means a disease-specific data collection composed of a file of uniform data
25	elements that describe the injury event, demographics, pre-hospital information, diagnosis, care,
26	outcomes, and costs of treatment for injured patients collected and electronically submitted as
27	defined by the OEMS. The elements of the Trauma Registry can be accessed at
28	https://info.ncdhhs.gov/dhsr/EMS/trauma/traumaregistry.html online at https://oems.nc.gov/wp-
29	content/uploads/2022/10/datadictionary.pdf at no cost.
30	(55)(54) "Treatment Protocols" means a document approved by the Medical Directors of the local EMS
31	System, Specialty Care Transport Program, Alternative Practice Setting, or Trauma Center and the
32	OEMS specifying the diagnostic procedures, treatment procedures, medication administration, and
33	patient-care-related policies that shall be completed by EMS personnel or medical crew members
34	based upon the assessment of a patient.
35	(56)(55) "Triage" means the assessment and categorization of a patient to determine the level of EMS and
36	healthcare facility based care required.

1	(57) (5	6) "Water Ambulance" means a watercraft specifically configured and medically equipped to transport
2		patients.
3		
4	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-155(6b); 131E-162; 143-508(b); 143-508(d)(1); 143-508(d)(2); 143-508(d)(2); 143-508(d)(3);
5		508(d)(3); 143-508(d)(4); 143-508(d)(5); 143-508(d)(6); 143-508(d)(7); 143-508(d)(8); 143-508(
6		508(d)(13); 143-518(a)(5);
7		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
8		Eff. April 1, 2003;
9		Amended Eff. March 3, 2009 pursuant to E.O. 9, Beverly Perdue, March 3, 2009;
10		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3(c), a bill was not ratified by the General Assembly to disapprove this
11		rule;
12		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;
13		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024; July 1, 2021; September 1, 2019; July 1, 2018.

1	10A NCAC 131	P.0201 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3		SECTION .0200 – EMS SYSTEMS
4		
5	10A NCAC 13	-
6	. ,	rernments shall establish EMS Systems. Each EMS System shall have:
7	(1)	a defined geographical service area for the EMS System. The minimum service area for an EMS
8		System shall be one county. There may be multiple EMS Provider service areas within an EMS
9		System. The highest level of care offered within any EMS Provider service area shall be available
10		to the citizens within that service area 24 hours a day, seven days a week;
11	(2)	a defined scope of practice for all EMS personnel functioning in the EMS System within the
12		parameters set forth by the North Carolina Medical Board pursuant to G.S. 143-514;
13	(3)	written policies and procedures describing the dispatch, coordination, and oversight of all
14		responders that provide EMS care, specialty patient care skills, and procedures as set forth in Rule
15		.0301 of this Subchapter, and ambulance transport within the system;
16	(4)	at least one licensed EMS Provider;
17	(5)	a listing of permitted ambulances to provide coverage to the service area 24 hours a day, seven days
18		a week;
19	(6)	personnel credentialed to perform within the scope of practice of the system and to staff the
20		ambulance vehicles as required by G.S. 131E-158. There shall be a written plan for the use of
21		credentialed EMS personnel for all practice settings used within the system;
22	(7)	written policies and procedures specific to the utilization of the EMS System's EMS Care data for
23		the daily and on-going management of all EMS System resources;
24	(8)	a written Infectious Disease Control Policy as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter and written
25		procedures that are approved by the EMS System Medical Director that address the cleansing and
26		disinfecting of vehicles and equipment that are used to treat or transport patients;
27	(9)	a listing of resources that will provide online medical direction for all EMS Providers operating
28		within the EMS System;
29	(10)	an EMS communication system that provides for:
30		(A) public access to emergency services by dialing 9-1-1 within the public dial telephone
31		network as the primary method for the public to request emergency assistance. This number
32		shall be connected to the PSAP with immediate assistance available such that no caller will
33		be instructed to hang up the telephone and dial another telephone number. A person calling
34		for emergency assistance shall not be required to speak with more than two persons to
35		request emergency medical assistance;
36		(B) a PSAP operated by public safety telecommunicators with training in the management of
37		calls for medical assistance available 24 hours a day, seven days a week;

l		(C)	dispatch of the most appropriate emergency medical response unit or units to any caller's
2			request for assistance. The dispatch of all response vehicles shall be in accordance with a
3			written EMS System plan for the management and deployment of response vehicles
4			including requests for mutual aid; and
5		(D)	two-way radio voice communications from within the defined service area to the PSAP
6			and to facilities where patients are transported. The PSAP shall maintain all required FCC
7			radio licenses or authorizations;
8	(11)	written	policies and procedures for addressing the use of SCTP and Air Medical Programs resources
9		utilized	within the system;
10	(12)	a writte	n continuing education program for all credentialed EMS personnel, under the direction of
11		a Syster	m Continuing Education Coordinator, developed and modified based on feedback from EMS
12		Care sys	stem data, review, and evaluation of patient outcomes and quality management peer reviews,
13		that foll	ows the criteria set forth in Rule .0501 of this Subchapter;
14	(13)	written	policies and procedures to address management of the EMS System that includes:
15		(A)	triage and transport of all acutely ill and injured patients with time-dependent or other
16			specialized care issues including trauma, stroke, STEMI, burn, and pediatric patients that
17			may require the bypass of other licensed health care facilities and that are based upon the
18			expanded clinical capabilities of the selected healthcare facilities;
19		(B)	triage and transport of patients to facilities outside of the system;
20		(C)	arrangements for transporting patients to identified facilities when diversion or bypass
21			plans are activated;
22		(D)	reporting, monitoring, and establishing standards for system response times using system
23			data;
24		(E)	weekly updating of the SMARTT EMS Provider information;
25		(F) (E)	a disaster plan;
26		(G) (F)	a mass-gathering plan that includes how the provision of EMS standby coverage for the
27			public-at-large will be provided;
28		(H)(G)	a mass-casualty plan;
29		(<u>H)(H)</u>	a weapons plan for any weapon as set forth in Rule .0216 of this Section;
30		(J) (<u>I)</u>	a plan on how EMS personnel shall report suspected child abuse pursuant to G.S. 7B-301;
31		(<u>K)(J)</u>	a plan on how EMS personnel shall report suspected abuse of the disabled pursuant to G.S.
32			108A-102; and
33		(<u>L)(K)</u>	a plan on how each responding agency is to maintain a current roster of its personnel
34			providing EMS care within the county under the provider number issued pursuant to
35			Paragraph (c) of this Rule, in the OEMS credentialing and information database; and
36		<u>(L)</u>	a plan on how each licensed hospital facility will use and maintain two-way radio
37			communication for receiving in coming patient from EMS providers;

1	(14)	affiliation as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter with a trauma RAC as required by Rule
2		.1101(b) of this Subchapter; and
3	(15)	medical oversight as required by Section .0400 of this Subchapter.
4	(b) Each EMS	System that utilizes emergency medical dispatching agencies applying the principles of EMD or
5	offering EMD se	ervices, procedures, or programs to the public shall have:
6	(1)	a defined service area for each agency;
7	(2)	appropriate personnel within each agency, credentialed in accordance with the requirements set forth
8		in Section .0500 of this Subchapter, to ensure EMD services to the citizens within that service area
9		are available 24 hours per day, seven days a week; and week, and a written policy describing how
10		the agency will maintain a roster of credentialed EMD personnel in the OEMS credentialing and
11		information database; and
12	(3)	EMD responsibilities in special situations, such as disasters, mass-casualty incidents, or situations
13		requiring referral to specialty hotlines. hotlines; and
14	<u>(4)</u>	EMD medical oversight as required in Section .0400 of this Subchapter.
15	(c) The EMS Sy	ystem shall obtain provider numbers from the OEMS for each entity that provides EMS Care within
16	the county.	
17	(d) An applicati	on to establish an EMS System shall be submitted by the county to the OEMS for review. When the
18	system is compri	sed of more than one county, only one application shall be submitted. The proposal shall demonstrate
19	that the system n	neets the requirements in Paragraph (a) of this Rule. System approval shall be granted for a period of
20	six years. System	ns shall apply to OEMS for reapproval no more than 90 days prior to expiration.
21		
22	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-155(1); 131E-155(6); 131E-155(7); 131E-155(8); 131E-155(9); 131E-
23		155(13a); 131E-155(15); 143-508(b); 143-508(d)(1); 143-508(d)(2); 143-508(d)(3); 143-
24		508(d)(5); 143-508(d)(8); 143-508(d)(9); 143-508(d)(10); 143-508(d)(13); 143-517; 143-518;
25		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
26		Eff. August 1, 2004;
27		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009;
28		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;

Amended Eff. <u>April 1, 2024;</u> July 1, 2018.

1	10A NCAC 13P	.0207 is	amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2			
3	10A NCAC 13P	.0207	GROUND AMBULANCE: VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS
4	(a) To be permit	tted as a	Ground Ambulance, a vehicle shall have:
5	(1)	a patie	nt compartment that meets the following interior dimensions:
6		(A)	the length, measured on the floor from the back of the driver's compartment, driver's seat
7			or partition to the inside edge of the rear loading doors, is at least 102 inches; and
8		(B)	the height is at least 48 inches over the patient area, measured from the approximate center
9			of the floor, exclusive of cabinets or equipment;
10	(2)	patient	care equipment and supplies as defined in the "North Carolina College of Emergency
11		Physic	ians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection," incorporated by reference in
12		accord	ance with G.S. 150B-21.6, including subsequent amendments and editions. This document
13		is avail	lable from the OEMS, 2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-2707, at no
14		cost. C	collection." The equipment and supplies shall be clean, in working order, and secured in the
15		vehicle	e;
16	(3)	other e	equipment that includes:
17		(A)	one fire extinguisher mounted in a quick release bracket that is either a dry chemical or
18			all-purpose type and has a pressure gauge; and
19		(B)	the availability of one pediatric restraint device to safely transport pediatric patients and
20			children under 40 pounds in the patient compartment of the ambulance;
21	(4)	the nar	ne of the EMS Provider permanently displayed on each side of the vehicle;
22	(5)	reflecti	ive tape affixed to the vehicle such that there is reflectivity on all sides of the vehicle;
23	(6)	emerge	ency warning lights and audible warning devices mounted on the vehicle as required by G.S.
24		20 125	in addition to those required by Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. G.S. 20-125. All
25		warnin	g devices shall function properly;
26	(7)	no stru	actural or functional defects that may adversely affect the patient, the EMS personnel, or the
27		safe op	peration of the vehicle;
28	(8)	an ope	rational two-way radio that:
29		(A)	is mounted to the ambulance and installed for safe operation and controlled by the
30			ambulance driver;
31		(B)	has sufficient the range, radio frequencies, and capabilities to establish and maintain two-
32			way voice radio communication from within the defined service area of the EMS System
33			to the emergency communications center or PSAP designated to direct or dispatch the
34			deployment of the ambulance;
35		(C)	is capable of establishing two-way voice radio communication from within the defined
36			service area to the emergency department of the hospital(s) where patients are routinely
37			transported and to facilities that provide on-line medical direction to EMS personnel;

1		(D) is equipped with a radio control device mounted in the patient compartment capable of
2		operation by the patient attendant to receive on-line medical direction; and
3		(E) is licensed or authorized by the FCC;
4	(9)	permanently installed heating and air conditioning systems; and
5	(10)	a copy of the EMS System patient care treatment protocols.
6	(b) Ground am	bulances shall not use a radiotelephone device such as a cellular telephone as the only source of two-
7	way radio voice	communication. permitted by the OEMS that do not back up the 911 EMS System shall be exempt
8	from requireme	nts for two-way radio communications as defined in Subparagraph (8) of this Rule. A two-way radio
9	or radiotelephor	ne device such as a cellular telephone shall be available to summon emergency assistance.
10	(c) Communic	ation instruments or devices such as data radio, facsimile, computer, or telemetry radio shall be in
11	addition to the r	nission dedicated dispatch radio and shall function independently from the mission dedicated radio.
12		
13	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-157(a); 143-508(d)(8);
14		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
15		Eff. April 1, 2003;
16		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009; January 1, 2004;
17		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,
18		2016. <u>2016;</u>
19		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

10A NCAC 13P .0216 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:

1 2 3

10A NCAC 13P .0216 WEAPONS AND EXPLOSIVES FORBIDDEN

- 4 (a) Weapons, whether lethal or non-lethal, and explosives shall not be worn or carried aboard an ambulance or EMS
- 5 non-transporting vehicle within the State of North Carolina when the vehicle is operating in any patient treatment or
- 6 transport capacity or is available for such function.
- 7 (b) Conducted electrical weapons and chemical irritants such as mace, pepper (oleoresin capsicum) spray, and tear
- 8 gas shall be considered weapons for the purpose of this Rule.
- 9 (c) This Rule shall apply whether or not such weapons and explosives are concealed or visible.
- 10 (d) If any weapon is found to be in the possession of a patient or person accompanying the patient during
- 11 transportation, the weapon shall be safely secured in accordance with the weapons policy as set forth in Rule
- $\frac{.0201(a)(13)(I)}{.0201}$ Rule .0201 of this Section.
- 13 (e) Weapons authorized for use by EMS personnel attached to a law enforcement tactical team in accordance with
- the weapons policy as set forth in Rule .0201(a)(13)(1) Rule .0201 of this Section may be secured in a locked, dedicated
- 15 compartment or gun safe mounted within the ambulance or non-transporting vehicle for use when dispatched in
- support of the law enforcement tactical team, but are not to be worn or carried open or concealed by any EMS
- 17 personnel in the performance of normal EMS duties under any circumstances.
- 18 (f) This Rule shall not apply to duly appointed law enforcement officers.
- 19 (g) Safety flares are authorized for use on an ambulance with the following restrictions:
- 20 (1) these devices are not stored inside the patient compartment of the ambulance; and
- 21 (2) these devices shall be packaged and stored so as to prevent accidental discharge or ignition.

- History Note: Authority G.S. 131E-157(a); 143-508(d)(8);
- 24 Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
- 25 Eff. April 1, 2003;
- 26 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017. <u>2017:</u>
- 27 <u>Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.</u>

1	10A NCAC 13P.	0217 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13P	.0217 MEDICAL AMBULANCE/EVACUATION BUS: VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT
4		REQUIREMENTS
5	(a) A Medical A	mbulance/Evacuation bus is a multiple passenger vehicle configured and medically equipped for
6	emergency and a	non-emergency transport of at least three stretcher bound patients with traumatic or medical
7	conditions.	
8	(b) To be permitt	red as a Medical Ambulance/Evacuation Bus, a vehicle shall have:
9	(1)	a non-light penetrating sliding curtain installed behind the driver from floor-to-ceiling and from
10		side-to-side to keep all light from the patient compartment from reaching the driver's area during
11		vehicle operation at night;
12	(2)	patient care equipment and supplies as defined in the "North Carolina College of Emergency
13		Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection," which is incorporated by
14		reference, including subsequent amendments and editions. This document is available from the
15		OEMS, 2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699 2707, at no cost. Collection."
16		The equipment and supplies shall be clean, in working order, and secured in the vehicle;
17	(3)	five pound five-pound fire extinguishers mounted in a quick release bracket located inside the
18		patient compartment at the front and rear of the vehicle that are either a dry chemical or all-purpose
19		type and have pressure gauges;
20	(4)	monitor alarms installed inside the patient compartment at the front and rear of the vehicle to warn
21		of unsafe buildup of carbon monoxide;
22	(5)	the name of the EMS provider permanently displayed on each side of the vehicle;
23	(6)	reflective tape affixed to the vehicle such that there is reflectivity on all sides of the vehicle;
24	(7)	emergency warning lights and audible warning devices mounted on the vehicle as required by G.S.
25		20-125 in addition to those required by Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. G.S.20-125. All
26		warning devices shall function properly;
27	(8)	no structural or functional defects that may adversely affect the patient, the EMS personnel, or the
28		safe operation of the vehicle;
29	(9)	an operational two-way radio that:
30		(A) is mounted to the ambulance and installed for safe operation and controlled by the
31		ambulance driver;
32		(B) has sufficient the range, radio frequencies, and capabilities to establish and maintain two-
33		way voice radio communication from within the defined service area of the EMS System
34		to the emergency communications center or PSAP designated to direct or dispatch the
35		deployment of the ambulance;

1		(C) is capable of establishing two-way voice radio communication from within the defined
2		service area to the emergency department of the hospital(s) where patients are routinely
3		transported and to facilities that provide on-line medical direction to EMS personnel;
4		(D) is equipped with a radio control device mounted in the patient compartment capable of
5		operation by the patient attendant to receive on-line medical direction; and
6		(E) is licensed or authorized by the FCC;
7	(10)	permanently installed heating and air conditioning systems; and
8	(11)	a copy of the EMS System patient care treatment protocols.
9	(c) A Medical	Ambulance/Evacuation Bus shall not use a radiotelephone device such as a cellular telephone as the
10	only source of t	wo-way radio voice communication.
11	(d) Communic	ation instruments or devices such as data radio, facsimile, computer, or telemetry radio shall be in
12	addition to the	mission dedicated dispatch radio and shall function independently from the mission dedicated radio.
13	(e) The EMS	System medical director shall designate the combination of medical equipment as required in
14	Subparagraph (b)(2) of this Rule that is carried on a mission based on anticipated patient care needs.
15	(f) The ambula	nce permit for this vehicle shall remain in effect for two years unless any of the following occurs:
16	(1)	The the Department imposes an administrative sanction which specifies permit expiration;
17	(2)	The the EMS Provider closes or goes out of business;
18	(3)	The the EMS Provider changes name or ownership; or
19	(4)	Failure failure to comply with the applicable Paragraphs of this Rule.
20		
21	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-157(a); 143-508(d)(8);
22		Eff. July 1, 2011;
23		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,
24		2016. <u>2016;</u>
25		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

1	10A NCAC 13P	.0218 is	amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2			
3	10A NCAC 13P	.0218	PEDIATRIC SPECIALTY CARE GROUND AMBULANCE: VEHICLE AND
4			EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS
5	(a) A Pediatric S	Specialty	Care Ground Ambulance is an ambulance used to transport only those patients 18 years old
6	or younger with	traumat	ic or medical conditions or for whom the need for specialty care or emergency or non-
7	emergency medic	cal care i	s anticipated during an inter-facility or discharged patient transport.
8	(b) To be permit	ted as a l	Pediatric Specialty Care Ground Ambulance, a vehicle shall have:
9	(1)	a patien	at compartment that meets the following interior dimensions:
10		(A)	the length, measured on the floor from the back of the driver's compartment, driver's seat
11			or partition to the inside edge of the rear loading doors, is at least 102 inches; and
12		(B)	the height is at least 48 inches over the patient area, measured from the center of the floor,
13			exclusive of cabinets or equipment;
14	(2)	patient	care equipment and supplies as defined in the "North Carolina College of Emergency
15		Physicia	ans: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection," which is incorporated by
16		reference	ce, including subsequent amendments and editions. This document is available from the
17		OEMS,	2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699 2707, at no cost. Collection."
18		The equ	aipment and supplies shall be clean, in working order, and secured in the vehicle;
19	(3)	one fire	extinguisher mounted in a quick release bracket that is either a dry chemical or all-purpose
20		type and	d has a pressure gauge;
21	(4)	the nam	ne of the EMS Provider permanently displayed on each side of the vehicle;
22	(5)	reflectiv	ve tape affixed to the vehicle such that there is reflectivity on all sides of the vehicle;
23	(6)	emerge	ncy warning lights and audible warning devices mounted on the vehicle as required by G.S.
24		20 125	in addition to those required by Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards. G.S. 20-125. All
25		warning	g devices shall function properly;
26	(7)	no struc	ctural or functional defects that may adversely affect the patient, the EMS personnel, or the
27		safe ope	eration of the vehicle;
28	(8)	an oper	ational two-way radio that:
29		(A)	is mounted to the ambulance and installed for safe operation and controlled by the
30			ambulance driver;
31		(B)	has sufficient the range, radio frequencies, and capabilities to establish and maintain two-
32			way voice radio communication from within the defined service area of the EMS System
33			to the emergency communications center or PSAP designated to direct or dispatch the
34			deployment of the ambulance;
35		(C)	is capable of establishing two-way voice radio communication from within the defined
36			service area to the emergency department of the hospital(s) where patients are routinely
37			transported and to facilities that provide on-line medical direction to EMS personnel;

1		(D) is equipped with a radio control device mounted in the patient compartment capable of
2		operation by the patient attendant to receive on-line medical direction; and
3		(E) is licensed or authorized by the FCC;
4	(9)	permanently installed heating and air conditioning systems; and
5	(10)	a copy of the EMS System patient care treatment protocols.
6	(c) Pediatric Sp	ecialty Care Ground ambulances shall not use a radiotelephone device such as a cellular telephone as
7	the only source	of two-way radio voice communication.
8	(d) Communic	ation instruments or devices such as data radio, facsimile, computer, or telemetry radio shall be in
9	addition to the	nission dedicated dispatch radio and shall function independently from the mission dedicated radio.
10	(e) The Special	ty Care Transport Program medical director shall designate the combination of medical equipment as
11	required in Sub	paragraph (b)(2) of this Rule that is carried on a mission based on anticipated patient care needs.
12	(f) The ambula	nce permit for this vehicle shall remain in effect for two years unless any of the following occurs:
13	(1)	The the Department imposes an administrative sanction which specifies permit expiration;
14	(2)	The the EMS Provider closes or goes out of business;
15	(3)	The the EMS Provider changes name or ownership; or
16	(4)	Failure failure to comply with the applicable paragraphs of this Rule.
17		
18	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-157(a); 143-508(d)(8);
19		Eff. July 1, 2011;
20		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,
21		2016. <u>2016:</u>
22		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

1 10A NCAC 13P .0221 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows: 2 3 10A NCAC 13P .0221 PATIENT TRANSPORTATION BETWEEN HOSPITALS 4 (a) For the purpose of this Rule, hospital means those facilities as defined in Rule .0102(25) Rule .0102 of this 5 Subchapter. 6 (b) Every ground ambulance when transporting a patient between hospitals shall be occupied by all of the following: 7 one person who holds a credential issued by the OEMS as an emergency medical responder or higher 8 who is responsible for the operation of the vehicle and rendering assistance to the patient caregiver 9 when needed; and 10 (2) at least one of the following individuals as determined by the transferring physician to manage the 11 anticipated severity of injury or illness of the patient who is responsible for the medical aspects of 12 the mission: 13 (A) emergency medical technician; 14 (B) advanced EMT; 15 (C) paramedic; 16 (D) nurse practitioner; 17 (E) physician; 18 (F) physician assistant; 19 (G) registered nurse; or 20 (H) respiratory therapist. 21 (c) Information shall be provided to the OEMS by the licensed EMS provider in the application: 22 describing the intended staffing pursuant to Rule .0204(a)(3) Rule .0204 of this Section; and (1) 23 (2) showing authorization pursuant to Rule .0204(a)(4) Rule .0204 of this Section by the county where 24 the EMS provider license is issued to use the staffing in Paragraph (b) of this Rule. 25 (d) Ambulances used for patient transports between hospitals shall contain all medical equipment, supplies, and 26 medications approved by the Medical Director, based upon the NCCEP treatment protocol guidelines. These protocol 27 guidelines set forth in Rules .0405 and .0406 of this Subchapter are available online at no cost at www.neems.org. 28 https://oems.nc.gov. 29 30 History Note: Authority G.S. 131E-155.1; 131E-158(b); 143-508(d)(1); 143-508(d)(8); 31 Eff. July 1, 2012; 32 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017; 33 Amended Eff. April 1, 2024; September 1, 2019.

1	10A NCAC 13P	.0224 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13F	2.0224 GROUND AMBULANCE VEHICLE MANUFACTURING STANDARDS
4	(a) In addition t	o the terms defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter, the following definitions apply to this Rule:
5	(1)	"Remounted" means a ground ambulance patient compartment module that has been removed from
6		its original chassis and mounted onto a different chassis.
7	(2)	"Refurbished" means upgrading or repairing an existing ground ambulance patient care module or
8		chassis that may not involve replacement of the chassis.
9	(b) "Ground an	nbulances" as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter manufactured after July 1, 2018, or
10	remounted after	July 1, 2025, that are based and operated in North Carolina shall meet one of the following
11	manufacturing s	tandards:
12	(1)	the Commission on Accreditation of Ambulance Services (CAAS) "Ground Vehicle Standard for
13		Ambulances" (GVS v.1.0), Ambulances, which is incorporated herein by reference including all
14		subsequent amendments and editions. This document is available online at no cost at
15		www.groundvehiclestandard.org; or
16	(2)	the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 1917-2016 "Standard for Automotive
17		Ambulances," which is incorporated herein by reference including all subsequent amendments and
18		editions. This document is available for purchase online at www.nfpa.org for a cost of fifty two
19		dollars (\$52.00). seventy-eight dollars (\$78.00).
20	(c) The following	ng shall be exempt from the criteria set forth in Paragraph (b) of this Rule:
21	(1)	ambulances owned and operated by an agency of the United States government;
22	(2)	ambulances manufactured prior to July 1, 2018;
23	<u>(3)</u>	ambulances remounted prior to July 1, 2025;
24	(3) (4)	"convalescent ambulances" as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter;
25	(4) (5)	remounted or refurbished ambulances; or
26	(5) (6)	Medical Ambulance/Evacuation/Bus as set forth in Rule .0217 of this Section.
27	(d) Effective	July 1, 2018, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) KKK-A-1822F-
28	Ambulance Mar	sufacturing Standard shall no longer meet the manufacturing standards for new ground ambulances as
29	set forth in Parag	graph (b) of the Rule.
30	(e) Ground amb	sulances that do not meet the criteria set forth in this Rule shall be ineligible for permitting as set forth
31	in Rule .0211 of	this Section.
32		
33	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-156; 131E-157; 143-508(d)(8);
34		Eff. January 1, 2018. <u>2018:</u>
35		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

10A NCAC 13	P .0301 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
	SECTION .0300 – SPECIALTY CARE TRANSPORT PROGRAMS
	ders seeking designation to provide specialty care transports shall submit an application for program
	OEMS at least 60 days prior to field implementation. The application shall document that the program
(1)	a defined service area that identifies the specific transferring and receiving facilities the program is
(2)	intended to service;
(2)	written policies and procedures implemented for medical oversight meeting the requirements of
(2)	Section .0400 of this Subchapter;
` ′	service available on a 24 hour a day, seven days a week basis; the capability to provide the patient care skills and procedures as specified in "North Carolina"
(4)	College of Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection;"
(5)	a written continuing education program for EMS personnel, under the direction of the Specialty
(3)	Care Transport Program Continuing Education Coordinator, developed and modified based upon
	feedback from program data, review and evaluation of patient outcomes, and quality management
	review that follows the criteria set forth in Rule .0501 of this Subchapter;
(6)	a communication system that provides two-way voice communications for transmission of patient
(-)	information to medical crew members anywhere in the service area of the program. The SCTP
	Medical Director shall verify that the communications system is satisfactory for on-line medical
	direction;
(7)	medical crew members that have completed training conducted every six months regarding:
	(A) operation of the EMS communications system used in the program; and
	(B) the medical and patient safety equipment specific to the program;
(8)	written operational protocols for the management of equipment, supplies, and medications. These
	protocols shall include:
	(A) a Specialized Ambulance Protocol Summary document listing of all standard medical
	equipment, supplies, and medications, approved by the Medical Director as sufficient to
	manage the anticipated number and severity of injury or illness of the patients, for all
	vehicles and aircraft used in the program based on the treatment protocols and approved
	by the OEMS; and
	(B) a methodology to ensure that each ground vehicle and aircraft contains the required
	equipment, supplies, and medications on each response; and
(9)	written policies and procedures specifying how EMS Systems will dispatch and utilize the ground
	ambulances and aircraft operated by the program.
	10A NCAC 13 (a) EMS Provide approval to the has: (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7)

1 (b) When transporting patients, staffing for the ground ambulance and aircraft used in the SCTP shall be approved by 2 the SCTP Medical Director as medical crew members, using any of the following as determined by the transferring 3 physician who is responsible for the medical aspects of the mission to manage the anticipated severity of injury or 4 illness of the patient: 5 (1) paramedic; 6 nurse practitioner; (2) 7 (3) physician; 8 (4) physician assistant; 9 (5) registered nurse; or 10 (6) respiratory therapist. 11 (c) SCTP as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter are exempt from the staffing requirements defined in G.S. 131E-12 158(a). 13 (d) SCTP approval is valid for a period to coincide with the EMS Provider License that is issued by OEMS and is 14 valid for six years. Programs shall apply to the OEMS for reapproval no more than 90 days prior to expiration. 15 Authority G.S. 131E-155.1(b); 131E-158; 143-508; 16 History Note: 17 Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002; 18 Eff. January 1, 2004; 19 Amended Eff. January 1, 2004; 20 Amended Eff. March 3, 2009 pursuant to E.O. 9, Beverly Perdue, March 3, 2009; 21 Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3(c), a bill was not ratified by the General Assembly to disapprove this 22 rule; 23 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017; Amended Eff. April 1, 2024; July 1, 2018. 24

1	10A NCAC 13F	.0401 is	s amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2			
3			SECTION .0400 - MEDICAL OVERSIGHT
4			
5	10A NCAC 131	P.0401	COMPONENTS OF MEDICAL OVERSIGHT FOR EMS SYSTEMS
6	Each EMS Syste	em shall	have the following components in place to assure medical oversight of the system:
7	(1)	a medi	cal director for adult and pediatric patients appointed, either directly or by written delegation,
8		by the	county responsible for establishing the EMS System. Systems may elect to appoint one or
9		more a	ssistant medical directors. The medical director and assistant medical directors shall meet the
10		criteria	a defined in the "North Carolina College of Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical
11		Oversi	ght and Data Collection," incorporated by reference in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.6,
12		includ	ing subsequent amendments and editions. This document is available from the OEMS, 2707
13		Mail S	ervice Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-2707, at no cost; Collection;"
14	(2)	writter	treatment protocols for adult and pediatric patients for use by EMS personnel;
15	(3)	for sys	stems providing EMD service, an EMDPRS approved by the medical director;
16	(4)	an EM	S Peer Review Committee; and
17	(5)	writter	procedures for use by EMS personnel to obtain on-line medical direction. On-line medical
18		directi	on shall:
19		(a)	be restricted to medical orders that fall within the scope of practice of the EMS personnel
20			and within the scope of approved system treatment protocols;
21		(b)	be provided only by a physician, MICN, EMS-NP, or EMS-PA. Only physicians may
22			deviate from written treatment protocols; and
23		(c)	be provided by a system of two-way voice communication that can be maintained
24			throughout the treatment and disposition of the patient.
25			
26	History Note:	Author	rity G.S. 143-508(b); 143-509(12);
27		Тетро	orary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
28		Eff. Ap	oril 1, 2003;
29		Amena	led Eff. January 1, 2009; January 1, 2004;
30		Pursuc	ant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,
31		2016. .	<u>2016;</u>
32		<u>Amena</u>	<u>led Eff. April 1, 2024.</u>

1	10A NCAC 13P	.0402 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13P	.0402 COMPONENTS OF MEDICAL OVERSIGHT FOR SPECIALTY CARE
4		TRANSPORT PROGRAMS
5	Each Specialty C	are Transport Program shall have the following components in place to assure Medical Oversight of
6	the system:	
7	(1)	a medical director. The administration of the SCTP shall appoint a medical director following the
8		criteria for medical directors of Specialty Care Transport Programs as defined by the "North
9		Carolina College of Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection,"
10		incorporated by reference in accordance with G.S. 150B 21.6, including subsequent amendments
11		and editions. This document is available from the OEMS, 2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North
12		Carolina 27699 2707, at no cost. Collection." The program administration may elect to appoint one
13		or more assistant medical directors;
14	(2)	treatment protocols for adult and pediatric patients for use by medical crew members;
15	(3)	an EMS Peer Review Committee; and
16	(4)	a written protocol for use by medical crew members to obtain on-line medical direction. On-line
17		medical direction shall:
18		(a) be restricted to medical orders that fall within the scope of practice of the medical crew
19		members and within the scope of approved program treatment protocols;
20		(b) be provided only by a physician, MICN, EMS-NP, or EMS-PA. Only physicians may
21		deviate from written treatment protocols; and
22		(c) be provided by a system of two-way voice communication that can be maintained
23		throughout the treatment and disposition of the patient.
24		
25	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-508(b); 143-509(12);
26		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
27		Eff. April 1, 2003;
28		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009; January 1, 2004;
29		$\textit{Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest \textit{Eff. February 2,} \\$
30		2016. <u>2016;</u>
31		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

1	10A NCAC 13P	.0403 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13P	.0403 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR FOR EMS SYSTEMS
4	(a) The Medical	Director for an EMS System is responsible for the following:
5	(1)	ensuring that medical control as set forth in Rule .0401(5) of this Section is available 24 hours a
6		day, seven days a week;
7	(2)	the establishment, approval, and annual updating of adult and pediatric treatment protocols;
8		protocols as set forth in Rule .0405 of this Section;
9	(3)	EMD programs, the establishment, approval, and annual updating of the Emergency Medical
10		Dispatch Priority Reference System; EMDPRS, including subsequent editions published by the
11		EMDPRS program utilized by the EMS System;
12	(4)	medical supervision of the selection, system orientation, continuing education and performance of
13		all EMS personnel;
14	(5)	medical supervision of a scope of practice performance evaluation for all EMS personnel in the
15		system based on the treatment protocols for the system;
16	(6)	the medical review of the care provided to patients;
17	(7)	providing guidance regarding decisions about the equipment, medical supplies, and medications that
18		will be carried on all ambulances and EMS nontransporting vehicles operating within the system;
19	(8)	determining the combination and number of EMS personnel sufficient to manage the anticipated
20		number and severity of injury or illness of the patients transported in Medical
21		Ambulance/Evacuation Bus Vehicles defined in Rule .0219 of this Subchapter; and
22	(9)	keeping the care provided up-to-date with current medical practice; and practice.
23	(10)	developing and implementing an orientation plan for all hospitals within the EMS system that use
24		MICN, EMS NP, or EMS PA personnel to provide on line medical direction to EMS personnel.
25		This plan shall include:
26		(A) a discussion of all EMS System treatment protocols and procedures;
27		(B) an explanation of the specific scope of practice for credentialed EMS personnel, as
28		authorized by the approved EMS System treatment protocols required by Rule .0405 of
29		this Section;
30		(C) a discussion of all practice settings within the EMS System and how scope of practice may
31		vary in each setting;
32		(D) a mechanism to assess the ability to use EMS System communications equipment,
33		including hospital and prehospital devices, EMS communication protocols, and
34		communications contingency plans as related to on-line medical direction; and
35		(E) the completion of a scope of practice performance evaluation that verifies competency in
36		Parts (A) through (D) of this Subparagraph and that is administered under the direction of
37		the Medical Director.

1	(b) Any tasks	related to Paragraph (a) of this Rule may be completed, through the Medical Director's written
2	delegation, by a	assisting physicians, physician assistants, nurse practitioners, registered nurses, EMDs, or paramedics.
3	The EMS Syste	m Medical Director may delegate physician medical oversight for a licensed EMS provider at the EMT
4	level of service	that does not back up the emergency 911 EMS System. Any decision delegating medical oversight for
5	a licensed prov	rider shall comply with the EMS System franchise requirements in Rule .0204 of this Subchapter.
6	Medical oversig	ght delegated for a licensed EMS provider shall meet the following requirements:
7	<u>(1)</u>	a medical director for adult and pediatric patients. The medical director and assistant medical
8		directors shall meet the criteria defined in "The North Carolina College of Emergency Physicians:
9		Standards for Medical Oversight and Collection;"
10	(2)	treatment protocols must be adopted in their original form from the standard adult and pediatric
11		treatment protocols as defined in the "North Carolina College of Emergency Physicians: Standards
12		for Medical Oversight and Data Collection;" and
13	(3)	establish an agency peer review committee that meets quarterly. The agency peer review committee
14		minutes shall be reported to the EMS System peer review committee.
15	(c) The Medica	al Director may suspend temporarily, pending review, any EMS personnel from further participation
16	in the EMS Sys	stem when he or she determines that the individual's actions are detrimental to the care of the patient,
17	the individual c	ommitted unprofessional conduct, or the individual failed to comply with credentialing requirements.
18	During the revi	ew process, the Medical Director may:
19	(1)	restrict the EMS personnel's scope of practice pending completion of remediation on the identified
20		deficiencies;
21	(2)	continue the suspension pending completion of remediation on the identified deficiencies; or
22	(3)	permanently revoke the EMS personnel's participation in the EMS System.
23		
24	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-508(b); 143-508(d)(3); 143-508(d)(7);
25		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
26		Eff. April 1, 2003;
27		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009; January 1, 2004;
28		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017. 2017:
29		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

1	10A NCAC 13P	.0404 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13P	.0404 RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MEDICAL DIRECTOR FOR SPECIALTY CARE
4		TRANSPORT PROGRAMS
5	(a) The medical	director for a Specialty Care Transport Program is responsible for the following:
6	(1)	The the establishment, approval, and updating of adult and pediatric treatment protocols; protocols
7		as set forth in Rule .0406 of this Section;
8	(2)	Medical medical supervision of the selection, program orientation, continuing education, and
9		performance of medical crew members;
10	(3)	Medical medical supervision of a scope of practice performance evaluation for all medical crew
11		members in the program based on the treatment protocols for the program;
12	(4)	The the medical review of the care provided to patients;
13	(5)	Keeping keeping the care provided up to date with current medical practice; and
14	(6)	approving the Specialized Ambulance Protocol Summary (SAPS) document listing of all
15		medications, equipment, and supplies for all Specialty Care level ground vehicles and aircraft
16		permitted by the OEMS; and
17	(6) (7)	$\underline{\text{In }}\underline{\text{in}}$ air medical programs, determination and specification of the medical equipment required in
18		Item (2) of Rule .0209 of this Subchapter that is carried on a mission based on anticipated patient
19		care needs.
20	(b) Any tasks 1	related to Paragraph (a) of this Rule may be completed, through written delegation, by assisting
21	physicians, phys	ician assistants, nurse practitioners, registered nurses, or medical crew members.
22	(c) The medical	director may suspend temporarily, pending due process review, any medical crew members from
23	further participate	tion in the Specialty Care Transport Program when it is determined the activities or medical care
24	rendered by such	personnel may be detrimental to the care of the patient, constitute unprofessional conduct, or result
25	in non-complian	ce with credentialing requirements. <u>During the review process, the medical director may:</u>
26	(1)	restrict the EMS personnel's scope of practice pending completion of remediation on the identified
27		deficiencies;
28	(2)	continue the suspension pending completion of remediation on the identified deficiencies; or
29	(3)	permanently revoke the EMS personnel's participation in the Specialty Care Transport Program.
30		
31	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-508(b); 143-509(12);
32		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
33		Eff. April 1, 2003;
34		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009;
35		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,
36		2016. <u>2016;</u>
37		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

1	10A NCAC 13P	.0407 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13P	.0407 REQUIREMENTS FOR EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCH PRIORITY
4		REFERENCE SYSTEM
5	(a) EMDPRS us	ed by an EMD within an approved EMD program shall:
6	(1)	be approved by the OEMS Medical Director and meet or exceed the statewide standard for
7		EMDPRS as defined by the "North Carolina College of Emergency Physicians: Standards for
8		Medical Oversight and Data Collection," incorporated by reference in accordance with G.S. 150B-
9		21.6, including subsequent amendments and editions. This document is available from the OEMS,
10		2707 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699 2707, at no cost; and Collection;"
11	(2)	not exceed the EMD scope of practice defined by the North Carolina Medical Board pursuant to
12		G.S. 143-514. <u>143-514;</u>
13	(3)	have a written plan how the agency is to maintain a current roster of EMD personnel in the OEMS
14		credentialing and information database;
15	<u>(4)</u>	have a written plan how the emergency medical dispatching agency applying the principles of EMD
16		or offering EMD services, procedures, or program will comply with subsequent editions and
17		compliance standards defined by the EMDPRS program and the EMS System; and
18	<u>(5)</u>	participate and report compliance data at EMS System peer review meetings.
19	(b) An EMDPR	S developed locally shall be reviewed and updated annually and submitted to the OEMS Medical
20	Director for appr	oval. Any change in the EMDPRS shall be submitted to the OEMS Medical Director for review and
21	approval at least	30 days prior to the implementation of the change.
22		
23	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-508(b); 143-509(12);
24		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
25		Eff. April 1, 2003;
26		Amended Eff. January 1, 2004;
27		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,
28		2016. <u>2016;</u>
29		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

1	10A NCAC 13	P .0410 is amended with changes as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13	
4	(a) In addition	to the terms defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter, the following definition applies to this Rule:
5	"Specialized A	mbulance Protocol Summary (SAPS) form" means a document completed by the Medical Director of
6	the Air Medica	l Program that contains a listing of all medications, equipment, and supplies.
7	(b)(a) Licensed	EMS providers seeking to offer rotary-wing or fixed-wing air medical program services within North
8	Carolina shall r	eceive approval from the OEMS prior to beginning operation.
9	(e)(b) License	d EMS providers seeking to offer multiple air medical programs under separate medical oversight
10	processes as se	t forth in Paragraph (d) (c) of this Rule shall make application for each program and receive approval
11	from the OEMS	S as set forth in Paragraph (b) (a) of this Rule.
12	(d)(c) Each Air	r Medical Program providing services within North Carolina shall meet the following requirements for
13	the provision of	f medical oversight:
14	(1)	a Medical Director as set forth in Rules .0402 and .0404 of this Section;
15	(2)	treatment protocols approved by the OEMS, to be utilized by the provider as required by Rule .0406
16		of this Section;
17	(3)	a peer review committee as required by Rule .0409 of this Section;
18	(4)	notify all North Carolina EMS Systems where services will be provided to enable each EMS System
19		to include the provider in their EMS System plan, as set forth in Rule .0201 of this Subchapter;
20	(5)	all aircrafts used within North Carolina shall comply with Rule .0209 of this Subchapter;
21	(6)	populate and maintain a roster in the North Carolina database for all air medical crew members,
22		Medical Directors, and staff identified by the program to serve as primary and secondary
23		administrative contacts;
24	(7)	all medical crew members operating in North Carolina shall maintain a North Carolina license or
25		credential in accordance with the rules and regulations of the appropriate respective state licensing
26		or credentialing body;
27	(8)	active membership in each Trauma RAC containing the majority of hospitals where the program
28		transports patients for admission;
29	(9)	submit patient care data into the PreHospital Medical Information System (PreMIS) electronically,
30		within 24 hours, to the OEMS EMS care database as defined in the "North Carolina College of
31		Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Collection" for all interstate and
32		intrastate transports as set forth in Rule .0204 of this Subchapter;
33	(10)	provide information regarding procedures performed during transport within North Carolina to
34		OEMS for quality management review as required by the "North Carolina College of Emergency
35		Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection;"
36	(11)	submit peer review materials to the receiving hospital's peer review committee for each patient
37		transported for admission; and

1	(12)	a method providing for the coordinated dispatch of resources between air medical programs for
2		scene safety, ensuring that only the number of air medical resources needed respond to the incident
3		location are provided, and arrange arranging for the receiving hospital to prepare for the incoming
4		patient.
5	(e)(d) In additi	on to the requirements set forth in Paragraph (d) (c) of this Rule, Air Medical Program whose base of
6	operation is out	side of North Carolina who operate fixed-wing or rotary-wing air medical programs within the State
7	shall meet the fe	ollowing requirements for the provision of medical oversight:
8	(1)	submit to the OEMS all existing treatment protocols utilized by the program in the state that it is
9		based for comparison with North Carolina standards as set forth in the "North Carolina College of
10		Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection," and make any
11		modifications identified by the OEMS to comply with the standards as set forth in Subparagraph
12		$\frac{(d)(2)}{(c)(2)}$ of this Rule;
13	(2)	all aircrafts used within North Carolina shall comply with Rule .0209 of this Subchapter, inspections
14		to be conducted at a location inside North Carolina at a time agreed upon by the Department and the
15		Air Medical Program;
16	(3)	submit written notification to the Department within three business days of receiving notice of any
17		arrests or regulatory investigations for the diversion of drugs or patient care issues involving a North
18		Carolina credentialed or licensed medical crew member; and
19	(4)	any medical crew member suspended by the Department shall be barred from patient contact when
20		operating in North Carolina until such time as the case involving the medical crew member has been
21		adjudicated or resolved as set forth in Rule .1507 of this Subchapter;
22	(d)(e) Significa	ant failure to comply with the criteria set forth in this Rule shall result in revocation of the Air Medical
23	Program as set	forth in Rule .1503 of this Subchapter.
24		
25	History Note:	G.S. 131E-155.1; 131E-156; 131E-157(a); 131E-161; 143-508(d)(8);
26		Eff. January 1, 2018. <u>2018:</u>
27		Amended Eff. April 1, 2024.

10A NCAC 13P .0502 is amended with changes as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:

10A NCAC 13P .0502 INITIAL CREDENTIALING REQUIREMENTS FOR EMR, EMT, AEMT, PARAMEDIC, AND EMD

- (a) In order to be credentialed by the OEMS as an EMR, EMT, AEMT, or Paramedic, individuals shall:
 - (1) Be at least 18 years of age. An examination may be taken at age 17; however, the EMS credential shall not be issued until the applicant has reached the age of 18.
 - (2) Complete an approved educational program as set forth in Rule .0501 of this Section for their level of application.
 - (3) Complete a scope of practice performance evaluation that uses performance measures based on the cognitive, psychomotor, and affective educational objectives set forth in Rule .0501 of this Section and that is consistent with their level of application, and approved by the OEMS. This scope of practice evaluation shall be completed no more than one year prior to examination. This evaluation shall be conducted by a Level I or Level II EMS Instructor credentialed at or above the level of application or under the direction of the primary credentialed EMS instructor or educational medical advisor for the approved educational program.
 - Within 90 days from their course graded date as reflected in the OEMS credentialing database, complete a written examination administered by the OEMS. If the applicant fails to register and complete a written examination within the 90-day period, the applicant shall obtain a letter of authorization to continue eligibility for testing from his or her EMS Educational Institution's program coordinator director to qualify for an extension of the 90-day requirement set forth in this Paragraph. If the EMS Educational Institution's program coordinator director declines to provide a letter of authorization, the applicant shall be disqualified from completing the credentialing process. Following a review of the applicant's specific circumstances, OEMS staff will determine, based on professional judgment, if the applicant qualifies for EMS credentialing eligibility. The OEMS shall notify the applicant in writing within 10 business days of the decision.
 - (A) a maximum of three attempts within six months shall be allowed.
 - (B) if unable to pass the written examination requirement after three attempts, the educational program shall become invalid and the individual may only become eligible for credentialing by repeating the requirements set forth in Rule .0501 of this Section.
 - (5) Individuals applying to OEMS for legal recognition, who completed initial educational courses through an OEMS approved North Carolina educational institution, shall complete a written examination administered by the OEMS.
 - (5)[(6)] Submit to a criminal background history check as set forth in Rule .0511 of this Section.
- Submit evidence of completion of all court conditions resulting from any misdemeanor or felony conviction(s).

I	(b) A	n individual seeking credentialing as an EMR, EMT, AEMT, or Paramedic may qualify for initial
2		credentialing under the legal recognition option set forth in G.S. 131E-159(c). Individuals seeking
3		credentialing as an AEMT or Paramedic shall submit documentation that the credential being used
4		for application is from an educational program meeting the requirements as set forth in Rule .0501
5		of this Section. Individuals applying to OEMS for legal recognition, who completed initial
6		educational courses through an OEMS approved North Carolina educational institution, shall
7		complete a written examination administered by the OEMS.
8		
9	(c) In order to l	be credentialed by the OEMS as an EMD, individuals shall:
10	(1)	be at least 18 years of age;
11	(2)	complete the educational requirements set forth in Rule .0501 of this Section;
12	(3)	complete, within one year prior to application, an AHA CPR course or a course determined by the
13		OEMS to be equivalent to the AHA CPR course, including infant, child, and adult CPR; possess a
14		valid CPR card;
15	(4)	submit to a criminal background history check as defined in Rule .0511 of this Section;
16	(5)	submit evidence of completion of all court conditions resulting from any misdemeanor or felony
17		conviction(s); and
18	(6)	possess an EMD nationally recognized credential pursuant to G.S. 131E-159(d).
19	(d) Pursuant to	G.S. 131E-159(h), the Department shall not issue an EMS credential for any person listed on the
20	Department of	Public Safety, Sex Offender and Public Protection Registry, or who was convicted of an offense that
21	would have req	uired registration if committed at a time when registration would have been required by law.
22		
23	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-159(a); 131E-159(b); 131E-159(g); 131E-159(h); 143-508(d)(3); 143B-952;
24		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
25		Eff. February 1, 2004;
26		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009;
27		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;
28		Amended Eff. <u>April 1, 2024;</u> July 1, 2021.

1	10A NCAC 13F	2.0503 is amended with changes as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13	P .0503 TERM OF CREDENTIALS FOR EMS PERSONNEL
4	Credentials for	EMS Personnel EMR, EMT, AEMT, Paramedic, and Instructor credentials shall be valid for a period
5	of four years, an	nd the EMD credential shall be valid for a period of two years, barring any delay in expiration as set
6	forth in Rule .05	504(f) <u>Rule .0504</u> of this Section.
7		
8	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-159(a);
9		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
10		Eff. April 1, 2003;
11		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,
12		2016;
13		Amended Eff. <u>April 1, 2024;</u> January 1, 2017.

1	10A NCAC 13H	2.0512 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
2		
3	10A NCAC 13	P .0512 REINSTATEMENT OF LAPSED EMS CREDENTIAL
4	(a) EMS person	nnel enrolled in an OEMS approved continuing education program as set forth in Rule .0601 of this
5	Subchapter and	who were eligible for renewal of an EMS credential prior to expiration, may request the EMS
6	educational inst	itution submit documentation of the continuing education record to the OEMS. OEMS shall renew the
7	EMS credential	to be valid for four years from the previous expiration date.
8	(b) An individ	dual with a lapsed North Carolina EMS credential is eligible for reinstatement through the legal
9	recognition opti	on defined in G.S. 131E-159(c) and Rule .0502 of this Section.
10	(c) EMR, EMT	, AEMT, and Paramedic applicants for reinstatement of an EMS credential, lapsed up to 36 months,
11	12 months, shal	1:
12	(1)	be ineligible for legal recognition pursuant to G.S. 131E-159(c);
13	(2)	be a resident of North Carolina or affiliated with a North Carolina EMS Provider; provider or
14		employed with an alternative practice setting in compliance with Rule .0506 of this Section;
15	(3)	at the time of application, present evidence that renewal education requirements were met prior to
16		expiration or complete a refresher course at the level of application taken following expiration of
17		the credential;
18	(4)	complete an OEMS administered written examination for the individual's level of credential
19		application;
20	(5)	undergo a criminal history check performed by the OEMS; and OEMS as defined in Rule .0511 of
21		this Section; and
22	(6)	submit evidence of completion of all court conditions resulting from applicable misdemeanor or
23		felony conviction(s).
24	(d) EMR, EM	Γ , AEMT, and Paramedic applicants for reinstatement of an EMS credential, lapsed more than 36
25	months, 12 mor	nths shall:
26	(1)	be ineligible for legal recognition pursuant to G.S. 131E-159(c); and
27	(2)	meet the provisions for initial credentialing set forth in Rule .0502 of this Section.
28	<u>(2)</u>	be a resident of North Carolina, affiliated with a North Carolina EMS Provider, or employed with
29		an alternative practice setting in compliance with Rule .0506 of this Section;
30	(3)	at the time of application, complete a refresher course at the level of application taken following
31		expiration of the credential;
32	(4)	complete an OEMS administered written examination for the level of credential application;
33	(5)	undergo a criminal history check performed by the OEMS as defined in Rule .0511 of this Section;
34		<u>and</u>
35	(6)	submit evidence of completion of all court conditions resulting from applicable misdemeanor or
36		felony conviction(s).

1 (e) EMT, AEMT, and Paramedic applicants for reinstatement of an EMS Instructor Credential, lapsed up to 12 2 months, shall: 3 (1) be ineligible for legal recognition pursuant to G.S. 131E-159(c); 4 (2) be a resident of North Carolina or affiliated with a North Carolina EMS Provider; and 5 (3) at the time of application, present evidence that renewal requirements were met prior to expiration 6 or within six months following the expiration of the Instructor credential. 7 (f) EMT, AEMT, and Paramedic applicants for reinstatement of an EMS Instructor credential, lapsed greater than 12 8 months, shall: 9 (1) be ineligible for legal recognition pursuant to G.S. 131E-159(c); and 10 (2) meet the requirements for initial Instructor credentialing set forth in Rules .0507 and .0508 of this 11 Section. Degree requirements that were not applicable to EMS Instructors initially credentialed prior 12 to July 1, 2021 shall be required for reinstatement of a lapsed credential. 13 (g) EMD applicants shall renew a lapsed credential by meeting the requirements for initial credentialing set forth in 14 Rule .0502 of this Section. 15 (h) Pursuant to G.S. 131E-159(h), the Department shall not issue or renew an EMS credential for any person listed 16 on the Department of Public Safety, Sex Offender and Public Protection Registry, or who was convicted of an offense 17 that would have required registration if committed at a time when registration would have been required by law. 18

Authority G.S. 131E-159; 143-508(d)(3); 143B-952;

Amended Eff. April 1, 2024; July 1, 2021.

Eff. January 1, 2017;

19

20

21

History Note:

2 of 2

1	10A NCAC 13P .0601	is amended with chang	ges as published in 3	8:06 NCR	308-332 as follows:	
2						
3	SECTI	ON .0600 – EMS ED	UCATIONAL INS	TITUTIO	NS AND PROGRAMS	}
4						
5	10A NCAC 13P .0601	CONTINUING	EDUCATION	EMS	EDUCATIONAL	PROGRAM
6		REQUIREMENT	TS .			
7	(a) Continuing Educa	tion EMS Educationa	l Programs shall be	credentiale	ed by the OEMS to pro	ovide only EMS
8	continuing education.	An application for cree	dentialing as an appr	oved EMS	continuing education p	program shall be
9	submitted to the OEMS	S for review.				
10	(b) Continuing Educati	ion EMS Educational	Programs shall have:			
11	(1) at lea	st a Level I EMS Inst	ructor as program co	ordinator	and shall hold a Level I	EMS Instructor
12		-	•	•	level of continuing edu	ucation program
13	offere	ed in the EMS System	, Specialty Care Tran	sport Prog	ram, or Agency;	
14	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		_	tent with th	ne services offered by the	ne EMS System,
15	Speci	ialty Care Transport Pr				
16	(A)	•	_		rams shall be reviewed	
17		the system continu	ing education coordi	inator <u>direc</u>	<mark>tor</mark> and Medical Directo	or;
18	(B)	In a Specialty Care	Transport Program,	the continu	ing education program s	shall be reviewed
19		and approved by	Specialty Care Tran	sport Prog	ram Continuing Educat	ion Coordinator
20		<u>director</u> and the M	edical Director; and			
21	(C)	In an Agency not a	affiliated with an EM	S System o	r Specialty Care Transp	ort Program, the
22		continuing educati	ion program shall be	e reviewed	and approved by the A	Agency Program
23		Medical Director;				
24	(3) writte	en educational policies	and procedures to ir	nclude each	of the following;	
25	(A)	the delivery of ed	ducational programs	in a man	ner where the content	and material is
26		delivered to the int	tended audience, with	a limited	potential for exploitation	n of such content
27		and material;				
28	(B)	the record-keeping	g system of student at	ttendance a	nd performance;	
29	(C)	the selection and n	nonitoring of EMS ir	structors;	and	
30	(D)	student evaluation	s of faculty and the p	rogram's co	ourses or components, a	nd the frequency
31		of the evaluations;				
32	(4) acces	s to instructional sup	plies and equipmen	t necessar	for students to comp	lete educational
33	progr	ams as defined in Rule	e .0501 of this Subch	apter;		
34	(5) meet	the educational progra	am requirements as d	efined in R	ule .0501 of this Subcha	apter;
35	(6) Upon	request, the approved	EMS continuing edu	acation pro	gram shall provide reco	rds to the OEMS
36	in ord	der to verify compliand	ce and student eligibi	lity for cre	dentialing; and	
37	(7) appro	oved education program	n credentials are vali	d for a per	od not to exceed four y	ears.

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(c) Program coordinators directors shall attend an OEMS Program Coordinator workshop annually. A listing of
 1
 2
      scheduled OEMS Program Coordinator Director Workshops is available at https://emspic.org. Newly appointed
 3
      program [coordinators] directors who have not attended an OEMS Program [Coordinators] Director Workshop within
 4
      the past year shall attend a workshop within one year of appointment as the program [coordinator] director.
 5
      (d) Assisting physicians delegated by the EMS System Medical Director as authorized by Rule .0403 of this
 6
      Subchapter or SCTP Medical Director as authorized by Rule .0404 of this Subchapter for provision of medical
 7
      oversight of continuing education programs must shall meet the Education Medical Advisor criteria as defined in the
 8
      "North Carolina College of Emergency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight."
 9
10
                       Authority G.S. 143-508(d)(4); 143-508(d)(13);
      History Note:
11
                       Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
12
                       Eff. January 1, 2004;
13
                       Amended Eff. January 1, 2009;
14
                       Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;
15
                       Amended Eff. April 1, 2024; July 1, 2021.
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1	10A NCAC 13P .0602 i	s amended w	vith chang	ges as published in	38:06 NC	R 308-332 as follows:	
2							
3	10A NCAC 13P .0602	BASIC	AND	ADVANCED	EMS	EDUCATIONAL	INSTITUTION
4		REQUIR	REMENT	TS.			
5	(a) Basic and Advance	d EMS Edu	cational 1	Institutions may of	fer educat	ional programs for wh	nich they have been
6	credentialed by the OEM	IS.					
7	$(1) \qquad \text{EMS} \ $	Educational	Institutio	ns shall complete a	a minimun	n of two initial courses	at the highest level
8	educa	tional progra	ım approv	ved for the Educati	onal Institu	ation's credential appro	oval period.
9	` *			-		nitial courses for each e	
10	appro	ved shall be	subject to	action as set forth	in Rule .1	505 of this Subchapter	:
11	(b) For initial courses,	Basic EMS	Educatio	nal Institutions sha	all meet al	l of the requirements f	for continuing EMS
12	educational programs de	efined in Rul	e .0601 o	f this Section and	shall have:		
13	(1) at leas	t a Level I <u>c</u>	or higher	EMS Instructor as	each lead	course instructor for a	ll courses. The lead
14	course	e instructor r	nust be c	redentialed at a lev	el equal to	o or higher than the co	ourse and shall meet
15			•			he CAAHEP Standard	
16	the A	ccreditation	of Educ	cational Programs	in the E	mergency Medical Se	ervices Professions.
17	<u>Profes</u>	sions as set	forth in R	tule .0501 of this S	ubchapter.	The lead instructor sh	nall:
18	(A)	perform o	luties ass	igned under the dir	ection and	delegation of the prog	ram director.
19	(B)					al, and field internship	
20	(2) a lead	EMS educa	itional pr	ogram coordinator	- director.	This individual shall	be a Level II EMS
21						ourse offered by the inc	
22	<u>Newly</u>	appointed	program	[coordinators] <u>di</u> 1	ectors wh	o have not attended a	an OEMS Program
23			_		ll attend a	workshop within one	year of appointment
24	as the			;] director; and:			
25	(A)					ining, and experience;	
26	(B)		Ü			, testing, and evaluation	n of students;
27	(C)		-	_		pital emergency care;	
28	(D)					d to emergency medic	al services, at least
29		•		of a paramedic; and			
30	(E)		•			tional EMS Scope of P	
31					•	DOT NHTSA Nation	
32			-			Rule .0501 of this Sect	•
33	(3) a <u>lead</u>	EMS educat	tional pro	gram coordinator <u>c</u>	<mark>lirector</mark> res	sponsible for the follow	ving:
34	(A)	the admir	nistrative	oversight, organiza	ation, and s	supervision of the prog	ram;
35	(B)		•	lity review and im	-		
36	(C)	•		nning on ongoing o	•		
37	(D)	evaluating	g the effe	ctiveness of the ins	struction, f	aculty, and overall pro	gram;

1		(E)	the collaborative involvement with the Education Medical Advisor;
2		(F)	the training and supervision of clinical and field internship preceptors; and
3		(G)	the effectiveness and quality of fulfillment of responsibilities delegated to another qualified
4			individual;
5	(4)	writte	n educational policies and procedures that include:
6		(A)	the written educational policies and procedures set forth in Rule .0601 of this Section;
7		(B)	the delivery of cognitive and psychomotor examinations in a manner that will protect and
8			limit the potential for exploitation of such content and material;
9		(C)	the exam item validation process utilized for the development of validated cognitive
10			examinations;
11		(D)	the selection and monitoring of all in-state and out-of-state clinical education and field
12			internship sites;
13		(E)	the selection and monitoring of all educational institutionally approved clinical education
14			and field internship preceptors;
15		(F)	utilization of EMS preceptors providing feedback to the student and EMS program;
16		(G)	the evaluation of preceptors by their students, including the frequency of evaluations;
17		(H)	the evaluation of the clinical education and field internship sites by their students, including
18			the frequency of evaluations; and
19		(I)	completion of an annual evaluation of the program to identify any correctable deficiencies;
20		<u>(J)</u>	the program annually assesses goals and learning domains that include how program staff
21			identify and respond to changes in the needs or expectations of the community's interests;
22			<u>and</u>
23		(K)	an advisory committee representing all practice settings utilizing EMS personnel, including
24			clinical preceptor sites, shall assist the program to monitor community needs and
25			expectations and provide guidance to revise goals and responsiveness to change. The
26			advisory committee shall meet no less than annually.
27	(5)	an Ed	ucational Medical Advisor that meets the criteria as defined in the "North Carolina College of
28		Emerg	gency Physicians: Standards for Medical Oversight and Data Collection" who is responsible
29		for the	e following;
30		(A)	medical oversight of the program;
31		(B)	collaboration to provide appropriate and updated educational content for the program
32			curriculum;
33		(C)	establishing minimum requirements for program completion;
34		(D)	oversight of student evaluation, monitoring, and remediation as needed;
35		(E)	ensuring entry level competence;
36		(F)	ensuring interaction of physician and students; and

1	(6)	written educational policies and procedures describing the delivery of educational programs, the
2		record-keeping system detailing student attendance and performance, and the selection and
3		monitoring of EMS instructors.
4	(c) For initial co	ourses, Advanced Educational Institutions shall meet all requirements set forth in Paragraph (b) of this
5	Rule, Standard	III of the CAAHEP Standards and Guidelines for the Accreditation of Educational Programs in the
6	Emergency Med	dical Services Professions shall apply, and;
7	(1)	The faculty must be knowledgeable in course content and effective in teaching their assigned
8		subjects, and capable through academic preparation, training, and experience to teach the courses
9		or topics to which they are assigned.
10	(2)	A faculty member to assist in teaching and clinical coordination in addition to the program
11		coordinator.
12	(d) The ed	lucational institution shall notify the OEMS within 10 business days of a change to the program
13	[coordinator] <u>di</u>	rector or Medical Advisor position. The educational institution shall submit the change to the OEMS
14	as an addendum	to the approved Educational Institution application within 30 days of the effective date of the position
15	change.	
16	(d)(e) Basic and	d Advanced EMS Educational Institution credentials shall be valid for a period of four years, unless
17	the institution is	accredited in accordance with Rule .0605 of this Section.
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19	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-508(d)(4); 143-508(d)(13);
20		Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
21		Eff. January 1, 2004;
22		Amended Eff. January 1, 2009;
23		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;
24		Amended Eff. <u>April 1, 2024;</u> July 1, 2021.

10A NCAC 13P .0904 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:

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10A NCAC 13P .0904 INITIAL DESIGNATION PROCESS

- 4 (a) For initial Trauma Center designation, designation or changing the level of Trauma Center designation, the hospital
- shall request a consult visit by OEMS and the consult shall occur within one year prior to submission of the RFP.
- 6 (b) A hospital interested in pursuing Trauma Center designation shall submit a letter of intent 180 days prior to the
- 7 submission of an RFP to the OEMS. The letter shall define the hospital's primary trauma catchment area.
- 8 Simultaneously, Level I or II applicants shall also demonstrate the need for the Trauma Center designation by
- 9 submitting one original and three copies of documents that include:
- the population to be served and the extent that the population is underserved for trauma care with the methodology used to reach this conclusion;
 - (2) geographic considerations, to include trauma primary and secondary catchment area and distance from other Trauma Centers; and
 - (3) evidence the Trauma Center will admit at least 1200 or more trauma patients annually or show that its trauma service will be taking care of at least 240 trauma patients with an ISS greater than or equal to 15 yearly. These criteria shall be met without compromising the quality of care or cost effectiveness of any other designated Level I or II Trauma Center sharing all or part of its catchment area or by jeopardizing the existing Trauma Center's ability to meet this same 240-patient minimum.
 - (c) The hospital shall be participating in the State Trauma Registry as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter, and submit data weekly to the OEMS weekly a minimum of 12 months or more prior to application that includes all the Trauma Center's trauma patients as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter who are:
 - (1) diverted to an affiliated hospital;
 - (2) admitted to the Trauma Center for greater than 24 hours from an ED or hospital;
- 24 (3) die in the ED;
- 25 (4) are DOA; or
- are transferred from the ED to the OR, ICU, or another hospital (including transfer to any affiliated hospital).
- 28 (d) OEMS shall review the regional Trauma Registry data from both the applicant and the existing trauma center(s),
- and ascertain the applicant's ability to satisfy the justification of need information required in Paragraph (b) of this
- 30 Rule. The OEMS shall notify the applicant's primary RAC of the application and provide the regional data submitted
- 31 by the applicant in Paragraph (b) of this Rule for review and comment. The RAC shall be given 30 days to submit
- written comments to the OEMS.
- 33 (e) OEMS shall notify the respective Board of County Commissioners in the applicant's primary catchment area of
- 34 the request for initial designation to allow for comment during the same 30 day comment period.
- 35 (f) OEMS shall notify the hospital in writing of its decision to allow submission of an RFP. If approved, the RAC
- 36 and Board of County Commissioners in the applicant's primary catchment area shall also be notified by the OEMS
- 37 that an RFP will be submitted.

- 1 (g) Once the hospital is notified that an RFP will be accepted, the hospital shall complete and submit an electronic
- 2 copy of the completed RFP with signatures to the OEMS at least no later than 45 days prior to the proposed site visit
- 3 date.

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- 4 (h) The RFP shall demonstrate that the hospital meets the standards for the designation level applied for as found in
- 5 Rule .0901 of this Section.
- 6 (i) If OEMS does not recommend a site visit based upon failure to comply with Rule .0901 of this Section, the OEMS
- shall send the written reasons to the hospital within 30 days of the decision. The hospital may reapply for designation
- 8 within six months following the submission of an updated RFP. If the hospital fails to respond within six months, the
- 9 hospital shall reapply following the process outlined in Paragraphs (a) through (h) of this Rule.
- 10 (j) If after review of the RFP, the OEMS recommends the hospital for a site visit, the OEMS shall notify the hospital
- 11 within 30 days and the site visit shall be conducted within six months of the recommendation. days. The hospital and
- the OEMS shall agree on the date of the site visit.
- 13 (k) Except for OEMS representatives, any in state reviewer reviewers for a Level I or II visit shall be from outside
- 14 the local or adjacent RAC, unless mutually agreed upon by the OEMS and the trauma center seeking designation
- where the hospital is located. The composition of a Level I or II state site survey team shall be as follows:
 - (1) one out of state trauma surgeon who is a Fellow of the ACS, experienced as a site surveyor, who shall be the primary reviewer;
 - (2) one in state emergency physician who currently works in a designated trauma center, is a member of the American College of Emergency Physicians or American Academy of Emergency Medicine, and is boarded in emergency medicine by the American Board of Emergency Medicine or the American Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine;
 - (3) one in state trauma surgeon who is a member of the North Carolina Committee on Trauma; surgeon;
 - (4) <u>for Level I designation, one out of state one</u> trauma program manager with an equivalent license <u>from another state; manager; and</u>
 - (5) for Level II designation, one in state program manager who is licensed to practice nursing in North

 Carolina in accordance with the Nursing Practice Act, Article 9A, Chapter 90 of the North Carolina

 General Statutes; and
 - (6)(5) OEMS Staff.
 - (l) All site team members for a Level III visit shall be from in state, and, visit except for the OEMS representatives, shall be from outside the local or adjacent RAC where the hospital is located. The composition of a Level III state site survey team shall be as follows:
 - (1) one trauma surgeon who is a Fellow of the ACS, who is a member of the North Carolina Committee on Trauma ACS and shall be the primary reviewer;
- one emergency physician who currently works in a designated trauma center, is a member of the

 North Carolina College of Emergency Physicians or American Academy of Emergency Medicine,

 center and is boarded in emergency medicine by the American Board of Emergency Medicine or
 the American Osteopathic Board of Emergency Medicine;

1	(3)	one trauma program manager who is licensed to practice nursing in North Carolina in accordance
2		with the Nursing Practice Act, Article 9A, Chapter 90 of the North Carolina General Statutes;
3		manager; and
4	(4)	OEMS Staff.

- (4) OEMS Staff.
- 5 (m) On the day of the site visit, the The hospital shall make available all requested patient medical charts.
- (n) The primary reviewer of the site review team shall give a verbal post-conference report representing a consensus 6
- 7 of the site review team. The primary reviewer shall complete and submit to the OEMS a written consensus report
- 8 within 30 days of the site visit.

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- 9 (o) The report of the site survey team and the staff recommendations shall be reviewed by the State Emergency
- 10 Medical Services Advisory Council at its next regularly scheduled meeting following the site visit. Based upon the
- 11 site visit report and the staff recommendation, the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council shall
- 12 recommend to the OEMS that the request for Trauma Center designation be approved or denied.
- 13 (p) All criteria defined in Rule .0901 of this Section shall be met for initial designation at the level requested.
- 14 (q) Hospitals with a deficiency(ies) resulting from the site visit shall be given up to 12 months to demonstrate
- 15 compliance. Satisfaction of deficiency(ies) may require an additional site visit. The need for an additional site visit
- 16 shall be determined on a case-by-case basis based on the type of deficiency. If compliance is not demonstrated within
- 17 the time period set by OEMS, the hospital shall submit a new application and updated RFP and follow the process
- 18 outlined in Paragraphs (a) through (h) of this Rule.
- 19 (r) The final decision regarding Trauma Center designation shall be rendered by the OEMS.
- 20 (s) The OEMS shall notify the hospital in writing of the State Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council's and
- 21 OEMS' final recommendation within 30 days of the Advisory Council meeting.
- 22 (t) If a trauma center changes its trauma program administrative structure such that the trauma service, trauma Medical
- 23 Director, trauma program manager, or trauma registrar are relocated on the hospital's organizational chart at any time,
- 24 it shall notify OEMS of this change in writing within 30 days of the occurrence.
- 25 (u) Initial designation as a trauma center shall be valid for a period of three years.

Amended Eff. April 1, 2024; July 1, 2018.

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      History Note:
                        Authority G.S. 131E-162; 143-508(d)(2);
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                        Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
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                        Eff. April 1, 2003;
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                        Amended Eff. January 1, 2009;
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                        Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;
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1	10A NCAC 13P	.0905 is	amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:
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3	10A NCAC 13P	.0905	RENEWAL DESIGNATION PROCESS
4	(a) Hospitals ma	ay utilize	e one of two options to achieve Trauma Center renewal:
5	(1)	underg	o a site visit conducted by OEMS to obtain a four-year renewal designation; or
6	(2)	underg	o a verification visit by the ACS, in conjunction with the OEMS, to obtain a three-year
7		renewa	al designation.
8	(b) For hospital	s choosii	ng Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule:
9	(1)	prior to	the end of the designation period, the OEMS shall forward to the hospital an RFP for
10		comple	etion. The hospital shall, within 10 business days of receipt of the RFP, define for OEMS the
11		Traum	a Center's trauma primary catchment area.
12	(2)	hospita	als shall complete and submit an electronic copy of the RFP to the OEMS and the specified
13		site sur	veyors at least 30 days prior to the site visit. The RFP shall include information that supports
14		compli	ance with the criteria contained in Rule .0901 of this Section as it relates to the Trauma
15		Center	's level of designation.
16	(3)	all crit	eria defined in Rule .0901 of this Section, as it relates to the Trauma Center's level of
17		designa	ation, shall be met for renewal designation.
18	(4)	a site v	isit shall be conducted within 120 days prior to the end of the designation period. The hospital
19		and the	OEMS shall agree on the date of the site visit.
20	(5)	the con	nposition of a Level I or II site survey team shall be the same as that specified in Rule.0904(k)
21		Rule .0	1904 of this Section.
22	(6)	the cor	mposition of a Level III site survey team shall be the same as that specified in Rule .0904(1)
23		Rule .0	9904 of this Section.
24	(7)	on the	day of the site visit, the hospital shall make available all requested patient medical charts.
25	(8)	the prin	mary reviewer of the site review team shall give a verbal post-conference report representing
26		a conse	ensus of the site review team. The primary reviewer shall complete and submit to the OEMS
27		a writte	en consensus report within 30 days of the site visit.
28	(9)	the rep	port of the site survey team and a staff recommendation shall be reviewed by the NC
29		Emerg	ency Medical Services Advisory Council at its next regularly scheduled meeting following
30		the site	e visit. Based upon the site visit report and the staff recommendation, the NC Emergency
31		Medica	al Services Advisory Council shall recommend to the OEMS that the request for Trauma
32		Center	renewal be:
33		(A)	approved;
34		(B)	approved with a contingency(ies) due to a deficiency(ies) requiring a focused review;
35		(C)	approved with a contingency(ies) not due to a deficiency(ies) requiring a consultative visit;
36			or
37		(D)	denied.

- (10)hospitals with a deficiency(ies) shall have up to 10 business days prior to the NC Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council meeting to provide documentation to demonstrate compliance. If the hospital has a deficiency that cannot be corrected in this period prior to the NC Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council meeting, the hospital shall be given 12 months by the OEMS to demonstrate compliance and undergo a focused review that may require an additional site visit. The need for an additional site visit is on a case-by-case basis based on the type of deficiency. The hospital shall retain its Trauma Center designation during the focused review period. If compliance is demonstrated within the prescribed time period, the hospital shall be granted its designation for the four-year period from the previous designation's expiration date. If compliance is not demonstrated within the 12 month time period, the Trauma Center designation shall not be renewed. To become redesignated, the hospital shall submit an updated RFP and follow the initial applicant process outlined in Rule .0904 of this Section.
 - (11)the final decision regarding trauma center renewal shall be rendered by the OEMS.
 - (12)the OEMS shall notify the hospital in writing of the NC Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council's and OEMS' final recommendation within 30 days of the NC Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council meeting.
 - hospitals with a deficiency(ies) shall submit an action plan to the OEMS to address the (13)deficiency(ies) within 10 business days following receipt of the written final decision on the trauma recommendations.
 - (c) For hospitals choosing Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule:

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- (1) at least six months prior to the end of the Trauma Center's designation period, the trauma center shall notify the OEMS of its intent to undergo an ACS verification visit. It shall simultaneously define in writing to the OEMS its trauma primary catchment area. Trauma Centers choosing this option shall then comply with all the ACS' verification procedures, as well as any additional state criteria as defined in Rule .0901 of this Section, that apply to their level of designation.
- (2) when completing the ACS' documentation for verification, the Trauma Center shall ensure access to the ACS on-line PRQ (pre-review questionnaire) to OEMS. The Trauma Center shall simultaneously complete any documents supplied by OEMS and forward these to the OEMS.
- (3) the Trauma Center shall make sure the site visit is scheduled to ensure that the ACS' final written report, accompanying medical record reviews and cover letter are received by OEMS at least 30 days prior to a regularly scheduled NC Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council meeting to ensure that the Trauma Center's state designation period does not terminate without consideration by the NC Emergency Medical Services Advisory Council.
- (4) any in-state review for a hospital choosing Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule, except for the OEMS staff, shall be from outside the local or adjacent RAC in which the hospital is located.
- 36 (5) the composition of a Level I, II, or III site survey team for hospitals choosing Subparagraph (a)(2) 37 of this Rule shall be as follows:

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1 provide documentation to demonstrate compliance. If the hospital has a deficiency that cannot be 2 corrected in this time period, the hospital, may undergo a focused review to be conducted by the 3 OEMS whereby the Trauma Center shall be given 12 months by the OEMS to demonstrate 4 compliance. Satisfaction of contingency(ies) may require an additional site visit. The need for an 5 additional site visit is on a case-by-case basis based on the type of deficiency. The hospital shall retain its Trauma Center designation during the focused review period. If compliance is 6 7 demonstrated within the prescribed time period, the hospital shall be granted its designation for the 8 three-year period from the previous designation's expiration date. If compliance is not demonstrated 9 within the 12 month time period, the Trauma Center designation shall not be renewed. To become 10 redesignated, the hospital shall submit a new RFP and follow the initial applicant process outlined 11 in Rule .0904 of this Section. 12 (14)hospitals with a deficiency(ies) shall submit an action plan to the OEMS to address the 13 deficiency(ies) within 10 business days following receipt of the written final decision on the trauma 14 recommendations. 15 (d) If a Trauma Center currently using the ACS' verification process chooses not to renew using this process, it must 16 notify the OEMS at least six months prior to the end of its state trauma center designation period of its intention to

exercise the option in Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule. Upon notification, the OEMS shall extend the designation for

one additional year to ensure consistency with hospitals using Subparagraph (a)(1) of this Rule.

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20 History Note: Authority G.S. 131E-162; 143-508(d)(2);
 21 Temporary Adoption Eff. January 1, 2002;
 22 Eff. April 1, 2003;
 23 Amended Eff. April 1, 2009; January 1, 2009; January 1, 2004;
 24 Readoption Eff. January 1, 2017;

Amended Eff. April 1, 2024; July 1, 2021.

10A NCAC 13P .1505 is amended as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:

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10A NCAC 13P .1505 EMS EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

- (a) For the purpose of this Rule, "focused review" means an evaluation by the OEMS of an educational institution's corrective actions to remove contingencies that are a result of deficiencies identified in the initial or renewal application process.
 - (b) The Department shall deny the initial or renewal designation, without first allowing a focused review, of an EMS Educational Institution for any of the following reasons: Institution. An Educational Institution denied initial designation shall not be eligible to reapply to the OEMS for two years. Reasons for denial are:
 - (1) significant failure to comply with the provisions of Sections .0500 and .0600 of this Subchapter; or
 - (2) attempting to obtain an EMS Educational Institution designation through fraud or misrepresentation.
 - (c) When an EMS Educational Institution is required to have a focused review, it shall demonstrate compliance with the provisions of Sections .0500 and .0600 of this Subchapter within six months or less.
 - (d) The Department shall amend, suspend, or revoke an EMS Educational Institution designation at any time whenever the Department finds that the EMS Educational Institution has significant failure to comply, as defined in Rule .0102 of this Subchapter, with the provisions of Section .0600 of this Subchapter, and:
 - (1) it is not probable that the EMS Educational Institution can remedy the deficiencies within six months or less as determined by OEMS staff based upon analysis of the educational institution's ability to take corrective measures to resolve the issue of non-compliance with Section .0600 of this Subchapter;
 - (2) although the EMS Educational Institution may be able to remedy the deficiencies, it is not probable that the EMS Educational Institution shall be able to remain in compliance with credentialing rules;
 - (3) failure to produce records upon request as required in Rule .0601 of this Subchapter;
 - (4) the EMS Educational Institution failed to meet the requirements of a focused review within six months, as set forth in Paragraph (c) of this Rule;
 - (5) the failure to comply endangered the health, safety, or welfare of patients cared for as part of an EMS educational program as determined by OEMS staff in their professional judgment based upon a complaint investigation, in consultation with the Department and Department of Justice, to verify the results of the investigations are sufficient to initiate enforcement action pursuant to G.S. 150B; or
- the EMS Educational Institution altered, destroyed, or attempted to destroy evidence needed for a complaint investigation.
 - (e) The Department shall give the EMS Educational Institution written notice of action taken on the Institution designation. This notice shall be given personally or by certified mail and shall set forth:
 - (1) the factual allegations;
 - (2) the statutes or rules alleged to be violated; and

I	(3)	notice of the EMS Educational Institution's right to a contested case hearing, set forth in Rule .1509			
2		of this Section, on the revocation of the designation.			
3	(f) Focused rev	iew is not a procedural prerequisite to the revocation of a designation as set forth in Rule .1509 of this			
4	Section.				
5	(g) If determin	ed by the educational institution that suspending its approval to offer EMS educational programs is			
6	necessary, the E	MS Educational Institution may voluntarily surrender its credential without explanation by submitting			
7	a written reques	st to the OEMS stating its intention. The voluntary surrender shall not affect the original expiration			
8	date of the EMS	S Educational Institution's designation. To reactivate the designation:			
9	(1)	the institution shall provide OEMS written documentation requesting reactivation; and			
10	(2)	the OEMS shall verify the educational institution is compliant with all credentialing requirements			
11		set forth in Section .0600 of this Subchapter prior to reactivation of the designation by the OEMS.			
12	(h) If the institu	ution fails to resolve the issues that resulted in a voluntary surrender, the Department shall revoke the			
13	EMS Educational Institution designation.				
14	(i) In the event	of a revocation or voluntary surrender, the Department shall provide written notification to all EMS			
15	Systems within the EMS Educational Institution's defined service area. The Department shall provide written				
16	notification to a	all EMS Systems within the EMS Educational Institution's defined service area when the voluntary			
17	surrender reacti	vates to full credential.			
18	(j) When an ac	credited EMS Educational Institution as defined in Rule .0605 of this Subchapter has administrative			
19	action taken aga	ainst its accreditation, the OEMS shall determine if the cause of action is sufficient for revocation of			
20	the EMS Educa	tional Institution designation or imposing a focused review pursuant to Paragraphs (b) and (c) of this			
21	Rule is warrante	ed.			
22					
23	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-508(d)(4); 143-508(d)(10);			
24		Eff. January 1, 2013;			
25		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. February 2,			
26		2016;			

Amended Eff. <u>April 1, 2024;</u> July 1, 2021; July 1, 2018; January 1, 2017.

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10A NCAC 13P .1507 is amended with changes as published in 38:06 NCR 308-332 as follows:

10A NCAC 13P .1507 EMS PERSONNEL CREDENTIALS

- (a) Any EMS credential that has been forfeited under G.S. 15A-1331.1 may not be reinstated until the person has complied with the court's requirements, has petitioned the Department for reinstatement, has completed the disciplinary process, and has received Department reinstatement approval.
- (b) The Department shall amend, deny, suspend, or revoke the credentials of EMS personnel for any of the following:
- 8 (1) significant failure to comply with the applicable performance and credentialing requirements as 9 found in this Subchapter;
 - (2) making false statements or representations to the Department, or concealing information in connection with an application for credentials;
 - (3) making false statements or representations, concealing information, or failing to respond to inquiries from the Department during a complaint investigation;
 - (4) tampering with, or falsifying any record used in the process of obtaining an initial EMS credential, or in the renewal of an EMS credential;
 - (5) in any manner or using any medium, engaging in the stealing, manipulating, copying, reproducing, or reconstructing of any written EMS credentialing examination questions, or scenarios;
 - (6) cheating, or assisting others to cheat while preparing to take, or when taking a written EMS credentialing examination;
 - (7) altering an EMS credential, using an EMS credential that has been altered, or permitting or allowing another person to use his or her EMS credential for the purpose of alteration. "Altering" includes changing the name, expiration date, or any other information appearing on the EMS credential;
 - (8) unprofessional conduct, including a significant failure to comply with the rules relating to the function of credentialed EMS personnel contained in this Subchapter, or the performance of or attempt to perform a procedure that is detrimental to the health and safety of any person, or that is beyond the scope of practice of credentialed EMS personnel or EMS instructors;
 - (9) being unable to perform as credentialed EMS personnel with reasonable skill and safety to patients and the public by reason of illness that will compromise skill and safety, use of alcohol, drugs, chemicals, or any other type of material, or by reason of any physical impairment;
 - (10) conviction in any court of a crime involving moral turpitude, a conviction of a felony, a conviction requiring registering on a sex offender registry, or conviction of a crime involving the scope of practice of credentialed EMS personnel;
 - (11) by theft or false representations, obtaining or attempting to obtain, money or anything of value from a patient, EMS Agency, or educational institution;
 - (12) adjudication of mental incompetence;
 - (13) lack of competence to practice with a reasonable degree of skill and safety for patients, including a failure to perform a prescribed procedure, failure to perform a prescribed procedure competently, or

1		performance of a procedure that is not within the scope of practice of credentialed EMS personnel
2		or EMS instructors;
3	(14)	performing as a credentialed EMS personnel in any EMS System in which the individual is not
4		affiliated and authorized to function;
5	(15)	performing or authorizing the performance of procedures, or administration of medications
6		detrimental to a student or individual;
7	(16)	delay or failure to respond when on-duty and dispatched to a call for EMS assistance;
8	(17)	testing positive, whether for-cause or at random, through urine, blood, or breath sampling, for any
9		substance, legal or illegal, that is likely to impair the physical or psychological ability of the
10		credentialed EMS personnel to perform all required or expected functions while on duty;
11	(18)	failure to comply with G.S. 143-518 regarding the use or disclosure of records or data associated
12		with EMS Systems, Specialty Care Transport Programs, Alternative Practice Settings, or patients;
13	(19)	refusing to consent to any criminal history check required by G.S. 131E-159;
14	(20)	abandoning or neglecting a patient who is in need of care, without making arrangements for the
15		continuation of such care;
16	(21)	falsifying a patient's record or any controlled substance records;
17	(22)	harassing, abusing, or intimidating a patient, student, bystander, EMS personnel, other allied
18		healthcare personnel, student, educational institution staff, members of the public, or OEMS staff,
19		either physically, verbally, or in writing;
20	(23)	engaging in any activities of a sexual nature with a patient, including kissing, fondling, or touching
21		while responsible for the care of that individual;
22	(24)	any criminal arrests that involve charges that have been determined by the Department to indicate a
23		necessity to seek action in order to further protect the public pending adjudication by a court;
24	(25)	altering, destroying, or attempting to destroy evidence needed for a complaint investigation being
25		conducted by the OEMS;
26	(26)	significant failure to comply with a condition to the issuance of an encumbered EMS credential with
27		limited and restricted practices for persons in the chemical addiction or abuse treatment program;
28	(27)	unauthorized possession of lethal or non-lethal weapons, chemical irritants to include mace, pepper
29		(oleoresin capsicum) spray and tear gas, or explosives while in the performance of providing
30		emergency medical services;
31	(28)	significant failure to comply to provide EMS care records to the licensed EMS provider for
32		submission to the OEMS as required by Rule .0204 of this Subchapter;
33	(29)	continuing to provide EMS care after local suspension of practice privileges by the local EMS
34		System, Medical Director, or Alternative Practice Setting;
35	(30)	representing or allowing others to represent that the credentialed EMS personnel has a credential
36		that the credentialed EMS personnel does not in fact have;
37	(31)	diversion of any medication requiring medical oversight for credentialed EMS personnel; or

1	(32)	filing a knowingly false complaint against an individual, EMS Agency, or educational institution.
2		institution; or
3	<u>(33)</u>	failure to comply with educational requirements defined in Sections .0500 and .0600 of this
4		Subchapter.
5	(c) Pursuant to the	he provisions of G.S. 131E-159(h), the OEMS shall not issue an EMS credential for any person listed
6	on the North Ca	arolina Department of Public Safety, Sex Offender and Public Protection Registry, or who was
7	convicted of an o	offense that would have required registration if committed at a time when the registration would have
8	been required by	law.
9	(d) Pursuant to the	he provisions of G.S. 50-13.12, upon notification by the court, the OEMS shall revoke an individual's
10	EMS credential u	until the Department has been notified by the court that evidence has been obtained of compliance
11	with a child supp	ort order. The provisions of G.S. 50-13.12 supersede the requirements of Paragraph (f) of this Rule.
12	(e) When a person	on who is credentialed to practice as an EMS professional is also credentialed in another jurisdiction
13	and the other jur	risdiction takes disciplinary action against the person, the Department shall summarily impose the
14	same or lesser dis	sciplinary action upon receipt of the other jurisdiction's action. The EMS professional may request a
15	hearing before th	e EMS Disciplinary Committee. At the hearing the issues shall be limited to:
16	(1)	whether the person against whom action was taken by the other jurisdiction and the Department are
17		the same person;
18	(2)	whether the conduct found by the other jurisdiction also violates the rules of the N.C. Medical Care
19		Commission; and
20	(3)	whether the sanction imposed by the other jurisdiction is lawful under North Carolina law.
21	(f) The OEMS	shall provide written notification of the amendment, denial, suspension, or revocation. This notice
22	shall be given pe	rsonally or by certified mail, and shall set forth:
23	(1)	the factual allegations;
24	(2)	the statutes or rules alleged to have been violated; and
25	(3)	notice of the individual's right to a contested hearing, set forth in Rule .1509 of this Section, on the
26		revocation of the credential.
27	(g) The OEMS s	shall provide written notification to the EMS professional within five business days after information
28	has been entered	into the National Practitioner Data Bank and the Healthcare Integrity and Protection Integrity Data
29	Bank.	
30	(h) The EMS S	ystem Administrator, Primary Agency Contact, Medical Director, Educational Institution Program
31	Coordinator, or I	Medical Advisor shall notify the OEMS of any violation listed in Paragraph (b) of this Rule. Rule
32	within 30 days of	f discovery of the violation or upon completion of the internal agency or EMS system investigation.
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34	History Note:	Authority G.S. 131E-159; 143-508(d)(10); 143-519;
35		Eff. January 1, 2013;
36		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2017;
37		Amended Eff. <u>April 1, 2024;</u> July 1, 2021.