17 NCAC 07B . 4203 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4203 CONTRACTORS FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

SalesPursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, sales of tangible personal propertyitems, as the term item is defined in G.S. 105164.3, to contractors for use in performing contracts with the United States Government or its agencies and instrumentalities are subject to the applicable statutory state[general State,] and [applicable-]local [and transit rates of ]sales or and use tax unless the terms of the contract between the contractor and the United States Government contain title-passage provisions of the Federal Acquisition Regulations where the title to the items purchased by the contractor is transferred to the United States Government on a regular, recurring, and routine basis.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-262; 105-264; Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44;[Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;] 105-467; 105-468; 105469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. September 1, 2006; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991.1991;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4205 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4205 FEDERAL CREDIT UNIONS AND THE FARM CREDIT SYSTEM

(a) Federal Credit Unions:Unions. -- Sales of tangible personal property toto, or purchases by, federal credit unions organized under the Federal Credit Union Act, 12 U.S.C. $\S 1751$ et seq., are exempt from North Carolina sales and use tax.tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(17). See 12 U.S.C. § 1768.
(b) The Farm Credit System:System. -- Sales to, or purchases by, the farm credit system, as composed in U.S.C. $\S$ 2002, are exempt from North Carolina sales and use [tax.]tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(17). The Farm-Credit System, 12 U.S.C $\$ \S 2001$ et seq.,farm credit system includes the-Farm Credit Banks, the bank for cooperatives, Agricultural Credit Banks, the Federal łand bank associations,Land Bank Associations, the Federal Land Credit Associations, the production credit associations,Production Credit Associations, the agricultural credit associations, the Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation, the Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation, service corporations established pursuant to 12 U.S.C. $\$ 2211$, the banks for cooperatives, and such other institutions as may be made part of the System,farm credit system, all of which are-shall be chartered by and subject to the-regulation of by the Farm Credit Administration.
(1) Sales of tangible personal property to Farm Credit Banks and Federal land banks are exempt from North Carolina sales and use tax. See 12 U.S.C. \&\& 2023 and 2098.
(2) Sales of tangible personal property to production credit associations and banks for cooperatives for use or consumption are subject to the applicable statutory state and local sales or use tax. See 12 U.S.C. §§ 2077 and 2134.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;] 105-467; 105-468; 105469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538; 12 U.S.C. 1768; 12 U.S.C. 2023; 12 U.S.C. 2077; 12 U.S.C. 2098; 12 U.S.C. 2134; 12 U.S.C. 2214; Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. September 1, 2006; November 1, 1995; January 1, 1995; January 3, 1984.1984;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4210 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4210 CHEROKEE INDIAN RESERVATIONNATIVE AMERICAN INDIAN COUNTRY

(a) Sales by Merchants on the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indian (EBCI) Reservation:
(1) SalesPursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(25), sales of tangible persenal propertyitems, as the term item is defined in G.S. 105-164.3, by merchants ensourced to the Cherokee IndianEBCI Reservation are exempt from sales and use tax when such merchants are authorized to do business on the EBCI Reservation and are paying the tribal gross receipts levy to the Tribal Council. The above exemption from the tax is applicable to all sales by merchants on the ReservationThis exemption applies without regard to the status of the purehaser.whether a purchaser is an enrolled member of the EBCI.
(2) Admission charges to an entertainment activity sourced to the EBCI Reservation are exempt from sales and use tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(25), provided the retailer that offers the entertainment activity is authorized to do business on the EBCI Reservation and pays the tribal gross receipts levy to the Tribal Council. This exemption applies without regard to whether a purchaser is an enrolled member of the EBCI.
(b) Sales to Federally Recognized Native American Nations:
(1) Items Sourced to a Native American Nation's Indian Country. - SalesPursuant to G.S. 105164.13(17), retail sales of tangible personal propertyitems to a federally recognized Native American nation or an enrolled member of the federally recognized Native American nation residing within that nation's Indian Country, as the term Indian Country is defined in 18 U.S.C. 1151, by in-state vendors or out of state vendors to the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians or to individuat Indians of the band-are exempt from sales and use taxes-tax when delivery of the property oceurs on the Reservation.such items are sourced to the nation's Indian Country.
(2) Items Sourced Outside a Native American Nation's Indian Country. -- Sales-Retail sales of tangible personal property by in-state or out-of-state vendorsitems to the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians, $\underline{a}$ federally recognized Native American nation or to individual Indians of the band, to contractors or anyone else representing Indiansan enrolled member of the federally recognized Native American nation are subject to [the applicable rates of ]sales or and use [tax ]tax, pursuant to G.S. 105164.4, when delivery thereof oeeurssourced outside the Reservation-nation's Indian Country even though such property items may be used, or incorporated into improvements on the Reservation-within the nation's Indian Country.
(c) Real Property Contracts with Federally Recognized Native American Nations: The sale of items to a real property contractor are exempt from sale and use tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(17), provided that the items are sourced to a federally recognized Native American nation's Indian Country, the purchase of the item is to fulfill a real property contract with the nation or a member of the nation, and the item is used or installed, within the sourced-nation's Indian Country, by the contractor or the contractor's subcontractor.
[(1) A real property contractor is the consumer of an item that the real property contractor purchases, installs, or applies the item for others to fulfill a real property contract.]Contractors are users or constmers of all tangible personal property which they purchase within or without this State for use in the performance of contracts.
[(2) Areal property contractor purehasing items sourced outside the nation's Indian Country] Contractors are[is] Hiable for remitting the applicable-[rates of ]sales or [and-] use tax [even if the real property contractor will use an item to fulfill a real property contract within the nation's Indian Country.] en all tangible personal property purchased within or without this State when delivery oceurs off the Reservation even though the contractors may use it or incorporate it in improvements on the Reservation.
[(3)] Property purchased[Purchases] by [a real property contractor of items sourced-] and delivered to a contractor on a Reservation[federally recognized Native American nation's Indian Country] to be incorporated in an improvement[used within the nation's Indian Country] to-[fulfill a-]real property [contract with that federally recognized Native American nation or an enrolled member of that federally recognized Native American nation] is not subject to [exempt from] sales or [and] ]use tax. Property purchased by and delivered to contractors on a reservation for use in performing a contract (but where the property is not incorporated in an improvement) is subject to sales or use tax unless sold by merchants on the Cherokee Indian Reservation who are authorized to do business there and who pay the tribal levy on the transaction which property is, therefore, exempt under G.S. 105-164.13(25).

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.4B; 105-164.4H; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;] 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;

Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. January 1, 1982.1982;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4301 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## SECTION . 4300 - REFUNDS TO INTERSTATE CARRIERS

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4301 REFUNDS TO INTERSTATE CARRIERS

(a) Scope-Scope. -- This Rule explains the sales and use tax refund allowed to interstate carriers under G.S. 105 164.14(a)G.S. 105-164.14(a). The refund authorized by that statute does not apply to taxes-Taxes listed in-17 NCAC $07 \mathrm{~B} .1602(\mathrm{~d}) \cdot[17 \mathrm{NCAC} 07 \mathrm{~B} .1602(\mathrm{f}) \cdot] 17$ NCAC 07B . 1602 (f) are not eligible for refund as exceeding the scope of G.S. 105-164.14(a).
(b) Eligible Items-Items. -- Sales and use taxes paidenThe items eligible for refund are railway cars and locemotives locomotives, are eligible for refund. In addition, the following items are considered to be and fuel, a lubricant, alubricants, repair part, or an aceessory.parts, accessories, service contracts, and repair, maintenance, and installation services for a motor vehicle, railroad car, locomotive, or airplane the carrier operates. Therefore, sales and use taxes paid on purchases of the following items areOther items eligible for refund under G.S. 105-164.14(a):when purchased by an interstate carrier for a motor vehicle, railroad car, locomotive, or airplane it operates include:
(1) antennas;
(2) antifreeze;
(3) bedding for motor vehicle sleeping compartments;
(4) charts for tachographs;
(5) decals for motor vehicles;
(6) emergency flares and reflectors;
(7) fire extinguishers;
(8) freon or nitrogen used in refrigerating and cooling motor vehicles;
(9) furniture pads;
(10) lifeboats and oxygen masks;
(11) load jacks and chains;
(12) mobile CB radios;
(13) motor vehicle seat cushions;
(14) paints for decals;
(15) polyethylene liners (used to waterproof trailers); used to waterproof trailers;
(16) pouches for registration cards and permits;
(17) radios;
(18) ramp equipment (aireraft steps-used to embark or disembark aireraft);aircraft;
(19) ropes and chains to tie down cargo (adapted for use on motor vehicles; otherwise not allowed);
(20) signs (metal signs-attached to trueks);trucks;
(21) tarpaulins;
(22) tire chains;
(23) tire and tubes;
(24) welding rods for repair of motor vehicles;
(25) windshield solvents; or
(26) zipped covers for grills.
(c) Items not Eligible-Eligible. -- The following items are-not eonsidered to be fuel, a lubrieant, a repair part, or an accessory. Therefore, sales and use taxes paid on purchases of the following items are noteligible for refund under G.S. 105-164.14(a):G.S. 105-164.14(a) include:
(1) certain digital [property;] property, as defined in G.S. 105-164.3;
(2) drivers' gloves;
(2)(3) drivers' uniforms;
(3)(4) food trays (airplanes); on airplanes;
$(4)(5)$ fork lift tires and parts;
(5)(6) gauges for testing equipment;
(6)(7) hand trucks;
(7) license and inspection fees;
(8) pallets;
(9) pillows (airplanes);on airplanes;
(10) repair labor;piped natural gas;
(11) road service charges;
(12)(11) security seals;
(13) sixty percent on recapped tires where forty percent of the combined price is taxed ( 17 NCAC 07B 1901);
$(14)(12)$ tire volume discounts;
$(15)(13)$ tools, shop supplies;
$(16)(14)$ trip logs; or
$(17)(15)$ wax and washing supplies.
(d) Other Items-[Items.] - The lists in this Rule do not include every item that is or is not subject to refund. [An interstate carrier may request]Upen request, the Sales and Use Tax Division [issue a determination regarding whether] shall determine if an item not ineluded in either list is subject to refund.
(e)(d) Amount of Refund-Refund. -- G.S. 105-164.14(a) sets out the formula for computing the amount of a refund. Under the formula, an interstate carrier receives-may receive a refund for a percentage of the tax paid on eligible items. $[(f)](e)$ Due date of Claim for Refund. -- An interstate carrier claim for refund shall be filed quarterly on Form E-581, Interstate Carrier Claim for Refund State, County, and Transit Sales and Use Taxes. A claim is due within [sixty $(60)] 60$ days from the close of each calendar quarter ending in March, June, September, and December of each year covering the purchases or acquisitions during the preceding quarter. [An interstate carrier claim for refund shall be filed within three years after the due date. A refund claim filed more than three (3) years after the due date is barred.]
$[(\mathrm{g})](\mathrm{f})$ Form E-581, requires the following information:

| (1) | name and address of entity requesting the refund; |
| :--- | :--- |
| $(2)$ | Federal Employer Identification Number; |
| $(3)$ | North Carolina sales and use tax account number; |
| $(4)$ | refund period beginning and ending dates; |
| $(5)$ | contact person name and telephone number; |
| $(6)$ | name(s) of the taxing county; |
| $(7)$ | total miles of operation; |
| $(8)$ | total miles operated in North Carolina; |
| $(10)$ | the ratio of miles operated in North Carolina; eligible purchases inside and outside North Carolina, not including sales tax paid; |
| $(12)$ | purchases per mile ratio; |
| $(13)$ | state sales and use tax paid on eligible purchases; |
| $(14)$ | state sales and use tax on purchases per mile ratio; |
| $(15)$ | amount of state sales and use tax refund; |
| $(16)$ | the ratio of county and transit sales and use tax refund; |
| $(17)$ | county and transit sales and use tax paid on eligible purchases; |
| $(18)$ | amount of county and transit sales and use tax refund; |
| $(19)$ | total refund amount requested; |
| $(20)$ | signature of person authorized to legally bind entity and date form signed. | $[(\mathrm{h})](\mathrm{g})$ Aviation Gasoline and Jet Fuel. -- An interstate [earrier]carrier's claim for refund for taxes paid at the combined general rate pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4(a)(15), shall be filed quarterly on Form E-581A, Interstate Carrier Claim for Refund Combined General Rate Sales and Use Taxes. A claim is due within [sixty ( 60 ) 660 days from the close of each calendar quarter ending in March, June, September, and December of each year covering the purchases or acquisitions during the preceding quarter. [An interstate carrier claim for refund shall be filed within three years after the due date._A refund claim filed more than three (3) years after the due date is barred.]

$[(i)]$ (h) Form E-581A, requires the following information:
(1) name and address of entity requesting the refund;
(2) Federal Employer Identification Number;
(3) North Carolina sales and use tax account number;
(4) refund period beginning and ending dates;
(5) contact person name and telephone number;
(6) total miles of operation;
(7) total miles operated in North Carolina;
(8) ratio of miles operated in North Carolina;
(9) total North Carolina combined general rate of sales and use tax paid on all purchases of aviation gasoline and jet fuel;
(10) total refund amount requested;
(11) signature of person authorized to legally bind entity and date form signed.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.14; 105-262; 105-264; 「Chapter 105, Articles 39,
$40,42,43$, and $46 ; 7105-467 ; 105-468 ; 105-469 ; 105-483 ; 105-498 ; 105-507.2 ; 105-509.1 ; 105-$
510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;

Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. September 1, 2006; July 1, 2000; August 1, 1998; August 1, 1996; October 1, 1993;
July 1, 1990; February 1, 1987; March 1, 1984.1984;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4302 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4302 REFUNDS TO RAILROAD COMPANIES

(a) In General. -- Railroad companies, when applying for refunds pursuant to G.S. 105-164.14(a), shall comply with application frequency and form requirements set out in 17 NCAC 07B . 4301.
(b) Railcars Not Owned by [Foreign Line.]Refund Applicant -- The-[An]A refund applicant's total eligible purchases shall include the repair of railroad cars of a foreign line operated used by, but not owned by anthe applicant shall be included in total purchase by the applicant for refund-regardless of the fact that the operating companyapplicant may bill the owner of the railcars for repairs performed on such railroad cars. The [ear] miles that [fforeign ears] $\underline{\text { a railcar }}$ not owned by the applicant travel over the rail lines of the applicant [for refund]shall be [taken inte consideration]included in establishing the number of miles of operation in this State and the total number of miles of operation inside and outside this State for the calendar quarter.
(c) Railcars Owned by Refund Applicant. -- Repairs to the applicant's cars operating on foreign lines[An]A refund applicant's total eligible purchases shall be excludedexclude repairs to [the applicant's] railroad cars owned by the applicant, but operating on [foreign]rail lines of another railroad company, since such-[railroad-]ears are not being eperated by the applicant for refund,[applicant,]regardless of the fact that the foreignother railroad company may bill the applicant for repair parts used to maintain the applicant's railroad cars when in operation over foreignthe other railroad's rail lines. Additionally, an applicant's total eligible purchases shall exclude fuel, lubricants, repair parts, accessories, service contracts, and repair, maintenance, and installation services for which the applicant is billed by [the operating] another railroad company when its railroad cars are traveling over [foreign lines]the other railroad's rail lines. Because-[because-] there is no record kept of the miles that the applicant's railroad cars may travel over foreign lines,[lines.]- the applicant for refund shall exclude lubricants, repair parts and accessories for which the applicant is billed by the operating company when its cars are traveling over foreign lines; however, the car miles that foreign ears travel over the lines of the applicant for refund shall be taken into consideration in establishing the number of miles of operation in this state and the total number of miles of operation within and without this state for the ealendar quarter.
(d) Locomotives. -- Locomotives are not ordinarily interchanged in the same manner as railroad cars; however, if locomotives are operated in the same manner as railroad cars, the The provisions of this Rule willshall also be applicableapply to the operation of locomotives.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.14; 105-262; 105-264;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. October 1, 1993.1993;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B .4401 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## SECTION . 4400 - LEASE OR RENTAL

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4401 LEASE RECEIPTS

(a) Rate of Tax. - ThePursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, the gross receipts or gross proceeds-derived from or the total amount agreed to be paid for the lease or rental,rental within North Carolina, of allkinds and types-of tangible personal property not specifically exempt by statute-are subject to the sales or use tax at the same rate-rates, including any maximum tax, which is applicable-that apply to the retail sale of such property. The maximum tax, if applicable, shall be determined for each lease or rental of tangible personal property, not on the aggregate tax for all leases or rentals of the leased tangible personal property.
(b) Computation of Tax. -- The taxA person shall be computed and paid on suchcompute and pay tax on the gross receipts, gross proceeds, or rental payablereceipts without any [deduction]deduction. whatsoever for any expense incident to the conduct of business-[eonducting business, including expenses such as property taxes, interest, insurance eharges, maintenance fees, and delivery charges.]
(c) Due Date. -- The tax is due and payable at the time the lessor or retailer bills the lessee for the-rent whether such billing is for the lump sum rental or on a monthly or other periodic basis.
(d) Sale of Leased Tangible Personal Property. -- A retailer who leases or rents tangible personal property shall also collect the tax on the separate retail sale of the tangible personal property.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-262; 105-264;
Eff. February 1, 1976.1976;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B .4403 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4403 MAINTENANCE OF LEASED PROPERTY

(a) Sales-Purchases of tangible personal property to registered lessors or retailers for the purpose of lease or rental exelusively [by a person that leases tangible personal property] are wholesale sales-[when such purehased property is] used to repair or maintain tangible personal property held for lease or rent are wholesales sales pursuant to G.S. 105164.3(281) provided that the purchased property [and] becomes part of the tangible personal property [held] for lease or [rental.]rent and the purchase is made by a person engaged in the business of leasing and renting the tangible personal property held for lease or rent. [These]Pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(5), these wholesale sales and-are not subject to tax provided completed and-executed-centificates of resale are furnished to the vendors of such property.when the purchaser complies with 17 NCAC 07B .0106. Sales
(b) [Purchases]Sales of lubricants, repair parts and accessories to stuch lessors or retailersrepair, maintenance, and installation services [by a person that leases tangible personal property] whe use them[uses the services]used to repair, recondition or maintainrecondition, or maintain [any] stuch leased or rented-tangible personal property held by the purchaser for lease or rental are also wholesale sales when completed and executed certificates of resale are provided to vendors of this type property. wholesale sales pursuant to G.S. 105-164.3(281) and are [not subject to] exempt from tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(5) when the purchaser complies with 17 NCAC 07B . 0106.
(b)(c) Except as provided in [paragraph (a),]Paragraphs (a) and (b), Lessors area [person that leases tangible personal property]lessor is responsible for payment of any applicable statutory state and localthe sales and use tax [at the applicable rate unless an exemption applies to the purchase.]tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4. [Such]Examples of tangible personal property [subject to tax] that a lessor is liable for sales and use tax upon purchase includes, tools, shop supplies, and other tangible personal property that are used to repair tangible personal property held for lease or rental that do not become part of the tangible personal property held for lease or rental. on the cost price of such items if they are used for a purpose other than repairing or maintaining leased or rented property or if they are resold as such. Any tax due thereon is to be paid to the Secretary of Revenue on the lessors' or retailers' sales and use tax reterns.
(b) $[(\mathrm{c})]$ (d) When the-a lessee purchases lubricants and repair parts to maintain-tangible personal property or repair, maintenance, and installation [services] services, to repair or maintain items beingleased or rented, the lessee is liable for payment of the applicable statutory state[general State,] and [applicable] lecal [and transit rates of] sales er and use tax on the eest price of such purehases to the vendors or to the Secretary of Revenue.purchase price. If a separate maintenance agreement for a fixed fee where no separate charge is made for parts and labor is executed by the lessor and lessee whereby the lessor or the lessee agrees, for a consideration separate from the lease payments, to maintain property being leased or rented, purchases of repair parts and lubricants by either party are subject to the tax payable by the purchaser thereof as described in this Rule.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.5;105-164.6; 105-262; 105-264; Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; Article 46; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;] 105-467; 105468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538; Eff. February 1, 1976;

Amended Eff. May 1, 2009; October 1, 1993; June 1, 1992; October 1, 1991; March 1, 1984.1984; Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4404 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4404 EQUIPMENT FURNISHED WITH OPERATOR

(a) If the owner of $[A]$ Pursuant to G.S. 105-164.3(121), a person that provides tangible personal property funnishes with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time or erew to operate such property, suchowner is not-deemed to be-renting or leasing the property but is rendering a service if the operator is necessary for the equipment to perform as designed and for purposes of G.S. 105-164.4, the receipts therefrem-from such services are not subject to the sales or use tax unless the service is a repair, maintenance, and installation service or other taxable service. An operator is necessary for tangible personal property to perform as designed when the operator's presence, skill, knowledge, and expertise are necessary for the tangible personal property to perform as designed. An operator who only maintains, sets-up, [inspects, or monitors] or inspects the tangible personal property, or any combination of such actions, is not necessary for the tangible personal property to perform as designed. For example, a business provides its customer a crane with an operator for one hour, this is not is a lease or rental of the crane, as the operator is necessary for the crane to perform as designed.
(b) A person that purchases tangible personal property to provide a service identified in paragraph (a) of this Rule shall pay [the applicable rates of]s sales and use tax on the purchase price of the tangible personal [property.]property, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, as the consumer of the tangible personal property.
(c) A person that provides tangible personal property with an operator identified in paragraph (a) of this Rule and rents similar items of tangible personal property shall pay [the applicable rates of] sales and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, on the purchase price of all items of tangible personal property it purchases unless it keeps separate inventory of items purchased to rent.
$[(\mathrm{e})](\mathrm{d})$ Persons purehasingA person that provides the type of service described in paragraph (a) of this Rule that purchases repair parts, lubrieants-lubricants, and other tangible personal property-property, or repair, maintenance, and installation services to maintain or repair tangible personal property for use in rendering such service are liable for paymentshall pay [ the applicable rates]-of sales or and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, at the applicable rate-on the purchase price.price of such [items.]items, as the consumer of the repair parts, lubricants, other tangible personal property, or repair, maintenance, and installation services.
(d) Failure of a person to keep records that establish the [service is exempt from tax] provision of equipment with an operator is a service, subjects the person to liability for sales and use tax on the receipts derived from the transaction.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.22; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;7 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;

Eff. February 1, 1976.1976;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4406 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4406 INSURANCE ON LEASED PROPERTY

(a) Insurance Obtained by Lessor. -- The gross proceeds-receipts derived from or amounts agreed to be paid forthe lease or rental of all kinds and types of tangible personal property for storage, use-use, or consumption within this state-State are subject to the-[general State, and ]applicable statutory state and local-[and transit rates of ]sales or and use rental payablereceipts without any-deduction whatsoever for any insurance charges paid to insure the property of the lessor or to insure the lessor against liability for damages to the property or person of others.
(b) Insurance Obtained by Lessee. -- Insurance premiums paid by the lessee directly to the insurer, or to the lessor as agent for transmittal to the insurer, are not subject to sales and use [tax]tax as imposed by G.S. 105-164.4, When thewhen a lessee purchases insurance on his-the lessee's own property or to insure himselfthemselves against liability for damages to the property or person of ethers,others. insurance premiums paid by such lessee directly to the insurer or to the lessor as agent for transmittal to the instrer are exempt from tax. If the lessee pays such instranceInsurance premiums paid directly by the lessee to the lessor as agent for transmittal to the insurer, such amounts are exempt from tax provided they areinsurer shall be separately stated from the lease or rental charges for the lease or rental of tangible personal property in the lessor's records and on the invoice-invoice, or similar billing document, given to the lessee; otherwise, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.22, the total amount charged by the lessor is subject to the sales and use tax.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.22; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39,
40, 42, 43, and 46; ]Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; Article 46; 105-467;
105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-
538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. May 1, 2009; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991; July 5, 1980.1980;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4503 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4503 EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES FOR LAUNDRIES: ETC.

(a) SalesPursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(10), sales to commercial laundries, and pressing and dry cleaning plants [establishments,] and similar businesses establishments of laundry and dry cleaning machinery used in the direct performance of the laundering or the pressing and cleaning serviceservice, as well as parts and accessories attached to such equipment and lubricants applied to such equipment, and tangible personal property listed in G.S. 105164.13(10)a and parts and accessories thereto-are exempt from sales and use tax. [Parts and accessories attached to such equipment and lubricants applied to such equipment are also exempt from sales and use tax when purchased by eommercial laundries and pressing and dry cleaning establishments. In addition, certain tangible personal property listed in G.S. 105-164.13(10)a. is exempt from tax when purchased by commercial laundries and pressing and dry eleaning establishments.] The following items are exempt when sold to the herein named businesses:[Items]Examples of items exempt from sales and use tax when purchased by commercial laundries and pressing and dry cleaning establishments include the following:
(1) washing machines, water heaters, water softener tanks, central control collection systems, pressing machines, marking machines, packaging machines, folding machines and similar cleaning machines;
(2) hydraulic fluids used in laundry and dry cleaning machinery;
(3) boiler compounds used in boilers furnishing water or steam to the laundering, pressing or cleaning machinery;
(4) steam hose leading directly from the boiler to the laundering and dry cleaning machinery;
(5) press pads and covers for laundering and dry cleaning machinery;
(6) baskets, hampers, casters, or other containers used between the laundering and cleaning processes to transport or contain garments being laundered or cleaned;
(7) carbon and carbon filters used for reprocessing cleaning compounds;
(8) lint rolls and refills therefore;refills;
(9) conveyors used to transport garments along the laundering, cleaning, and pressing line during the process but not conveyors used before the laundering, cleaning, and pressing process begins or after it has been completed;
(10) boiler room machinery, including valves, fittings and water pumps; and
(11) transformers located on or adjacent to motors which-that power machinery used in the direct performance of laundering and cleaning services-services;
(12) lubricants used in laundering, pressing, or cleaning machines;
(13) fuel and piped natural gas used in the direct performance of the laundering or pressing and cleaning service, but not electricity;

# (14) tags or labels used to identify garments being laundered or dry cleaned that are applied directly to garments in the direct performance of laundering or the pressing and cleaning service; 

(15) bags, paper, and hangers applied directly to garments in the direct performance of laundering or the pressing and cleaning service; and
(16) starch, soaps, detergents, cleaning fluids, and other compounds or chemicals applied directly to garments in the direct performance of laundering or the pressing and cleaning service.
(b) The following items areItems not classified as tatndering, pressing orlaundering and dry cleaning machinery or parts and-or accessories thereto and are, therefore, are subject to the-[general State, and ]applicable statutory state and local-[and transit rates of ]sales or-and use [tax.] tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4. [Items]Examples of items not classified as laundering and dry cleaning machinery or parts or accessories include the following: when sold to the herein named businesses:
(1) coin operated musical devices, amusement devices, coin changers, vending machines-machines, and repair or replacement parts for such machines;
(2) baskets, hampers, casters, or containers used for general purposes such as to pick up soiled garments or deliver clean garments;
(3) smoke stacks, including the-any attached steel tadders attached thereto; ladders;
(4) wiring used in the general wiring system and the transformers used in connection therewith;system;
(5) sewing machines used in repairing or altering the customers' property and the replacement or repair parts to such the machines;
(6) tailoring supplies such as buttons, threads-threads, and zippers for use in repairing or altering garments for which no charge is made to the customer;
(7) letterheads, monthly reports, envelopes and other office supplies;
(8) protective clothing for employees such as rubber gloves, aprons, protective shoes, etc. whether paid for by the employer or the employee;
(9) steam hose or pipe used in the general heating system;
(10) janitorial supplies;
(11) office furniture, fixtures and equipment, including cash registers;
(12) uniforms for employees;
(13) advertising materials;
(14) structural or building materials, supplies, fixtures and equipment whiehthat shall become a part of or be annexed to any building or structure being erected, altered or repaired;
(15) equipment used in the storage process to revitalize furs;
(16) conveyors used before or after the laundering, pressing pressing, and cleaning process to transport garments-garments, but not those conveyors used to move the garments along the laundering, pressing_pressing, and cleaning line;
(17) lubricants used in laundering, pressing, or cleaning machines.
(18)(17) transformers used in connection with general wiring and power supply; and
$(19) \underline{(18)}$ water softener chemicals.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46; ]Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; Article 46; 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. August 1, 2009; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991; January 1, 1982.1982;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4609 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4609 FIRE TRUCKS AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Fire Trucks Sold to Municipalities, Counties, Rural Fire Protection Districts, and Volunteer Fire Departments. -$\underline{\text { Sales of fire trucks to municipalities, counties, rural fire protection districts, and volunteer fire departments organized }}$ under Chapter 69 of the North Carolina General Statutes are exempt from sales and use [ $\ddagger$ ax and]tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(32), but are subject to the three percent (3\%) highway use tax [unless exempt under Article 5A of Chapter 105 of the North Carolina General Statutes.] imposed by G.S. 105-187.3, unless exempt pursuant to G.S. 105-187.6(9) or G.S. 105-187.6(10).
(b) Highway Use Tax Administration. -- The highway use tax is administered by the Division of Motor Vehicles. The highway use tax shall be paid to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles by the dealer, the purchaser, or other applicant for a certificate of title at the time of making application.
[(b)](c) Firefighting Equipment. --Retail sales of items such as axes, brooms, buckets, shovels, ropes, general purpose tools, gas masks, first aid kits, blankets, portable pumps, and portable fire extinguishers and like articles[similar items] are subject to [the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of] sales and use [tax.]tax, pursuant to G.S. 105164.4. Such items are subject to sales and use tax even if they are sold with fire trucks, the items are eonsidered to be ether fire fightingfirefighting equipment rather than accessories to the fire truck,truck. and sales of such items at retail are subject to the applicable statutory state and local sales or use tax without any maximum tax applicable thereto notwithstanding such sales are made to the above type customers or that the items are sold with fire trucks.
$[(\mathrm{c})](\mathrm{d})$ Privately Owned Fire Trucks. --Privately-Retail sales of privately owned fire trucks or vehicles en whichthat have permanently attached fire fightingfirefighting equipment has been mounted thatand are used only for fire fightingfirefighting purposes are classified as special mobile equipment, not a motor vehicle as defined in G.S. 105164.3, and sales thereof are not exempt under G.S. 105-164.13(32), but are subject to the-[general State and] ]applieable statutory state and local-[and transit rates of]sales or and use tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4.
[(d) Repair Parts and Services for Fire Trucks.-_]Sales-[Retail sales-] of repair parts-[and repair, maintenance, and installation services-]to municipalities, counties, rural fire protection districts, and industrial users for use in repairing fire trucks are subject to the general State and applicable statutory state and local and transit rates of sales or [and ] ]use tax.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46; JArticle 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. September 1, 2006; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991; July 1, 1990; January 3, 1984.1984;

Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

## SECTION . 4700 - PRINTERS AND NEWSPAPER OR MAGAZINE PUBLISHERS

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4701 COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS

(a) AllPursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, retail sales of tangible personal propertyitems, as the term item is defined in G.S. 105-164.3, by commercial printers or publishers are subject to the applieable statutory state and loca[ [rates of] sales or and use tax unless the sales are subject to a lesser rate of tax under the provisions of G.S. 105-164.4(a) or are-exempt under the provisions of G.S. 105-164.13.[by statute.]including subscriptions, plates and dies sold to customers, book binding, and other repair, maintenance, and installation services.
[(1) Subscriptions. - Retail sales of advertising circulars, catalogues, booklets, pamphlets, forms, tickets, letterheads, envelopes, and similar items and retail sales of books, magazines, periodicals, newspapers and other publications are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax unless the sales are exempt from tax under G.S. 105-164.13. When publications are sold by subscription, the tax accrues at the time the subscription is accepted.
(2) Plates and Dies. - When, at the request of the eustomer, commercial printers purchase eustom made printing plates and dies for use in the direct production of the printed matter and title to the custom made printing plates and dies passes to the printer's customer, such items can be purchased by the commercial printer exempt from sales and use tax in accordance with 17 NCAC 07 B .0106 . The printer is liable for collecting and remitting the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax on the sales price of the printing plates and dies. The printer's sales invoices and records shall show that the plates and dies are actually sold to the customer.
(3) Book Binding and other Repair, Maintenance, and Installation Services. The gross receipts derived from repair, maintenance, and installation services, including book binding and imprinting, are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax unless exempt by statute.]
[(b) Exempt Sales by Commercial Printers and Publishers.-]The following transactions-are also exempt from sales or use tax:
(1) eharges [Charges-]for advertising space in newspapers, magazines and other publications; [publications.]
(2) eharges-[Charges-] made by printers for imprinting or binding books or forms or other similar items which are owned by their eustomers; [when such items are purchased for resale in accordance with 17 NCAC 07B .0106.]
[(3) Printed material sold by a retailer when the printed material is delivered by the retailer in this State to a common carrier or to the United States Postal Service for delivery to the purchaser or the
purchaser's designee outside this State, and the purchaser does not subsequently use the printed material in this State.]
(3)[(4)] Printed material which is sold by a retailer to a purchaser within or without this state when the printed material is delivered by the printer directly to a mailing house-[house, ]or to a common earrier [earrier, ] or to the United States Postal Service for delivery to a mailing house in this state Which[State that] will preaddress and presort the material and deliver it to a common carrier or to the United States Postal Service for delivery to recipients outside this state-[State-] designated by the purchaser.
(A) Sales of printed material by a retailer located within or without this state which is delivered directly to the purchaser in this state for the original purpose of preparing and delivering the printed material to the United States Postal Service or a common carrier for delivery to prospective customers or other recipients outside this state are exempt from sales and use tax provided the purpose is constmmated. A purchaser of the printed material for preparation and delivery to prospective customers and other recipients outside this state must furnish the vendor a written statement certifying that the printed material is being purchased for use in a mailing program which is in place at the time of purchase; otherwise, the vendor must collect and remit the tax on the sales. Sales of printed materials to a user or consumer in this state to be placed in the purchaser's inventory for use as needed are subject to sales or use taxes notwithstanding that all or a portion of the printed material may be delivered to the United States Postal Service or a common carrier for delivery to prospective customers or other recipients outside this state.
(B) A retailer who sells printed material delivered to a common carrier or the United States Postal Service for delivery to the purchaser at a point within this state who prepares the material to be mailed to prospective customers or other recipients without charge and transports the material outside this state to be delivered to the United States Postal Service or a common carrier or to a mailing house outside this state for delivery to designated recipients is liable for sales or use tax except as provided in this Rule.
(b) Retail sales of advertising circulars, catalogues, booklets, pamphlets, forms, tickets, letterheads, envelopes and similar items and retail sales of books, magazines, periodicals, newspapers and other publications are subject to the applicable statutory state and loeal sales or use tax unless the sales are exempt from tax under the provisions of G.S. 105-164.13. When publieations, other than magazines, are sold by subseription, the tax acerues at the time the subscription is accepted.
(e)(b) Exempt Purchases of Mill Machinery or Mill Machinery Parts or Accessories by Commercial Printers or Publishers. -- Sales to[Purehases]Pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(5e), purchases by commercial printers and publishers of mill machinery and-or mill machinery equipment and-parts therefor andor accessories thereto-for use directly in the production [phase, as the term "production" is defined in Section 57 of the Sales and Use Tax Bulletins.]phase of printing and publishing, are exempt from sales and use tax. For purposes of the Rule, "Production" as a phase of
industrial or manufacturing operations shall mean all steps performed in processing and refining rooms, and in other quarters and departments of a plant, where conditioning, treating, or other operations are done on ingredient materials as an actual routine on the assembly or processing line turning out a finished product of manufacture for sale. The "Production" phase also includes the following:
(1) The movement of raw materials or ingredients from an inventory or a stockpile located on the premises of the manufacturing facility to the assembly or processing line.
(2) The movement of goods in process along the assembly or processing line.
(3) The movement of manufactured products from the assembly or processing line into shipping or storage areas and yards located on the premises of the manufacturing facility.
(4) The work of experimentation and research performed on the manufactured products.
"Production" does not include any activity connected with the movement of raw materials or ingredients into inventory nor does it include "distribution" which is any activity connected with the movement of manufactured products within storage warehouses, shipping rooms, and other such finished product storage areas and the removal of such products therefrom for sale or shipment, or "administration" which is any administrative work of offices, promotion of sales, and collection of accounts. Items that [eommercial printers and publishers may purchase exempt from sales and use tax] as mill machinery or mill machinery parts or accessories when purchased by a commercial printer or publisher include the following:
(1) Machinery and equipment and parts or accessories thereto for use directly in the production of newspapers, magazines-magazines, and other printed matter material for sale are exempt from sales tax.sale.
(2) Included herein are customCustom made plates and dies for use directly in the production of newspapers, magazines, and other printed material for sale when title thereto-to the plates and dies does not pass to the printers' customers.
(3) Sales to commereial printers and publishers of tangibleTangible personal property such as wood and metal which is-used to fabricate plates and dies for use in the production of printed matter-material for sale are exempt from sales tax when title to the plates and dies does not pass to the printers' customers.
(4) Sales to commercial printers and publishers of machinery,Machinery, equipment, film, and similar items ofother tangible personal property for use or consumption directly inthat are used or consumed by the printer in the production of the plates and dies are also exempt from sales tax that are directly used in the production of newspapers, magazines, and other printed material for sale.
(5) Lithographic and gravure plates and dies retained by the printer or publisher that are directly used in the production of newspapers, magazines and other printed material for sale. It is a printing trade practice that title to lithographic and gravure plates and dies is-[be-]retained by the printer or publisher. Unless it is otherwise agreed in writing, the items purchased by the printer or publisher[these plates and dies] are exempt from sales tax.[tax as items purchased by the printer or publisher for use.]
(6) Photo engravings, electrotypes, and lithographs for direct use in printing tangible personal property for sale.
(7) Printing presses for direct use in printing tangible personal property for sale.
(8) Cushion paper, cover paper, and tissue for use in building up the printing surface of the press for direct use in printing tangible personal property for sale.
(9) Offset or direct relief duplicating machines and repair parts or accessories for such machines, including offset blankets and plates.
(10) Positives and negatives for use in preparing plates for use in the printing process. [Purchases of sueh items by non-commercial printers for use or consumption are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(11) Chemicals used to clean printing machinery. [Chemieals used for sanitation purposes are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(12) Metal for making type.
(13) Computers used in the printing process. [Computers used for administrative purposes are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(14) Mounting tape for use in the preparation of plates.
(15) Printing machines when the machines are used to produce newspapers or other printed material for sale. [Purchases of printing machines for use in printing customers' addresses and addressograph plates for use in the mailing and shipping process are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(16) Photographs to be reproduced in newspapers. [These are classified as accessories to the manufacturing process.]
(d) Sales to commercial printers of eustom made plates and dies for resale are exempt from sales or use tax when supported by Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificates of Exemption, Form E-595E. Sales to commereial printers of tangible personal property as wood and metal which becomes a component part of printing plates produced by the printers for sale to customers are likewise exempt from sales or use tax when supported by certificates of exemption. However, sales to commercial printers of machinery, equipment, film, and similar items of tangible personal property which do not enter into or become a component part of the plates and dies but are used or consumed by the printer in the direct production of the plates and dies are exempt from sales tax. When, at the request of the customer, commercial printers purchase custom made printing plates and dies for use in the direct production of the printed matter or when they purchase wood and metal which becomes a compenent part of printing plates and dies fabricated by the printer for use in the direct production of printed matter and title to the plates and dies passes to the printers' eustomers, the items may be purchased for resale. The printer is liable for collecting and remitting the applicable statutory state and local sales or use tax on the total retail sales price of the plates and dies ineluding charges for tangible personal property and art work or any other services that go into the manufacture or delivery thereof. In such cases, the printer's sales invoices and records must show that the plates and dies are actually sold to the customer; etherwise, the items are deemed to have been used by the printer, and the cost price of same is exempt from sales tax.
$(\mathrm{e})[(\mathrm{d})]$ Sales to commercial printers and publishers of tangible personal property which is not resold as such or which[resold,] does not become an ingredient or component part of the tangible personal property which they produce for sale-[sale, ] or which[and] is not production [mill] ]machinery or [mill machinery]parts therefor and[or] accessories thereto are subject to the-[general State, and-] applicable statutory state and locat-[and transit rates of ] sales or [and] use tax.
$(\mathrm{f})(\mathrm{e})$ In-House Printers. -- The provisions of Paragraph $(\mathrm{d})[(\mathrm{e})](\mathrm{b})$ of this Rule have ne applicationdo not apply to sales of printing equipment and supplies to firms whichbusinesses that operate print shops for the production of printed matter for their own use and not for sale. Purehase of printing equipment and supplies by such firms-[businesses-]are subject to the-[general State, and ]applicable statutory state and local [and transit rates or ]sales or [and]use tax.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.5;-105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;]Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; Article 46; 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105537; 105-538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. October 1, 2009; April 1, 2001; October 1, 1993; June 1, 1992; October 1, 1991; February 1, 1988.1988;
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