RRC STAFF OPINION

PLEASE NOTE: THIS COMMUNICATION IS EITHER 1) ONLY THE RECOMMENDATION OF AN RRC STAFF ATTORNEY AS TO ACTION THAT THE ATTORNEY BELIEVES THE COMMISSION SHOULD TAKE ON THE CITED RULE AT ITS NEXT MEETING, OR 2) AN OPINION OF THAT ATTORNEY AS TO SOME MATTER CONCERNING THAT RULE. THE AGENCY AND MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO SUBMIT THEIR OWN COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (ACCORDING TO RRC RULES) TO THE COMMISSION.

AGENCY: Water Pollution Control System Operators Certification Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 08F .0406

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Approve, but note staff's comment

X Object, based on:

X Lack of statutory authority

X Unclear or ambiguous

X Unnecessary

Failure to comply with the APA

Extend the period of review

COMMENT:

Staff recommends objection to this Rule because it is unclear as written and appears to contradict the requirements of G.S. 150B-3 and 150B, Article 3A. In addition, part of this Rule recites statute and is therefore unnecessary.

Throughout this Rule, the agency appears to be delegating to the Chairman of the Commission or a committee the authority to issue summary suspension of a certification pursuant to G.S. 150B-3(c) and to revoke or suspend a certification pursuant to G.S. 150B, Article 3A. (See Paragraphs (b), (c)(2), and (f) of this Rule). However, the APA requires a majority of the Commission members to make these decisions. The agency has not cited to any authority to abrogate the requirements of the APA and allow the Chairman to issue these decisions without approval of the Commission.

In addition, it appears from Paragraph (c) that the agency is creating a disciplinary committee composed of at least four members of the 11-member body. Staff is not sure that the operator required by Subparagraph (c)(1)(D) is required to be a member of the Commission, and therefore, believes the Rule is unclear as written. However, even if all of the individuals in Subparagraph (c)(1) are required to be on the Commission, that is still not a majority of the agency. And it appears that the committee will hold a hearing [see Paragraphs (d) and (e)], and then make a recommendation to the Chairman, who will issue a decision. G.S. 150B-40(b) requires a majority of the agency to decide; if they cannot do so, they must request an ALJ from the Office of Administrative Hearings. The agency has not cited to any authority to allow them to delegate this

decision making to the Chairman, even following a consultation with a minority of the members of the Commission.

Staff notes that Paragraph (g) states that the decision of the Chairman becomes a final agency action unless the individual files a petition for contested case. Staff does not know what this Rule is doing if it is not establishing the process for filing a contested case with the agency. Specifically, what is the purpose of the process established by Paragraphs (c) through (f)? If this is an informal discipline process that does not follow G.S. 150B, staff does not believe that the agency has authority to establish this, as G.S. 90A-47.5 requires the agency to follow 150B in imposing discipline. Regardless of intent of the Paragraphs, staff believes the Rule is unclear as written.

Regarding necessity, Subparagraphs (a)(1) through (3) merely recite G.S. 90A-47.5(a)(1) through (3). The Rule states:

- (a) The Certification Commission, in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 150B and G.S. 90A-41, may suspend or revoke the certificate of a certified operator, or issue a written reprimand to an operator if it finds that the operator:
 - (1) engages in fraud or deceit in obtaining certification; or
 - (2) fails to exercise reasonable care, judgment, or use of the operator's knowledge and ability in the performance of the duties of an operator in charge; or
 - is incompetent or otherwise unable to properly perform the duties of an operator in charge.

G.S. 90A-47.5(a) states:

§ 90A-47.5. Suspension; revocation of certificate.

- (a) The Commission, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, may suspend or revoke the certificate of any operator in charge who:
 - (1) Engages in fraud or deceit in obtaining certification.
 - (2) Fails to exercise reasonable care, judgment, or use of the operator's knowledge and ability in the performance of the duties of an operator in charge.
- (3) Is incompetent or otherwise unable to properly perform the duties of an operator in charge.

Therefore, staff recommends objection to this Rule because the agency lacks statutory authority to establish alternate requirements to those set forth in G.S. 150B, it recites statute verbatim in Paragraph (a), and is unclear as written.

§ 90A-47.5. Suspension; revocation of certificate.

- (a) The Commission, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, may suspend or revoke the certificate of any operator in charge who:
 - (1) Engages in fraud or deceit in obtaining certification.
 - (2) Fails to exercise reasonable care, judgment, or use of the operator's knowledge and ability in the performance of the duties of an operator in charge.
 - (3) Is incompetent or otherwise unable to properly perform the duties of an operator in charge.
- (b) In addition to revocation of a certificate, the Commission may levy a civil penalty, not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per violation, for willful violation of the requirements of this Part.

The clear proceeds of civil penalties levied pursuant to this subsection shall be remitted to the Civil Penalty and Forfeiture Fund in accordance with G.S. 115C-457.2. (1995 (Reg. Sess., 1996), c. 626, s. 6(b); 1998-215, s. 46.)

§ 143B-301. Water Pollution Control System Operators Certification Commission – members; selection; removal; compensation; quorum; services.

- (a) The Water Pollution Control System Operators Certification Commission shall consist of 11 members. Two members shall be from the animal agriculture industry and shall be appointed by the Commissioner of Agriculture. Nine members shall be appointed by the Secretary of Environmental Quality with the approval of the Environmental Management Commission with the following qualifications:
 - (1) Two members shall be currently employed as water pollution control facility operators, water pollution control system superintendents or directors, water and sewer superintendents or directors, or equivalent positions with a North Carolina municipality;
 - (2) One member shall be manager of a North Carolina municipality having a population of more than 10,000 as of the most recent federal census;
 - (3) One member shall be manager of a North Carolina municipality having a population of less than 10,000 as of the most recent federal census;
 - (4) One member shall be employed by a private industry and shall be responsible for supervising the treatment or pretreatment of industrial wastewater;
 - (5) One member who is a faculty member of a four-year college or university and whose major field is related to wastewater treatment;
 - (6) One member who is employed by the Department of Environmental Quality and works in the field of water pollution control, who shall serve as Chairman of the Commission;
 - (7) One member who is employed by a commercial water pollution control system operating firm; and
 - (8) One member shall be currently employed as a water pollution control system collection operator, superintendent, director, or equivalent position with a North Carolina municipality.
- (b) Appointments to the Commission shall be for a term of three years. Terms shall be staggered so that three terms shall expire on 30 June of each year, except that members of the

Commission shall serve until their successors are appointed and duly qualified as provided by G.S. 128-7.

- (c) The Commission shall elect a Vice-Chairman from among its members. The Vice-Chairman shall serve from the time of his election until 30 June of the following year, or until his successor is elected.
- (d) Any appointment to fill a vacancy on the Commission created by the resignation, dismissal, death or disability of a member shall be for the balance of the unexpired term.
- (e) The Governor shall have the power to remove any member of the Commission from office for misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance according to the provisions of G.S. 143B-13.
- (f) The members of the Commission shall receive per diem and necessary travel and subsistence expenses in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 138-5 and G.S. 143B-15.
 - (g) A majority of the Commission shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- (h) All clerical and other services required by the Commission shall be supplied by the Secretary of Environmental Quality. (1973, c. 1262, s. 43; 1977, c. 771, s. 4; 1989, c. 372, s. 10; c. 727, s. 196, 197; 1989 (Reg. Sess., 1990), c. 850, s. 1; c. 1004, s. 19(b); 1991, c. 623, ss. 1, 16; 1995 (Reg. Sess., 1996), c. 626, s. 5; 1997-443, s. 11A.119(a); 2015-241, ss. 14.30(u), (v).)

§ 150B-3. Special provisions on licensing.

- (a) When an applicant or a licensee makes a timely and sufficient application for issuance or renewal of a license or occupational license, including the payment of any required license fee, the existing license or occupational license does not expire until a decision on the application is finally made by the agency, and if the application is denied or the terms of the new license or occupational license are limited, until the last day for applying for judicial review of the agency order. This subsection does not affect agency action summarily suspending a license or occupational license under subsections (b) and (c) of this section.
- (b) Before the commencement of proceedings for the suspension, revocation, annulment, withdrawal, recall, cancellation, or amendment of any license other than an occupational license, the agency shall give notice to the licensee, pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 150B-23. Before the commencement of such proceedings involving an occupational license, the agency shall give notice pursuant to the provisions of G.S. 150B-38. In either case, the licensee shall be given an opportunity to show compliance with all lawful requirements for retention of the license or occupational license.
- (c) If the agency finds that the public health, safety, or welfare requires emergency action and incorporates this finding in its order, summary suspension of a license or occupational license may be ordered effective on the date specified in the order or on service of the certified copy of the order at the last known address of the licensee, whichever is later, and effective during the proceedings. The proceedings shall be promptly commenced and determined.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as amending or repealing any special statutes, in effect prior to February 1, 1976, which provide for the summary suspension of a license.

- (d) This section does not apply to the following:
 - (1) Revocations of occupational licenses based solely on a court order of child support delinquency or a Department of Health and Human Services determination of child support delinquency issued pursuant to G.S. 110-142, 110-142.1, or 110-142.2.

(2) Refusal to renew an occupational license pursuant to G.S. 87-10.1, 87-22.2, 87-44.2, or 89C-18.1, based solely on a Department of Revenue determination that the licensee owes a delinquent income tax debt. (1973, c. 1331, s. 1; 1985, c. 746, s. 1; 1995, c. 538, s. 2(i); 1997-443, s. 11A.118(a); 1998-162, s. 8.)

§ 150B-40. Conduct of hearing; presiding officer; ex parte communication.

(a) Hearings shall be conducted in a fair and impartial manner. At the hearing, the agency and the parties shall be given an opportunity to present evidence on issues of fact, examine and cross-examine witnesses, including the author of a document prepared by, on behalf of or for the use of the agency and offered into evidence, submit rebuttal evidence, and present arguments on issues of law or policy.

If a party fails to appear in a contested case after he has been given proper notice, the agency may continue the hearing or proceed with the hearing and make its decision in the absence of the party.

- (b) Except as provided under subsection (e) of this section, hearings under this Article shall be conducted by a majority of the agency. An agency shall designate one or more of its members to preside at the hearing. If a party files in good faith a timely and sufficient affidavit of the personal bias or other reason for disqualification of any member of the agency, the agency shall determine the matter as a part of the record in the case, and its determination shall be subject to judicial review at the conclusion of the proceeding. If a presiding officer is disqualified or it is impracticable for him to continue the hearing, another presiding officer shall be assigned to continue with the case, except that if assignment of a new presiding officer will cause substantial prejudice to any party, a new hearing shall be held or the case dismissed without prejudice.
 - (c) The presiding officer may:
 - (1) Administer oaths and affirmations;
 - (2) Sign and issue subpoenas in the name of the agency, requiring attendance and giving of testimony by witnesses and the production of books, papers, and other documentary evidence;
 - (3) Provide for the taking of testimony by deposition;
 - (4) Regulate the course of the hearings, set the time and place for continued hearings, and fix the time for filing of briefs and other documents;
 - (5) Direct the parties to appear and confer to consider simplification of the issues by consent of the parties; and
 - (6) Apply to any judge of the superior court resident in the district or presiding at a term of court in the county where a hearing is pending for an order to show cause why any person should not be held in contempt of the agency and its processes, and the court shall have the power to impose punishment as for contempt for acts which would constitute direct or indirect contempt if the acts occurred in an action pending in superior court.
- (d) Unless required for disposition of an ex parte matter authorized by law, a member of an agency assigned to make a decision or to make findings of fact and conclusions of law in a contested case under this Article shall not communicate, directly or indirectly, in connection with any issue of fact or question of law, with any person or party or his representative, except on notice and opportunity for all parties to participate. This prohibition begins at the time of the notice of hearing. An agency member may communicate with other members of the agency and may have the aid and advice of the agency staff other than the staff which has been or is engaged in investigating or

prosecuting functions in connection with the case under consideration or a factually-related case. This section does not apply to an agency employee or party representative with professional training in accounting, actuarial science, economics or financial analysis insofar as the case involves financial practices or conditions.

(e) When a majority of an agency is unable or elects not to hear a contested case, the agency shall apply to the Director of the Office of Administrative Hearings for the designation of an administrative law judge to preside at the hearing of a contested case under this Article. Upon receipt of the application, the Director shall, without undue delay, assign an administrative law judge to hear the case.

The provisions of this Article, rather than the provisions of Article 3, shall govern a contested case in which the agency requests an administrative law judge from the Office of Administrative Hearings.

The administrative law judge assigned to hear a contested case under this Article shall sit in place of the agency and shall have the authority of the presiding officer in a contested case under this Article. The administrative law judge shall make a proposal for decision, which shall contain proposed findings of fact and proposed conclusions of law.

An administrative law judge shall stay any contested case under this Article on motion of an agency which is a party to the contested case, if the agency shows by supporting affidavits that it is engaged in other litigation or administrative proceedings, by whatever name called, with or before a federal agency, and this other litigation or administrative proceedings will determine the position, in whole or in part, of the agency in the contested case. At the conclusion of the other litigation or administrative proceedings, the contested case shall proceed and be determined as expeditiously as possible.

The agency may make its final decision only after the administrative law judge's proposal for decision is served on the parties, and an opportunity is given to each party to file exceptions and proposed findings of fact and to present oral and written arguments to the agency. (1985, c. 746, s. 1; 1985 (Reg. Sess., 1986), c. 1022, ss. 1(1), 6(3), 6(4).)

1	15A NCAC 08F .0406 is readopted as published in 32:18 NCR 1765 as follows:						
2							
3	15A NCAC 08F .0406	REVOCATION,	RELINQUISHMENT	OR—	INVALIDATION	OF	
4	CERTIFICATION DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS						
5	(a) The Certification (The Certification Commission, in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 150B G.S. 150B-38 and G.S. 90A 41					
6	<u>G.S. 90A-47.5</u> , may su	G.S. 90A-47.5, may suspend or revoke the certificate of a certified operator, operator or issue a written reprimand to					
7	an operator if it finds the	nat the operator:					
8	(1) engag	ges in fraud or deceit in	obtaining certification; or				
9	(2) fails	to exercise reasonable c	care, judgment, or use of the	operator's	knowledge and abi	lity in the	
10	perfo	ormance of the duties of a	an operator in charge; <u>OIC;</u> c	r			
11	(3) is inc	competent or otherwise u	anable to properly perform th	e duties of	an operator in charg	e . <u>OIC.</u>	
12	(b) Prior to the Certi	Prior to the Certification Commission taking action on a proposed revocation, suspension, or civil penalty					
13	assessment, the operator shall be given an opportunity to submit a written statement and present oral argument before						
14	the Certification Commission at a regularly scheduled meeting. The operator shall be notified by the Certification						
15	Commission in writing at least 15 days prior to the meeting. This notification shall be delivered by first class mail to						
16	the operator's address that the Certification Commission has on file.						
17	(c) The Certification Commission may issue a written reprimand to an operator in accordance with G.S. 90A 41. The						
18	reprimand shall be delivered personally or by certified mail. A copy of the letter will be kept in the operator's file and						
19	a copy will be sent to the operator's employer. The operator will be given the opportunity to put a letter of rebuttal into						
20	the file when a reprimand has been issued.						
21	(b) The Chairman of the Commission may issue notification of summary suspension in accordance with the provisions					provisions	
22	of G.S. 150B-3, the intention to revoke or suspend the certification of an operator.						
23	(c) The Chairman shall convene a disciplinary committee to review the circumstances of the proposed disciplinary						
24	action(s).						
25	<u>(1)</u> The c	disciplinary committee sl	hall include at least:				
26	<u>(A)</u>	the Chairman of the	Commission;				
27	<u>(B)</u>	the Vice Chairman o	of the Commission;				
28	<u>(C)</u>	both members of the	e Commission appointed by t	he Commi	ssioner of Agricultur	e; and	
29	<u>(D)</u>	a certified operator,	appointed by the Chairman, 1	epresentin	g the same type of ce	rtification	
30		considered for discip	plinary action.				
31	(2) <u>The</u>	members of the discipli	inary committee shall offer	guidance	to the Commission	<u>Chairman</u>	
32	regar	regarding the actions that should be taken against an operator.					
33	(d) Notification of the	(d) Notification of the disciplinary committee meeting shall be sent by certified mail at least 15 days prior to the date					
34	of the meeting, to the l	ast known address of the	e operator. This notification	shall conta	in the alleged facts of	or conduct	
35	upon which the propos	ed revocation or suspens	sion of the certification is bas	ed.			

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- 1 (e) The operator shall have an opportunity to submit a written response to the Chairman prior to the date of the
- 2 <u>disciplinary committee meeting.</u> The operator shall also be given the opportunity to make an oral statement before the
- 3 <u>disciplinary committee.</u>
- 4 (f) Within 10 business days of the conclusion of the disciplinary committee meeting, the Chairman shall issue the
- 5 <u>decision of the disciplinary committee. If this decision is to issue a revocation or suspension, the Chairman shall advise</u>
- 6 the operator of the effective date of the action and the facts or conduct upon which the action is based. The revocation
- 7 or suspension of a certification shall be delivered to the affected operator and the owner of the system(s) at which the
- 8 operator works by certified mail, at the last known address for the operator and owner on file with the Commission,
- 9 at least 20 days prior to the effective date of the revocation or suspension.
- 10 (g) The revocation or suspension becomes a final Commission action if the operator does not file a petition for a
- 11 contested case hearing in the Office of Administrative Hearings as provided in the Administrative Procedure Act, G.S.
- 12 <u>150B.</u>
- 13 (h) If an applicant is caught cheating on an examination by a proctor of the examination, the applicant shall be excused
- 14 from the examination, the examination shall not be graded, the fee for the examination shall be forfeited by the
- 15 applicant and any other certification(s) held by the applicant with the Commission shall be subject to revocation as set
- 16 forth in G.S. 90A-47 and in this Rule.
- 17 (i) If the Commission determines, after the examination has been graded, that an applicant cheated on an examination
- and certification has been conveyed to the applicant, the certification obtained through the examination shall be
- 19 revoked and any other certification(s) held by the applicant with the Commission shall be subject to revocation as set
- 20 forth in G.S. 90A-47 and in this Rule.

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- 22 History Note: Authority G.S. 90A-41; 90A-47; 143B-300; 150B-3; 150B-23; 150B-38; 150B-52;
- 23 Temporary Adoption Eff. January 7, 1997;
- 24 Eff. August 1, 1998.1998;
- 25 <u>Readopted Eff. September 1, 2018.</u>

RRC STAFF OPINION

PLEASE NOTE: THIS COMMUNICATION IS EITHER 1) ONLY THE RECOMMENDATION OF AN RRC STAFF ATTORNEY AS TO ACTION THAT THE ATTORNEY BELIEVES THE COMMISSION SHOULD TAKE ON THE CITED RULE AT ITS NEXT MEETING, OR 2) AN OPINION OF THAT ATTORNEY AS TO SOME MATTER CONCERNING THAT RULE. THE AGENCY AND MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO SUBMIT THEIR OWN COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS (ACCORDING TO RRC RULES) TO THE COMMISSION.

AGENCY: Water Pollution Control System Operators Certification Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 08G .0802

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Approve, but note staff's comment

X Object, based on:

X Lack of statutory authority

X Unclear or ambiguous

Unnecessary

Failure to comply with the APA

Extend the period of review

COMMENT:

Staff recommends objection to this Rule because it is unclear as written and appears to contradict the requirements of G.S. 150B-3 and 150B, Article 3A.

Throughout this Rule, the agency appears to be delegating to the Chairman of the Commission or a committee the authority to issue summary suspension of a certification pursuant to G.S. 150B-3(c) and to revoke or suspend a certification pursuant to G.S. 150B, Article 3A. (See Paragraphs (b), (c)(2), and (f) of this Rule). However, the APA requires at least a majority of the Commission members to make these decisions. The agency has not cited to any authority to abrogate the requirements of the APA and allow the Chairman to issue these decisions without approval of the Commission.

In addition, it appears from Paragraph (c) that the agency is creating a disciplinary committee composed of at least three members of the 11-member body. Staff is not sure that the operator required by Subparagraph (c)(1)(D) is required to be a member of the Commission, and therefore, believes the Rule is unclear as written. However, even if all of the individuals in Subparagraph (c)(1) are required to be on the Commission, that is still not a majority of the agency. And it appears that the committee will hold a hearing [see Paragraphs (d) and (e)], and then make a recommendation to the Chairman, who will issue a decision. G.S. 150B-40(b) requires a majority of the agency to decide; if they cannot do so, they must request an ALJ from the Office of Administrative Hearings. The agency has not cited to any authority to allow them to delegate this

decision making to the Chairman, even following a consultation with a minority of the members of the Commission.

Staff notes that Paragraph (g) states that the decision of the Chairman becomes a final agency action unless the individual files a petition for contested case. Staff does not know what this Rule is doing if it is not establishing the process for filing a contested case with the agency. Specifically, what is the purpose of the process established by Paragraphs (c) through (f)? If this is an informal discipline process that does not follow G.S. 150B, staff does not believe that the agency has authority to establish this, as G.S. 90A-41 requires the agency to follow 150B in imposing discipline. Regardless of intent of the Paragraphs, staff believes the Rule is unclear as written.

Therefore, staff recommends objection to this Rule because the agency lacks statutory authority to establish alternate requirements to those set forth in G.S. 150B and is unclear as written.

§ 90A-41. Revocation of certificate.

The Commission, in accordance with the procedure set forth in Chapter 150B of the General Statutes, may suspend or revoke a certificate or may issue a written reprimand to an operator if it finds that the operator has practiced fraud or deception; that reasonable care, judgment, or the application of his knowledge or ability was not used in the performance of his duties; or that the operator is incompetent or unable to properly perform his duties. (1969, c. 1059, s. 3; 1973, c. 1331, s. 3; 1979, c. 554, s. 2; 1987, c. 827, s. 1; 1991, c. 623, ss. 1, 8.)

15A NCAC 08G .0802 is amended as published in 32:18 NCR 1765 as follows:

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15A NCAC 08G .0802 DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

- 4 (a) The Commission shall revoke or suspend the certification of an operator or issue a letter of reprimand to an
- 5 operator in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 90A-41, 150B-3 150B, Article 3 and this Rule.
- 6 (b) The Chairman of the Commission may issue notification of summary suspension, in accordance with the
- 7 <u>provisions of G.S. 150B, Article 3</u>, the intention to revoke or suspend the certification of an operator or the intent to
- 8 issue a letter of reprimand.
- 9 (c) The Chairman shall convene a n advisory committee disciplinary committee to review the circumstances of the proposed disciplinary action(s).
 - (1) The advisory committee disciplinary committee shall include at least:
 - (A) the Chairman of the Commission;
 - (B) the Vice Chairman of the Commission;
 - (C) the member of the Commission who represents the type of system at which the operator is employed or another member of the Commission appointed by the Chairman of the Commission; and
 - (D) a certified operator appointed by the Chairman.
 - (2) The members of the advisory committee disciplinary committee shall offer guidance to the Commission chairman in regards to the actions that should be taken against an operator.
 - (d) Notification of the advisory committee disciplinary committee meeting shall be sent by certified mail at least 15 days prior to the date of the meeting, to the last known address of the operator. This notification shall contain the alleged facts or conduct upon which the proposed revocation or suspension of the certification or letter of reprimand is based.
- 24 (e) The operator shall have an opportunity to submit a written response to the Chairman prior to the date of the
 25 advisory committee disciplinary committee meeting. The operator shall also be given the opportunity to make an oral
 26 statement before the advisory committee. disciplinary committee.
- 27 (f) Within 10 working business days of the conclusion of the advisory committee disciplinary committee meeting,
- 28 the Chairman shall issue a decision. the decision of the disciplinary committee. If this decision is to issue a revocation
- or suspension or a letter of reprimand, the Chairman shall advise the operator of the effective date of the action and
- 30 the facts or conduct upon which the action is based. The revocation or suspension of a certification or the letter of
- 31 reprimand shall be delivered to the affected operator and the owner of the system(s) at which the operator works by
- 32 certified mail, at the last known address for the operator and owner on file with the Commission, at least 20 days prior
- 33 to the effective date of the revocation or suspension or letter of reprimand.
- 34 (g) The revocation, suspension or letter of reprimand becomes a final Commission action if the operator does not file
- 35 a petition for a contested case hearing in the Office of Administrative Hearings as provided in the Administrative
- 36 Procedure Act, G.S. 150B.

1	(ii) It an applicant is caught cheating on an examination by a proctor of the examination, the applicant shall be excused				
2	from the examination, the examination shall not be graded, the fee for the examination shall be forfeited by the				
3	applicant and any other certification(s) held by the applicant with the Commission shall be subject to revocation as se				
4	forth in G.S. 90A-41 and in this Rule. Rule .0801 of this Section.				
5	(i) If the Commission determines, after the examination has been graded, that an applicant cheated on an examination				
6	and certification has been conveyed to the applicant, the certification obtained through the examination shall be				
7	revoked and any other certification(s) held by the applicant with the Commission shall be subject to revocation as se				
8	forth in G.S. 90A-41 and in this Rule. Rule .0801 of this Section.				
9					
10	History Note:	Authority G.S. 90A-40; 90A-41; 143B-300; <u>150B, Article 3A; 150B-23;</u>			
11		Eff. April 1, 1999;			
12		Amended Eff. December 1, 2006;			
13		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. July 26,			
14		2015. 2015;			
15		Amended Eff. September 1, 2018.			

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