1	15A NCAC 021	1501 is readopted with changes as published in 32:04 NCR 189 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 027	T.1501 SCOPE
4	The rules in thi	s Section shall apply to the Disposal or Treatment of Soils Containing Petroleum Products or other
5	Contaminated S	oil by Land Application, Storage, or Containment and Treatment. These Rules doshall not apply to:
6	(1)	"hazardous waste" as defined in 40 CFR 260.10 as adopted by reference in 15A NCAC 13A
7		.0102(b), 40 CFR 261.3261.3, as adopted by reference in 15A NCAC 13A .0106(a), and North
8		Carolina General Statute 130A-290;
9	(2)	soil contaminated with "hazardous waste" or "hazardous waste constituents" as defined in 40 CFR
10		260.10 as adopted by reference in 15A NCAC 13A .0102(b) and 40 CFR 261.3261.3. as adopted by
11		reference in 15A NCAC 13A .0106(a) from a "Facility" as defined in 15A NCAC 13A .0102(c); or
12	(3)	cuttings and other wastes generated in the construction and development of oil and gas wells
13		regulated by Article 27 of G.S. 113.
14		
15	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.1; 143-215.3(a);
16		Eff. September 1, 2006;
17		Amended Eff. March 19, 2015. 2015;
18		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2018.

2 3 15A NCAC 02T .1502 **DEFINITIONS** 4 The following definitions apply to this Section: 5 (1) "Contaminated soil" means soil containing petroleum products or other soil that has been affected 6 bycontaining non-petroleum substances as a result of a release or discharge,discharge as defined in 7 G.S. 143-215.77, but does not include hazardous waste. 8 (2) "Dedicated site" means a site used for the repetitive treatment of soils more than one application of 9 petroleum-contaminated soils onto the same receiver site within an eighteen-month period. 10 (3) "Permitting agency" means the Division of Waste Management, UST Section, for contaminated 11 soils originating from underground storage tanks (USTs) discharges of petroleum and for dedicated 12 sites. For other soil, soils originating from non-petroleum sources, the permitting agency means the 13 Division of Water QualityResources. When If the permitting agency is the Division of Waste 14 Management, the Division of Waste Management shall be considered the Division for the purposes 15 of Section .0100 of this Subchapter. (4) "Petroleum contaminated"Petroleum-contaminated soil or "Soil containing petroleum products" 16 17 shall mean any soil that has been exposed to petroleum products because of any emission, spillage, 18 leakage, pumping, pouring, emptying, or dumping of petroleum products onto or beneath the land 19 surface and that exhibits characteristics or concentrations of petroleum product constituents in sufficient quantities that exceed either the ["soil to groundwater"]soil-to-groundwater contaminant 20 21 concentrations or the residential maximum soil contaminant concentrations established by the 22 Department pursuant to 15A NCAC 02L .0411, whichever is [lower]lower, as to be detectable by 23 compatible laboratory analytical procedures pursuant to 15A NCAC 02H .0800. "Petroleum product" means <mark>allany petroleum productsproduct as defined by G.S. 143-215.94A and</mark> 24 (5) 25 includes motor gasoline, aviation gasoline, gasohol, jet fuels, kerosene, diesel fuel, fuel oils (#1 26 through #6), and motor oils (new and used). 27 (6) "Soil remediation at conventional rates" means the treatment of contaminated soils by land 28 application methods, methods at an evenly distributed thicknessevenly-distributed application layer 29 of contaminated soils not to exceed six inches in thickness. 30 (7) "Soil remediation at minimum rates" means the treatment of contaminated soils by land application methods,methods at an evenly distributedevenly-distributed application thicknesslayer of 31 32 contaminated soils not to exceed an average of one inch.inch in thickness. 33 34 Authority G.S. 143-215.1; 143-215.3(a); History Note: 35 Eff. September 1, 2006.2006; 36 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2018.

15A NCAC 02T .1502 is readopted with changes as published in 32:04 NCR 189 as follows:

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1	15A NCAC 02T .1503 is readopted with changes as published in 32:04 NCR 189 as follows:
2	15A NCAC 02T .1503 PERMITTING BY REGULATION
3	
4	(a) The following systems are shall be deemed permitted pursuant to Rule .0113 of this SubchapterSubchapter
5	provided that the system meets the criteria in Rule .0113 of this Subchapter and all criteria required for the specifi
6	system in this Rule:
7	(1) Storage sites for petroleum contaminated soils that are utilized for less than 45 days, storage is o
8	10 mil or thicker plastic, provisions are made for containing potential leachate and runoff, setback
9	required in Rule .1506 of this Section are maintained, and approval of the activity has been receive
10	from the appropriate Regional Supervisor or his designee that the site meets the criteria of this Rule
11	(1) Storage sites for petroleum-contaminated soils that are utilized for less than 45 days. Such sites shall
12	meet the following criteria:
13	(A) storage shall be on 10 mil or thicker plastic;
14	(B) provisions shall be made for containing potential leachate and runoff;
15	(C) setbacks required in Rule .1506 of this Section shall be maintained; and
16	(D) approval of the activity, stating that the site meets the criteria of this Rule, shall have
17	been received from the appropriate Regional Supervisor or his or her designee.
18	(2) Land application sites for petroleum contaminated soils with volumes of soil from each source of
19	less than or equal to 50 cubic yards or for the application of up to 100 cubic yards if the applicatio
20	is at minimum rate, setbacks required in Rule .1506 of this Section are maintained, and approval of
21	the activity has been received from the appropriate Regional Supervisor or his designee that the sit
22	meets the criteria of this Rule.
23	(2) Land application sites for petroleum-contaminated soils with volumes of soil from each source of
24	less than or equal to 50 cubic yards or for the application of up to 100 cubic yards if the application
25	is at the minimum rate defined in Rule .1502(7) of this subchapter. Such sites shall meet th
26	following criteria:
27	(A) setbacks required in Rule .1506 of this Section shall be maintained; and
28	(B) approval of the activity, stating that the site meets the criteria of this Rule, shall have
29	been received from the appropriate Regional Supervisor or his or her designee.
30	(3) Land application sites for the disposal of drill cuttings if applied on the site where the drilling occur
31	and setbacks required in Rule .1506 of this Section are maintained. Soils contaminated with non
32	petroleum substances must be determined by chemical analysis to be non hazardous wastes.
33	(3) Land application sites for the disposal of drill cuttings if applied on the site where the drilling
34	occurs. Such sites shall meet the following criteria:
35	(A) soils contaminated with non-petroleum substances shall be determined by chemical
36	analysis to be non-hazardous wastes; and
37	(B) setbacks required in Rule .1506 of this Section shall be maintained.
- •	/

- 1 (b) The Director may determine that a system should not be deemed permitted in accordance with this Rule and Rule
- 2 .0113 of this Subchapter. This determination shall be made in accordance with Rule .0113(e) of this Subchapter.

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- 4 History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.1; 143-215.3(a);
- 5 Eff. September 1, 2006. 2006:
- 6 <u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2018.</u>

15A NCAC 02T .1504 is readopted with changes as published in 32:04 NCR 189 as follows:

15A NCAC 02T .1504 APPLICATION SUBMITTAL

- (a) For all applications the following shall be submitted to the permitting agency by the applicant:
 - (1) A completea chemical analysis of the contaminated soil to be remediated, including total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), semivolatile and volatile organics, pH, and heavy metals. All methods and procedures shall be in accordance with 15A NCAC 02H .0800.0800:
 - And determination of hazardous waste constituents using the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) described in 40 CFR 261.24. Any substance shall be considered a hazardous waste if the results of the TCLP analysis indicates indicate concentrations of constituents greater than the federal regulatory level, unless documentation is provided statingshowing that the contaminated soil is not a hazardous waste (i.e.and is within the scope of this Section as provided in Rule .1501 of this Section). Section. A TCLP analysis shall be required for all permit applications applications for a permit to dispose of petroleum contaminated petroleum-contaminated soil in accordance with the following criteria:
 - (A) If the source of the soil contamination is a virgin (unused) petroleum product from an underground storage tank regulated under Subtitle I of RCRA, the contaminated soil shall not be considered a hazardous waste and no TCLP analysis is is required. In lieu of the TCLP analysis, certification of soil contamination from a virgin petroleum product shall be required.
 - (B) If an analysis of the source of virgin (unused) petroleum product is submitted showing concentrations less than the regulatory level associated with the constituents of the TCLP analysis (Table II.2 of the Federal Register, Volume 55, No. 61), the contaminated soil shall not be considered a hazardous waste and no TCLP analysis shall be required.
 - (C) For soils contaminated with used motor oil, the soils shall be considered hazardous untilunless proven otherwise by a TCLP analysis for volatile organics and metals (EPA Hazardous Waste Nos. D004-D011).
 - (D) For soils contaminated by waste oil, a TCLP analysis for all constituents in Table II.2 of the Federal Register, Volume 55, No. 61, with the exception of pesticides and herbicides, shall be required.
 - (E) For soils contaminated with petroleum products not regulated under Subtitle I of RCRARCRA, (excluding excluding used motor and waste oils), oils, the soils shall be considered hazardous waste until proven otherwise.
 - (3) Site map. If required by G.S. 89C, a professional land surveyor shall provide location information on boundaries and physical features not under the purview of other licensed professions. A scaled map of the site site map showing location information of boundaries and physical features with a

1		norizontal scale of one inch equals 100 feet or less and topographic contour intervals not exceeding	
2		10 feet or 25 percent of total site relief, whichever is lessless, and including the following:	
3		[Note: The North Carolina Board of Examiners for Engineers and Surveyors has determined, via	
4	letter dated December 1, 2005, that locating boundaries and physical features, not underpursuant t		
5	the purview of other licensed professions, on maps pursuant to this Paragraph constitutes practicin		
6		surveying under G.S. 89C.]	
7		(A) all property boundaries and all structures within the treatment, storagestorage, and land	
8		application areas<u>,</u>areas;	
9		(B) the location of all wells, springs, lakes, ponds, or other surface drainage features within	
10		500 feet of the waste disposal site;	
11		(C) setbacks as required by Rule .1506 of this Section; and	
12		(D) anyall residences or placeplaces of public assembly under separate ownership within 400	
13		feet of the waste disposal site.site:	
14	(4)	for disposal sites encompassing more than one acre, Confirmation confirmation that an erosion	
15		control plan has been submitted to the Division of Land Quality or its designee, for disposal sites	
16		encompassing more than one acre.designee:	
17	(5)	Thethe volume of contaminated soil to be remediated remediated; and	
18	(6)	Aa landowner agreement to allow the use of the property for the purpose of remediating	
19		contaminated soil. The agreement is not required when the permit applicant is the sole landowner.	
20	(b) For soil rem	nediation at minimum rates the following shall be submitted to the permitting agency by the applicant:	
21	(1)	a calculation of the area required for land application using the maximum application	
22		thickness of one inch, inch;	
23	(2)	an indication of cover erop(s), crops: and	
24	(3)	proof of written notification in the form of certified mail return receipts to each city and county	
25		government having jurisdiction over any part of the land over which disposal is to occur.	
26	(c) For soil ren	nediation at conventional rates (dedicated or non dedicated sites) at dedicated or non-dedicated sites,	
27	the following sh	nall be submitted to the permitting agency by the applicant:	
28	(1)	Aa soils evaluation report of the disposal area to evaluate the soil to a depth of five feet. If required	
29		by G.S. 89F, a soil scientist shall prepare this evaluation. The report shall include:	
30		[Note: The North Carolina Board for Licensing of Soil Scientists has determined, via letter dated	
31		December 1, 2005, that preparation of soils reports pursuant to this Paragraph constitutes practicing	
32		soil science under pursuant to G.S. 89F.]	
33		(A) field descriptions of texture, color, and structure, structure:	
34		(B) depth and thickness of soil horizons; horizons:	
35		(C) presence of any restrictive horizons, horizons:	
36		(D) depth to seasonal high water table, table;	
37		(E) soil pH and cation exchange capacity; and	

1		(F) estimates of liming and fertilization requirements.requirements:			
2	(2)	Thethe calculation of the size of the disposal area and thickness of application.application:			
3	(3)	Aa description of the proposed cover erop.crop:			
4	(4)	Aa site maintenance plan. plan:			
5	(5)	for dedicated sites only. Proposed proposed groundwater quality monitoring well network			
6		(dedicated sites only).network; and			
7	(6)	Proofproof of written notification in the form of certified mail return receipts to each city and county			
8		government having jurisdiction over any part of the land over which disposal is to occur.			
9	(d) For containr	ment and treatment the following shall be submitted to the permitting agency by the applicant:			
10	(1)	Aa soils evaluation report of the disposal area to evaluate the soil to a depth of five feet. If required			
11		by G.S. 89F, a soil scientist shall prepare this evaluation. The report shall include:			
12		[Note: The North Carolina Board for Licensing of Soil Scientists has determined, via letter dated			
13		December 1, 2005, that preparation of soils reports pursuant to this Paragraph constitutes practicing			
14		soil science under pursuant to G.S. 89F.]			
15		(A) field descriptions of texture, color, and structure;			
16		(B) depth and thickness of soil horizons, horizons:			
17		(C) presence of any restrictive horizons; and			
18		(D) depth to seasonal high water table:			
19	(2)	Thethe plans and specifications of the soil containment vessel and any associated leachate collection			
20		system, including the operating thickness of the soil to be contained and treated treated; and			
21	(3)	Aa description of the chemical or biological additives used in treating the contaminated soil.			
22	(e) For contain	ment and utilization at brick, asphalt, or other production facilities, a site management plan, plan			
23	consisting of a	complete description of all operational procedures related to the handling of soils at the proposed			
24	facility facility, shall be submitted to the permitting agency by the applicant, including:				
25	(1)	a description of the staging area(s)area or areas designated for initial receiptsplacement of the			
26		contaminated soils;			
27	(2)	the method of emplacement of placing the soils in the containment area(s), area or areas;			
28	(3)	the average residence time of time the soils will remain in the containment area(s), area or areas;			
29	(4)	the method of incorporation of the soils into the production facility's product materials; materials;			
30		and			
31	(5)	the method of containment and disposal of any leachate or runoff resulting from the containment			
32		and storage of contaminated soils.			
33	(f) For soil reme	ediation using mobile or portable self-contained facilities facilities, the following shall be submitted to			
34	the permitting agency by the applicant:				
35	(1)	a description of the treatment system to include system, including procedures for controlling any			
36		vapors, vapors or liquid or solid by-products of the treatment process, process;			
37	(2)	the method by which any by products by product will be disposed, disposed;			

1	(3)	the predicted average concentration of contaminants in the untreated soil;
2	(4)	the sampling procedures and analytical methods by which the concentration(s)concentrations and
3		type(s)types of contaminants in the treated soil will be determined, determined:
4	(5)	the method of disposal of the treated soil, soil; and
5	(6)	for applications proposing to stage soils, a description of the method proposed to prevent contact of
6		contaminated soil with the environment.
7		
8	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.1; 143-215.3(a);
9		Eff. September 1, 2006. 2006;
10		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2018.

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15A NCAC 02T .1505 is readopted with changes as published in 32:04 NCR 189 as follows:

Department pursuant to 15A NCAC 02L .0411, whichever is lower, analytical detection levels.

15A NCAC 02T .1505 DESIGN CRITERIA

- (a) Land Application of Soils Containing Petroleum Products at Minimum Rates. Petroleum contaminated Petroleum-contaminated soils shall be incorporated into the native soils of the receiver site immediately upon application. Liming, fertilization, and aeration of the soils mixture shall be optional. Subsequent application of petroleum contaminatedpetroleum-contaminated soils onto the same receiver site shall not occur for at least 18 months from the date of the most recent application of petroleum-contaminated petroleum-contaminated soils and shall cause the receiver site to be reclassified as a "dedicated site" unless the permittee or applicant can demonstrate, through soil sampling and contaminant analytical procedures pursuant to 15A NCAC 02H .0800, that the petroleum contaminant level in the upper eight inches of the receiver site soils is below either the ["soil to groundwater"]soil-to-groundwater contaminant concentrations or the residential maximum soil contaminant concentrations established by the
 - (b) Land Application of Soil Containing Petroleum Products at Conventional Rates. Land application of soils containing petroleum products at an application thickness greater than one inch shall require fertilization, liming, and aeration of the native soils and petroleum contaminated soils mixture mixture of native and petroleum-contaminated soils. Application thickness shall be based upon the nature of the receiver site soils, depth to the seasonal high water table, the intended cover crop, and the source of contamination. Operation of the land application program shall not result in contravention of groundwater or surface water standards. Subsequent application of petroleum contaminated soils onto the same receiver site shall not occur for at least 18 months from the date of the most recent application of petroleum contaminated petroleum-contaminated soils and shall cause the receiver site to be reclassified as a "dedicated site" unless the permittee or applicant can demonstrate, through soil sampling and contaminant analytical procedures pursuant to 15A NCAC 02H .0800, that the petroleum contaminant level in the upper eight inches of the receiver site soils is below either the ["soil to groundwater"]soil-to-groundwater contaminant concentrations or the residential maximum soil contaminant concentrations established by the Department pursuant to 15A NCAC 02L .0411, whichever is lower, analytical detection levels.
 - (c) Disposal of Soils Containing Petroleum Products at Dedicated Land Application Sites. Subsequent applications of petroleum-contaminated soils at dedicated sites shall not recur until such time as it can be demonstrated that additional applications of contaminated soils will not result in the contravention of any groundwater or surface water standards.
 - (d) Containment and Treatment and Containment and Utilization Containment, Treatment and Containment, and Use of Contaminated Soil.
 - (1) A containment structure designed to bioremediate or volatilize contaminated soil shall be constructed of either a synthetic liner of at least 30 mils thickness or of a one foot thickone-footthick liner of natural material compacted to at least 95 percent standard proctor dry density and with a permeability of less than 1 x 10⁻⁷ cm/sec.

1	(2)	The bottom of the containment structure shall be at least three feet above the seasonal high water
2		table or bedrock.
3	(3)	A leachate collection system mustshall be installed in order to prevent runoff from the contaminated
4		soils within the containment structure, or a cover shall be provided to avoid accumulation of
5		stormwater within the containment structure.
6	(4)	The containment structure shall be compatible with the chemical and physical properties of the
7		contaminants involved.
8		
9	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-215.1; 143-215.3(a);
10		Eff. September 1, 2006. 2006;
11		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2018.

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1	15A NCAC 02T .1506 is readopted with changes as published in 32:04 NCR 189 as follows:	
2		
3	15A NCAC 02T .1506 SETBACKS	
4	Remediation systems shall adhere to the following setbacks and greater where necessarysetbacks, unl	less greater
5	setbacks are required to comply with minimum horizontal distance requirements set by the Division	pursuant to
6	Subchapter 15A NCAC 02L .0107:	
7		Feet
8	Any habitable residence or place of public assembly under separate ownership or not to	
9	be maintained as part of the project site	100
10	Any well with the exception of a Division approved Division-approved groundwater monitoring	
11	well	100
12	Surface waters (streams intermittent and perennial, (such as intermittent and perennial	
13	streams, perennial waterbodies, and wetlands)	100
14	Surface water diversions (ephemeral(such as ephemeral streams, waterways, and ditches)	25
15	Groundwater lowering ditches (where the bottom of the ditch intersects the SHWT)seasonal high	1
16	water table)	25
17	Subsurface groundwater loweringgroundwater-lowering drainage systems	25
18	Any building foundation except treatment facilities	
19	Any basement	
20	Any property line	
21	Any water line	
22	Any swimming pool	
23	Rock outcrops	
24	Public right-of-way	50
25		
26	History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.1; 143-215.3(a);	
27	Eff. September 1, 2006. 2006;	
28	Readopted Eff. January 1, 2018.	

1	15A NCAC 02	Т .1507 і	s readopted with changes as published in 32:04 NCR 189 as follows:
2			
3	15A NCAC 02		CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS
4			be heldheld, and renewed if necessarynecessary, until such time that the soil remediation
5	•		conditions for closure and the permitting agency has notified the permit holder that the facility
6			necessary for closure and rescinded the permit. The permittee mustshall notify the permitting
7	agency 30 days	s prior to	the initiation of closure activities. This Rule does not apply to deemed permitted facilities as
8	described in<u>fac</u>	ilities tha	t are deemed permitted pursuant to Rule .1503 of this Section.
9	(b) A facility r	nay be co	nsidered for closure once <u>if</u> all of the following conditions have been satisfied:
10	(1)	<mark>Any a</mark> i	ad all All outstanding enforcement actions levied by the permitting agency have been resolved.
11	(2)	Requi	rements for all other related on-site permitted activities have been met.
12	(3)	For all	land application sitessites, the applicant shall provide to the permitting agency:
13		(A)	Demonstration demonstration that no contaminant constituents in the groundwater exceed
14			groundwater standards for dedicated and conventional rate land application sites, sites;
15		(B)	Demonstrationa demonstration that all remaining contaminated soil has been remediated
16			to below either the ["soil to groundwater"]soil-to-groundwater contaminant concentrations
17			or the residential maximum soil contaminant concentrations established by the Department
18			pursuant to 15A NCAC 02L .0411, whichever is lower detection levels. The demonstration
19			shall be based upon representative samples from the permitted site.site; and
20		(C)	Hif a groundwater drainage system or surface waters are present on the site or within the
21			compliance boundary, a demonstration that surface water has not been impacted by does
22			not contain contaminants at concentrations in excess of those established in Subchapter
23			15A NCAC 02B.
24	(4)	For f	acilities utilizing containment and treatment or portable self-contained treatment
25		<mark>systen</mark>	is. systems:
26		(A)	Demonstration by the The applicant shall demonstrate to the permitting agency that all
27			treated soil has been remediated to below either the ["soil to groundwater"]soil-to-
28			groundwater contaminant concentrations or the residential maximum soil contaminant
29			concentrations established by the Department pursuant to 15A NCAC 02L .0411,
30			whichever is [lower]lower, detection levels. based upon analysis of representative soil
31			samples or is disposed of under Subparagraph (b)(4)(B) of this Rule.
32		(B)	All remaining soil that contains contaminants at levels that exceed either the ["soil to-
33			groundwater"]soil-to-groundwater contaminant concentrations or the residential maximum
34			soil contaminant concentrations established by the Department pursuant to 15A NCAC
35			02L .0411, whichever is [lower]lower, the method detection levels mustshall be disposed
36			of at another permitted facility and the permitting agency mustshall be notified prior to

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transport.

1		(C) Demonstration by the Ihe applicant shall demonstrate to the permitting agency that the
2		facility has been decontaminated based upon analysis of samples.
3	(5)	For storage facilities, a demonstration that the storage facility has been decontaminated to below
4		either the ["soil to groundwater"]soil-to-groundwater contaminant concentrations or the residential
5		maximum soil contaminant concentrations established by the Department pursuant to 15A NCAC
6		02L .0411, whichever is [lower]lower, detection levels shall be submitted by the permittee to the
7		Division. The demonstration shall be based upon analysis of pollutants identified in the
8		contaminated soil as provided in Rule .1504(a)(1) of this Section.
9	(c) A facility	that satisfies the conditions for closure may petition the permitting agency for elosure status
10	approval approva	al of closure and shall provide the following information:
11	(1)	identification of the original permit number authorizing the construction and operation of the soil
12		remediation facility;
13	(2)	the reason(s)reason for closure of facility;
14	(3)	the name and title of the facility contact;
15	(4)	sample analyses (tabulated and graphed)tabulated and graphed sample analyses for the last four
16		groundwater sampling events prior to facility shutdownshutdown, showing the concentrations of the
17		parameters of concern and and if groundwater monitoring is required at a land application site,
18		groundwater analytical results for sample collection to satisfy [Subparagraph]Part (b)(3)(A) of this
19		Rule;-Rule .1507(b)(3)(A);
20	(5)	laboratory analytical results for soil samples collected from the treated soil, which soil that have been
21		analyzed by methods approved in accordance with Rule .1504(a)(1) of this Section;
22	(6)	if a groundwater drainage network (ditches)network, such as ditches, or surface waters are present
23		on the site or within the compliance boundary, analytical results for surface water samples collected
24		upstream of the facility, within the facility if applicable, facility, and at a downstream location at the
25		edge of the property to document that surface waters have not been impacted; do not exceed the
26		surface water quality standards and criteria established in Subchapter 15A NCAC 02B;
27	(7)	decontamination procedures for anyall treatment or containment structure; structures;
28	(8)	a sedimentation and erosion control plan, prepared in accordance with the Division of Energy,
29		Mineral, and Land Resources requirements pursuant to Subchapter 15A NCAC 04B, if a plan to
30		restore the site to pre-soil treatment conditions is proposed that will disturb an area of land equal to
31		or greater than one acre;
32	(9)	a map of the facility facility, which that shows the size, orientation, and location of the facility
33		relative to existing monitor wells, roads, structures, and other site features; and
34	(10)	certification that the closure has been accomplished and that the information submitted is complete,
35		factual <u>factual</u>, and accurate.
36	(d) Once the po	ermitting agency has determined that all conditions required for site closure have been satisfied, the
37	normitting agan	ex shall issue a notice stating that the normit for the facility has been recginded and "closure status"

has been granted. The permitting agency shall issue a notice approving the closure of a facility and stating that the 1 permit for the facility has been rescinded if the permitting agency has determined that the facility has met all applicable 2 3 requirements set forth in this Rule. 4 5 History Note: Authority G.S. 143-215.1; 143-215.3(a); 6 Eff. September 1, 2006; 7 Amended Eff. August 1, 2012 (see S.L. 2012-143, s.1.(f)); 8 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2018.

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