Pat McCrory Governor

> Richard O. Brajer Secretary

Pamela L. Shue Director



Child Development and Early Education HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

September 14, 2016

TO: Amber May, J.D., Rules Review Commission

FROM: Glenda Weinert, Chair, North Carolina Child Care Commission

SUBJECT: Administrative Rules Waiver Request

In accordance with N.C.G.S. § 150B-21.1(a2), the North Carolina Child Care Commission and the North Carolina Division of Child Development and Early Education hereby request a waiver from the 210 day limitation found in N.C.G.S. § 150B-21.1(a1). The waiver request covers the following temporary rules:

10A NCAC 09 .0604, .0608. 0705, .0706, .0707, .0801, .1701, .1702, .1705, .1719, .1721, .1726, .1730 and .1731

The following sections address the statutory requirements for requesting a waiver.

Degree of Public Benefit

- The State of North Carolina receives approximately \$191 million annually from the Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) pursuant to The Child Care Block Development Grant Act of 1990 (CCDBG). CCDF funds a portion of the Subsidized Child Care Program, which permits more than 120,000 children from disadvantaged families to attend quality child care facilities and little or no cost to parents.
- CCDF monies will also be used to assist the State of North Carolina in promoting family engagement, better serve homeless families, and ensure that unemployed



Department of Health and Human Services | Division of Child Development and Early Education 820 South Boylan Avenue, Raleigh, NC 27603 (Physical Address) | 2201 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-2200 (Mailing Address)

Notice to and Opposition by the Public

- The public was given notice and an opportunity to be heard at a public hearing or submit written comments. Those comments are attached as Exhibit B hereto.
- The public has largely been supportive of the changes required. The North Carolina Child Care Commission considered the comments and has made changes to clarify language.

Need for Waiver

- Waiver is necessary in order to ensure that the State of North Carolina receives this large and important grant. Without waiver, North Carolina will not be in compliance with federal directives given in conjunction with the CCDBG Act and this \$191 million a year funding source will be at risk.
- The children of North Carolina, and especially children whose families cannot afford to send them to quality child care, will be at greater risk without the health, safety, and training requirements contained in these temporary rules.

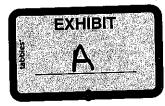
Previous Waiver Requests Submitted by the Agency

• DCDEE is unaware of any other past instance in which it requested a waiver of the 210 day requirement.

ACF	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	
Administration for Children and Families	1. Log No: CCDF-ACF-PI-2015-09	2. Issuance Date: December 17, 2015
	3. Originating Office: Office of Child Care (OCC)	
	4. Key Words: Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) FY 2016-2018 Plan Extension, Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act	
PROGRAM INSTRUCTION		

- **To:** State and Territorial Lead Agencies administering the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) program, as amended, and other interested parties.
- Subject:This Program Instruction (PI) transmits the Final State/Territory Plan Preprint (ACF-
118) for the Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) program for Fiscal Year
2016-2018 triennium, and provides guidance for submitting the Plan. This Plan is
required by section 658E of the CCDBG Act.
- **References:** The Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act (42 U.S.C. § 9858 *et seq.*), as amended by the CCDBG Act of 2014 (Pub. L. 113-186); section 418 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. § 618); 45 CFR Parts 98 and 99; 63 FR 39936-39998.
- Purpose: The CCDF Plan Preprint serves as the Lead Agency's application for CCDF funds by providing a description of how the program will be administered in accordance with CCDF rules and regulation to provide high-quality child care services to eligible families. Plans will be effective from June 1, 2016, through September 30, 2018. The State and Territory deadline for the submission of the Plan was extended from July 1, 2015, to March 1, 2016; however, the extension did not extend the 3year period of the Plan, nor did it change the effective dates for statutory reauthorization provisions, published in Program Instruction CCDF-ACF-PI-2015-02, dated January 9, 2015.
- **Background:** The Plan has been revised to incorporate the changes made in the CCDBG Act of 2014 (the Act), which was signed into law by President Obama on November 19, 2014. The Act made expansive changes to protect the health and safety of children in child care, promote continuity of access to subsidy for low-income families, better inform parents and the general public about the child care choices available to them, and improve the overall quality of early learning and afterschool programs.

The Office of Child Care (OCC) will determine compliance with requirements in the Act through submission and approval of the FY 2016-2018 CCDF Plans, onsite monitoring visits, audit reviews, and other appropriate means.



Since enactment of the Act, ACF has convened a number of listening sessions with States and local and national organizations across the country; responded to questions regarding the Act, including requests for clarification and additional guidance, and also received public comments on the Plan Preprint through three separate Federal Register public comment periods published on January 30, May 27, and September 24, 2015. Careful consideration was given to all comments and the final Plan Preprint has been revised to reflect the comments as appropriate.

Guidance:

4

Lead Agencies' Responsibilities: Section 658D(b)(1)(A) of the reauthorized CCDBG Act requires the Lead Agency to "administer, directly or through other State governmental or non-governmental agencies..." the funds received. The regulations at 45 CFR 98.11 provide that, in addition to retaining overall responsibility for the administration of the program, the Lead Agency must also (among other things) promulgate all rules and regulations of the CCDF program; ensure compliance with the approved Plan and all Federal requirements; oversee the expenditure of funds by subgrantees and contractors; and ensure that any local or non-governmental entities through which the State administers the program operate according to the rules established for the CCDF.

Plan Submission: States and Territories must submit their FY 2016-2018 Plans to the Administration for Children and Families (ACF) by the March 1, 2016, deadline. The State and Territory CCDF Plan Preprint (ACF-118) is included as Attachment A for reference purposes only. Lead Agencies will continue to use the online submission tool via the web to submit the Plan to ACF. While this Program Instruction provides brief guidance and clarification in a few areas, the electronic submission ("e-submission") process has allowed ACF to embed more guidance and definitions directly into the Plan Preprint document and in the e-submission site.

Lead Agencies should consult Program Instruction <u>CCDF-ACF-PI-2015-04</u>, dated April 10, 2015, for specific requirements related to the Market Rate Survey or Alternative Methodology; Public Hearing; and the new statutory consultation and coordination requirements.

Effective Dates: The Act specifies particular dates when certain provisions are effective. Below are provisions where specific effective dates are specified:

- Monitoring requirements, including requirements for annual inspections of CCDF providers (under section 658E(c)(2)(K) of the Act) must be in place by November 19, 2016. All child care providers eligible to provide CCDF services as of November 19, 2016, must receive their annual inspection no later than November 19, 2017 (and at least annually thereafter).
- Requirements for posting results of monitoring and inspection reports must be in place, and the results must actually be posted, no later than November 19, 2017, or one year after monitoring requirements are in place, whichever is earlier.
- Criminal background check requirements (658H) must be in place and implemented by September 30, 2017. The Act specifies that all new and existing child care staff must receive background checks by this date.

Where the Act does not specify a date, the new requirements became effective upon the date of enactment and States/Territories have until September 30, 2016, to implement the new statutory requirement(s). For example:

- States and Territories must have eligibility requirements in place consistent with the Act, including minimum 12-month eligibility, that apply to all new eligibility determinations and re-determinations occurring after this date.
- States and Territories must have health and safety training requirements (658(c)(2)(I)) and training and professional development requirements (658(c)(2)(G)) in place by September 30, 2016. This means that all new and existing caregivers and teachers must meet these training requirements by this date.

Implementation Plans and Plan Amendments: ACF has determined when a State or Territory cannot certify compliance with a specific requirement at the time of CCDF plan submission (March 1, 2016), the Lead Agency must provide a specific implementation plan for achieving compliance with the provision of the Act. If a State or Territory is not going to be in compliance with one or more provisions by the deadline required in the Act, then the State/Territory must request a temporary extension/waiver as well as complete an implementation plan (see guidance below for temporary extension/waiver requests).

The implementation plan must provide sufficient information to support approval of the Plan for funding and include the following as outlined in the State/Territory Plan:

- overall target completion date (no later than the appropriate effective date deadline);
- current status for any requirement;
- specific steps (activities) that will be taken to complete the implementation of the unmet requirement;
- timeline for implementation, including start date and end date; and
- agency and partners responsible for completing implementation of the activities.

ACF will work with States and Territories to monitor progress towards achievement of the new requirements and will conduct ongoing reviews of implementation of plans until fulfillment of the requirement. Once the requirement(s) has been met, the Lead Agency must submit a Plan amendment to ACF for approval through the esubmission site. Lead Agencies are reminded that any "substantial" change to their approved Plan requires ACF approval via a Plan amendment. Plan amendments must be submitted to ACF for approval within 60 days of the effective date.

- Written Extension/Waiver Request: The Act requires that State and Territories submit waiver requests to ACF in writing. The written request will:
 - o detail each sanction or provision that the State seeks relief from;

- describe how a waiver from that sanction or provision will, by itself, improve the delivery of child care services for children in the State/Territory;
- certify that the health, safety, and well-being of children served through assistance received through CCDF will not be compromised as a result of the waiver; and
- describe one or more conflicting or duplicative requirement(s)
 preventing the effective delivery of child care services to justify the
 waiver; extraordinary circumstances, such as a natural disaster or
 financial crisis; or an extended period of time for a State legislature to
 enact legislation to implement the provision of the Act.

Failure to include the required information could result in the disapproval of the request. Waiver requests to ACF must be submitted by the designated official authorized to act on behalf of the Lead Agency. ACF must respond to the State/Territory within 90 days after the receipt of the request.

- **Consideration for Extension/Waiver Approval:** Section 658I(c) of the reauthorized CCDBG Act allows ACF to waive provisions or penalties up to 3 years (with an option of a 1-year extension) under certain limited circumstances. The Act only allows for temporary extensions to give States additional time to come into compliance with Federal CCDF requirements. The Act does not give authority for permanent waivers. The consideration for approval will be based on whether:
 - such circumstances included in the request prevent the State/Territory from complying with any statutory requirements;
 - the waiver will, by itself, contribute to or enhance the State's ability to carry out the purposes of CCDF; and
 - the waiver will not contribute to inconsistency with the objectives of the Act.
- Timeline for Submission of Extension/Waiver: Waiver requests should be addressed to the Director, Office of Child Care, Administration for Children and Families, and uploaded electronically through the ACF-118 electronic submission site. All requests should include a copy to the respective OCC Regional Program Manager. Waiver requests for requirements that must be met in calendar year 2016 must be included as part of the Plan review and approval process and therefore must be submitted by March 1, 2016. Waiver requests for requirements due in 2017 may be submitted at a later date, but no later than 90 days before the effective date of the requirement. However, States and Territories must still submit complete implementation plans in the Preprint for any requirements due in 2017. The timelines and activities in the implementation plans for the later date requirements should reflect as much accuracy as possible based on the availability or knowledge of information at the time of submission.

6

Technical Assistance:

ACF will continue to provide technical assistance through various approaches at the national level and through the ACF Regional Offices to support States and Territories in meeting and implementing the requirements of the Act. ACF will engage the technical assistance centers and specialists to support the ongoing delivery of technical assistance to meet specific needs and requests. ACF has compiled resources on reauthorization topics and crosswalked those topics with major CCDF Plan sections. The collection of resources can be found at <u>https://childcareta.acf.hhs.gov/ccdf-reauthorization</u>. As additional resources are developed, they will be added to the site and will be flagged as new. Also, Better Kid Care, administered by Pennsylvania State University, offers on-line training courses, including topics for training required or recommended by the Act. These training courses are located at http://extension.psu.edu/vouth/betterkidcare/early-care/ccdbg.

Questions:

Please direct inquiries to the Child Care Program Manager in the appropriate ACF Regional Office or e-mail inquiries to <u>ccdf.reauthorization@acf.hhs.gov</u>.

Attachment:

FY 2016 – 2018 Plan Preprint Program Instruction (Key Statutory Required Implementation Dates) <u>CCDF-ACF-PI-2015-02</u>

> Rachel Schumacher Director Office of Child Care

7

Comments Received for CCDBG Temporary Rules

The NC Child Care Commission proposed temporary rules to meet the requirements of the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014. These requirements are needed in order to maintain federal funding for families with children in child care.

Rules:

10A NCAC 09 .0604, .0608, .0703-.0707, .0801, .1701, .1702, .1705, .1719, .1721, .1726, .1730, and .1731

Public Hearing Held: August 9, 2016

Comment Period:

August 2 - August 25, 2016



August 29, 2016

From:Amanda Lambert <Amanda.Lambert@transylvaniacounty.org>Sent:Monday, August 15, 2016 9:39 AMTo:Alston, DedraSubject:DCDEE rule changes

Ms Alston,

I am writing this in support of leaving all the training rules they way that they are. As a CCHC, I find that many times the online trainings are not comprehended as well as face to face. My concern with doing medication administration, Emergency Preparedness, etc online is that there is no one to make sure learning competencies are met and check return demonstrations. This is a safety concern for our children. I urge you to please leave all trainings as they currently are and not use online training at this time.

1

Amanda Lambert, RN Transylvania Co CCHC

From: Sent:	Kim Ward <kim@pfclg.com> Monday, August 15, 2016 3:18 PM</kim@pfclg.com>	`
To: Subject:	Alston, Dedra New Rule Proposals Regarding Online Training for Child Care Providers	

Dear Ms. Alston,

I am a former child care provider and now a Technical Assistant with the Lincoln/Gaston County Partnership for Children. I am writing you to voice my concern over the proposed changes and inclusion of online training for child care providers.

While I do believe that online training has merit and can be convenient and valuable. I am also aware that sometimes convenience comes with a price. I don't want the children of North Carolina to pay that price.

Trainings for child care providers were put in place for a reason. One of those reasons being our workforce caring for children will gain knowledge and enhanced skills to care for and educate our future citizens. Online trainings take self-discipline and I see the potential for some caregivers not fully engaged with the subject matter, thus not learning important skills needed for the care of young children.

Below are specific bullet points regarding but not limited to all of the trainings offered to providers. Please consider allowing continued face to face training with skilled professionals.

Thank You, Kimberly Ward Technical Assistant Lincoln/Gaston Counties 704-922-0900

Bullet Points to consider:

Referring to training: .0706 (Centers) .1731 (Homes) Health and Safety Training Requirements 1. Addressing the proposal to have a 2 hour, online medication administration training:

S Anyone who administers medication to a child in the child care setting should be required to take an in-person medication administration training with a skills based sign-off to show proficiency.

§ The in-person training should involve a trained health professional, preferably a Child Care Health Consultant, who can observe the individual's medication administration skills.

§ At least one person who has received this additional training should be on-site at the child care all times.

§ A two hour, online training is not sufficient to safely and adequately administer either basic or emergency medication to a child, nor will it get in-person feedback on medication administration skills.

2. General comments based on moving the trainings online:

S Any training should include North Carolina specific rules and address the actual violations occurring in North Carolina Child Care facilities.

§ If an Early Childhood Educator has already taken a comparable training through from a field based training provider, college class, or other source that an equivalency will be accepted so they don't have to do repeat training.

§ We ask that DCDEE collaborate with the Child Care Health Consultant network so CCHCs, can support and facilitate whenever possible, these online trainings and be knowledgeable to answer content-specific questions in the field.

1

10

From:	Booth-Mills, Megan <mbooth@vidanthealth.com></mbooth@vidanthealth.com>
Sent:	Monday, August 15, 2016 4:53 PM
To:	Alston, Dedra
Subject:	Mandatory online training for early childhood educators

Hi Ms. Alston,

I hope this email finds you well! I serve on the Chowan Leadership Team for early childhood education and I heard about the DCDEE recommendation that all early childhood educators be required to complete certain state-mandated trainings using online modules. Online modules have many benefits, including being less expensive, user driven and easy to track and verify.

I think this would be a great step forward for some health and safety modules, but perhaps not all health and safety content is appropriately taught in this fashion. For example, identifying physical and building hazards might be a good module topic, but something like medication administration would be better taught through face-to-face contact.

Additionally, I live in eastern North Carolina in Chowan County. Outside town limits, internet access is spotty as we do not have broadband available everywhere. This makes it difficult to complete tasks as simple as online shopping, much less reading a module then being tested on the content. I worry that requiring online modules will place a significant burden on early childhood educators in Chowan County.

I urge the rulemaking committee to take these items into consideration before making a final ruling on this recommendation. Thank you for your time!

Megan S. Booth-Mills, FACHE Office: 252-482-1779 Cell: 252-339-6390

------ The contents of this e-mail (and any attachments) are confidential, may be privileged and may contain copyright material. You may only reproduce or distribute material if you are expressly authorized by us to do so. If you are not the intended recipient, any use, disclosure or copying of this email (and any attachments) is unauthorized. If you have received this e-mail in error, please notify the sender and immediately delete this e-mail and any copies of it from your system.

From: Sent: To: Subject: Julie Privott <jdprivott@ecps.k12.nc.us> Monday, August 15, 2016 9:07 PM Alston, Dedra online training

I am a teacher at White Oak Elementary in Edenton. I have read that online trainings will be the only method to receive some of the mandatory trainings. In our area this is a real problem. My own assistant does not have internet at home and their is really not time for her to take an online class or training while at work. Not sure the best solution to this issue but wanted to make sure you and others were aware of the problems this creates for rural areas.

1

Thanks, Julie Privott

Julie Privott PreK teacher White Oak Elementary

Hello Ms. Alston,

I am writing to you in regards to the proposed rules changes re: .0706 (Centers) .1731 (Homes) Health and Safety Training Requirements.

As a Nurse and Child Care Health Consultant working in Wake County, I have the opportunity to work with child care providers on a daily basis in the child care settings, whether it be homes or centers. As a health and safety resource I provide training and technical assistance to the child care providers, as well as working with families of children with chronic illnesses.

I believe that offering the medication training online presents a safety concern. Wake County Public School nurses are required to give in person trainings to staff members who will be administering medications in public schools. Why would this not be the standard for our youngest students?

I am writing to ask the DCDEE and the Child Care Commission to please consider the following points as they make the final decision about these very important rules.

**Anyone who administers medication to a child in the child care setting should be required to take an in-person medication administration training with a skills based sign-off to show proficiency.

**The in-person training should involve a licensed health professional, preferably a Child Care Health Consultant, if one is available in their county, or a nurse from a local health department. This will allow the trainer to observe the individual's medication administration skills.

**At least one person who has received this additional training should be on-site at the child care all times.

It is my belief that a two hour, online training is not sufficient to safely and adequately administer either basic or emergency medication to a child. nor will it give the in-person feedback on medication administration skills. We want to ensure that when asking child care providers to administer medications to young children that they are adequately and properly trained to ensure that every child is safe. One mistake is too many.

Thank you for your consideration in this matter.

Amy Petersen, RN, BSN Child Care Health Consultant 919-795-2234 amy petersen@wakegov.com

E-mail correspondence to and from this address is subject to the North Carolina Public Records Act and may be disclosed to third parties unless made confidential under applicable law.



August 23, 2016

NC Child Care Commission 2201 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-2200

Dear Child Care Commission,

The North Carolina Partnership for Children (NCPC) supports North Carolina's proposed Health and Safety Training Requirement rules drafted in response to CCDBG legislation requiring states to establish educational, health, and safety standards in 10 specific areas for child care providers that receive CCDF funding.

As CCDBG gives states discretion to determine the specific number of pre-service and ongoing training hours child care providers must complete, NCPC would encourage the NC Child Care Commission and the Division to consider implementing these trainings in a way that supports not only increase in knowledge, but development of skills that support best practice in protecting the health and safety of children in child care.

We understand the Division is considering offering the following trainings to providers in an on-line format:

- 1. Prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization;
- 2. Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent;
- 3. Prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions;
- Building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic;
- 5. Emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man caused event;
- 6. Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants:
- 7. Precautions in transporting children if applicable;
- 8. Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;
- 9. CPR and First Aid training as required in Subparagraphs .0705(b) and (d) of this Section; and
- 10. Recognizing and Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment

Aside from ensuring on-line training is cost effective and the technology accessible for all providers, we would recommend consideration be given to:

- Any training should include North Carolina specific rules and address common violations occurring in North Carolina Child Care facilities.
- As making an error when administering medication has the potential for harm to a child, we would recommend the on-line Medication Administration is combined with on-site training and technical assistance to assess staff understanding and skill proficiency.

The North Carolina Partnership for Children

1100 Wake Forest Road, Raleigh, NC 27604 - info@smartstart.org - 919.821.7999 - fax: 919.821.8050

- The Medication Administration on-site training and technical assistance should involve a licensed health professional, when available, a Child Care Health Consultant, to observe the individual's medication administration skills.
- We ask that DCDEE collaborate with the NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center to assure technical assistance providers providing health and safety related consultation can support and facilitate these online trainings and be knowledgeable to answer content-specific questions in the field.

Caring for Our Children (published by APHA/AAP/National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care and Early Education), the American Academy of Pediatrics, and Head Start all require a similar requirement to their medication administration trainings:

- Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards 3.6.3.3: "Any caregiver/teacher who administers medication should complete a standardized training course that includes skill and competency assessment in medication administration. The trainer in medication administration should be a licensed health professional. At a minimum, skill in competency should be monitored annually or whenever medication administration error occurs."
- America Academy of Pediatrics: Medication Administration In Child Care Observation Checklist available at <u>www.ecels-healthychildcarepa.org/tools/checklists/item/483-</u> medication-administration-observation-checklist?highlight=WyJiaGVja2xpc3QjXQ==
- Head Start Program Performance Standards 1304.22(c): (2) a trained staff member(s) or school nurse to administer, handle and store child medications;

(6) Ensure that appropriate staff members can demonstrate proper techniques for administering, handling, and storing medication, including the use of any necessary equipment to administer medication

Sincerely,

Undyttethus

Cindy Watkins, President, The North Carolina Partnership for Children, Inc.



From: Sent:	Cindy Evans <cindy.evans@arhs-nc.org> Monday, August 22, 2016 9:14 AM</cindy.evans@arhs-nc.org>
То:	Alston, Dedra
Cc:	Cindy Evans
Subject:	Child Care Commission Proposed Rule

Debra,

The proposal to make early educators' pre-service/orientation trainings ONLINE could create hardships and barriers for child care agencies/individuals affected.

Internet connection and service in rural northeastern North Carolina is not consistently dependable and service providers are limited. If one does have internet, it might not support or accommodate the training program, (downloads, uploads, etc.) with acceptable response time.

Also, consider the increased expense to facility overhead if internet capability is added or service updated, if that is even possible.

In-person trainings keep the human connection viable. We have the innate need to connect with other people beyond technology. In-person trainings provide opportunities for relationships to be established, networking between peers and professionals, and opens/maintains lines of communication between child care providers and state agencies.

Has anyone given childcare providers an opportunity to provide their insight as to pros and cons of online trainings <u>before</u> making a proposed rule? They are the ones who will be most affected.

Who would benefit the most from online trainings? What might be cost effective for one could be a financial hardship for another. Technology (online) might improve the efficiency of data collection and reporting for one but might increase anxiety, frustration, and confusion for the other. Why not give training options: in-person or online?

1

What effects the child care providers effects families.

Thank you for the opportunity to submit my concerns regarding the proposed rule.

Cindy

Cindy Evans, MAEd Science Triple P Specialist Albemarle Regional Health Services Bertie County Health Department 102 Rhodes Ave. Windsor, NC 27983 Office: 252-794-6225 Cell: 252-506-3609 Fax: 252-794-5321 cindy.evans@arhs-nc.org





The Chowan/Perquimans Smart Start Partnership 409 Old Hertford Rd., Edenton, NC 27932 ph. 252-482-3035 website: www.cp-smartstart.org email: <u>snixon.cpssp@gmail.com</u>

To: Dedra Alston, Rulemaking Coordinator, NC Division of Child Development and Early Education

Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov

From: Susan Nixon, Executive Director

Date: August 22, 2016

Re: Proposed Changes to Child Care Rules in NC

The proposal to make early educators' pre-service/orientation trainings online could create hardships and barriers for child care agencies/individuals affected.

Internet connection and service in rural northeastern North Carolina is not consistently dependable and service providers are limited. If one does have internet, it might not support or accommodate the training program, (downloads, uploads, etc.) with acceptable response time.

Also, consider the increased expense to facility overhead if internet capability is added or service updated, if that is even possible.

In-person trainings keep the human connection viable. We have the innate need to connect with other people beyond technology. In-person trainings provide opportunities for relationships to be established, networking between peers and professionals, and opens/maintains lines of communication between child care providers and state agencies.

Please consider who will benefit the most from online trainings? What might be cost effective for one could be a financial hardship for another. Offering online training only, may increase anxiety, frustration, and confusion for some providers, especially those who are not computer savvy.

Please consider giving individual agencies the option of providing training in-person. Perhaps you could consider offering child care providers the option of completing training online, or inperson.

From: Sent: To: Subject:

Juliana Whitaker <jwhitaker@lincolncounty.org> Wednesday, August 24, 2016 1:34 PM Alston, Dedra Proposed Child Care Rules

Hi,

I have worked with child cares for the past 6 years as a Child Care Health Consultant. From my experiences working with child care providers, I believe that the proposed rule changes referring to online health and safety trainings be reconsidered. In person trainings with interaction and on the spot feedback works best for health and safety topics. Online trainings are often done while multitasking, or in pieces, health and safety is too important for this, and providers need to be 100% focused on these topics.

Referring to training: .0706 (Centers) .1731 (Homes) Health and Safety Training Requirements

1. Addressing the proposal to have a 2 hour, online medication administration training:

§ Anyone who administers medication to a child in the child care setting should be required to take an in-person medication administration training with a skills based sign-off to show proficiency.

§ The in-person training should involve a health professional, preferably a Child Care Health Consultant, to observe the individual's medication administration skills.

§ At least one person who has received this additional training should be on-site at the child care all times.

§ A two hour, online training is not sufficient to safely and adequately administer either basic or emergency medication to a child, nor will it get in-person feedback on medication administration skills.

2. General comments based on moving the trainings online:

§ Any training should include North Carolina specific rules and address the actual violations occurring in North Carolina Child Care facilities.

§ If an Early Childhood Educator has already taken a comparable training through from a field based training provider, college class, or other source that an equivalency will be accepted so they don't have to do repeat training.

§ We ask that DCDEE collaborate with the Child Care Health Consultant network so CCHCs, can support and facilitate whenever possible, these online trainings and be knowledgeable to answer content-specific questions in the field.

1

Thank you for your consideration on this.

Juliana Whitaker Child Care Health Consultant Safe Kids Lincoln County Coordinator Lincoln County Health Department 151 Sigmon Road Lincolnton, NC 28092 Office (704) 732-3952

From:	Sarah Williams <swilliams@smartstart.org></swilliams@smartstart.org>
Sent:	Wednesday, August 24, 2016 3:57 PM
To:	Alston, Dedra
Subject:	Child Care Commission Proposed Changes to Child Care Provider Training

Dedra,

I am writing to you to express concern of the proposed ONLINE-only trainings for child care providers.

Chowan County is one of many rural, economically stressed counties that this proposal would create immense barriers for our child care providers. Internet connection and service in rural northeastern NC is not consistently dependable and our choice of providers is extremely limited. At my home, I am only able to have internet through satellite and the speed is not up-to-par for loading videos or even sometimes trying to send emails (it can take up to 10 minutes to send a reply). Therefore, training modules may not be able to down- or up-loaded and may incur many glitches that result in freezing and the loss of work done. It can be very frustrating to try to use the internet unless within the town limits of the county seat of Edenton. Some of the child care providers may not own internet-connected computers due to the high cost of internet service and problems with that service.

If trainings were to be delivered ONLINE only, the barriers to meet those training requirements might cause facilities to lose their licensing through inability to be able to comply.

With the work that I have been doing in Chowan County and the ABLe Change framework, we are strong believers in surveying the population that we are providing services to. That being said, have the child care providers been asked their thoughts of making the trainings ONLINE only, as they are the ones who will have to comply with these changes?

In the rural Tier 1 counties, what affects the service agencies affects the families much harder as we have so few resources available to us.

Please reconsider this proposal for the sake of our child care providers and the children and families that they serve.

Thank you,

Sarah C. Williams Chowan County Implementation Coach 252, 482,3035



Chowan/Perquimans Smart Start Partnership 409 Old Hertford Road, Edenton, NC 27932

<u>smartstart.org</u> | <u>Facebook</u> | <u>Twitter</u> | <u>YouTube</u> Save the Dates May 1-4, The 2017 National Smart Start Conference



North Carolina Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center 1928 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1928 Tel. 1-800-367-2229 Fax 919-870-4880 www.healthychildcarenc.org

8/25/2016

MEMO

TO:

The North Carolina Child Care Commission

FROM:

Tamar Ringel-Kulka, MD, MPH, Director, NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center Assistant Professor, Maternal and Child Health

UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health, UNC Chapel Hill

Jacqueline Simmons, MsPH, Coordinator, NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center

Sharon Brown, PhD, MPH, MN, CCHC, Eastern CCHC Regional Coach

Mary Cleary, MPH, Training Specialist

Jeannie Reardon, MPH, CCHC, CCHC Course Instructor

Rhonda Rambeaut, RN, CCHC, Central CCHC Regional Coach

Theresa Stenersen, BSN, RN, CCHC, Western CCHC Regional Coach

SUBJECT: Proposed Temporary Rulemaking by the Child Care Commission

The NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center, a project of the Department of Maternal and Child Health, UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health, has worked collaboratively with the Division of Child Development and Early Education for more than twenty years to promote safe and healthy environments for children in child care settings.

The NC Resource Center provides health and safety trainings to a network of more than 55 Child Care Health Consultants (CCHCs) across North Carolina. In addition to training, the Resource Center works with CCHCs to teach and implement best practices in health and safety, to provide technical assistance and support to facilities so they consistently meet regulatory requirements, and to conduct one-on-one coaching to achieve positive behavior change and assure that facilities are effectively addressing the unique needs of each child served.

In response to the proposed changes to rules .0706 and .1731 Health and Safety Training Requirements, the NC Resource Center recommends that:

- Trainings address and include reference to North Carolina specific rules and regulations.
- New trainings include a plan for evaluation to determine fidelity, reliability, behavior change, and overall impact.
- An equivalency be accepted in lieu of additional, redundant training if an Early Childhood Educator has already taken a comparable training from a field-based training provider, college class, or other source.
- Providing technical assistance or alternative learning opportunities to anyone not technologically proficient, has not
 conducted online trainings before, has a communication disability (such as low vision), or has a language barrier that
 would prevent them from accessing these online trainings.
- Medication Administration training be conducted with in-person, hands-on practice opportunities, feedback, and competency assessment included in the course design.
 - At least one person who has received the in-person training be required to be on-site at a facility during all hours of operation.

The NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center, a service of the Department of Maternal and Child Health, UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health Funded by the NC Divisions of Public Health and Child Development and Early Education and by the NC Partnership for Children, Inc.

1

- For administration of any medication not covered in the medication training, require a health consultant or other health professional to provide and document additional training and ongoing supervision.
- o Trainings incorporate and respond to reported medication administration violations in North Carolina.

The Resource Center believes that certain information regarding administering medication can be sufficiently attained through standardized, online training (such as understanding expiration dates, or how to properly store a medicine), however, there are components to medication administration that require a skills-based, hands-on training under the supervision and teaching of a licensed health professional, preferably a Child Care Health Consultant. A trainee's medication administration competency must be observed to ensure that all steps have been adequately mastered. Participants also need to be able to ask questions and receive answers and feedback on the steps involved in safe administration of medication.

The NC Resource Center currently offers an in-person training, *Medication Administration in Child Care Train-the-Trainer*. This five hour course includes opportunities to learn core principles involved in administering medication in early care and education settings and also features hands-on practice, observation, and feedback. CCHCs train child care providers, insuring that each participant has mastered the knowledge and skills necessary for accurate and safe administration of medication to children. The curriculum was developed by a team of doctors, researchers, and registered nurses with early childhood background and expertise in adult education principles. It was produced by the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill with support from the NC Division of Child Development and Early Education in 2006 and updated in 2014. The course prepares early childhood educators how to:

- Identify, measure, store and dispose of medication
- Practice administering medication
- Design a system for ensuring correct medication administration
- Develop a medication administration policy
- Develop teams of early educators/directors, health care professionals, and parent/guardians to ensure the safe administration of medication to children in early care and education settings

We believe that the hands-on, skills-based components of this training are critical to the safe administration of medication in Child Care.

Caring for Our Children (published by APHA/AAP/National Resource Center for Health and Safety in Child Care and Early Education), the American Academy of Pediatrics, and Head Start all require a similar requirement to their medication administration trainings:

- Caring for Our Children: National Health and Safety Performance Standards 3.6.3.3: "Any caregiver/teacher who
 administers medication should complete a standardized training course that includes skill and competency
 assessment in medication administration. The trainer in medication administration should be a licensed health
 professional. At a minimum, skill in competency should be monitored annually or whenever medication
 administration error occurs."
- America Academy of Pediatrics: Medication Administration In Child Care Observation Checklist available at <u>www.ecels-healthychildcarepa.org/tools/checklists/item/483-medication-administration-observationchecklist?highlight=WyJjaGVja2xpc3QiXQ==</u>
- Head Start Program Performance Standards 1304.22(c):

(2) a trained staff member(s) or school nurse to administer, handle and store child medications;
(6) Ensure that appropriate staff members can demonstrate proper techniques for administering, handling, and storing medication, including the use of any necessary equipment to administer medication.

Also included in this email are specific recommendations based on the language of the rules.

Attachment

The NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center, a service of the Department of Maternal and Child Health, UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health Funded by the NC Divisions of Public Health and Child Development and Early Education and by the NC Partnership for Children, Inc.

Recommendations to the North Carolina Child Care Commission on Proposed Temporary Rulemaking by the NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center

.0604 Safety Requirements

(o) After "Balloons", we recommend stating "including both Latex and Mylar" (if that is the intent).

(p) We recommend clarification as to whether the "<u>written</u> plan to ensure a safe and immediate evacuation of the crib or other device" is to be included as part of the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan or as a separate document in addition to the EPR Plan.

(t) We recommend clarifying why the language is duplicated from .1003 (b) Safe Procedures, transportation section. (Or has it been moved from the other location?)

(u) We recommend the term "bio-contaminant" be defined.

This comment also applies to the Family Child Care Home rule .1719(a)(3)

NOTE: Refer to the following article from California on Standard Precautions, specifically the section on "proper disposal of materials."

http://cchp.ucsf.edu/sites/cchp.ucsf.edu/files/standardprecen020305_adr.pdf

.0608 Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma

General comment: We recommend development of sample policy and technical assistance to support implementation of these new rules.

.0705 Special Training Requirements

(a) After "Recognize common symptoms of illness," we recommend adding "and injury".

.0706 Health and Safety Training Requirements

(b)(2) We recommend that any staff member that administers medication (other than over-the-counter, topical ointments, topical teething gel, insect repellents, lotions, creams, and powders such as sunscreen or baby lotion) take a mandatory, skills-based, hands-on medication administration training to accompany online learning. This training should involve a licensed health professional, preferably a Child Care Health Consultant, to observe the individual's medication administration skills.

We recommend including a provision stating at least one person who has received this additional training should be on-site at a facility during all hours of operation.

These comments also apply to the Family Child Care Home rule .1731.

Family Child Care Homes

.1701 General provisions related to licensure of homes

(g) After "Unlimited access to the home during its operating hours," we recommend adding the language "except during a lockdown".

.1705 Health and Training Requirements for Family Child Care Home Operators

The NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center, a service of the Department of Maternal and Child Health, UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health Funded by the NC Divisions of Public Health and Child Development and Early Education and by the NC Partnership for Children, Inc.

1

(a)(3)(4) We recommend aligning the wording for First Aid and CPR and courses in this section with wording for Child Care Centers in .0705 (b).

(a)(5) We recommend that this list be aligned with Child Care Center orientation and include orientation on storage of hazardous materials and appropriate disposal of bio contaminants.

.1719 Requirements for a Safe Indoor/Outdoor Environment

(7) We recommend aligning with wording in Child Care Center section on electrical outlets .0604(c) "When not in use, electrical outlets and power strips located in space used by the children shall have approved safety outlets or be covered with safety plugs unless located behind furniture or equipment that cannot be moved by a child."

.1726 Prevention of Shaken Baby Syndrome and Abusive Head Trauma

General comment: We recommend development of sample policy and technical assistance to support implementation of these new rules.

.1731 Additional Health and Safety Training Requirements

See .0706 Health and Safety Training Requirements

Additional comments:

We recommend that emergency medication storage in Family Child Care Homes align with requirements for Child Care Centers to read "Designated emergency medications must be stored out of reach of children, but are not required to be in locked storage" (.2820(d) Storage). Currently, .1720(a)(3) states that "to assure the safety of children in care, the operator shall keep all medicines in locked storage."

The NC Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center, a service of the Department of Maternal and Child Health, UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health Funded by the NC Divisions of Public Health and Child Development and Early Education and by the NC Partnership for Children, Inc.



August 25, 2016

Ms. Dedra Alston, Rulemaking Coordinator NC Department of Health and Human Services Division of Child Development and Early Education Submitted via email to: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov

KinderCare Education has been serving children and families for over 40 years, and is best known for its KinderCare Learning Centers. In addition to KinderCare, we also provide high-quality education and care through Children's Creative Learning Centers (CCLC), our employer-sponsored child development centers, and through Champions, our programs for before, after-school, and summer learning. We offer early childhood education and care through approximately 1,500 community-based centers and employer partnerships, and before- and after-school academic enrichment programs and summer camps through more than 400 sites nationwide. Our goal is that 100 percent of our eligible centers be nationally accredited, and we have achieved this recognition at over 1300 of our centers, more than any other provider in the United States. We also actively participate in and support state Quality Rating and Improvement Systems (QRIS).

We are honored each day to provide high-quality education and care to over 150,000 children across the United States, **including more than 3,700 here in North Carolina**, through our KinderCare, Knowledge Beginnings, and Grove School programs. Our children range in age from six weeks to 12 years of age. We are committed to serving all children regardless of background and financial circumstance, and we are proud of the diverse group of children we currently serve. Approximately 50 percent of our children in North Carolina are from low-income working families who receive assistance under the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG), and each year in North Carolina we serve approximately 785,000 meals through the Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP).

KinderCare Education strongly supported the reauthorization of the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act in 2014; we were pleased to work with North Carolina in the development of their Child Care Development Fund (CCDF) plan for 2016-2018. We continue to offer our support and input as the state moves forward with legislation, regulations, and rules for the implementation of CCDBG.

KinderCare Education offers the following comments for 10A NCAC 09.1701 temporary rules:

10A NCAC 09.0705 (b) & (d)

KinderCare Education supports the requirement for all staff (in direct contact with children) to obtain First Aid and CPR. KinderCare Education employs nearly 450 staff in the state of North Carolina; the state must review the capacity of training resources to ensure adequate opportunities for timely compliance and extend the timeline if accessible and affordable opportunities to receive the training are not available in all counties.

10A NCAC09.0705 (f)

KinderCare Education supports the requirement for child care providers scheduled to work in the infant room to complete ITS-SIDS training. We support the inclusion of this topic as part of the hours needed to meet ongoing training requirements. We urge the state to review the capacity of training resources to ensure adequate opportunities for timely compliance, including accessible and affordable opportunities to receive the training in <u>all counties</u>. Current training resources are inadequate; we would support any Department funding request to provide diversity in location, an increase in number of trainings offered, and options for training at no cost to providers.

10A NCAC 09.0705 (g)

KinderCare Education supports the requirement for the completion of training regarding child abuse. We strongly recommend the state clarify if the *Recognizing and Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment* is a specific, new training or a renamed, replacement training for current regulations. We recommend the Department continue to accept alternate training on this topic and include this information on the Training Verification Form used by DCDEE child care consultants (child care licensing) to determine compliance.

KinderCare Education is proud to provide high-quality care in North Carolina and appreciates the opportunity to submit comments on the proposed temporary rules. We are encouraged by the Department's commitment to ensuring all children have access to affordable, high-quality child care. If we can be of further assistance in the development or implementation of final rules, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Thank you,

September Jones Government Relations Manager KinderCare Education, LLC sejones@kc-education.com / 703-859-2618

From: Sent:	Michael Rhodes <murhodes@outlook.com> Thursday, August 25, 2016 10:21 AM</murhodes@outlook.com>
То:	Alston, Dedra
Subject:	Proposed Temporary Rule Chapter 09 Child Care Rules

Hello Ms. Alston,

I would like to applaud the North Carolina Child Care Commission for taking steps to up date the Child Care Rules in North Carolina. After reviewing the Proposed Temporary Rules, Section 0600 Safety Requirements for Child Care Centers I felt it appropriate to recommend wording be added to include rules requiring Tobacco elimination from Child Care Facilities. I have included proposed wording below as well as some evidence based information on tobacco products.

Thank you for taking these comments and forwarding them to the Rules Committee.

Michael U. Rhodes, Director

Greene County Health Department

The proposed rule needs to include all tobacco products and the policy language should be evidenced-based and clearer for Child Care Centers. Further, it's critical for the rule to also include evidence-based tobacco-free policy language for all Family Child Care Home Operators.

- All childcare providers in centers and in home settings are responsible for the safety, health and wellbeing of children.
- Protecting the children under their care from secondhand smoke, thirdhand smoke, nicotine poisoning is part of this responsibility.
- Healthy positive adult role modeling is important for young children.

Dangers of Tobacco Use

- Tobacco use is a major cause of preventable disease and death in N.C. and the nation.
- Smoking and exposure to secondhand smoke have been found to cause heart disease, cancer, asthma, bronchitis, and other respiratory problems.
- Secondhand smoke contains 7000 chemicals and 70 known carcinogens. There is no safe level of secondhand smoke.
- The residual contaminants from secondhand smoke (also known as "thirdhand smoke") can linger on carpets, upholstery, or other fabrics and surfaces long after the tobacco product has been extinguished.
- Infants and children, whose bodies are still developing, are especially susceptible to the adverse health effects of exposure to tobacco smoke.

Nicotine Poisoning and Children:

- Nicotine is an acute toxin. Exposure to nicotine through cigarette butts, e-liquids or other tobacco waste can cause nausea and vomiting, respiratory arrest, seizures, even death.
- Ingesting tobacco products is a major reason for toxic exposure in infants and children reported to poison control centers.
- Calls to the Carolinas Poison Control Center for child-related exposures to electronic cigarettes/e-liquids increased from 8 in 2011 to 155 in 2015.

26

E-cigarettes:

- Electronic cigarettes or e-cigarettes, closely resemble the act of smoking.
- They produce an aerosol that typically contain nicotine derived from tobacco, which is a highly addictive and other harmful substances, especially for children.
- The use of e-cigarettes threatens to re-normalize smoking to children, potentially jeopardizing tobacco use prevention efforts of the past decade and the present.

Proposed Rules

SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS

10ANCAC 09.0604 SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS

Evidence-based Tobacco Use Policy Recommendations:

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas and on the property used or controlled by the child care center.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the center to transport children; and during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions.
- Require that signage is posted at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors, contractors or staff of this tobacco-free property policy.
- NOTE: This is consistent with the N.C. Tobacco-free Schools campus policy. G.S. 115C-407. Policy prohibiting tobacco use in school buildings, grounds, and at school-sponsored events.
- NOTE: The provision that "all smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage" may not be needed if all staff and visitors are prohibited from tobacco use on the property.

FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS

10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT

Evidence-based Tobacco Use Policy Recommendations:

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas of the family child care home and on the provider's outdoor property during the hours of operation.
- Prohibit tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the family child care home to transport children.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions during the hours of operation.

- Keep all property free of cigarette butts and any other tobacco product and/or e-cigarette litter.
- Keep any tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and e-liquids, located on the property in locked storage during the hours of operation.
- Post signage at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors or staff of this tobacco-free policy.
- Disclose (both orally and in writing) to the parents or guardians of children cared for if smoking or any other tobacco use is permitted on the property outside of its hours of operation.

North Carolina Alliance for Health

3131 RDU Center Drive, Suite 100 Morrisville, North Carolina 27560 919.463.8329 info@ncallianceforhealth.org www.ncallianceforhealth.org

August 25, 2016

Ms. Dedra Alston Rulemaking Coordinator NC Division of Child Development and Early Education 2201 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699

Dear Ms. Alston:

The North Carolina Alliance for Health respectfully submits these comments for amendments to the temporary child care rules proposed in accordance with the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 2014. I applaud the North Carolina Child Care Commission for proposing a new rule to protect children from the harms of smoking and e-cigarettes. However, the proposed rule should include all tobacco products. Additionally, the policy language should be evidence-based and should be made clearer for Child Care Centers. Furthermore, it is critical that the rule also includes evidence-based, tobacco-free policy language for all Family Child Care Home Operators.

These changes to the proposed rule are especially important because all childcare providers in centers and in home settings are responsible for the safety, health, and wellbeing of the children for whom they provide care. Thus, they are also responsible for protecting children under their care from second hand and thirdhand smoke and nicotine poisoning.

Tobacco use remains a major cause of preventable disease and death in North Carolina and in the nation. Infants and children, whose bodies are still developing, are especially susceptible to the adverse health effects of exposure to tobacco smoke, exposure to which has been found to cause heart disease, cancer, asthma, bronchitis, and other respiratory problems. There is no safe level of exposure to secondhand smoke, and residual contaminants from secondhand smoke, also known as thirdhand smoke, can linger on carpets, upholstery, and other fabrics and surfaces long after the tobacco product has been extinguished.

In addition to the dangers of secondhand and thirdhand smoke, nicotine, an acute toxin, presents a serious danger to children. Exposure to nicotine through cigarette butts, e-liquids, and other tobacco waste can cause nausea and vomiting, respiratory arrest, seizures, and even death. Ingesting tobacco products is a major reason for toxic exposure in infants and children

reported to poison control centers. In fact, calls to the Carolinas Poison Control Center for childrelated exposures to e-cigarettes and e-liquids increased from 8 in 2011 to 155 in 2015.

As you can see, the need for clear, evidence-based, policy language that includes all tobacco products is vital to providing safe, healthy child care environments. Therefore, the North Carolina Alliance for Health urges the North Carolina Child Care Commission to consider making the changes outlined below.

Proposed Rules SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS 10ANCAC 09.0604 SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS

Evidence-based Tobacco Use Policy Recommendations:

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas and on the property used or controlled by the child care center.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the center to transport children; and during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions.
- Require that signage is posted at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors, contractors or staff of this tobacco-free property policy.
- NOTE: This is consistent with the N.C. Tobacco-free Schools campus policy. G.S. 115C-407. Policy prohibiting tobacco use in school buildings, grounds, and at school-sponsored events.
- NOTE: The provision that "all smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage" may not be needed if all staff and visitors are prohibited from tobacco use on the property.

FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS

10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT Evidence-based Tobacco Use Policy Recommendations:

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas of the family child care home and on the provider's outdoor property during the hours of operation.
- Prohibit tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the family child care home to transport children.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions during the hours of operation.
- Keep all property free of cigarette butts and any other tobacco product and/or ecigarette litter.
- Keep any tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and e-liquids, located on the property in locked storage during the hours of operation.

- Post signage at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors or staff of this tobacco-free policy.
- Disclose (both orally and in writing) to the parents or guardians of children cared for if smoking or any other tobacco use is permitted on the property outside of its hours of operation.

Thank you for your consideration and for the opportunity to provide comment.

Warmly,

Morgan Wittman Gramann

Morgan Wittman Gramann Managing Director

From:	Mary Gillett <mgillett@myguilford.com></mgillett@myguilford.com>
Sent:	Thursday, August 25, 2016 10:29 AM
To:	Alston, Dedra
Subject:	Day Care Rules feedback
Subject:	Day Care Rules feedback

Importance:

High

Dear Ms. Alston --

I am so happy to be allowed to provide input on the proposed rules for Family Child Care Home Operators. These rules are so important for the health and safety of both children and staff.

On behalf of Guilford County DHHS, Health Division, I applaud your efforts, but would strongly advise that the proposed rule also include all tobacco products and that the language be clearer. Providing a healthy and positive role model is a key factor in caring for young children and protecting them from secondhand and even third hand smoke and nicotine poisoning is obviously an important part of providing a responsible and safe atmosphere.

What we know about the dangers of tobacco use is clear -

- Tobacco use is a major cause of preventable disease and death in N.C. and the nation.
- Smoking and exposure to secondhand smoke have been found to cause heart disease, cancer, asthma, bronchitis, and other respiratory problems.
- Secondhand smoke contains 7000 chemicals and 70 known carcinogens. There is no safe level of secondhand smoke.
- The residual contaminants from secondhand smoke (also known as "third hand smoke") can linger on carpets, upholstery, or other fabrics and surfaces long after the tobacco product has been extinguished.
- Infants and children, whose bodies are still developing, are especially susceptible to the adverse health effects of
 exposure to tobacco smoke.
- Nicotine is an acute toxin. Exposure to nicotine through cigarette butts, e-liquids or other tobacco waste can cause nausea and vomiting, respiratory arrest, seizures, even death.
- Ingesting tobacco products is a major reason for toxic exposure in infants and children reported to poison control centers.
- Calls to the Carolinas Poison Control Center for child-related exposures to electronic cigarettes/e-liquids increased from 8 in 2011 to 155 in 2015.

In addition, we have concerns about the newly emerging use of electronic cigarettes:

- Electronic cigarettes or e-cigarettes, closely resemble the act of smoking.
- They produce an aerosol that typically contains nicotine derived from tobacco, which is a highly addictive and other harmful substances, especially for children.
- The use of e-cigarettes threatens to re-normalize smoking to children, potentially jeopardizing tobacco use prevention efforts of the past decade and the present.

The following are evidence based Tobacco Use Policy Recommendations:

Proposed Rules

SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS

10ANCAC 09.0604 SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but
 not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days
 a week in all indoor areas and on the property used or controlled by the child care center.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the center to transport children; and during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions.
- Require that signage is posted at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors, contractors or staff of this tobacco-free property policy.
- NOTE: This is consistent with the N.C. Tobacco-free Schools campus policy. G.S. 115C-407. Policy prohibiting tobacco use in school buildings, grounds, and at school-sponsored events.
- NOTE: The provision that "all smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage" may not be needed if all staff and visitors are prohibited from tobacco use on the property.

FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS

10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas of the family child care home and on the provider's outdoor property during the hours of operation.
- Prohibit tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the family child care home to transport children.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions during the hours of operation.
- Keep all property free of cigarette butts and any other tobacco product and/or e-cigarette litter.
- Keep any tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and e-liquids, located on the property in locked storage during the hours of operation.
- Post signage at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors or staff of this tobacco-free policy.
- Disclose (both orally and in writing) to the parents or guardians of children cared for if smoking or any other tobacco use is permitted on the property outside of its hours of operation.

Thank you so much for your consideration,

Mary

Mary Gillett, MS, Region Five Tobacco Prevention Manager (Serving Alamance, Caswell, Chatham, Durham, Guilford, Orange, Person and Rockingham Counties) Guilford County DHHS, Division of Public Health 1203 Maple Street Greensboro, NC 27410 (336) 641-6000 Fax (336) 641-6971 mgillett@myguilford.com http://www.myguilford.com/humanservices/health www.facebook.com/GuilfordCountyPublicHealth

RICHARD O. BRAJER Secretary

DANIEL STALEY Director, Division of Public Health



Public Health HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

August 25, 2016

Dedra Alston Rulemaking Coordinator NC Division of Child Development and Early Education 2201 Mail Service Center Raleigh NC 27699-2200

Dear Ms. Alston:

Thank you so much for the opportunity to comment on the Proposed Temporary Rulemaking by the NC Child Care Commission. The Tobacco Prevention and Control Branch of the NC Division of Public Health is submitting comments to update the rules related to smoking and other tobacco use at child care facilities. See attached recommended language to protect the health of children in North Carolina's child care homes and centers. The rationale for these changes are as follows:

Childcare providers are responsible for the safety, health and wellbeing of children. Protecting the children under their care from secondhand smoke, thirdhand smoke, nicotine poisoning is part of this responsibility. Also, healthy positive adult role modeling is important for young children.

Dangers of Tobacco Use and Secondhand Smoke

- Tobacco use is a major cause of preventable disease and death in N.C. and the nation.
- Smoking and exposure to secondhand smoke have been found to cause heart disease, cancer, asthma, bronchitis, and other respiratory problems.
- Secondhand smoke contains 7000 chemicals and 70 known carcinogens.
- There is no safe level of secondhand smoke.
- The residual contaminants from secondhand smoke (also known as "thirdhand smoke") can linger on carpets, upholstery, clothing or other fabrics and surfaces long after the tobacco product has been extinguished. It reacts with common indoor air compounds to create a cancer-causing mix that can be breathed in or absorbed through the skin. Children are particularly at risk for damage from third hand smoke.
- Infants and children, whose bodies are still developing, are especially susceptible to the adverse health effects of exposure to tobacco smoke.

Nicotine Poisoning and Children:

• Nicotine is an acute toxin. Exposure to nicotine through cigarette butts, e-liquids from ecigarettes or other tobacco waste can cause nausea and vomiting, respiratory arrest, seizures, even death.

Nothing Compares

Department of Health and Human Services (Division of Public Health 5505 Stx Forks Road | 1932 Mail Service Centeri Raleigh, NC 27699-1915 919 707 5400 T | 919 870 4844 F

May 31, 2016 Page #2

- Ingesting tobacco products is a major reason for toxic exposure in infants and children reported to
 poison control centers.
- Calls to the Carolinas Poison Control Center for child-related exposures to electronic cigarettes/eliquids increased from 8 in 2011 to 155 in 2015.

E-cigarettes:

- Electronic cigarettes or e-cigarettes, closely resemble the act of smoking.
- They produce an aerosol that typically contain nicotine derived from tobacco, which is a highly addictive and other harmful substances, especially for children.
- The use of e-cigarettes threatens to re-normalize smoking to children, potentially jeopardizing tobacco use prevention efforts of the past decade and the present.

Please do not hesitate to contact Sally Herndon, Tobacco Prevention and Control Branch, <u>sally.herndon@dhhs.nc.gov</u>; 919-707-5401 or Jim Martin, Director of Policy and Programs; <u>jim.martin@dhhs.nc.gov</u>; 919-707-5404 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Sally Hender

Sally Herndon, MPH Head, Tobacco Prevention and Control Branch

Cc: Danny Staley Maribeth Wooten Chris Hoke Sharon Rhyne

Proposed Temporary Rule Language

SECTION - .0600 ---SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS 10ANCAC 09.0604 SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS

(h) Smoking, including use of e-Cigarettes, is not permitted in space used by children when children are present. on the premises of the child care center. All smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage. storage or out of the reach of children. Smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah is prohibited at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas and on the property used or controlled by the child care center. All tobacco product use is prohibited within any motor vehicle used by the center to transport children; and during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions. Signage must be posted at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors, contractors or staff of this tobacco-free property policy.

Section .1700 – FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS

10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT

- a) <u>The operator of a family child care home shall maintain a safe indoor and outdoor</u> environment for children in care. In addition, the operator shall:
 - Prohibit the use of smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas of the family child care home and on the provider's outdoor property during the hours of operation.

36

- Prohibit all tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the family child care home to transport children.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions during the hours of operation.
- 4) <u>Keep all property free of cigarette butts and any other tobacco</u> product and/or e-cigarette litter.
- 5) Keep any tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and e-liquids. located on the property in locked storage during the hours of operation.
- 6) <u>Post signage at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic</u> <u>locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors or</u> <u>staff of this tobacco-free policy.</u>

Alston, Dedra

From:	Yahoo Mail <carltongriffin24@yahoo.com></carltongriffin24@yahoo.com>	
Sent:	Thursday, August 25, 2016 12:42 PM	
To:	Alston, Dedra	
Subject:	pre-service/orientations on line	

I feel strongly that these trainings be taught in person rather than on-line. Most of my staff work all day and do not have computers at home to take the on-line training that is being proposed. The public library in our community closes at 5.00pm. This action will pose an inconvenience to all my staff including me. Would you please reconsider this action and keep the in person training the way it is.

Thank you so much for your consideration!

Carlton Griffin/Director

C & N Basic Learning center :Edenton, N.C.



life is why

Mid-Atlantic Affiliate 3131 RDU Center Drive, Suite 100 | Morrisville, NC 27560 www.heart.org

August 24, 2016

Dedra Alston Rulemaking Coordinator NC Division of Child Development and Early Education 2201 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-2200

RE: PROPOSED TEMPORARY RULES - Eff. September 23, 2016 Chapter 09: Child Care Rules Section: 0600 Safety Requirements for Child Care Centers

Dear Members of the North Carolina Child Care Commission:

Thank you for this opportunity to provide public comment on the proposed temporary rules in accordance to the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014. We applaed the NC Child Care Commission for proposing new rules that update existing rules that seek to protect the safety of our children. The American Heart Association/American Stroke Association's (AHA/ASA) mission is to build healthier lives, free of cardiovascular diseases and stroke.

The AHA/ASA works to promote policies and regulations that will ensure access to healthy environments and adherence to nationally recognized guidelines to assure optimum health outcomes. The proposed temporary rules offer an opportunity for the NC Child Care Commission to align rules with the intent of other state legislation and rules that seek to provide a healthy environment for our children, guidelines for emergency response, and assurance that people are trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

AHA/ASA supports protecting children from the harms of smoking and e-cigarettes. However, we recommend the rule include all tobacco products and the policy language should be evidenced-based and clearer for Child Care Centers. It is critical for the rule to also include evidence-based tobacco-free policy language for all Family Child Care Home Operators. All childcare providers in centers and in home settings are responsible for the safety, health and wellbeing of children. Protecting the children under their care from secondhand smoke, thirdhand smoke, nicotine polsoning is part of this responsibility. Further healthy, positive adult role modeling is important for young children.

SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS 10ANCAC 09.0604 SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS

The Child Care Center rule should:

 Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas and on the property used or controlled by the child care center.

"Building healthler lives, free of cardiovascular diseases and stroke."

life is why™ es por la vida™ 全為生命™



Mid-Atlantis Affiliate 3131 RDU Center Drive, Suite 100 | Morrisylle, NC 27550 www.heart.org

- Prohibit all tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the center to transport children; and during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions.
- Require that signage is posted at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors, contractors or staff of this tobacco-free property policy.

This recommendation is consistent with the N.C. Tobacco-free Schools campus policy: G.S. 115C-40 -Policy prohibiting tobacco use in school buildings, grounds, and at school-sponsored events. Further with these suggested changes, the provision that "all smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage" may not be needed if all staff and visitors are prohibited from tobacco use on the property.

FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS 10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT

The Family Child Care Home rule should;

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas of the family child care home and on the provider's outdoor property during the hours of operation.
- Prohibit tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the family child care home to transport children.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions during the hours of operation.
- Keep all property free of cigarette butts and any other tobacco product and/or e-cigarette litter.
- Keep any tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and e-liquids, located on the property in locked storage during the hours of operation.
- Post signage at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors or staff of this tobacco-free policy.
- Disclose (both orally and in writing) to the parents or guardians of children cared for if smoking
 or any other tobacco use is permitted on the property outside of its hours of operation.

SECTION .0700 – HEALTH AND OTHER STANDARDS FOR CENTER STAFF 10A NCAC 09 .0705 SPECIAL TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

The AHA/ASA supports assuring all staff in child care center be trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and prepared to respond in a cardiovascular emergency. We recommend that the rule in this section clearly specify that training course be an instructional program developed by the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or other nationally recognized programs that is based on the most current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care guidelines for CPR. Specifying that training must be from national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular guidelines for CPR creates

"Building healthier lives, free of cardiovascular diseases and stroke."

40

Ilfe is why™ es por la vida™ 全為生命™ Platse ramentar ling American Hond Association in your vill.

32



Mid-Atfantic Affiliate 3131 RDU Center Drive, Suite 100 | Morrisville, NC 27560 www.heart.org

consistency with Section .1700 Family Child Care Home Requirements and Session Law 2012-197 Completion of CPR by Students Required, a requirement for high school graduation.

SECTION .1700 - FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS 10A NCAC 09 .1705 HEALTH AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS FOR FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME OPERATORS

In this section we recommend that language be amended to specify that the training course be an instructional program developed by the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or other nationally recognized programs that is based on the most current national evidence-based emergency cardiovascular care guidelines for CPR. This will create consistency within the rules and assure that care givers are trained and prepared to respond in the event of a cardiac emergency.

The AHA/ASA appreciates the work of the NC Child Care Commission and efforts to update these rules. We urge the Commission to further amend the proposed rules to reflect the recommendations contained in this letter. These rules seek to ensure the health and safety of children and should be evidence-based and consistent with national guidelines.

Thank you for this opportunity to provide comment.

Sincerely,

Betsy Vetter Regional Vice President of Government Relations

"Building healthier lives; free of cardiovascular diseases and stroke."

August 24, 2016

Dedra Alston, Rulemaking Coordinator NC Division of Child Development and Early Education 2201 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-2200 Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov.

RE: Proposed Temporary Rules - Chapter 09 - Child Care Rules Section - .0600 - Safety Requirements For Child Care Centers

Dear Ms. Alston:

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the proposed rules. We would like to offer comment on three concerns: tobacco products, asthma episode prevention, and air quality.

Tobacco products:

Thank you for proposing a new rule to protect children from the harms of smoking and e-cigarettes. We request the proposed rule include all tobacco products and the policy language be evidenced-based and clear for Child Care Centers and all Family Child Care Home Operators.

The harms from tobacco exposure are well documented. Tobacco use is a major cause of preventable disease and death in N.C. and the nation. Smoking and exposure to secondhand smoke have been found to cause heart disease, cancer, asthma, bronchitis, and other respiratory problems. Secondhand smoke contains 7000 chemicals and 70 known carcinogens. There is no safe level of secondhand smoke. The residual contaminants from secondhand smoke (also known as "thirdhand smoke") can linger on carpets, upholstery, or other fabrics and surfaces long after the tobacco product has been extinguished. Infants and children, whose bodies are still developing, are especially susceptible to the adverse health effects of exposure to tobacco smoke.

As all childcare providers in centers and in home settings are responsible for the safety, health and wellbeing of children, protecting children under their care from secondhand smoke, thirdhand smoke, and nicotine poisoning is part of this responsibility. We also believe that healthy positive adult role modeling is important for young children. Proposed changes are noted below.

Asthma:

More than 6 million American children have been diagnosed with asthma. It causes millions of lost school and work days every year and is the third leading cause of hospitalization among children. It is an ongoing challenge to provide safe and healthy environments for these children. Without proper education and awareness, asthma can be frightening not only for children living with the disease, but also for the adults caring for them. We encourage parents and caregivers to arm themselves with proper information about a child's asthma in order to prevent asthma attacks and other emergencies.

We ask you to consider requiring every child with asthma have a written plan on file, listing allergies and asthma triggers, medication schedule, and emergency instructions. A sample asthma action plan is attached. We further request that part of worker training include basic asthma information: identification of symptoms of asthma, warning signs that asthma is flaring up, and how to recognize emergency situations; and that staff is trained to administer medication and the use and care of nebulizers, inhalers, spacer and peak flow meters.

401 Hawthorne Lane, Suite 110 #298, Charlotte, NC 28207

Ph: 770.544.0520 F: 770.319.0349 Lung.org June.Deen@LungSE.org

1-800-LUNGUSA LUNG.org

4 S V

AMERICAN LUNG ASSOCIATION.

Air Quality:

Children face special risks from air pollution because their lungs are growing and because they are so active. Eighty percent of their tiny air sacs develop after birth. Children are outside for longer periods of time than adults and are usually more active when outdoors. Consequently, they inhale more polluted outdoor air than adults typically do. Children should stay indoors when the air pollution index is very high. We encourage awareness and use of the Air Quality Index, an Environmental Protection Agency index that grades air quality in terms of associated health effects, and the use of EnviroFlash, an electronic information system designed to alert the public about air quality forecasts via email, or use of the toll-free line 1-888-RUN4NCAIR.

Again, thank you for the opportunity to provide these comments and suggestions. Please contact the American Lung Association whenever we can be of service.

1-800-LUNGUSA | LUNG.org

Sincerely

June Den

June Deen Senior Vice President of Public Policy and Health Promotions American Lung Association of the Southeast, Inc. on behalf of the American Lung Association in North Carolina.

attachments

401 Hawthorne Lane, Suite 110 #298, Charlotte, NC 28207 Ph: 770.544.0520 F: 770.319.0349 Lung.org June.Deen@LungSE.org 

Proposed Rules

SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS 10ANCAC 09.0604 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Evidence-based Tobacco Use Policy Recommendations:

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas and on the property used or controlled by the child care center.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the center to transport children; and during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions.
- Require that signage is posted at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors, contractors or staff of this tobacco-free property policy. NOTE: This is consistent with the N.C. Tobacco-free Schools campus policy. G.S. 115C-407. Policy prohibiting tobacco use in school buildings, grounds, and at school-sponsored events. NOTE: The provision that "all smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage" may not be needed if all staff and visitors are prohibited from tobacco use on the property.

FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS

10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT Evidence-based Tobacco Use Policy Recommendations:

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas of the family child care home and on the provider's outdoor property during the hours of operation.
- Prohibit tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the family child care home to transport children.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions during the hours of operation.
- Keep all property free of cigarette butts and any other tobacco product and/or e-cigarette litter.
- Keep any tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and e-liquids, located on the property in locked storage during the hours of operation.
- Post signage at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors or staff of this tobacco-free policy.
- Disclose (both orally and in writing) to the parents or guardians of children cared for if smoking or any other tobacco use is permitted on the property outside of its hours of operation.

401 Hawthorne Lane, Suite 110 #298, Charlotte, NC 28207 Ph: 770.544.0520 F: 770.319.0349 Lung.org June.Deen@LungSE.org

Asthma Action Plan

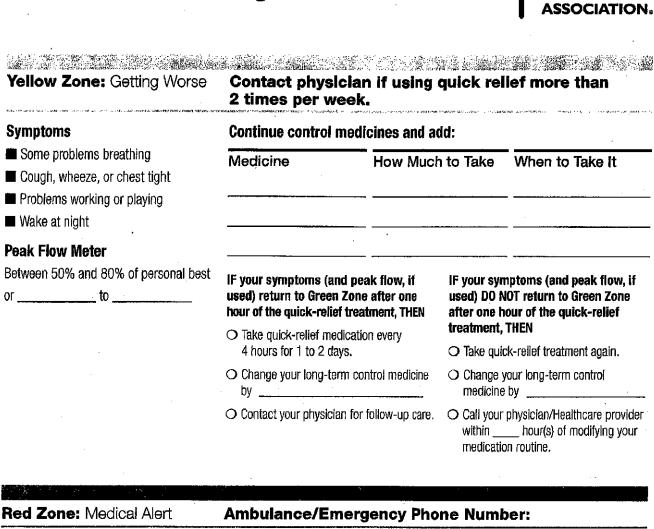


General Information:

Name			
Emergency contact	<u></u>		
Phone numbers			
Physician/healthcare provid	ler		
Phone numbers		<u></u>	
Physician signature			_ Date
Severity Classification	Triggers		Exercise
O Intermittent	O Colds	O Smoke	1. Premedication (how much and when)
O Moderate Persistent	O Weather	O Exercise	
O Mild Persistent	O Dust	O Air Pollution	2. Exercise modifications
O Severe Persistent	O Animals	O Food	
	O Other		
Green Zone: Doing Well		/ Meter Persona	al Best =
Symptoms	Control Med	ications:	
 Breathing is good No cough or wheeze 	Medicine	How Mu	uch to Take When to Take It
 Can work and play Sleeps well at night 			
Peak Flow Meter More than 80% of personal best			· · · · ·

えつ

Asthma Action Plan—Page 2



Symptoms

- Lots of problems breathing
- Cannot work or play
- Getting worse instead of better
- Medicine is not helping

Peak Flow Meter

Less than 50% of personal best or ______ to _____

Go to the hospital or call for an ambulance if:

Continue control medicines and add:

How Much to Take

- O Still in the red zone after 15 minutes.
- O You have not been able to reach your physician/healthcare provider for help.
- 0

Medicine

Call an ambulance immediately if the following danger signs are present:

When to Take It

AMERICAN

UNG

- Trouble walking/talking due to shortness of breath.
- O Lips or fingernails are blue.

Alston, [)edra
-----------	-------

From:	Brown, Juanita <juanita.brown@mecklenburgcountync.gov></juanita.brown@mecklenburgcountync.gov>
Sent:	Thursday, August 25, 2016 4:25 PM
To:	Alston, Dedra
Cc:	Combo, Lawanda; Watson, Tisshue; Lamonica, Nicole
Subject:	Proposed Rule Changes-Online Trainings

Hello Ms. Alston,

I am representing the Child Care Health Consultants in Mecklenburg County. Our role in helping child care facilities in the areas of health and safety is extremely important to the team. We have spent the last few days mulling over the proposed rule changes regarding required trainings and the possibility of making them available online. After much discussion, we believe this would be a grave mistake for various reasons. The purpose of this letter is to hopefully give you and other rule making entities at the NC DCDEE our view of why this may be detrimental to child care providers in our state.

As Health Consultants, we have been provided several trainings to child care providers in the community. We have seen the benefits of face to face trainings and hands on application are for the facilities. To begin, I would like to address the benefit of any student having the opportunity to ask questions and have them answered immediately. This allows for better understanding of information that may not have been clear. In the midst of our trainings, it helps to be able to see each participant's face to assess understanding and comprehension. This allows us to reiterate a topic or give examples that illustrate the point trying to be conveyed.

When using examples, many of the participants are able to share their own real life experiences. These help the other students as well as the trainers. It gives us a repertoire of real life stories and scenarios which we can adapt to the various learning styles of the caregivers that attend our classes. This can turn a training that initially seems daunting into a rich learning experience, encouraging a provider to learn more and seek to incorporate new skills into their daily routine. What was once just a required class becomes a source of new and interesting information that helps caregivers to improve their facility and the care they provide to the children of our community.

We, as Child Care Health Consultants, have a unique and special relationship with the providers we serve in Mecklenburg County. It is important that we are present to help encourage providers to comply with the rules. This sometimes means that we explain the importance of doing things correctly. In the past, we have had instances where we corrected teachers who tried to avoid doing all the work necessary for an online class. We stress what information is lost when they only take the test or don't read through all of the material. It is vital that providers understand the value of what they are attempting to learn. In a face to face training, this is not an issue. They come together and learn rather than sitting in front of a screen alone.

Our team in Mecklenburg County wants it to be known that we are extremely concerned about what online trainings would mean for the safety and health of our facilities in North Carolina. It is necessary when addressing emergency medications, allergies and anaphylaxis, child maltreatment and many other important issues that we have in person trainings and consultation. It would be detrimental to everyone if we were not allowed to continue to provide this service to the community.

Thank you for your time,

Mecklenburg County Child Care Health Consultants

Juanita D. Brown, RN, BSN

Child Care Health Consultant Mecklenburg County Health Department 2845 Beatties Ford Road Charlotte, NC 28216 cellular: 704.258.4718 office: 980.314.9341 (new) Juanita.brown@mecklenburgcountync.gov

CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This message and any attachments included are from the Mecklenburg County Health Department and are for sole use by the intended recipient(s). The information contained herein may include confidential or privileged information. Unauthorized review, forwarding, printing, copying, distributing, or using such information is strictly prohibited and may be unlawful. If you received this message in error, or have reason to believe you are not authorized to receive it, please contact the sender by reply email and destroy all copies of the original message. Thank you!

2

Alston, Dedra

From:	Linda Piper <linda@nclcca.org></linda@nclcca.org>
Sent:	Thursday, August 25, 2016 4:56 PM
To:	Alston, Dedra
Cć:	Dr. Glenda Weinert; bladesemp@bgroup.net; jicbrownlee@carolina.rr.com; April Duvall; laurie morin; Charles McDowelll, III; Kay Lowrance; Elizabeth Gilleland; Melanie Gayle;
	Zac Everhart; Lisa Humphreys; info@happyhandshappyfeet.info; Linda Vandevender;
	Billy Walton; Kristin Weaver
Subject:	NCLCCA Feedback on Temporary Rules

Members of the NC Child Care Commission,

We would like to share comments on the proposed temporary rules submitted to OAH on July 26, 2016 for 10A NCAC 09 .0705 and .0707.

First Aid and CPR time frame

Rules .0705 (b) and (d) require all staff to complete First Aid and CPR within six weeks of employment.

We support the requirement that at least one certified staff member be present at all times when children are in care. However, we encourage you to extend the timef rame required for completion of First Aid and CPR.

This rule change is going to lead to a large number of child care staff needing to obtain First Aid and CPR training. We can expect, at a minimum, longer delays to obtain training as classes fill up faster. There could also be cost increases as the law of supply and demand kicks in, with more people needing to be trained in a hurry.

Since the guidelines outlined in the Federal Register do not require these certifications to be completed within the first six weeks, we hope you will reconsider. A phasing-in period, as other states are implementing based on their CCDF plans, is an option that should be considered.

Completion of Orientation for New Employees

Rule .0707 (a) includes new proposed language as follows:

As part of this orientation, each new employee shall complete six clock hours of training within the first two weeks of employment.

To address issues faced by providers who have immediate staffing needs but are waiting for criminal background checks to be completed, we would like to be able to begin orientation earlier than is currently allowed. Please consider adding a phrase that would allow orientation to begin sooner, such as "which may be obtained prior to receipt of the criminal record check qualifying letter as long as training is completed in the absence of children in care." Another option might be to allow some portions of the training to be completed off-site prior to receipt of the qualifying letter.

Allowance for Inservice Training Requirements

Additionally, rule .0707 (a) says:

Training required pursuant to this Rule shall not be counted toward annual ongoing training requirements.

We would like you to reconsider allowing some components of the training to be counted toward training requirements. We believe other states DO allow these trainings to be counted for inservice training.

At a minimum, it should be counted for the first year of employment for new staff and for the first year that the new training is required for existing staff.

Thank you for your consideration, and please do not hesitate to contact me if you would like further feedback.

Linda Piper

cell (252) 290-5717 office (252) 234-5945 NC Licensed Child Care Association 3801 Lake Boone Trail, Ste. 190, Raleigh, NC 27607 Alston, Dedra

From: Sent:	Cynthia Smith <mailcindy.cs@gmail.com> Friday, August 26, 2016 12:21 AM</mailcindy.cs@gmail.com>	
То:	Alston, Dedra	
Subject:	2 hour online Medication Administration Training.	

Addressing the proposal to have a 2 hour, online medication administration training:

To Whom It May Concern.

Anyone who administers medication to a child in the child care setting should be required to take an in-person medication administration training with a skills based sign-off to show proficiency.

"The in-person training should involve a licensed health professional, such as a child care health consultant, who would observe the individual's medication administration skills."

At least one person who has received this additional training should be on-site at the child care all times.

A two hour, online training is not sufficient to safely and adequately administer either basic or emergency medication to a child, nor will it get in-person feedback on medication administration skills.

Any training should include North Carolina specific rules and address the actual violations occurring in North Carolina Child Care facilities.

If an Early Childhood Educator has already taken a comparable training through from a field based training provider, college class, or other source that an equivalency will be accepted so they don't have to do repeat training.

We ask that DCDEE collaborate with the Child Care Health Consultant network so CCHCs, can support and facilitate whenever possible, these online trainings and be knowledgeable to answer content-specific questions in the field.

Cindy M Smith RN Child Care Health Consultant Chowan Perquimans, Tyrrell & Washington

252-482-3035



Ms. Dedra Alston Rulemaking Coordinator NC Division of Child Development and Early Education 2201 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699

RE: Proposed Temporary Rules Chapter 9: Child Care Rules Section .0600 Safety Requirements for Child Care Centers

Dear Members of the North Carolina Child Care Commission:

Thank you for the opportunity to provide public comment on the proposed temporary rules in accordance with the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 2014. Furthermore, we thank the NC Child Care Commission for proposing a new rule to protect children from the harms of smoking and e-cigarettes.

ACS CAN supports evidence-based policy and legislative solutions designed to eliminate cancer as a major health problem. As such, we support your efforts to protect our children from exposure to smoking and ecigarettes. However, the proposed rule must include all tobacco products and the policy language should be evidenced-based and clearer for Child Care Centers. Additionally, it's critical for the rule to also include evidence-based tobacco-free policy language for all Family Child Care Home Operators.

Tobacco use remains a major cause of preventable disease and death in North Carolina and in the nation. Infants and children, whose bodies are still developing, are especially susceptible to the adverse health effects of exposure to tobacco smoke, exposure to which has been found to cause cancer, heart disease, asthma, bronchitis, and other respiratory problems. There is no safe level of exposure to secondhand smoke, and residual contaminants from secondhand smoke, also known as thirdhand smoke, can linger on carpets, upholstery, and other fabrics and surfaces long after the tobacco product has been extinguished.

These changes to the proposed rule are so important because all childcare providers in centers and in home settings are responsible for the safety, health and wellbeing of children. Protecting the children under their care from secondhand smoke, thirdhand smoke, and nicotine poisoning is part of this responsibility. Moreover, healthy positive adult role modeling is important for young children.

SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS FOR CHILD CARE CENTERS 10ANCAC 09.0604 SAFTETY REQUIREMENTS

The Child Care Center rule should:

MM



- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas and on the property used or controlled by the child care center.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the center to transport children; and during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions.
- Require that signage is posted at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors, contractors or staff of this tobacco-free property policy.

This recommendation is consistent with the N.C. Tobacco-free Schools campus policy. G.S. 115C-407. Policy prohibiting tobacco use in school buildings, grounds, and at school-sponsored events. Further, with these suggested changes the provision that "all smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage" may not be needed since staff and visitors would be prohibited from tobacco use on the property.

FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS 10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT

The Family Child Care Rule should:

- Prohibit smoking and the use of any tobacco product containing, made or derived from tobacco, including but not limited to e-cigarettes, cigars, little cigars, smokeless tobacco, and hookah at all times 24 hours a day/7 days a week in all indoor areas of the family child care home and on the provider's outdoor property during the hours of operation.
- Prohibit tobacco product use within any motor vehicle used by the family child care home to transport children.
- Prohibit all tobacco product use during field trips, walks, or other off-property activities and functions during the hours of operation.
- Keep all property free of cigarette butts and any other tobacco product and/or e-cigarette litter.
- Keep any tobacco products, including e-cigarettes and e-liquids, located on the property in locked storage during the hours of operation.
- Post signage at doorways, on vehicles, or at any other strategic locations to notify parents, guardians, and any other visitors or staff of this tobacco-free policy.



Disclose (both orally and in writing) to the parents or guardians of children cared for if smoking

or any other tobacco use is permitted on the property outside of its hours of operation.

The American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network appreciates the work being done by the NC Child Care Committee and their efforts to update these rules. We urge the Commission to amend the proposed rules by adopting the recommendations included in this letter. These evidence based rules will help to ensure the health and safety of children.

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comment.

Best regards,

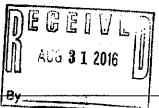
11 layn

Ray Riordan | North Carolina Grassroots Manager American Cancer Society Cancer Action Network, Inc. 8300 Health Park Suite 10

Raleigh, NC 27615

Phone: 919.334.7203

Gmail



The Ark <director.theark.childcare@gmail.com>

ONLINE ONLY TRAININGS

The Ark <director.theark.childcare@gmail.com> Draft To: dedra.alston@dhhs.nc.gov Thu, Aug 25, 2016 at 10:14 AM

Dear MS Alston,

I have recently been made aware of the fact that DCDEE has proposed that the Child Care Commission make a number (actually 10) of child Care staff's required trainings be made available ONLY ONLINE. Currently, we receive those trainings on health and safety in person with our CCHC coordinator.

I personally feel CPR and First Aid Training needs to be hands on!!! Also Emergency Prepardedness and Response training is extensive!! My CCHC trainer was essential in the process of completing our center's EPR Plan.

I ALSO FEEL THAT THIS WOULD ADVERSELY AFFECT RURAL COUNTIES. Too often the state does not take into consideration the demographics of rural counties. In our case here in Chowan County, many middle-aged and older individuals who make caring, loving child care employees are not computer literate. This proposal would put them and us at a disadvantage.

Jo Lichtenwalner, Director

"The Ark" Child Care Center

Edenton United Methodist Church P. O. Box 37, 225 Virginia Road Edenton, NC 27932

director.theark.childcare@gmail.com

252-482-1699

I tried sending this message to you on line! Perhaps Thave

Your wrong e-mail address?! Thus I am mailing my thoughts to you for what they are worth.

Sincerely, To Lichtennalner

Alston, Dedra

From:	Dorothy Rawleigh <dorothy.rawleigh@chathamnc.org></dorothy.rawleigh@chathamnc.org>
Sent:	Friday, August 12, 2016 9:07 AM
To:	Alston, Dedra
Subject:	comments on child care rules proposal

Good morning Dedra,

I am a Child Care Health Consultant in Chatham County. I serve 53 licensed child care facilities. I am submitting comments in regard to the proposed DCDEE rules referring to training .0706 (Centers) .1731 (Homes) Health and Safety Training Requirements

I am concerned about the proposal to have a 2 hour, online medication administration training. Currently this training is only taught in person. The trainer must receive certification that they have received a in-person train the trainer on medication administration. A registered nurse is required to teach or assist with teaching the training. The training is currently a 4 hour training. The M.A. training is one of the most important trainings I conduct. My co-trainer and I cover a lot of important information and teach knowledge, skills and behavior that can save a child's life.

It's a responsible and common sense plan to make this training required but reducing the quality of the training to only 2 hours and in a online format is a dangerous and irresponsible move. It's important with this training that child care providers have the opportunity to ask questions, receive feedback from trained health educators and nurses and be required to practice hands-on skills with giving medication. Whenever I conduct this training I always have a lot of dialogue and questions from participants. Administering medication is an important responsibility that can result is serious health risks, benefits and liability depending on how the material is taught.

I urge you to listen to the professionals who work most closely with the child care providers in North Carolina and require that the medication administration training be taught in-person by a certified or licensed Child Care Health Consultant, with a skills based sign-off to show proficiency and be covered in 4 training hours. At least one person who has received this training should be on-site at the child care at all times.

If this training is moved online despite recommendations against doing that by Child Care Health Consultants and the NC CCHC Association, I recommend:

- Any training should include North Carolina specific rules and address the actual violations occurring in North Carolina Child Care facilities.

- If an Early Childhood Educator has already taken a comparable training through from a field based training provider, college class, or other source that an equivalency will be accepted so they don't have to do repeat training.

-That DCDEE collaborate with the Child Care Health Consultant network so CCHCs, can support and facilitate whenever possible, these online trainings and be knowledgeable to answer content-specific questions in the field.

Thank you, Dorothy

Dorothy Rawleigh

Child Care Health Consultant Certified Health Education Specialist Health Promotion and Policy Division Chatham County Public Health Department 80 East Street Pittsboro, NC 27312 phone: 919-545-8322 <u>dorothy.rawleigh@chathamnc.org</u> <u>www.chathamnc.org</u>

1

REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE FOR TEMPORARY RULE

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: Findings of Need Form

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: As soon as possible

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In box 5, please verify the date that notice was sent to your interested parties pursuant to 150B-21.1(a3)(2).

In box 6, please provide dates of the recent act of the General Assembly or U.S. Congress or federal or state budgetary policy.

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE FOR TEMPORARY RULE

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .0604

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL</u>: This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (e), is "preschool-age children" defined? Does "pre-school age children" include infants and toddlers? I assume that you don't want toddlers in particular to have access to appliances with heating elements.

In (f), is it acceptable to allow "pre-school age children" access to electrical cords so long as they are not attached to appliances with heating elements.

In (i), do you mean "shall be fitted with a protective screen that that is attached to supports to prevent access...", rather than "shall be provided"? I assume that you are not requiring fuel burning heaters, fireplaces, or floor furnaces.

In (o), please add a comma in between "torn apart" and "such as."

In (p), will the plan for ensuring a safe evacuation of the crib not going to be included in the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan? Are the centers that do not meet the Building Code and have an exit more than 8 inches required to write 2 plans regarding the emergency evacuation of a crib?

In (p), it seems as though there is a word missing somewhere. Should lines 9-10 read "For centers that do not meet NC Building Code for institutional occupancy and have an exit that is more than eight inches above grade..." Also, where can the NC Building Code be found?

In (u), please add a comma in between "locked areas" and "or shall be removed" and delete the "or" before "shall be removed." Please add a comma in between "the premises" and "or otherwise inaccessible to children."

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

Amber Cronk May Commission Counsel Date submitted to agency: September 13, 2016



TEMPORARY RULE-MAKING FINDINGS OF NEED

[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION		
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .0604 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS		
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal		
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: X No Effective date:		
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:		
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016		
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016		
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016		
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016		
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016		
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016		
g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016		
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:		
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.		
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: 		
X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014		
A recent federal regulation.		
Cite: Effective date:		
A recent court order.		
Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan.		
Other:		
Explain: Amendments to this rule are necessary to implement the safety requirements of the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014. This is one of the health and safety topics that's required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.		

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements or rule is required?	contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the	
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.		
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas:		
 would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas: 1) prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; 2) administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; 3) prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; 4) building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; 5) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; 6) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; 7) precautions in transporting children, if applicable; 8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 9) CPR and First Aid training; 10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. 		
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 		
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:	
Phone: 919-527-6502E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Afenda P. Weisert	
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form	
Agency contact, if any: Same as above this form. Typed Name: Glenda Weinert		
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission	
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com	
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONL		
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:	

Date returned to agency:

1 2 10A NCAC 09 .0604 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

3	10A NCAC 09 .0604	SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

- 4 (a) In child care centers, potentially hazardous items, such as including [but not limited to,] archery equipment, hand
- 5 and power tools, nails, chemicals, propane stoves, lawn mowers, and gasoline or kerosene, whether or not intended
- 6 for use by children, shall be stored in locked areas, or shall be removed from the premises premises, or otherwise
- 7 inaccessible to children.
- 8 (b) Firearms and ammunition are prohibited in a licensed child care facility unless carried by a law enforcement9 officer.
- 10 (c) Electrical outlets not in use which are When not in use, electrical outlets and power strips located in space used
- 11 by the children shall have [approved] safety outlets or be covered with safety plugs unless located behind furniture or
- 12 equipment that cannot be moved by a child.
- 13 (d) Electric fans shall be mounted out of the reach of children or shall be fitted with a mesh guard to prevent access
- 14 by children.
- 15 (e) All electrical appliances shall be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. For appliances with
- 16 heating elements, such as bottle warmers, crock pots, irons, coffee pots, or curling irons, neither the appliance nor the
- 17 <u>any cord cord, if applicable</u>, shall be accessible to preschool-age children.
- 18 (f) Electrical cords shall not be accessible to infants and toddlers. Extension cords, except as approved by the local
- 19 fire inspector, shall not be used. Frayed or cracked electrical cords shall be replaced.
- 20 (g) All materials used for starting fires, such as <u>matches</u>, <u>matches</u> and lighters, <u>and accelerants</u> shall be kept in locked
- 21 <u>storage.</u> storage or shall be stored out of the reach of children.
- 22 (h) Smoking Smoking, including use of e-Cigarettes, by staff is not permitted in space used by children when children
- 23 are present. on the premises of the child care center. All smoking materials shall be kept in locked storage. storage
- 24 or out of the reach of children.
- 25 (i) Fuel burning heaters, fireplaces, and floor furnaces furnaces, if applicable, shall be provided with a protective
- screen attached securely to supports to prevent access by children and to prevent objects from being thrown into them.
- 27 (j) <u>Toxic plants</u> shall be inaccessible to children. children that are toxic shall not be in indoor or outdoor space
- 28 that is used by or is accessible to children. A list of toxic plants may be found on the Division's website at
- 29 <u>http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/pdf_forms/form16b_bb.pdf</u>.
- 30 (k) Air conditioning units shall be located so that they are not accessible to children or shall be fitted with a mesh
- 31 guard to prevent objects from being thrown into them.
- 32 (1) Gas tanks and gas or charcoal grills shall be located so they are not accessible inaccessible to the children or shall
- 33 be in a protective <u>enclosure.</u> enclosure or surrounded by a protective guard.
- 34 (m) Cribs and playpens shall be placed so that the children occupying them shall not have access to cords or ropes,
- 35 such as venetian blind cords.
- 36 (n) Once a day, prior to initial use, the indoor and outdoor premises shall be checked for debris, vandalism, and broken
- 37 equipment. Debris shall be removed and disposed. disposed of.

- 1 (o) Plastic bags, toys, and toy parts small enough to be swallowed, and materials that can be easily torn apart such as
- 2 foam rubber and styrofoam, shall not be accessible to children under three years of age, except that age. However,
- 3 styrofoam plates and larger pieces of foam rubber may be used for supervised art activities and styrofoam plates may
- 4 be used for food service. Latex and rubber balloons, Jump ropes and rubber bands shall not be accessible to children
- 5 under five years of age. age without adult supervision. Balloons shall be [prohibited] prohibited for children of all
- 6 <u>ages.</u>
- 7 (p) When non-ambulatory children are in care, a crib or other device shall be available for evacuation in case of fire
- 8 or other emergency. The crib or other device shall be fitted with wheels in order to be easily moveable, have a
- 9 reinforced bottom, and shall be able to fit through the designated fire exit. For centers that do not meet <u>NC Building</u>
- 10 <u>Code for</u> institutional <u>occupancy</u>, building code, and the exit is more than eight inches above grade, the center shall
- 11 develop a <u>written</u> plan to ensure a safe and immediate evacuation of the crib or other device. The operator shall
- 12 physically demonstrate this written plan to the Division for review and approval. During the required fire, lockdown,
- 13 or shelter-in-place drills, an evacuation crib or other device shall be used in the manner described in the Emergency
- 14 Preparedness and Response Plan as defined in 10A NCAC 09 .0607(c).
- 15 (q) A first aid First Aid kit shall always be available on site. site and [easily] accessible to staff. Each staff member
- 16 <u>shall be aware of the location of the</u> [first aid] First Aid kit.
- 17 (r) Fire drills shall be practiced monthly in accordance with 10A NCAC 09.0607(a) and records shall be maintained
- 18 as required by 10A NCAC 09 .0302(d)(5).
- 19 (s) A "shelter in place drill" "shelter-in-place" or "lockdown drill" as defined in 10A NCAC 09 .0102 shall be
- 20 conducted at least every three months and records shall be maintained as required by 10A NCAC 09 .0302(8).
- 21 <u>.0302(d)(8).</u>
- 22 (t) Each center shall establish safe procedures for pick-up and delivery of children. These procedures shall be
- 23 <u>communicated to parents, and a copy shall be posted in the center where [they]</u> it can be seen by the parents.
- 24 (u) In child care centers, potential [bio-contaminants] bio-contaminants shall be stored in locked areas or shall be
- 25 removed from the premises or otherwise inaccessible to children. [children and disposed of appropriately.] For
- 26 purposes of this Rule, a "bio-contaminant" includes bodily fluids, soiled diapers and wipes, and medical waste such
- 27 <u>as syringes.</u>

28

- **29** *History Note: Authority G.S. 110 85*; *110 91(3),(6)*; *110*-88; *143B*-168.3;
- 30 *Eff. January 1, 1991;*
- 31 *Amended Eff. January 1, 1996; November 1, 1991;*
- 32 Temporary Amendment Eff. October 1, 1997;
- 33 Amended Eff. July 1, 2015; February 1, 2012; July 1, 2010; December 1, 2007; April 1, 2001;
- 34 July 1, 1998;
- 35 <u>Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.</u>

REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE FOR TEMPORARY RULE

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .0608

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), please consider moving the definition of "staff" to (d). The definition does not seem to fit in Paragraph (a).

In (a)(1), please change "recognizing, responding to, and reporting" to "how to recognize, respond to, and report..."

In (a)(3), do you really intend the policy to only include how to care for infants? If so, please make this a separate sub-paragraph.

In (a)(4), what do you mean by "developmentally appropriate"? I know that this phrase is used throughout your rules, is this defined somewhere? Is your regulated public familiar with this term?

In (b), are centers required to provide this information to families already enrolled at the time of the Rule's effective date? Also, what is your authority to require a parent sign the statement? Should it instead read "the center shall obtain the parent's signature"?

In (c), please change "must" to "shall." Also, what is your authority to require a parent sign the statement? Should it instead read "the center shall obtain the parent's signature"?

In (d), are centers required to provide this information to staff members already providing care at the time of the Rule's effective date?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.



TEMPORARY RULE-MAKING FINDINGS OF NEED

[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION		
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .0608 PREVENTION OF SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME AND ABUSIVE HEAD TRAUMA		
3. Action: X Adoption Amendment Repeal		
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: Yes Effective date: X No		
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:		
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016		
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016		
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016		
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016		
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016		
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016		
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016 		
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:		
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.		
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other: 		
Explain: The adoption of this rule is necessary to implement the safety requirements for the prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma. This is one of the health and safety topics that's required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.		

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements or rule is required?	contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the	
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.		
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The	process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers ne training includes the following 11 topic areas:	
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; CPR and First Aid training; recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 		
11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping pra	actices. s/2015/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4.	
 Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 		
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:	
Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Sfenda P. Weinert	
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.	
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert	
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission	
E-Mail: Same as above E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com		
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONL	Y	
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:	

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .0608 is adopted <u>with changes</u> under temporary procedures as follows:

2 3 4 5	10A NCAC 09	.0608 PREVENTION OF SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME AND ABUSIVE HEAD TRAUMA	
5	(a) Each child of	care center licensed to care for children up to five years of age shall develop and adopt policies to	
6	prevent shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma. For purposes of this Rule, "staff" includes the operator,		
7	additional caregivers, substitute providers, and uncompensated providers. The policy shall include [but not be limited		
8	to] the following:		
9	(1)	Recognizing, responding to, and reporting the signs and symptoms of shaken baby syndrome and	
10		abusive head trauma. Signs and symptoms include: irritability, difficulty staying awake, difficulty	
11		breathing, inability to lift the head, seizures, lack of appetite, vomiting, and bruises;	
12	(2)	Strategies to assist staff members in coping with a crying, fussing, or distraught child;	
13	(3)	Strategies to ensure staff members understand the brain development of children up to five years of	
14		age and how to [properly] care for infants;	
15	(4)	A list of prohibited behaviors that staff members shall follow in order to care for children in a [safe]	
16		developmentally appropriate manner. Prohibited behaviors shall [include] include, but not be	
17		limited to, shaking a child, tossing a child into the air or into a crib, chair, or car seat, and pushing a	
18		child into walls, doors, and furniture; and	
19	(5)	Resources to assist staff members and families in preventing shaken baby syndrome and abusive	
20		head trauma.	
21	(b) A copy of the policy shall be given and explained to the parents of children up to five years of age on or before		
22	the first day the child receives care at the center. The parent shall sign a statement acknowledging the receipt and		
23	explanation of the policy. The acknowledgement shall contain the following:		
24	(1)	The child's name;	
25	(2)	The date the child first attended the center;	
26	(3)	The date the operator's policy was given and explained to the parent;	
27	(4)	The parent's name;	
28	(5)	The parent's signature; and	
29	(6)	The date the parent signed the acknowledgment.	
30	The child care center shall retain the acknowledgement in the child's file.		
31	(c) If a child care center changes the policy at any time, the child care center must give written notice of [such a] the		
32	change to the child's parent 14 days prior to the implementation of the new policy and the parent [must] shall sign a		
33	statement that attests that a copy of the new policy was given to and discussed with him or her. This statement shall		
34	be kept in the child's file.		
35	(d) Each child care center shall review the policy with staff members prior to the individual providing care to children.		
36	The acknowledgement of this review shall contain:		
37	(1)	The individual's name;	
38	[(2)]	[The date the individual began caring for children;]	

[(3)] (2) The date the center's policy was given and explained to the individual;

- 1 [(4)] (3) The individual's signature; and
- 2 [(5)] (4) The date the individual signed the acknowledgment.
- 3 The child care center shall retain the acknowledgement in the staff member's [personnel] file.
- 4 (e) If a child care center changes the policy at any time, the child care center shall review the revised policy with staff
- 5 members 14 days prior to the implementation of the new policy. The individual shall sign a statement that attests that
- 6 a copy of the new policy was given to and discussed with him or her. This statement shall be kept in the staff member's
- 7 [personnel] file.
- 8 History Note: Authority G.S. 143B-168.3;
- 9 Temporary Adoption Eff. September 23, 2016.

68

REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE FOR TEMPORARY RULE

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .0705

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), please indicate whether the incorporation by reference includes subsequent amendments and editions pursuant to 150B-21.6.

In (b), please delete or define "successfully" on lines 13. Are basic first aid and basis first aid appropriate for the ages of children in care different? If not, there appears to be a conflict in requirements.

In (c), please delete or define "prominent."

Just so I'm clear are the requirements in (b) for staff members who accompany children off premises and (d) is for staff members who provided care at the center? Please consider adding some additional clarification regarding these requirements. Please also consider switching (c) and (d).

In (e), line 23, and (f), line 1, in what form will the verification be? Is this a certificate given after completion of the training? By whom is the training conducted

In (f) and (g), are staff that are employed at the time of the effective date of this Rule required to complete this training? If so, when?

In (g), in what form will the verification be?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.



TEMPORARY RULE-MAKING FINDINGS OF NEED

[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION					
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09.0705 SPECIAL TRAINING REQUIREMENTS					
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal					
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: X No Effective date:					
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:					
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016					
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016					
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016					
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016					
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016					
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016					
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016 h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]: 					
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.					
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other: 					
Explain: The amendment of this rule is necessary to implement the safety training requirements for staff who are caring for children in child care. This is one of the health and safety topics that's required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families					

pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas

outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the				
rule is required?				
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.				
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas:				
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; an energy present on a graph and physical premises and paranege planning for emergencies multiple form a network disector on a men caused another. 				
 5) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; 6) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; 7) precautions in transporting children, if applicable; 				
8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;9) CPR and First Aid training;				
10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and	_			
11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices.				
The federal register may be found at <u>https://www.federalregister.gov/articles/2015/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4.</u>				
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 				
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:			
Phone: 919-527-6502	Afenda P. Weinert			
E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov				
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.			
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert			
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission			
E-Mail: Same as above				
	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com			
DI II EC DEVIEW COMMICCION LICE ON V	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com			
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY				
	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com bmitted for RRC Review:			

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .0705 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

1 2 3 4 10A NCAC 09.0705 SPECIAL TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

- 5 (a) At least one staff member shall be knowledgeable of and able to recognize common symptoms of illness. A copy
- 6 of Caring for Our Children: Appendix A shall be located in the child care facility for referral regarding common signs
- 7 and symptoms of illness. The book is incorporated by reference and is available free of charge online at

8 http://cfoc.nrckids.org.

- 9 (b) Staff who have completed a course in basic first aid, shall be present at all times children are present. First aid
- 10 training shall be renewed on or before expiration of the certification or every three years, whichever is less. The
- 11 number of staff required to complete the course is based on the number of children present as shown in the following
- 12 chart:

Number of children present	Number of staff trained in first aid required
1-29	1 staff
30-79	2 staff
80 and above	3 staff

13 All staff who provide direct care or accompany children when they are off premises shall successfully complete 14 certification in basic First Aid appropriate for the ages of children in care. The training shall be completed within six 15 weeks of [employment; however,] employment. At all times when children are in care at least one staff member 16 present must have successfully completed basic First Aid [training.] training, as evidenced by a certificate or card 17 from an approved training organization. First Aid training shall be renewed on or before expiration of the certification. 18 Verification of each required staff person's member's completion of this course from an approved training organization 19 shall be maintained in the person's individual staff member's personnel file in the center. The Division shall post a list 20 of approved training organizations on its website at http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/providers/pv_sn2_ov_pd.asp. The basic 21 first aid course shall address principles for responding to emergencies, and techniques for handling common childhood 22 injuries, accidents and illnesses such as choking, burns, fractures, bites and stings, wounds, scrapes, bruises, cuts and

23 lacerations, poisoning, seizures, bleeding, allergic reactions, eye and nose injuries and sudden changes in body

24 temperature.

25 (c) A first aid First Aid information sheet shall be posted in a prominent place for quick referral. referral by staff 26 members. A child care operator may request a First Aid information sheet An acceptable form may be requested free

27 of charge from the North Carolina Child Care Health and Safety Resource Center. Center at 1-800-367-2229.

28 (d) Each child care center shall have at least one person on the premises at all times, and at least one person who

- 29 accompanies the children whenever they are off the premises, who has successfully completed certification in a
- 30 cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) course provided by either the American Heart Association or the American Red
- 31 Cross or other organizations approved by the Division. Other organizations shall be approved if the Division
- 32 determines that the courses offered are substantially equivalent to those offered by the American Red Cross. CPR
- 33 training shall be renewed on or before the expiration of the certification or every two years, whichever is
- 34 less. Successfully completed is defined as demonstrating competency, as evaluated by the instructor, in performing

1 CPR. The course shall provide training in CPR appropriate for the ages of children in care. Documentation of 2 successful completion of the course from the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or other 3 organization approved by the Division shall be on file in the center. At all times when children are in care at least one 4 staff member present must have successfully completed CPR training. The training shall be completed within six 5 weeks of employment. "Successfully completed" is defined as demonstrating competency, as evaluated by the 6 instructor, in performing CPR. All staff who provide direct care or accompany children when they are off premises 7 shall successfully complete certification in a cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) course appropriate for the ages of 8 children in care. [The training shall be completed within six weeks of employment; however, at all times when children 9 are in care at least one staff member present must have successfully completed CPR training.] CPR training shall be 10 renewed on or before the expiration of the certification. Verification of each staff member's completion of this course 11 from an approved training organization shall be maintained in the [person's individual personnel] staff member's file 12 in the center. The Division shall post a list of approved training organizations on its website at 13 http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/providers/pv sn2 ov pd.asp. 14 (e) Staff shall complete at least four clock hours of training in safety. This training shall address playground safety 15 hazards, playground supervision, maintenance and general upkeep of the outdoor area, and age and developmentally 16 appropriate playground equipment. Staff counted to comply with this Rule shall have six months from the date of 17 employment, or from the date a vacancy occurs, to complete the required safety training. The number of staff required 18 to complete this training shall be as follows: 19 (1)In centers with a licensed capacity of less than 30 children, at least one staff person shall complete 20 this training. 21 In centers with a licensed capacity of 30 or more children, at least two staff, including the (2)22 administrator, shall complete this training. 23 Verification of each staff member's completion of this course shall be maintained in the staff member's file in the 24 center. 25 (f) In centers that are licensed to care for infants, infants ages 12 months and younger, the center director and any 26 child care provider scheduled to work in the infant room, including volunteers counted in staff/child ratios, shall 27 complete ITS SIDS training. ITS SIDS training shall be completed within four months of the individual assuming 28 responsibilities in the infant room or as an administrator, and shall be completed again every three years from the 29 completion of previous ITS SIDS training. the child care administrator and any child care provider scheduled to work 30 in the infant room shall complete ITS-SIDS training. ITS-SIDS training shall be completed within two months of an 31 individual assuming responsibilities in the infant room and every three years thereafter. Child care administrators, as 32 defined in G.S. 110-86(2a), shall complete ITS-SIDS training within two months of employment and every three years 33 thereafter. Completion of ITS-SIDS training may shall be included once every three years in the number of hours 34 needed to meet annual in service ongoing training requirements in Section .0700 of this Chapter. At all times, at least 35 one child care provider who has completed ITS-SIDS training shall be present in the infant room while children are 36 in care. Prior to an individual assuming responsibility for the care of an infant, the center's safe sleep policy for infants

1	shall be reviewe	d with the individual as required by Rule .0707(a) of this Section. Verification of each staff member's	
2	completion of th	nis course shall be maintained in the staff member's file in the center.	
3	(g) The child ca	are administrator and all staff members shall complete Recognizing and Responding to Suspicions of	
4	Child Maltreatr	nent training within two months of employment and every three years thereafter. Completion of	
5	<u>Recognizing</u> and	d Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment training shall be included once every three years in	
6	the number of h	ours needed to meet ongoing training requirements in Section .0700 of this Chapter. Recognizing and	
7	<u>Responding to S</u>	Suspicions of Child Maltreatment training is available at	
8	[<mark>https://www.pr</mark>	eventchildabusenc.org.] https://www.preventchildabusenc.org/services/trainings-and-professional-	
9	development/rrcourse. Verification of each staff member's completion of this course shall be maintained in the staff		
10	<u>member's file ir</u>	the center.	
11			
12	History Note:	Authority G.S. 110-85; <u>110-88;</u> 110-91(1),(8); 143B-168.3;	
13		Eff. January 1, 1986;	
14		Amended Eff. January 1, 1996; January 1, 1992; January 1, 1991; January 1, 1987; Temporary	
15		Amendment Eff. October 1, 1997;	
16		Amended Eff. July 1, 2008; November 1, 2005; May 1, 2004; July 1, 1998;	
17		Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.	

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .0706

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL</u>: This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), how is this training to be offered? Will it be in-person? Online? Will the topics be separate trainings?

In (b), please change "must" to "shall."

In (b)(2), what is meant by "consistent with standards for parental consent"?

Why have cross-references been provided for some of the sub-paragraphs (b)(1) through (b)(11), but not for all. Aren't all of these required elsewhere in Rule? Please note that I am not requesting that cross-references be provided for all topics.

In (c), by "may", do you mean "shall"? If you do mean "may", under what circumstances will the training count toward in-service training?



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09.0706 HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING REQUIREMENTS
3. Action: X Adoption Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: Yes Effective date: X No
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date:
X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy.
Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation.
Cite:
Effective date:
Cite order:
 State Medical Facilities Plan. Other:
Explain: The adoption of this rule is necessary to implement the health and safety training requirements for child care administrators and staff who are caring for children in child care. This rule lists the 11 topic areas required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014 that must be completed by June 2017. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and

for children in child care. This rule lists the 11 topic areas required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act of 2014 that must be completed by June 2017. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements co rule is required?	ntrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the	
announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar give training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulation	e proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was n by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety g for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have ns have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC e September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately	
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules pro- would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The	bccess to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers training includes the following 11 topic areas:	
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; CPR and First Aid training; recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. 		
The federal register may be found at <u>https://www.federalregister.gov/articles/2</u>	015/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4.	
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 		
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:	
Phone: 919-527-6502	Afenda P. Weinert	
E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov		
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.	
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert	
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission	
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com	
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY		
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:	

Date returned to agency:

1 10A NCAC 09 .0706 is adopted with changes under temporary procedures as follows: 2 3 10A NCAC 09.0706 HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING REQUIREMENTS 4 (a) Child care administrators and staff members shall complete health and safety training offered by the Division no 5 later than June 30, 2017. 6 (b) The training must include the following topic areas: 7 Prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; (1)8 (2) Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; 9 (3) Prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; 10 (4) Building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection 11 from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular 12 traffic: 13 (5) Emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, 14 or a man-caused event; 15 Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of [bio contaminants] bio-(6) 16 contaminants; 17 (7)Precautions in transporting [children] children, if applicable; 18 (8) Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 19 (9) CPR and First Aid training as required in Subparagraphs .0705(b) and (d) of this Section; [and] 20 (10)Recognizing and Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment as required in Subparagraph 21 .0705(g) of this [Section.] Section; and 22 (11)Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. 23 (c) Training hours accrued for the completion of this requirement may count toward in-service training. However, 24 child care administrators and staff members must complete the health and safety training even if the number of hours 25 accrued exceeds required in-service training, as specified in Rule .0707 of this Section. 26 27 Authority G.S. 110-88; 110-91(11); 143B-168.3; History Note: 28 Temporary Adoption Eff. September 23, 2016.

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .0707

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), do you mean that the "orientation training required pursuant to this Paragraph shall not be counted toward annual ongoing training requirements as set forth in Paragraph (c) of this Rule"?

In (a), please provide a cross-reference to the "annual ongoing training requirements."

In (b), what are "appropriate precautions in transporting children"? Please delete or define "appropriate."

In (b), please delete or define "successfully" in "successfully complete CPR and First Aid training."

In (c), please change "facility" to "center" for purposes of consistency.

In (c)(4), what is meant by "arrangement"? Do you mean "licensed child care center or home"?

In (d), what do you mean by "the option"? Do you mean Sub-Paragraph (c)(5)? Also, is the intent really that a person either take 20 hours of the pro-rated amount? What about for staff working less than 40 hours a week who has a 4-year degree and would only need to take 5 hours of training. Please clarify.

In (e), by "may", do you mean "shall"? If not, under what circumstances will the coursework be counted toward in-service training requirements? Is this left to the choice of the staff member?



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION		
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09.0707 IN-SERVICE AND ORIENTATION TRAINING REQUIREMENTS		
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal		
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: X No Effective date:		
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:		
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016		
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016		
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016		
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016		
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016		
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016		
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016 h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]: 		
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.		
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other: 		
Explain: The amendment of this rule is necessary to implement the health and safety training requirements during orientation for new employees who will be caring for children in child care. This is one of the health and safety topics that's required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and		

training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and

require rulemaking.

	7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements c rule is required?	ontrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the		
	announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar giv training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the traini more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulat	he proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was yen by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety ng for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have ions have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately o.		
		rocess to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers e training includes the following 11 topic areas:		
	 would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas: 1) prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; 2) administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; 3) prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; 4) building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; 5) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; 6) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; 7) precautions in transporting children, if applicable; 8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 9) CPR and First Aid training; 10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. 			
	 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 			
	9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:		
	Phone: 919-527-6502	Afenda P. Weinert		
	E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Minda V. Weisert		
		* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.		
	Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert		
Phone: Same as above		Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission		
	E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com		
	RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONL	Y		
	Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:		

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .0707 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

Z				
3	10A NCAC 09	.0707 IN-SERVICE AND ORIENTA	ATION TRAINING REQUIREMENTS	
4	(a) Each center shall assure ensure that each new employee who is expected to have contact with children receives a			
5	minimum of 16 clock hours of on-site training and orientation within the first six weeks of employment. As part of			
6	this orientation	n, each new employee shall complete six	clock hours of training within the first two weeks of	
7	employment.	Fraining required pursuant to this Rule	shall not be counted toward annual ongoing training	
8	requirements. 7	This training and orientation shall include:		
9	(1)	training in the recognition of the signs and	symptoms of child abuse or neglect and in the employee's	
10		duty to report suspected abuse and neglec	t pursuant to G.S. 7B-301;	
11	(2)	review of the center's operational policie	s, including the center's safe sleep policy for infants, the	
12		Emergency Preparedness and Response P	Plan, and the emergency medical care plan;	
13	(3)	adequate supervision of children in accor	dance with 10A NCAC 09 .0714(f);	
14	(4)	first hand observation of the center's daily	y operations;	
15	(5)	instruction in the employee's assigned du	ties;	
16	(6)	instruction in the maintenance of a safe a	nd healthy environment;	
17	(7)	review of the center's purposes and goals	,	
18	(8)	review of the center's personnel policies;		
19	(9)	review of the child care licensing law and	l rules;	
20	(10)	an explanation of the role of State and le	ocal government agencies in the regulation of child care,	
21		their impact on the operation of the center	r, and their availability as a resource; and	
22	(11)	an explanation of the employee's obligation	tion to cooperate with representatives of State and local	
23		government agencies during visits and in-	vestigations.	
24	(b) As part of	the training required in Paragraph (a) of this	Rule, each new employee shall complete, within the first	
25	two weeks of e	mployment, six clock hours of the training re	ferenced in Subparagraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3) of this	
26	Rule. Training	topics for orientation shall include:		
	Within first t	wo (2) weeks of employment	Within first six (6) weeks of employment	
	Recognizing,	responding to, and reporting child abuse,	[First hand] Firsthand observation of the center's daily	
	neglect, or maltreatment pursuant to G.S. 110-105.4 and		operations	
	<u>G.S. 7B-301</u>			
	Review of the center's operational policies, including the		Instruction in the employee's assigned duties	
	center's safe sleep policy for infants, the Emergency			
	Preparedness and Response Plan, and the emergency			
	medical care	<u>plan</u>		
	Adequate sup	ervision of children in accordance with 10A	Instruction in the maintenance of a safe and healthy	
	<u>NCAC 09 <mark>.0714</mark> [.1801]</u>		environment; building and physical premises safety,	
			including identification of and protection from hazards that	

	-
	can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of
	water, and vehicular traffic
Information regarding prevention of shaken baby	Instruction in the administration of medication to children in
syndrome and abusive head trauma	accordance with 10A NCAC 09 .0803
Prevention and control of infectious diseases, including	[Review of the center's purposes and goals]
immunization	
Appropriate precautions in transporting children, if	Review of G.S. 110, Article 7 and 10A NCAC 09 [the child
applicable	care licensing law and rules
	An explanation of the role of State and local government
	agencies in the regulation of child care, their impact on the
	operation of the center, and their availability as a resource
	An explanation of the employee's obligation to cooperate
	with representatives of State and local government agencies
	during visits and investigations
	Successfully complete CPR and First Aid training
	Prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and
	allergic reactions
	Review of the center's handling and storage of hazardous
	materials and the appropriate disposal of [bio contaminants]
	bio-contaminants

2 (c) The child care administrator and any staff who have responsibility for planning and supervising a child care

facility, as well as staff who work directly with children, shall participate in in-service training activities annually, asfollows:

5	(1)	persons with a four year degree or higher advanced degree in a child care related field of study from
6		a regionally accredited college or university shall complete five clock hours of training;
7	(2)	persons with a two year degree in a child care related field of study from a regionally accredited
8		college or university, or persons with a North Carolina Early Childhood Administration Credential
9		or its equivalent shall complete eight clock hours of training;
10	(3)	persons with a certificate or diploma in a child care related field of study from a regionally accredited
11		college or university, or persons with a North Carolina Early Childhood Credential or its equivalent
12		shall complete 10 clock hours of training;
13	(4)	persons with at least 10 years documented, professional experience as a teacher, director, or
14		caregiver in a licensed child care arrangement shall complete 15 clock hours of training; or
15	(5)	shall complete 20 clock hours of training.

- 1 (d) For staff listed in Subparagraphs (c)(1), (c)(2), (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this Rule, basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation
- 2 (CPR) training required in Rule .0705 of this Section shall not be counted toward meeting annual in service training.
- 3 First aid training may be counted once every three years.
- 4 (e) If a child care administrator or lead teacher is enrolled in coursework to meet the staff qualification requirements
- 5 in G.S. 110-91(8), the individual may choose to apply for completed coursework toward meeting the annual in service
- 6 training requirement.
- 7 (f)(d) Any staff working less than 40 hours per week may choose the option for 20 hours of in-service training, or the
- 8 training requirement may be prorated as follows:
- 9

WORKING HOURS PER	CLOCK HOURS REQUIRED
WEEK	
0-10	5
11-20	10
21-30	15
31-40	20

10 (e) Coursework [appropriate to job responsibilities] taken at [a regionally] an accredited college or university which

11 addresses staff development topic areas specified in G.S. 110-91(11) may be counted toward in-service training

- 12 <u>requirements.</u>
- 14 History Note: Authority G.S. <u>110-88;</u> 110-91(11); 143B-168.3;

15 *Eff. January 1, 1986;*

- 16 Amended Eff. July 1, 2015; January 1, 2006; May 1, 2004; October 29, 1998; October 1, 1991;
- 17 November 1, 1989; July 1, 1988; January 1, 1987;
- 18 <u>Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.</u>

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .0801

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), by "in care" do you mean "enrolled in a child care center"?

In (a)(6)(A), either add "any" before "dietary, environmental..." or delete "that are applicable."

Since it is not actually part of the application, please consider making (a)(6) it's own paragraph, and reword to say "for any child with health care needs, such as allergies, asthma, or other chronic conditions that require health services, a medical action plan shall be attached to the application. The medical action plan shall be completed by the child's parent or a health care professional and including the following:..." If you chose to do this, I would make (a)(6) into (b).

In (b), please consider making (b)(1) through (b)(3) into their own paragraphs. For example, (b)(1) would read "Center administrators and staff shall release a child only to an individual listed on the application." (b)(2) would read "the information contained in Subparagraphs (a)(1) through (a)(8) of this Rule shall be accessible to caregiving staff during the time the child is in care."



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09.0801 APPLICATION FOR ENROLLMENT
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: Yes Effective date: X No
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare.
The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress.
Cite:
Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy.
Effective date of change: November 19, 2014
A recent federal regulation.
Cite:
Effective date:
Cite order:
State Medical Facilities Plan.
Other:
Explain: The amendment of this rule sets the standards on what is included on the child's enrollment application such as the emergency medical information, the medical action plan, allergies and any health concerns that the child may have. These areas are included in the health and safety topics required by the Child Corner of plane and Davelopment Plane. Corner (COPPC) Act. This rule is a part of a group of plane that are needed to bring North Corner into correling on the Corner.

the medical action plan, allergies and any health concerns that the child may have. These areas are included in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements c rule is required?	ontrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the	
announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar giv training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the traini more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulat	he proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was ven by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety ng for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have ions have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately 2.	
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that provide would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas:		
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; CPR and First Aid training; recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. 		
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 		
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:	
Phone: 919-527-6502	Afenda P. Weinert	
E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	.,	
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.	
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert	
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission	
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com	
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY	Y	
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:	

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .0801 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

2		
3	10A NCAC 09.0	801 APPLICATION FOR ENROLLMENT
4	(a) Each child in	care shall have an individual application for enrollment completed and signed by the child's parent,
5	as defined in 10A	NCAC 09 .0102. legal guardian, or full time custodian. The completed, signed application shall be
6	on file in the cent	er on the first day the child attends and shall include the following information:
7	(1)	The completed, signed application shall be on file in the center on the first day the child attends and
8		shall remain on file until the child is no longer attending.
9	(2)	The completed application shall include emergency medical information as specified in Rule
10		.0802(b) of this Section.
11	(3)	The completed application shall give the child's full name and indicate the name the child is to be
12		called. In addition, the application shall include the child's date of birth and any allergies, particular
13		fears, or unique behavior characteristics that the child has.
14	(4)	The application shall include the names of individuals to whom the center may release the child as
15		authorized by the person who signs the application.
16	<u>(1)</u>	Emergency medical information as [specified] set forth in Rule .0802(b) of this Section;
17	<u>(2)</u>	The child's full name and the name the child is to be called;
18	<u>(3)</u>	The child's date of birth;
19	<u>(4)</u>	Any [allergies, symptoms of and the type] allergies and the symptoms and type of response required
20		for allergic reactions;
21	<u>(5)</u>	Any health care needs or concerns, symptoms of and the type of response required for these health
22		care needs or concerns;
23	<u>(6)</u>	A completed medical action plan shall be attached to the application for children with health care
24		needs such as allergies, asthma, or other chronic conditions that require specialized health services.
25		The medical action plan shall be completed by the child's parent or a health care professional and
26		include the following information:
27		(A) <u>a list of the child's</u> [diagnosis/diagnoses,] diagnosis or diagnoses including dietary,
28		[environmental] environmental, and activity considerations that are applicable;
29		(B) contact information for the health care professional(s);
30		(C) medications to be administered on a scheduled basis; and
31		(D) medications to be administered on an emergency basis with [elearly stated signs,
32		symptons] symptoms, and instructions.
33		The medical action plan shall be updated on an annual basis. Sample medical action plans may be
34		found on the Division's website at http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/providers/pv_provideforms.asp;
35	<u>(7)</u>	Particular fears, fears or unique behavior characteristics that the child has; and
36	<u>(8)</u>	The names of individuals to whom the center may release the [child] child, as authorized by the
37		person who signs the application.

1 (b) Each child's application shall be readily available and easily accessible to caregiving staff during the time the

2	children are pre	sent. Center administrators and staff members shall:
3	<u>(1)</u>	[<mark>only</mark>] release a child only to an individual listed on the application;
4	<u>(2)</u>	have the information provided in Subparagraphs (a)(1) through (8) of this Rule, contained within
5		the application, [readily] available and [easily] accessible to caregiving staff during the time the
6		[children are] <u>child is</u> in care; and
7	<u>(3)</u>	use the information provided on the application to ensure that each individual child's needs are met
8		during the time the child is in care.
9		
10	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>110-88;</u> 110-91(9); 143B-168.3;
11		Eff. January 1, 1986;
12		Amended Eff. November 1, 1989;
13		Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1701

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (g), please delete or define "immediately."

In (h)(2), please delete "if needed."



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09.1701 GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATED TO LICENSURE OF HOMES
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: X No Effective date:
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy.
Effective date of change: November 19, 2014
A recent federal regulation.
Cite: Effective date:
A recent court order.
Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other:
Explain: The amendment of this rule sets the standards for potential operators of family child care homes to obtain licensure. This rule covers the 11 areas that are included in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas

outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the rule is required?				
announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulation	proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have s have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately			
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules proc would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The tr	tess to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers aining includes the following 11 topic areas:			
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions 				
	ction from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of			
5) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting fro 6) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of 7) precautions in transporting children, if applicable;				
 8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 9) CPR and First Aid training; 				
 10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practice 	es.			
The federal register may be found at <u>https://www.federalregister.gov/articles/20</u>	15/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4.			
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: 				
X No				
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:			
Phone: 919-527-6502	Afenda P. Weisert			
E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Sfinda V. Weisert			
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant			
	to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.			
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert			
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission			
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com			
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY				
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY Action taken: State	ubmitted for RRC Review:			
	ubmitted for RRC Review:			
	ubmitted for RRC Review:			
	ubmitted for RRC Review:			

Temporary Rule 0500 – 11/2014

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .1701 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

SECTION .1700 – FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME REQUIREMENTS

2 3 4 5 10A NCAC 09.1701 GENERAL PROVISIONS RELATED TO LICENSURE OF 6 HOMES 7 (a) All family child care homes shall comply with the standards for licensure set forth in this Section. A one- star 8 rated license shall be issued to a family child care home operator who complies with the minimum standards for a 9 license contained in this Section and G.S. 110-91. 10 (b) An individual who provides care for five hours or more in a week, week during planned absences of the operator, 11 operator shall be at least 21 years old, have a high school diploma or GED, have completed a first aid First Aid and 12 cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) course as described in Rule .1705, Subparagraphs (a)(3), and (a)(4) (a)(4), (a)(a 13 $\frac{(b)(2)}{(b)(3)}$ of this Section, have completed a health questionnaire, have proof of negative results of a 14 tuberculosis test completed within 12 months prior to the first day of providing care, submit criminal records check 15 forms as required in 10A NCAC 09 .2702, .2703 and annual in-service training as described in Rule .1705(b)(5) of 16 this Section. While the individual provides care at a family child care home, copies of required information shall be 17 on file in the home available for review by the Division. 18 (c) An individual who provides care for less than five hours in a week, week during planned absences of the operator 19 shall meet all requirements listed in Paragraph (b) of this Rule, except the requirements for annual in-service training 20 and a high school diploma or GED. The individual shall be literate. 21 (d) The operator shall conduct 16 hours of orientation review the appropriate requirements found in this Chapter, 22 including the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan, and in G.S. Chapter 110, Article 7 with any caregivers, 23 including substitute [providers] providers, and volunteers, individuals who are providing care prior to the individual's 24 assuming responsibility for individual being left alone with the children. children as follows: 25 recognizing, responding to, and reporting child abuse, neglect, or maltreatment (1)26 pursuant to G.S. 110-105.4 and G.S. 7B-301; 27 (2)review of the home's operational policies, including the written plan of care, safe sleep policy, and 28 the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan; 29 (3) adequate supervision of children in accordance with 10A NCAC 09 .1718(a); 30 (4)information regarding prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 31 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; (5) 32 firsthand [first hand] observation of the home's daily operations; (6) 33 (7)instruction regarding assigned duties; 34 (8) instruction in the maintenance of a safe and healthy environment; 35 (9) instruction in the administration of medication to children in accordance with 10A NCAC 09 36 .1720(c); 37 (10)review of the home's purposes and goals; 38 (11)review of G.S. 110, Article 7 and 10A NCAC 09;

1	<u>(12)</u>	an explanation of the role of State and local government agencies in the regulation of child care,			
2		their impact on the operation of the center, and their availability as a resource;			
3	(13) an explanation of the individual's obligation to cooperate with representatives of State and loca				
4		government agencies during visits and investigations;			
5	<u>(14)</u>	completion of CPR and First Aid training; and			
6	<u>(15)</u>	prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions.			
7	The operator an	d individual providing care shall sign and date a statement which that attests that this review was			
8	completed. This	statement shall be kept on file in the home available for review by the Division.			
9	(e) An individu	al who provides care during unplanned absences of the operator, such as medical emergencies, shall			
10	be at least 18 years old and submit criminal records check forms as required in 10A NCAC 09 .2703(j)2702,				
11	<mark>Paragraph (j).</mark> Tl	he children of an emergency caregiver shall not be counted in the licensed capacity for the first day of			
12	the emergency c	aregiver's service.			
13	(f) The provisio	ons of G.S. 110-90.2 which that exclude persons with certain criminal records or personal habits or			
14	behavior which	may be harmful to children from operating or being employed in a family child care home <mark>are hereby</mark>			
15	incorporated by	reference and shall also apply to any person on the premises with the operator's permission when the			
16	children are pres	ent. This exclusion shall not apply to parents or other persons who enter the home only for the purpose			
17	of performing parental responsibilities; nor does it include persons who enter the home for brief periods for the purpose				
18	of conducting business with the operator and who are not left alone with the children.				
19	(g) The parent of a child enrolled in any family child care home subject to regulation under G.S. 110, Article 7 shall				
20	be allowed unlimited access to the home during its operating hours for the purposes of contacting the child or				
21	evaluating the home and the care provided by the operator. The parent shall notify the operator of his or her presence				
22	immediately upo	on entering the premises.			
23	(h) An operator	licensed to care for children overnight may sleep during the nighttime hours when all the children are			
24	asleep, provided	:			
25	(1)	the operator and the children in care, excluding the operator's own children, are on ground level;			
26	(2)	the operator can hear and respond quickly to the children if needed; and			
27	(3)	a battery operated smoke detector or an electrically operated (with a battery backup) smoke detector			
28		is located in each room where children are sleeping.			
29	(i) Each operat	or shall develop and adopt a written plan of care for completing routine tasks (including running			
30	errands, meeting	family and personal demands, and attending classes) to ensure that routine the tasks shall not interfere			
31	with the care of	children during hours of operation. The plan shall:			
32	(1)	specify typical times for completing routine tasks and include those times on the written schedule,			
33		or specify that routine tasks will not occur during hours of operation;			
34	(2)	specify the names of any individuals, such as additional caregivers or substitutes, who will be			
35		responsible for the care of children when the operator is attending to routine tasks;			
36	(3)	specify how the operator shall maintain compliance with transportation requirements specified in			
37		10A NCAC 09 .1723 if children are transported;			

1	(4)	specify how parents will be notified when children accompany the operator off premises for routine
2		tasks not specified on the written schedule;
3	(5)	specify any other steps the operator shall take to ensure routine tasks will not interfere with the care
4		of children; and
5	(6)	be given provided and explained to parents of children in care on or before the first day the child
6		attends the home. Parents shall sign a statement acknowledging the receipt and explanation of the
7		plan. Parents shall also give written permission for their child to be transported by the operator for
8		specific routine tasks that are included on the written schedule. The acknowledgment and written
9		parental permission shall be retained in the child's record as long as the child is enrolled at the home
10		and a copy of each document shall be maintained on file for review by the Division.
11	(j) If the operat	for amends the written plan, the operator shall give written notice of the amendment to parents of all
12	enrolled childre	en at least 30 days before the amended plan is implemented. Each parent shall sign a statement
13	acknowledging	the receipt and explanation of the amendment. The operator shall retain the acknowledgement in the
14	child's records a	as long as the child is enrolled in the home and a copy shall be maintained on file for review by the
15	Division.	
16 17	History Note:	Authority G.S. 110-85; <u>110-85(1);</u> 110-86(3); 110-88(1); 110-91; 110-99; 110-105; 143B-168.3;
18		Eff. January 1, 1986;
19		Amended Eff. July 1, 2015; May 1, 2013; November 1, 2006; April 1, 2003; April 1, 1999; July 1,
20		1998; January 1, 1991; January 1, 1990; July 1, 1988; January 1, 1987;
21		<u>Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.</u>

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1702

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), what information is required in the application form? Are the contents set forth elsewhere in rule or statute?

In (c)(5), what is to be included in the health questionnaire? Is this set forth elsewhere in rule or statute?

In (c)(6), please delete or define "current."

In (d), please delete or define "complete." Please note that providing the information requested above for (a) will eliminate this issue.

In (f)(6), who will substantiate the abuse, neglect, or maltreatment?

In (f)(7), how is an applicant or a household member disqualified? Pursuant to the applicable rules and statutes?

In (f)(7), what is "FCCH"? I assume family child care homes, but this is the first time that I have seen it abbreviated.

In (i), please change "is" to "shall be."



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .1702 APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE FOR A FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: X No Effective date:
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent field and except for example time
 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order:
Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other:
Explain: The amendment of this rule sets the guidelines and requirements needed in order to obtain a license for a family child care home for the potential provider. This amendment requires documentation for IT-SIDs training to help with the prevention of sudden infant death syndrome. This rule covers some of the topics listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families

pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas

outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements co rule is required?	ntrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the				
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.					
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules pre- would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The	occess to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers training includes the following 11 topic areas:				
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; CPR and First Aid training; recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 					
11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping pract The federal register may be found at https://www.federalregister.gov/articles/2					
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 					
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:				
Phone: 919-527-6502	Sfenda P. Weinert				
E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov					
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.				
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert				
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission				
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com				
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY					
	Submitted for RRC Review:				

- 10A NCAC 09 .1702 amended <u>with changes</u> under temporary procedures as follows:

3	10A NCAC 09	.1702 APPLICATION FOR A LICENSE FOR A FAMILY CHILD CARE HOME
4	(a) Any person	who plans to operate a family child care home (FCCH) shall apply for a license using a form provided
5	by the Division.	Only one licensed family child care home shall operate at the location address of any home. The
6	form can be fou	and on the Division's website at http://ncchildcare.dhhs.state.nc.us/general/mb_customerservice.asp.
7	The applicant sh	nall submit the completed application, to the Division that complies with the following:
8	<mark>(1)</mark>	only one licensed family child care home shall operate at the location address of any home; and
9	<mark>(2)</mark>	the applicant shall list each location address where a licensed family child care home will operate.
10	<mark>(b)</mark> <mark>If a family c</mark>	hild care home operates at more than one location address by cooperative arrangement among two or
11	<mark>more families, tl</mark>	he following procedures apply:
12	<mark>(1)</mark>	one parent whose home is used as a location address shall be designated the coordinating parent and
13		shall co-sign the application with the applicant; and
14	<mark>(2)</mark>	the coordinating parent shall know the current location address at all times and shall provide the
15		information to the Division upon request.
16	<mark>(c)</mark> (b) The appli	icant shall ensure that the family child care home complies with the following requirements:
17	(1)	single wide single-wide manufactured homes are limited to a maximum of three preschool-age
18		children (not (not more than two may be two years of age or less) and two school-age children;
19	(2)	all children are kept on the ground level with an exit at grade;
20	(3)	all homes are equipped with an electrically operated (with a battery backup) smoke detector, or one
21		electrically operated and one battery operated smoke detector located next to each other;
22	(4)	all homes are provided with at least one five pound 2-A: 10-B: C type extinguisher for every 2,500
23		square feet of floor area;
24	(5)	heating appliances shall be installed and maintained according to NC Building Code Chapter
25		603.5.3;
26	(6)	all indoor areas used by children are heated when the temperature is below 65 degrees and ventilated
27		when the temperature is above 85 degrees; and
28	(7)	pipes or radiators that are hot enough to be capable of burning children and are accessible to the
29		children are covered or insulated.
30	<mark>(d)</mark> (c) The appli	cant shall also submit supporting documentation with the application for a license to the Division. The
31	supporting docu	mentation shall include:
32	(1)	a copy of a non-expired qualification letter in accordance with 10A NCAC 09 .2702;
33	(2)	a copy of documentation of completion of a first aid First Aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation
34		(CPR) course;
35	<u>(3)</u>	a copy of documentation of completion of ITS-SIDS training;
36	(3)(4)	proof of negative results of the applicant's tuberculosis test completed within the past 12 months;
37	(4)(5)	a completed health questionnaire;

1 (5)(6) a copy of current pet vaccinations for any pet in the home; 2 if a home has a private well, a negative well water bacteriological analysis; analysis if the home has (6)(7) 3 <mark>a private well;</mark> 4 (7)(8)copies of any inspections required by local ordinances; and 5 (8)(9) any other documentation required by the Division according to the rules in this Section to support 6 the issuance of a license. 7 (e) (d) Upon receipt of a complete application and supporting documentation, a Division representative shall make an 8 announced visit to each home. An announced visit is not required by a Division representative if the applicant is 9 subject to the circumstances in Paragraph (g) of this Rule. The issuance of a license applies as follows: 10 if all applicable requirements of G.S. 110, Article 7 and this Section are met, a license shall be (1)11 issued: 12 (2)if the applicable requirements of G.S. 110, Article 7 and this Section are not met, but the applicant 13 has the potential to comply, the Division representative shall establish with the applicant a time 14 period for the home to achieve compliance. If the Division representative determines that all 15 applicable requirements of G.S. 110, Article 7 and this Section are met within the established time 16 period, a license shall be issued; or 17 (3) if all applicable requirements of G.S. 110, Article 7 and this Section are not met or cannot be met 18 within the established time, the Division shall deny the application. 19 (f) (e) The Division shall allow the applicant to operate prior to the Division representative's visit described in 20 Paragraph (e) of this Rule when the applicant is currently licensed as a family child care home operator, needs to 21 relocate relocate, and notifies the Division of the relocation, and the Division representative is unable to visit before 22 the relocation occurs. An applicant shall not operate until he or she has received from the Division either temporary 23 permission to operate or a license. 24 (\mathbf{g}) (f) The Secretary may deny the application for the license under the following circumstances: 25 (1)if any child care facility license previously held by the applicant has been denied, revoked, or 26 summarily suspended by the Division; 27 (2)if the Division initiated denial, revocation, or summary suspension proceedings against any child 28 care facility license previously held by the applicant and the applicant voluntarily relinquished the 29 license; 30 (3) during the pendency of an appeal of a denial, revocation, or summary suspension of any other child 31 care facility license held by the applicant; 32 (4) if the Division determines that the applicant has a relationship with an operator or former operator 33 who previously held a license under an administrative action described in Subparagraphs (g)(1), (2), 34 or (3) of this Rule. As used in this Rule, an applicant has a relationship with a former operator if 35 the former operator would be involved with the applicant's child care facility in one or more of the 36 following ways: 37 (A) would participate in the administration or operation of the facility;

1		(B) has a financial interest in the operation of the facility;			
2		(C) provides care to the children at the facility;			
3		(D) resides in the facility; or			
4		(E) would be on the facility's board of directors, be a partner of the corporation, or otherwise			
5		have responsibility for the administration of the business;			
6	(5)	based on the applicant's previous non-compliance as an operator with the requirements of G.S. 110,			
7		Article 7 or this Chapter;			
8	(6)	if abuse or neglect abuse, neglect, or child maltreatment has been substantiated against the applicant			
9		or a household member; or			
10	(7)	if the applicant is a disqualified child care provider or has a disqualified household member residing			
11		in the FCCH.			
12	(<mark>h)</mark> (g) In deterr	mining whether denial of the application for a license is warranted pursuant to Paragraph (g) of this			
13	Rule, the Divisi	on shall consider:			
14	(1)	any documentation provided by the applicant which that describes the steps the applicant will take			
15		to prevent reoccurrence of noncompliance issues that led to any prior administrative action taken			
16		against a license previously held by the applicant;			
17	(2)	training certificates or original transcripts for any coursework from a nationally recognized			
18		regionally accredited institution of higher learning related to providing quality child care, and that			
19		was taken subsequent to any prior administrative action against a license previously held by the			
20		applicant. "Nationally recognized" means that every state in this nation acknowledges the validity			
21		of the coursework taken at higher education institutions that meet the requirements of one of the			
22		accrediting bodies;			
23	(3)	proof of employment in a licensed child care facility and references from the administrator or			
24		licensee of the child care facility regarding work performance;			
25	(4)	documentation of collaboration or mentorship with a licensed child care provider to obtain			
26		additional knowledge and experience related to operation of a child care facility; and			
27	(5)	documentation explaining relationships with persons meeting the criteria listed in Subparagraph			
28		(g)(4) of this Rule.			
29	(i) (h) The licen	se shall not be bought, sold, or transferred from one individual to another.			
30	<u> </u>	se is valid only for the location address listed on it.			
31	(k) (j) The lice	nse must shall be returned to the Division in the event of termination, revocation, suspension, or			
32	summary suspe				
33	(1) (k) A license	e shall notify the Division if a change occurs that affects the information shown on the license.			
34 35	History Note:	Authority G.S. 110-85; 110-86; 110-88(5); 110-91; <mark>110-91(4);</mark> 110-93; 110-99; 143B-168.3;			
36		Eff. January 1, 1986;			
37		Amended Eff. March 1, 2014; December 1, 2012; August 1, 2011; July 1, 2010; April 1, 2003; April			
38		1, 2001; July 1, 1998; January 1, 1991; November 1, 1989; January 1, 1987;			

Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1705

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL</u>: This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a)(1), how is it determined whether an operator's health may adversely affect the care of the children. I understand that it will be based on observations and complaints, but is there any additional information that can be provided.

In (a)(3) and (a)(4), please consider moving "within 12 months prior to applying for a license" to after "children in care."

In (b), upon what circumstances will the Division require written proof?

In (b)(5), when will the coursework count toward ongoing training requirements? Upon request of the operator?



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency:	NC CHILD CAR	E COMMISSION		
2. Rule citation & name: CARE HOME OPERAT		705 HEALTH AND T	RAINING REQUIREMENT	FS FOR FAMILY CHILD
3. Action: Ado	ption X	Amendment	Repeal	
4. Was this an Emergence	ey Rule: 🗌 Yes X No	Effective date:		
5. Provide dates for the f	ollowing actions a	s applicable:		
a. Proposed Temporary	y Rule submitted t	to OAH: July 26, 2016	5	
b. Proposed Temporar	y Rule published (on the OAH website:	August 2, 2016	
c. Public Hearing date:	August 9, 2016			
d. Comment Period: A	ugust 2-August 25	, 2016		
e. Notice pursuant to G	S.S. 150B-21.1(a3)	(2): July 26, 2016		
f. Adoption by agency	on: September 12,	2016		
g. Proposed effective da and G.S. 150B-21.3]:			ctive date established by G.S	. 150B- 21.1(b)
h. Rule approved by R	RC as a permanen	nt rule [See G.S. 150B-	·21.3(b2)]:	
6. Reason for Temporary	Action. Attach a	copy of any cited law	r, regulation, or document ne	cessary for the review.
 The effective date Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in 	of a recent act of federal or state buchange: November regulation.	udgetary policy.	ty or welfare.	
			icensing orientation with the Divisio	on that includes training topics such as

recognizing, responding to, and reporting child abuse, neglect or maltreatment, the home's operational policies, safe sleep policies, written plan of care and their emergency response plan, etc.. This rule covers some of the topics listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

rule is required?				
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.				
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The	process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers e training includes the following 11 topic areas:			
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; CPR and First Aid training; 				
10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping pra	ctices.			
The federal register may be found at https://www.federalregister.gov/article	/2015/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4.			
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 				
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:			
Phone: 919-527-6502				
	10. Signature of Agency Head*: Offenda P. Weinerf			
Phone: 919-527-6502	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with			
Phone: 919-527-6502	Henda P. Weinerf * If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant			
Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.			
 Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov Agency contact, if any: Same as above 	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form. Typed Name: Glenda Weinert			
 Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov Agency contact, if any: Same as above Phone: Same as above E-Mail: Same as above 	 * If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form. Typed Name: Glenda Weinert Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com 			
 Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov Agency contact, if any: Same as above Phone: Same as above 	 * If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form. Typed Name: Glenda Weinert Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com 			
 Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov Agency contact, if any: Same as above Phone: Same as above E-Mail: Same as above RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONL 	 * If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form. Typed Name: Glenda Weinert Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com 			
 Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov Agency contact, if any: Same as above Phone: Same as above E-Mail: Same as above RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONL 	 * If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form. Typed Name: Glenda Weinert Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com 			

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .1705 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

3 10A NCAC 09.1705 HEALTH AND TRAINING REQUIREMENTS FOR FAMILY 4 CHILD CARE HOME OPERATORS

5 (a) Prior to receiving a license, each family child care home operator shall:

- 6 (1) Complete and keep on file a health questionnaire which that attests to the operator's physical and 7 emotional ability to care for children. The Division may require a written statement or medical 8 examination report signed by a licensed physician or other authorized health professional if there is 9 reason to believe that the operator's health may adversely affect the care of the children based upon 10 observations and complaints made to the Division.
- 11(2)Obtain written proof that he or she is free of active tuberculosis. The results indicating the individual12is free of active tuberculosis shall be obtained within 12 months prior to applying for a license.
- 13 (3) Successfully complete Complete within 12 months prior to applying for a license a basic first aid 14 First Aid course appropriate for the ages of children in care. Successful completion shall be 15 evidenced by a certificate or card from an approved training organization. First Aid training shall 16 be renewed on or before expiration of the certification. Verification of completion of this course 17 from an approved training organization shall be maintained in the operator's file. The Division shall 18 post a list of approved training organizations on its website at 19 http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/providers/py_sn2_ov_pd.asp. that shall address principles for responding 20 to emergencies, and techniques for handling common childhood injuries, accidents and illnesses 21 such as choking, burns, fractures, bites and stings, wounds, scrapes, bruises, cuts and lacerations, 22 poisoning, seizures, bleeding, allergic reactions, eye and nose injuries and sudden changes in body 23 temperature.
- 24 (4) Successfully complete within 12 months prior to applying for a license a course by the American 25 Heart Association or the American Red Cross or other organizations approved by the Division in 26 cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) appropriate for the ages of children in care. Other 27 organizations shall be approved if the Division determines that the courses offered are substantially 28 equivalent to those offered by the American Red Cross. Successfully completed "Successfully 29 completed" is defined as demonstrating competency, as evaluated by the instructor, in performing 30 CPR. Documentation of successful completion of the course from an approved training organization 31 the American Heart Association, the American Red Cross, or other organization approved by the 32 Division shall be on file in the home. The Division shall post a list of approved training 33 organizations on its website at http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/providers/pv sn2 ov pd.asp.
- 34
 (5)
 Complete a pre-licensing orientation that will be scheduled by [with] a representative of the

 35
 [Division.]
 Division upon receipt of the application. Training required pursuant to this Rule shall

 36
 not be counted toward annual [ongoing] on-going training requirements. Training topics for

 37
 orientation shall include:

1		<u>(A)</u>	recognizing, responding to, and reporting child abuse, neglect, or maltreatment pursuant to	
2		<u> </u>	G.S. 110-105.4 and G.S. 7B-301;	
3		<u>(B)</u>	review of the home's operational policies, including the written plan of care, safe sleep	
4			policy, and the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan;	
5		<u>(C)</u>		
6		(D)	information regarding prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;	
7		<u>(E)</u>	prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization;	
8		<u>(F)</u>	first hand observation of the home's daily operations;	
9		<u>(G)</u>	instruction regarding assigned duties;	
10		<u>(H)</u>	instruction in the maintenance of a safe and healthy environment;	
11		<u>(I)</u>	instruction in the administration of medication to children in accordance with 10A NCAC	
12			<u>09.1720(c);</u>	
13		[(J)]	[review of the home's purposes and goals;]	
14	[(K)]	<mark>(J)</mark>	review of the child care licensing law and [rules;] rules set forth in G.S. 110, Article 7 and	
15			<u>10A NCAC 09;</u>	
16	[(L)]	<u>(K)</u>	an explanation of the role of State and local government agencies in the regulation of child	
17			care, their impact on the operation of the center, and their availability as a resource;	
18	[(M)]	(<u>L)</u>	an explanation of the operator's obligation to cooperate with representatives of State and	
19			local government agencies during visits and investigations; and	
20	[(N)]	<u>(M)</u>	prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic [reactions] reactions.	
21		Docun	nentation of the pre-licensing orientation shall be provided by the Division and kept on file in	
22		the hor	me.	
23	<u>(6)</u>	Compl	ete ITS-SIDS training if planning to be licensed to care for infants ages 12 months and	
24		young	er.	
25	(b) After receiv	ing a lice	ense, an operator shall:	
26	(1)	Update	e the health questionnaire referenced set forth in Paragraph (a) Subparagraph (a)(1) of this	
27		Rule a	nnually. The Division may require the operator to obtain written proof that he or she is free	
28		of activ	ve tuberculosis.	
29	(2)	Compl	ete a first aid <u>First Aid</u> course as referenced <u>set forth</u> in Paragraph (a) <u>Subparagraph (a)(3)</u> of	
30		this R	ule. First aid Aid training shall be renewed on or before expiration of the certification,	
31		<mark>certific</mark>	cation or every three years, whichever is less.	
32	(3)	Succes	ssfully complete a CPR course as referenced <u>set forth</u> in Paragraph (a) Subparagraph (a)(4) of	
33		this R	ule. CPR training shall be renewed on or before the expiration of the certification.	
34		<mark>certific</mark>	cation, or every two years, whichever is less.	
35	(4)	If licer	nsed to care for infants ages 12 months and younger, complete ITS-SIDS training within four	
36		<mark>month</mark>	s of receiving the license, and complete it again every three years from the completion of	
37		previo	us ITS-SIDS training. Completion of ITS-SIDS training may be included once every three	

years in the number of hours needed to meet the annual in-service training requirement in Paragraph (b)(5) of this Rule.

- 3 (5) Complete 12 clock hours of annual in-service training in the topic areas required by G.S. 110-91(11), 4 except that persons with at least 10 years work experience as a caregiver in a child care arrangement 5 regulated by the Division of Child Development and Early Education shall complete eight clock 6 hours of annual in-service training. Only training which that has been approved by the Division as 7 referenced in Rule .0708 of this Chapter shall count toward the required hours of annual in-service 8 training. The operator shall maintain a record of annual in-service training activities in which he or 9 she has participated. The record shall include the subject matter, the topic area in G.S. 110-91(11) 10 covered, the name of the training provider or organization, the date training was provided and the 11 number of hours of training completed. First aid Aid training may be counted no more than once 12 every three years. <u>Coursework applicable [appropriate</u>] to job responsibilities taken at a regionally 13 accredited college or university may be counted toward ongoing training requirements. The operator 14 shall maintain a record of training activities, including copies of training certificates or official 15 documentation provided by the trainer. That record shall include the subject matter, topic area, 16 training provider, date provided, hours, and name of staff who completed the training. This 17 documentation shall be on file. [file and current.]
- 18(6)Within one year of the effective date of the license, complete the Emergency Preparedness and19Response in Child Care training. Training. For the purposes of this Rule, the Emergency20Preparedness and Response in Child Care is a training approved by the Division on creating an21Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan and practicing, responding to, and recovering from22emergencies in child care facilities. Existing operators have two years as of the effective date of23this Rule to complete the Emergency Preparedness and Response in Child Care training.24Documentation of completion of the training shall be maintained in the operator's personnel file.
- 25 (7) Upon completion of the Emergency Preparedness and Response in Child Care training, Training, 26 develop the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan. The Emergency Preparedness and 27 Response Plan means a written plan that addresses how a child care facility will respond to both 28 natural and man-made disasters, such as fire, tornado, flood, power failures, chemical spills, bomb 29 threats, earthquakes, blizzards, nuclear disaster, or a dangerous person in the vicinity, to ensure the 30 safety and protection of the children children, and additional caregivers. This Plan must be on a 31 template provided by the Division of Emergency Management and is available at 32 https://rmp.nc.gov/portal/#, completed within four months of completion of the Emergency 33 Preparedness and Response in Child Care training, Training, and available for review. review by 34 the Division. The Plan shall include the following:
- 35 (A) written procedures for accounting for all in attendance, including the location of the
 36 children, staff, volunteer and visitor attendance lists and the name of the person(s)
 37 responsible for bringing the lists in the event of an emergency;

1

2

 2 (C) methods for communicating with parents and emergency personnel or law enforcer 3 (D) a description of how children's nutritional and health needs will be met; 4 (E) the relocation and reunification process; 5 (F) emergency telephone numbers; 	
4 (E) the relocation and reunification process;	y other
	y other
5 (F) emergency telephone numbers:	y other
	y other
6 (G) evacuation diagrams showing how the operator, family members, children and an	
7 individuals who may be present will evacuate during an emergency;	
8 (H) the date of the last revision of the plan;	
9 (I) specific considerations for non-mobile children and children with special needs; n	eeds, if
10 <u>applicable;</u> and	
11 (J) the location of the Ready to Go File. A Ready to Go File "Ready to Go File" n	neans a
12 collection of information on children, additional caregivers, and the fac	ility, to
13 utilize, if an evacuation occurs. The file shall include, but is not limited to, a copy	of the
14 Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan, contact information for individuals t	o pick-
15 up children, each child's Application for Child Care, application for child care, med	ication
16 authorizations and instructions, any action plans for children with special health care	needs,
17 a list of any known food allergies of children and additional caregiver, additional ca	<mark>regiver</mark>
18 <u>caregivers, additional caregivers'</u> contact information, Incident Report forms, an area	ea map,
19 and emergency telephone numbers.	
20 (8) Review the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan annually or when information in t	he plan
21 changes, to ensure all information is current.	
22 (9) Review the Family Child Care Home's Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan with add	litional
23 caregivers during orientation and on an annual basis. basis; and	
24 (10) The operator shall complete Recognizing and Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltree	atment
25 training within two months of licensure and every three years thereafter. Completion of <i>Reco</i>	<u>gnizing</u>
26 and Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment training shall be included once even	y three
27 years in the number of hours needed to meet ongoing training requirements in 10A NC	<u>AC 09</u>
28 .1705(b)(5). <u>Recognizing and Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment training is av</u>	ailable
29 <u>at https://www.preventchildabusenc.org/.</u>	
30 31 <i>History Note:</i> Authority G.S. 110-85; 110-88; 110-91; 143B-168.3;	
32 <i>Eff. January 1, 1986;</i>	
33 Amended Eff. July 1, 2015; July 1, 2008; May 1, 2004; July 1, 1998; November 1, 1989; J	anuary
34 <i>1, 1987;</i>	5
35 Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.	

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1719

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), what is meant by "a physically safe and healthy indoor and outdoor environment"?

In (a)(1), please delete or define "potentially hazardous." Please consider adding information from .0604(a).

In (a)(4), please delete or define "safely"

In (a)(5), please delete or define "firmly"

In In (a)(9), what is meant by "solid and safe indoor and outdoor stairs"?

In (a)(10), please delete or define "safely"

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: X No Effective date:
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016 h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other:
Explain: This amendment requires the operator of a FCCH to maintain a safe indoor and outdoor environment for children in care by ensuring bio- contaminants are stored and/or removed properly and all hazardous material is kept in locked areas away from the reach of children. This rule covers some of the topics listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are

topics listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements rule is required?	contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the		
announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar g training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the trai more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regul	the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety ning for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have ations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC y the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately re.		
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. T	process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers he training includes the following 11 topic areas:		
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental cons prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic react building and physical premises safety, including identification of and p water, and vehicular traffic; emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resultin handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposa precautions in transporting children, if applicable; 	ions; protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of g from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event;		
8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;9) CPR and First Aid training;			
10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping pr	actices.		
The federal register may be found at <u>https://www.federalregister.gov/article</u>	es/2015/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4.		
8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1)			
 Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: 			
X No			
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:		
Phone: 919-527-6502	Afenda P. Weinert		
E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	, .		
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.		
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert		
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission		
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com		
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONI			
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:		
Date returned to agency:			

10A NCAC 09 .1719 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

3 10A NCAC 09 .1719 REQUIREMENTS FOR A SAFE INDOOR/OUTDOOR ENVIRONMENT

4 (a) The operator of a family child care home shall provide a physically maintain a safe and healthy indoor and outdoor

- 6 environment that meets the developmental needs of children in care. for the children in care.
 In addition, the operator
 6 shall:
- keep all areas used by the children, <u>both</u> indoors and outdoors, clean and orderly and free of items
 which that are potentially hazardous to children. This includes the removal of items that a child can
 swallow. In addition, loose nails or screws and splinters shall be removed on inside and outside
 equipment;
- 11
 (2)
 all corrosive agents, pesticides, bleaches, detergents, cleansers, polishes, any product [which] that

 12
 is under pressure in an aerosol dispenser, and any substance [which] that may be hazardous to a

 13
 child if ingested, inhaled, or handled shall be kept in its original container or in another labeled

 14
 container, used according to the manufacturer's [instructions] instructions, and stored in a locked

 15
 area when not in use. Locked areas shall include those [which] that are unlocked with a combination,

 16
 [electronic] electronic, or magnetic device, key, or equivalent locking device. Unlocking devices
- 17shall be kept out of the reach of a child and shall not be stored in the lock. Toxic substances shall be18stored below or separate from medications and food. Any product not listed in this [Paragraph,]19Paragraph of this Rule, [which] that is labeled "keep out of reach of children" without any other20[warnings,] warnings shall be kept inaccessible to children when not in use, but is not required to21be kept in locked storage. The product shall be considered inaccessible to children when stored on
- 22
 a shelf or in an unlocked cabinet that is mounted a minimum vertical distance of five feet above the

 23
 finished floor;
- 24(3)ensure potential [bio contaminants] bio-contaminants are stored in locked areas, or removed from25the premises or otherwise inaccessible to children. [children, and disposed of appropriately;]
- 26For purposes of this Rule, a "bio-contaminant" includes bodily fluids, soiled diapers and wipes, and27medical waste such as syringes;
- 28 (2)(4) safely store equipment and supplies such as lawnmowers, lawn mowers, power tools, propane
 29 stoves, gasoline, kerosene, or nails, nails so they are inaccessible to children;
- 30(3)(5)ensure that all stationary outdoor equipment is firmly anchored and is not installed over concrete or31asphalt. Footings which that anchor the equipment shall not be exposed;
- 32 (4)(6) securely mount electric fans out of the reach of children or have a mesh guard on each fan;
- 33 (5)(7) cover all electrical outlets not in use and remove old, cracked cracked, or frayed cords in occupied
 34 outlets;
- (6)(8) ensure that, for appliances with heating elements, such as bottle warmers, crock pots, irons, coffee
 pots, or curling irons, neither the appliance nor the any cord, if applicable, is accessible to preschool
 children;

1	(7)<u>(</u>9)	have solid and safe indoor and outdoor stairs and or steps if these are used by the children. Indoor
2		and outdoor stairs <u>Stairs</u> with <u>more than</u> two <mark>or more steps which <u>that</u> are used by the children shall</mark>
3		be railed. Indoor stairs with more than two steps shall be made inaccessible to children in care who
4		are two years old or younger; and
5	(8)	maintain any swimming pools or wading pools on the premises in a manner that will safeguard the
6		lives and health of the children. All swimming or wading pools used by children in care shall meet
7		the "Rules Governing Public Swimming Pools," in accordance with 15A NCAC 18A .2500 which
8		are hereby incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments. A copy of these Rules is
9		on file at the Division at the address given in Rule .0102 of this Chapter or may be obtained at no
10		cost by writing the North Carolina Division of Environmental Health, 1630 Mail Service Center,
11		Raleigh, NC 26799 1630;
12	(9)	enclose any in ground swimming pools by a fence at least four feet high to prevent chance access
13		by children. The swimming pool shall be separate from the play area. Access to the water in above
14		ground swimming pools shall be prevented by locking and securing the ladder in place or storing
15		the ladder in a place inaccessible to the children; and
16	(10)	safely store all combustible materials that may create a fire hazard.
17	(b) Prior to enro	llment of children in a family child care home, and before new animals that will be in the home come
18	into the family c	hild care home, a parent of each child must sign a form acknowledging the type of animal and where
19	the animal will b	be during operating hours. This documentation shall be maintained in each child's file.
20		
21	History Note:	Authority G.S. 110-85; 110-88; 110-91(3),(4),(5),(6);
22		Eff. July 1, 1998;
23		Amended Eff. May 1, 2012; April 1, 2001;
24		Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1721

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

Please see comments and suggestions for .0801.

In (a)(3)(F), is there a similar application requirement for in home child care? If so, please provide a cross reference. If not, the reference to the application in (f)(3)(F) seems to be misplaced.

There is a lot of information contained in this Rule. For purpose of future rule-making, you may want to consider breaking this down further as you have for child care centers.

In (b)(3), please change "contains" to "shall contain"?

In (b)(5), by "categories", do you mean "information"?

In (b)(6), please delete or define "accurate."

Are there specific cross-references available for (c)(1) through (c)(3)?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION				
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .1721 REQUIREMENTS FOR RECORDS				
3. Action: Adoption X Amendment Repeal				
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: Yes X No Effective date:				
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:				
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016				
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016				
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016				
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016				
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016				
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016				
g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016				
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:				
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.				
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. 				
Effective date of change: November 19, 2014				
A recent federal regulation. Cite:				
Effective date:				
A recent court order.				
Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan.				
Other:				
Explain: This amendment requires the operator of a FCCH to maintain health records for each enrolled child. The record shall include any allergies, the				

medical action plan and any health concerns. These are some of the topics listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements corrule is required?	ontrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the			
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.				
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules p would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The	rocess to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers training includes the following 11 topic areas:			
 1) prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; 2) administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; 3) prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; 4) building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; 5) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; 6) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; 7) precutions in transporting children, if applicable; 8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 9) CPR and First Aid training; 10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. 				
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 				
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:			
Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Afenda P. Weinert			
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.			
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert			
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission			
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com			
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY				
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:			

Date returned to agency:

2				
3	10A NCAC 09	.1721	RE(UIREMENTS FOR RECORDS
4	(a) The operate	or shall m	aintain th	e following health records for each enrolled child, including his or her own preschool
5	child(ren):			
6	(1)	а сору	of the ch	nild's health assessment as required by G.S. 110-91(1);
7	(2)	а сору	of the ch	nild's immunization record;
8	(3)	a heal	th and en	nergency information form that includes information set forth in this Subparagraph
9		of this	Rule pro	ovided by the Division that is completed and signed by a child's parent. parent, as
10		define	d in 10A	NCAC 09 .0102. A copy of the form can may be found on the Division's website at
11		http://	ncchildca	re.nc.gov/pdf_forms/DCD-0377.pdf. The completed form shall be on file the first
12		day th	e child att	ends. An operator may use another form other than the one provided by the Division,
13		as lon	g as the f	orm includes the following information:
14		(A)	the chi	ild's name, address, and date of birth;
15		(B)	the nat	mes of individuals to whom the child may be released;
16		(C)	the ge	neral status of the child's health;
17		(D)	any al l	lergies or restrictions on the child's participation in activities with instructions from
18			the chi	ild's parent or physician;
19		(E)	the nat	mes and phone numbers of persons to be contacted in an emergency situation;
20		(F)	the nat	me and phone number of the child's physician and preferred hospital;
21		(G)	author	ization for the operator to seek emergency medical care in the parent's absence; and
22		(<u>A)</u>	emerg	ency medical information as set forth in Rule .1720(c) of this Section;
23		[(A)](B) the chi	ild's full name and the name the child is to be called;
24		[(B)](C) the chi	ild's date of birth;
25		[(C)](]	<mark>D)</mark> any [<mark>al</mark>	l lergies, symptoms of and the type] <u>allergies and the symptoms and type</u> of response
26			require	ed for allergic reactions;
27		[(D)](<mark>E)</mark> any he	alth care needs or concerns, symptoms of and the type of response required for these
28			health	care needs or concerns;
29		<mark>[(E)] (</mark>	<mark>F)</mark> a comj	pleted medical action plan <mark>shall be attached to the application</mark> for children with health
30			care n	eeds such as allergies, [asthma] asthma, or other chronic conditions that require
31			specia	lized health services. The medical action plan shall be completed by the child's
32			parent	or a health care professional and include the following information:
33			<u>(i)</u>	<u>a list of the child's</u> [diagnosis/diagnoses,] diagnosis or diagnoses including
34				dietary, [environmental] environmental, and activity considerations that are
35				applicable;
36			<u>(ii)</u>	contact information for the health care professional(s);
37			<u>(iii)</u>	medications to be administered on a scheduled basis; and

10A NCAC 09 .1721 is amended with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

1		(iv) medications to be administered on an emergency basis with [elearly stated signs,
2		symptoms] symptoms, and instructions.
3		The medical action plan shall be updated on an annual basis. Sample medical action
4		plans may be found on the Division's website at
5		http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/providers/pv_provideforms.asp.
6		[(F)] (G) particular fears, fears or unique behavior characteristics that the child has;
7		[(G)](H) the names of individuals to whom the operator may release the [child] child as authorized
8		by the person who signs the application;
9		[(H)] (I) the names and phone numbers of persons to be contacted in an emergency situation;
10		(+) (J) the name and phone number of the child's physician; and
10		((J)) (K) authorization for the operator to seek emergency medical care in the parent's absence.
11	<u>(4)</u>	The operator shall:
12	(4)	(A) only release a child only to an individual listed on the form;
13 14		 (B) have the information [provided in] required by Subparagraphs (3)(A) through (J) of this
14		[<u>Rule,</u>] <u>Rule [readily</u>] <u>available and [easily]</u> accessible to additional caregivers and
15		substitute providers during the time the [ehildren are] child is in care; and
10		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
17		(C) use the information provided on the form to ensure that each individual child's needs are met during the time the child is in [eare-] care; and
10	(4)(5)	when medication is administered, authorization for the operator to administer the specific
20	(4)<u>(5)</u>	medication according to the parent's or physician's instructions.
20	(b) The operator	shall complete and maintain other records [which] that include:
21		documentation of the operator's Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan on a template which
22	(1)	is provided by the Division of Emergency Management at http://rmp.nc.gov/portal/#;
23 24	(2)	documentation that monthly fire drills are practiced. The documentation shall include the date each
24	(2)	drill is held, the time of day, the length of time taken to evacuate the home, and the operator's
23 26		
20	(3)	signature; incident reports that are completed each time a child receives medical treatment by a physician,
27	(3)	nurse, physician's assistant, nurse practitioner, community clinic, or local health department,
28 29		
29 30		<u>department</u> as a result of an incident occurring while the child is in the family child care home.
30 31		Each incident shall be reported on a form provided by the Division, signed by the operator and the
32		parent, and maintained in the child's file. <u>The form contains the following information:</u>
32 33		(A) <u>facility identifying information:</u>
33 34		(B) date and time of the incident:
		(C) witness to the incident;
35 36		 (D) time the parent is notified of the incident and by who; (F) Biase of equipment involved;
30 37		(E) <u>Piece of equipment involved:</u>
51		(F) Cause of injury:

1		(G) Type of injury:
2		(H) Body part injured;
3		(I) Where the child received medical treatment;
4		(J) Description of how and where the incident occurred and first aid received;
5		(K) Steps taken to prevent reoccurrence;
6		(L) Signature of staff member and date form completed; and
7		(M) Signature of parent and date.
8		A copy of the form can be found on the Division's website at
9		http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/pdf_forms/DCDEE-0058.pdf. A copy shall be mailed to the Division
10		within seven calendar days after the incident occurs;
11	(4)	an incident log which that is filled out any time an incident report is completed. This log shall be
12		cumulative and maintained in a separate file and shall be available for review by the Division. This
13		log shall be completed on a form supplied by the Division. A copy of the form can be found on the
14		Division's website at http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/pdf_forms/incident_log_i.pdf;
15	(5)	documentation that a monthly check for hazards on the outdoor play area is completed. This form
16		shall be supplied by the Division and shall be maintained in the family child care home for review
17		by the Division. The form shall include the following categories:
18		(A) Name of facility, Time and date the form was completed;
19		(B) Signature of individual completing form;
20		(C) General inspection items;
21		(D) Surfacing;
22		(E) General hazard items; and
23		(F) Deterioration of equipment
24		For items on the checklist the operator has to check if pass or fail, if fail identify the problem and
25		solution. A copy of the form can be found of the Division's website at
26		http://ncchildcare.nc.gov/pdf_forms/fcch_outdoor_inspection_checklist.pdf;
27	(6)	Accurate accurate daily attendance records for all children in care, including the operator's own
28		preschool children. The attendance record shall indicate the date and time of arrival and departure
29		for each child; and
30	(7)	documentation of lockdown or shelter-in-place drills giving the date each drill is held, the time of
31		day, the length of time taken to get into designated locations and the signature of the person who
32		conducted the drill.
33	(c) Written reco	ords shall be maintained as follows:
34	(1)	All children's records as required in this Chapter, except medication permission slips as required in
35		Rule .1720(c)(13) of this Section, must be kept on file one year from the date the child is no longer
36		enrolled.

- 1(2)Additional caregiver records as required in this Chapter shall be maintained on file one year from2the employee's last date of employment.
 - (3) Current program records as required in this Chapter shall be maintained on file for as long as the license remains valid. Prior versions shall be maintained based on the time frame in the following charts:
- 5 6

3

4

(A) A minimum of 30 days from the revision or replacement date:

Record	Rule
Daily Schedule	.1718(7)
Infant Feeding Schedule	.1706(f)
SIDS Sleep Chart/Visual Check	.1724(8)

8 9

10

(B) A minimum of one year from the revision or replacement date:

Record Rule Attendance .1721(b)(6) **Emergency Numbers** .1720(a)(8) Emergency Preparedness and Response .1721(b)(1) Plan Field Trip/Transportation .1723(1) Permission Fire Drill Log .1721(b)(2) Lockdown or Shelter-in-Place Drill Log .1721(b)(7) Incident Log .1721(b)(4) **Playground Inspection** .1721(b)(5) .1720(d)(10) Pet Vaccinations

11 12

13 14

18

(4) Well-water analysis, pool inspection and inspections for local ordinances as referenced in Rules
 .1720(d)(1), .1719(7), .1730(j), and .1702(d) of this Section shall remain on file at the family child care home for as long as the license remains valid.

- 15 (5) Records may be maintained in a paper format or electronically, electronically, except that records
 16 that require a signature of a staff person or parent shall be maintained in a paper format.
- 17 (6) All records required in this Chapter shall be available for review by the Division.

19 *History Note:* Authority G.S. 110-85; 110-88; 110-91(1),(9);

- 20 *Eff. July 1, 1998;*
- 21 Amended Eff. July 1, 2015; July 1, 2010; July 1, 2008; April 1, 2003; April 1, 2001;

Temporary Amendment Eff. September 23, 2016.

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1726

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), please consider moving the definition of "staff" to (d). The definition does not seem to fit in Paragraph (a).

In (a)(1), please change "recognizing, responding to, and reporting" to "how to recognize, respond to, and report..."

In (a)(3), do you really intend the policy to only include how to care for infants? If so, please make this a separate sub-paragraph.

In (a)(3), please delete or define "properly."

In (a)(4), what do you mean by "developmentally appropriate"? I know that this phrase is used throughout your rules, is this defined somewhere? Is your regulated public familiar with this term?

In (b), are centers required to provide this information to families already enrolled at the time of the Rule's effective date? Also, what is your authority to require a parent sign the statement? Should it instead read "the center shall obtain the parent's signature"?

In (c), please change "must" to "shall." Also, what is your authority to require a parent sign the statement? Should it instead read "the center shall obtain the parent's signature"?

In (d), are centers required to provide this information to staff members already providing care at the time of the Rule's effective date?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

Amber Cronk May Commission Counsel Date submitted to agency: September 13, 2016



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .1726 PREVENTION OF SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME AND ABUSIVE HEAD TRAUMA
3. Action: X Adoption Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: Yes Effective date: X No
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other:
Explain: The adoption of this rule requires for the operator of a FCCH to develop and adopt policies to prevent shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma for children up to five years of age that are receiving child care. These areas are listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and

trauma for children up to five years of age that are receiving child care. These areas are listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements rule is required?	contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the			
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.				
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas:				
 would have access to the required training by the september so deathine. The training includes the following if topic areas: 1) prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; 2) administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; 3) prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; 4) building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; 5) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; 6) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; 7) precautions in transporting children, if applicable; 8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 9) CPR and First Aid training; 10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. The federal register may be found at https://www.federalregister.gov/articles/2015/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4. 				
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 				
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:			
Phone: 919-527-6502E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Afenda P. Weinert			
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.			
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert			
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission			
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com			
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY				
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:			

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .1726 is adopted with changes under temporary procedures as follows:		
10A NCAC 09.1	1726 PREVENTION OF SHAKEN BABY SYNDROME AND ABUSIVE HEAD	
	TRAUMA	
(a) The operator	of a family child care home licensed to care for children up to five years of age shall develop and	
	assist staff in preventing [prevent] shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma. For purposes of	
	includes the operator, additional caregivers, substitute providers, and uncompensated providers. The	
	de: [include but not be limited to:]	
(1)	Recognizing, responding to, and reporting the signs and symptoms of shaken baby syndrome and	
	abusive head [trauma:] trauma. Signs and symptoms include: irritability, difficulty staying awake,	
	difficulty breathing, inability to lift the head, seizures, lack of appetite, vomiting, and bruises;	
<u>(</u> 2)	Strategies to assist staff [themselves, additional caregivers, and substitute providers] in coping with	
	a crying, fussing, or distraught child;	
(3)	Strategies to ensure staff [that they, additional caregivers, and substitute providers] understand the	
	brain development of children up to five years of age and how to properly care for infants;	
(4)	A list of prohibited behaviors that staff [they, additional caregivers, and substitute providers] shall	
	follow in order to care for children in a [safe] developmentally appropriate manner. Prohibited	
	behaviors shall [include] include, but not be limited to, shaking a child, tossing a child into the air	
	or into a crib, chair, or care seat, and pushing a child into walls, doors, and furniture; and	
(5)	Resources to assist staff [themselves, additional caregivers, substitute providers,] and families in	
	preventing shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma.	
(b) A copy of th	e policy shall be given and explained to the parents of children up to five years of age on or before	
the first day the	child receives care at the home. The parent shall sign a statement acknowledging the receipt and	
explanation of the	e policy. The acknowledgement shall contain the following:	
(1)	The child's name;	
(2)	The date the child first attended the home;	
(3)	The date the operator's policy was given and explained to the parent;	
(4)	The parent's name;	
(5)	The parent's signature; and	
(6)	The date the parent signed the acknowledgment.	
The operator shall	ll retain the acknowledgement in the child's file.	
(c) If an operator changes the policy at any time, the operator [must] shall give written notice of [such a] the change		
to the child's parent 14 days prior to the implementation of the new policy and the parent [must] shall sign a statement		
that attests that a copy of the new policy was given to and discussed with him or her. This statement shall be kept in		
the child's file.		

36 (d) The operator shall review the policy with <u>staff</u> [additional caregivers and substitute providers] prior to the
 37 individual providing care to children. The acknowledgement of this review shall contain the following:

1	(1) The individual's name;
2	[(2)] [The date the individual began caring for children;]
3	$\left[\frac{(3)}{(2)}\right]$ The date the operator's policy was given and explained to the individual;
4	[(4)] (3) The individual's signature; and
5	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(4)}\right]$ The date the individual signed the acknowledgment.
6	The operator shall retain the acknowledgement in the [individual's] staff member's file.
7	(e) If an operator changes the policy at any time, the operator shall review the revised policy with staff [additional
8	caregivers, and substitute providers] 14 days prior to the implementation of the new policy. The individual shall sign
9	a statement that attests that a copy of the new policy was given to and discussed with him or her. This statement shall
10	be kept in the staff member's [individual's] file.
11	
12	History Note: Authority G.S. 143B-168.3;
13	Temporary Adoption Eff. September 23, 2016.

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1730

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL:</u> This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (c), how is other training determined to be equivalent to Red Cross training?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .1730 ACTIVITIES INVOLVING WATER
3. Action: X Adoption Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: Yes Effective date: X No
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016 h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
 Keason for remporary Action. Attach a copy of any clear law, regulation, or document necessary for the review. A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy. Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other:
Explain: The adoption of this rule sets the health and safety standards for children who participate in activities involving water while enrolled in a FCCH. This area is listed in the health and safety topics required by the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas

outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the rule is required?			
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.			
	The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas:		
 prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of 			
 water, and vehicular traffic; b) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; c) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; c) precautions in transporting children, if applicable; 			
 8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma; 9) CPR and First Aid training; 10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping pra 	ations		
	s/2015/12/24/2015-31883/child-care-and-development-fund-ccdf-program#h-4.		
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 			
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:		
Phone: 919-527-6502E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Afenda P. Weisert		
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.		
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert		
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission		
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com		
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY Action taken: Submitted for RRC Review:			
Action taken.	Submitted for KKC Keview.		

Date returned to agency:

10A NCAC 09 .1730 is adopted with changes under temporary procedures as follows:

2 3 10A NCAC 09 .1730 ACTIVITIES INVOLVING WATER 4 (a) The requirements in this Rule apply to [aquatic activities,] "aquatic activities," which are defined as activities that 5 take place in a body of water such as swimming, swimming instruction, wading, and visits to water parks. Aquatic 6 activities do not include water play activities such as water table play, slip and slide activities, or playing in sprinklers. 7 (b) Aquatic activities involving the following are prohibited: 8 (1)hot tubs; 9 (2)spas; 10 (3) saunas or steam rooms; 11 (4) portable wading pools; and 12 (5) natural bodies of [water,] water and other unfiltered, nondisinfected containments of water. 13 (c) When children enrolled in a family child care home participate in aquatic activities, there shall be at least one 14 person who has a life guard training certificate issued by the Red Cross or other training determined by the Division 15 to be equivalent to the Red Cross training, appropriate for both the type of body of water and type of aquatic 16 [activities.] activity. 17 (d) Children under the age of three shall not participate in aquatic activities [except.] except to the extent [necessary.] 18 necessary to implement any child's Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP) or Individualized Education Program 19 (IEP). 20 (e) The family child care home operator shall be responsible for <u>adequately</u> supervising the aquatic activity for the 21 duration of the activity. [Adequate supervision] "Adequate supervision" means that the operator shall be able to hear, 22 see, and respond [quickly] to the children [who are in the water and children who are] whether in or out of the water. 23 (f) Prior to children participating in aquatic activities, the operator shall develop policies that address the following: 24 (1)aquatic safety hazards; 25 (2)pool and aquatic activity area [supervision] supervision, including restroom or changing room use; 26 (3) how discipline [is] will be handled during aquatic activities; 27 (4) the operator's specific field trip and transportation policies; and 28 (5) that children shall be directed to exit the water [in a prompt and orderly manner] during an 29 emergency. 30 (g) Parents must provide written permission for participation in aquatic activities. The written permission shall include 31 a statement that parents are aware of the operator's aquatic policies specified in Paragraph (f) of this Rule. The 32 operator shall maintain copies of written parental permission in each child's file. 33 (h) Any outdoor swimming pool [which is] located on the family child care home premises shall be enclosed by a 34 fence that is at least four feet high, [shall be] separated from the remaining outdoor play area by that fence, and [shall 35 be] locked and inaccessible to children when not in use. 36 (i) Swimming pool safety rules shall be posted and [in a prominent place] visible to children and staff for any

37 swimming pool located on the child care facility premises. These rules shall state:

1	(1)	the location of a first-aid kit;	
2	(2)	that only water toys are permitted;	
3	(3)	that children [shall] are not allowed to run or push one another;	
4	(4)	that swimming is allowed only when the operator is present; and	
5	(5)	that glass objects are not allowed.	
6	(j) All swimmin	g pools used by children in care shall meet the "Rules Governing Public Swimming Pools" in	
7	accordance with	15A NCAC 18A .2500 which are incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments. \underline{A}	
8	copy of these Ru	ales can be found at http://ehs.ncpublichealth.com/docs/rules/294306-9-2500.pdf and is available at	
9	no charge. [A co	opy of these Rules is on file with the Division of Child Development and Early Education, 820 South	
10	Boylan Avenue,	Raleigh, NC 27603, or may be obtained at no cost by writing the North Carolina Division of	
11	Environmental Health, 1630 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699 1630.]		
12	(k) Educational	activities, such as observing tadpoles, exploring [mud] mud, or learning about rocks and [vegetation,]	
13	vegetation are permitted around bodies of water. However, if children will be in the water for any part of the activity,		
14	Paragraphs (a) through (g) of this Rule shall apply.		
15	(1) Boating, rafting, and canoeing activities are permitted. Prior to participating in recreational activities conducted		
16	on the water, children shall wear an age or size appropriate personal floatation device approved by the United States		
17	Coast Guard. This personal floatation device shall be worn for the duration of the activity.		
18 19	History Note:	Authority G.S. 110-88; 110-91(1), (3), (6); 143B-168.3;	
20		Temporary Adoption Eff. September 23, 2016.	

AGENCY: NC Child Care Commission

RULE CITATION: 10A NCAC 09 .1731

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Wednesday, September 14, 2016 – 12:00 p.m.

<u>NOTE WELL</u>: This request when viewed on computer extends several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the rule will be approved. You may call this office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing these rules, the staff determined that the following technical changes need to be made. Approval of any rule is contingent upon making technical changes as set forth in G.S. 150B-21.10.

In (a), how is this training to be offered? Will it be in-person? Online? Will the topics be separate trainings?

In (b), please change "must" to "shall."

In (b)(2), what is meant by "consistent with standards for parental consent"?

In (c), by "may", do you mean "shall"? If you do mean "may", under what circumstances will the training count toward in-service training?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.



[Authority G.S. 150B-21.1]

OAH USE ONLY

VOLUME:

ISSUE:

1. Rule-Making Agency: NC CHILD CARE COMMISSION
2. Rule citation & name: 10A NCAC 09 .1731 ADDITIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING REQUIREMENTS
3. Action: X Adoption Amendment Repeal
4. Was this an Emergency Rule: Yes Effective date: X No
5. Provide dates for the following actions as applicable:
a. Proposed Temporary Rule submitted to OAH: July 26, 2016
b. Proposed Temporary Rule published on the OAH website: August 2, 2016
c. Public Hearing date: August 9, 2016
d. Comment Period: August 2-August 25, 2016
e. Notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.1(a3)(2): July 26, 2016
f. Adoption by agency on: September 12, 2016
 g. Proposed effective date of temporary rule [if other than effective date established by G.S. 150B- 21.1(b) and G.S. 150B-21.3]: September 23, 2016
h. Rule approved by RRC as a permanent rule [See G.S. 150B-21.3(b2)]:
6. Reason for Temporary Action. Attach a copy of any cited law, regulation, or document necessary for the review.
 A serious and unforeseen threat to the public health, safety or welfare. The effective date of a recent act of the General Assembly or of the U.S. Congress. Cite: Effective date: X A recent change in federal or state budgetary policy.
Effective date of change: November 19, 2014 A recent federal regulation. Cite: Effective date: A recent court order. Cite order: State Medical Facilities Plan. Other:
Explain: The adoption of this rule requires operators, additional caregivers and substitute providers to complete additional health and safety training offered by the Division by June 2017. The training include the 11 topic areas of the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG) Act. This rule is a part of a group of rules that are needed to bring North Carolina into compliance with CCDBG Act requirements. The Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) that is authorized by

the CCDBG provides federal funding for low-income families with children in child care who are working or continuing their education and training. These funds help families pay for child care services. North Carolina already has some health and safety requirements in place related to the eleven health and safety topics and training areas outlined in the CCDF; however there are several topic areas that are not currently addressed in the child care requirements and require rulemaking.

7. Why is adherence to notice and hearing requirements contrary to the public interest and the immediate adoption of the rule is required?			
Although the CCDBG Act was enacted in 2014, the regulations are still in the proposed rulemaking process. The September 30, 2016 deadline for certification was announced in December of 2015 by email, however, there was a webinar given by Region IV to all states in May 2016 to clarify the new CCDGB health and safety training requirements and the specified due date for implementing the training for all providers. The Division anticipated that the codified regulations would have more details about how the law would be implemented, however the regulations have not been finalized. The comment period closed on February 22, 2016. If NC cannot certify that it is compliant with the requirements of the CCDBG by the September 30 deadline, NC risks forfeiting millions of federal dollars it desperately needs to maintain funding for low-income families with children in child care.			
The Child Care Commission adopted this rule under the temporary rules process to help protect the health and safety of children in child care so that providers would have access to the required training by the September 30 deadline. The training includes the following 11 topic areas:			
 would have access to the required training by the September 30 deathle. The training includes the following 11 topic areas: 1) prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization; 2) administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent; 3) prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions; 4) building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic; 5) emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster, or a man-caused event; 6) handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio-contaminants; 7) precautions in transporting children, if applicable; 8) prevention of shaken baby syndrome and busive head trauma; 9) CPR and First Aid training; 10) recognizing and responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment; and 11) prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices. 			
 8. Rule establishes or increases a fee? (See G.S. 12-3.1) Yes Agency submitted request for consultation on: Consultation not required. Cite authority: X No 			
9. Rule-making Coordinator: Dedra Alston	10. Signature of Agency Head*:		
Phone: 919-527-6502 E-Mail: Dedra.Alston@dhhs.nc.gov	Afenda P. Weinert		
	* If this function has been delegated (reassigned) pursuant to G.S. 143B-10(a), submit a copy of the delegation with this form.		
Agency contact, if any: Same as above	Typed Name: Glenda Weinert		
Phone: Same as above	Title: Chairperson of the Child Care Commission		
E-Mail: Same as above	E-Mail: Glenda.Weinert@gmail.com		
RULES REVIEW COMMISSION USE ONLY	,		
Action taken:	Submitted for RRC Review:		

Date returned to agency:

1	10A NCAC 09	.1731 is adopted with changes under temporary procedures as follows:	
2			
3	10A NCAC 09	.1731 ADDITIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING REQUIREMENTS	
4	(a) Child care	operators, additional caregivers, and substitute providers shall complete health and safety training	
5	5 offered by the Division no later than June 30, 2017.		
6	6 (b) The training must include the following topic areas:		
7	(1)	Prevention and control of infectious diseases, including immunization;	
8	(2)	Administration of medication, consistent with standards for parental consent;	
9	(3)	Prevention of and response to emergencies due to food and allergic reactions;	
10	(4)	Building and physical premises safety, including identification of and protection from hazards that	
11		can cause bodily injury such as electrical hazards, bodies of water, and vehicular traffic;	
12	(5)	Emergency preparedness and response planning for emergencies resulting from a natural disaster,	
13		or a man-caused event;	
14	(6)	Handling and storage of hazardous materials and the appropriate disposal of bio contaminants;	
15	(7)	Precautions in transporting children if applicable;	
16	(8)	Prevention of shaken baby syndrome and abusive head trauma;	
17	(9)	CPR and First Aid training as required in Rule .1705 of this Section; [and]	
18	(10)	Recognizing and Responding to Suspicions of Child Maltreatment as required in Rule .1705(b)(10)	
19		of this [Section.] Section; and	
20	<u>(11)</u>	Prevention of sudden infant death syndrome and use of safe sleeping practices.	
21	(c) Training he	ours accrued for the completion of this requirement may count toward in-service training. However,	
22	child care operators, additional caregivers, and substitute providers must complete the health and safety training even		
23	if the number of hours accrued exceeds required in-service training, as specified in Rule .1705(b)(5) of this Section.		
24			
25	History Note:	Authority G.S. 110-88; 110-91(11); 143B-168.3;	
26		Temporary Adoption Eff. September 23, 2016.	