1	08 NCAC 17 .0101 is adopted with changes as published in 29:21 NCR 2435 as follows:					
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3	CHAPTER 17 – PHOTO IDENTIFICATION					
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5	08 NCAC 17 .01	.01	DETERMINATION OF REASONABLE RESEMBLANCE AT CHECK-IN			
6	(a) Photo identi	fication a	at check in procedure: An election official shall check the registration status of all persons			
7	presenting to vote in-person on election day or during one-stop early voting pursuant to G.S. 163-166.7, and then-shall					
8	require that all persons presenting to vote provide one of the forms of photo identification listed in G.S. 163-166.13(e),					
9	subject to the exceptions outlined in Paragraph (b) of this Rule. If a person not satisfying the exceptions described in					
10	Paragraph (b) of this Rule does not provide any photo identification, the election official shall inform the person					
11	presenting to vote that he or she may cast a provisional ballot, which shall be counted in accordance with G.S. 163-					
12	182.1A of applicable options specified in G.S. 163-166.13(c). If the person presenting to vote wishes to choose the					
13	option of voting a provisional ballot, the election official shall provide the person presenting to vote with information					
14	on the provisional voting process and the address of the county board of elections office.					
15	(b) The election official shall not require photo identification of a person who has a sincerely held religious objection					
16	to being photographed and meets the requirements of G.S. 163-166.13(a)(2), or who is the victim of a natural disaster					
17	and meets the requirements of G.S. 163-166.13(a)(3). Persons falling within any exception listed in this Paragraph					
18	shall be allowed to proceed pursuant to G.S. 163-166.7.					
19	(c) The election official shall inspect any photo identification provided by the person presenting to vote and shall					
20	determine the following:					
21	(1)	That th	ne photo identification is of the type acceptable for voting purposes pursuant to			
22		G.S. 16	3-166.13(e). A valid United States passport book or a valid United States passport card is			
23		accepta	ble pursuant to G.S. § 163-166.13(e)(3).G.S. § 163-166.13(e)(3);			
24	(2)	That the	e photo identification is unexpired or is excepted from an expiration requirement otherwise			
25		<u>accepta</u>	ble pursuant to G.S. 163 166.13(e).G.S. 163-166.13(e);			
26	(3)	That the	e photograph appearing on the photo identification depicts the person presenting to vote. The			
27		election	official shall make this determination based on the totality of the circumstances, construing			
28		all evic	lence, along with any explanation or documentation voluntarily proffered by the person			
29		present	ing to vote, in the light most favorable to that person. Perceived differences of the following			
30		features	s shall not be grounds for the election official to find that the photograph appearing on the			
31		photo id	dentification fails to depict the person presenting to vote:			
32		(A)	weight;			
33		(B)	hair features and styling, including changes in length, color, hairline, or use of a wig or			
34			other hairpiece;			
35		(C)	facial hair;			
36		(D)	complexion or skin tone;			
37		(E)	cosmetics or tattooing;			
38		(F)	apparel, including the presence or absence of eyeglasses or contact lenses;			

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39		(G)	characteristics arising from a perceptible medical condition, disability, or aging;		
40		(H)	photographic lighting conditions or printing quality.quality; and		
41	(4)	That the	he name appearing on the photo identification is the same or substantially equivalent to the		
42		name contained in the registration record. The election official shall make this determination based			
43		on the totality of the circumstances, construing all evidence, along with any explanation or			
44		docum	nentation voluntarily proffered by the person presenting to vote, in the light most favorable to		
45		that person. The name appearing on the photo identification shall be considered substantially			
46		equivalent to the name contained in the registration record if differences are attributable to \underline{a}			
47		reasonable explanation or one or more of the following reasons:			
48		(A)	Omission of one or more parts of the name (such as, for illustrative purposes only, Mary		
49			Beth Smith versus Beth Smith, or Patrick William SmithTodd Jackson, Jr. versus Patrick		
50			William SmithTodd Jackson, or Maria Guzman-Santana versus Maria Guzman);		
51		(B)	Use of a eustomary variation or nickname rather than a formal name (such as, for		
52			illustrative purposes only, Bill versus William, or Sue versus Susanne);		
53		(C)	Use of an initial in place of one or more parts of a given name (such as, for illustrative		
54			purposes only, A.B. SmithSanchez versus Aaron B. SmithSanchez);		
55		(D)	Use of a former name, including maiden names (such as, for illustrative purposes only,		
56			Emily Jones versus Emily Gibson), or a variation that includes or omits a hyphenation		
57			(such as, for illustrative purposes only, Mary Beth Smith versus Mary Beth Jacobson, or		
58			Mary C.Chantell D. Jacobson-Smith versus Mary C.Chantell D. Jacobson);		
59		(E)	Ordering of names (such as, for illustrative purposes only, Maria Eva Garcia Lopez versus		
60			Maria E. Lopez-Garcia).<u>Lopez-Garcia);</u>		
61		<u>(F)</u>	Variation in spelling or typographical errors (such as, for illustrative purposes only, Dennis		
62			McCarthy versus Denis McCarthy, or Aarav Robertson versus Aarav Robertsson).		
63	(d) The election	official	shall not require any additional evidence outside the four corners of the photo identification.		
64	The election official shall not request require that any person remove apparel for the purposes of rendering a				
65	determination u	nder Para	agraph (c). If the face of the person presenting to vote is covered such that the election official		
66	cannot render a	a determ	nination under Subparagraph (c)(3), then the election official shall give the person the		
67	opportunity to remove the covering but shall not require that removal. If the person declines to remove the covering,				
68	the election offic	cial shall	Linform the person presenting to vote that he or she may cast a provisional ballot, which shall		
69	be counted in accordance with G.S. 163-182.1A, or, if applicable, may complete a written request for an absentee				
70	ballot as set out in G.S. 163-166.13(c)(3), and shall inform the voting site's judges of election that the election official				
71	cannot affirmatively determine that the person bears any reasonable resemblance to the photo identification.				
72	(e) Differences between the address appearing on the photo identification meeting the requirements of Subparagraph				
73	(c)(1) and the address contained in the registration record shall not be construed as evidence that the photographic				
74	identification does not bear any reasonable resemblance pursuant to Subparagraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this Rule, nor				
75	shall it be construed as evidence that the photographic identification does not otherwise meet the requirements of any				
76	other provision of Subparagraph (c).				

(f) The election official shall construe all evidence, along with any explanation or documentation voluntarily proffered
by the person presenting to vote, in the light most favorable to that person. After an examination performed in the
manner set out in Paragraphs (a) through (d) of this Rule, the election official shall proceed as follows:

- 80 (1) If the election official determines that the photo identification meets all the requirements of
 81 Paragraph (c), then the person presenting to vote shall be allowed to proceed pursuant to G.S.
 82 163-166.7 and 163-166.13(b); or
- 83 (2) If the election official determines that the photo identification does not meet all of the requirements 84 of Subparagraphs (c)(1) and (c)(2), the election official shall inform the person presenting to vote 85 of the reasons for such determination (such as, for illustrative purposes only, that the photo 86 identification is expired) and shall invite the person to provide any other acceptable photo 87 identification that he or she may have. If the person presenting to vote does not produce photo 88 identification that meets all the requirements of Subparagraph (c)(1) and (c)(2), then the election 89 official shall inform the person presenting to vote that he or she may cast a provisional ballot of 90 applicable options specified in G.S. 163-166.13(c). TheIf the person presenting to vote wishes to 91 choose the option of voting a provisional ballot, the election official shall provide the person 92 presenting to vote with information on the provisional voting process and the address of the county 93 board of elections office.
- 94 (3) If the election official determines that the photo identification does not meet all the requirements of
 95 Subparagraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4), the election official shall notify the voting site's judges of election
 96 that the person presenting to vote does not bear any reasonable resemblance to the photo
 97 identification.
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99 *History Note:* Authority G.S. 163-82.6A, 163-82.15, 163-166.7, 163-166.13, 163-166.14, 163-182.1A
 100 <u>Eff. January 1, 2016.</u>

1 08 NCAC 17 .0102 is adopted <u>with changes</u> as published in 29:21 NCR 2436 as follows:

3 08 NCAC 17.0102 DETERMINATION OF REASONABLE RESEMBLANCE BY JUDGES OF 4 ELECTION

(a) The judges of election shall make a determination as to reasonable resemblance pursuant to G.S. 163-166.14 only
if the person presenting to vote is referred to them by an election official as set out in 08 NCAC 17 .0101(f)(3).
(b) The judges of election shall inspect the photo identification provided by the person presenting to vote and shall
make a determination as to all requirements set out in 08 NCAC 17 .0101(c)(3) and (4). The judges of election shall
make their determinations based on the totality of the circumstances, construing all evidence in the light most favorable

- 10 to the person presenting to vote. The judges of election mayshall consider the following: following, if presented:
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Any information contained in the photo identification meeting the requirements of 08 NCAC 17 .0101(c)(1) and the registration record (such as, for illustrative purposes only, date of birth, sex, or race);

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(2) Any explanation proffered by the person presenting to vote or by other persons; and

15 (3) Any additional documentation provided by the person presenting to vote or by other persons.

16 (c) The judges of election shall follow 08 NCAC 17 .0101(e) with regard to addresses appearing on the photo17 identification.

(d) After considering the evidence, the judges of election shall vote to determine whether the photo identification
bears any reasonable resemblance to the person presenting to vote. All judges of election must vote either yea or nay,
and the result shall be governed by the following:

- (1) Unless the judges of election unanimously find that the photo identification does not bear any
 reasonable resemblance to the person appearing before them as set out in Subparagraph (e)(2), the
 person presenting to vote shall be allowed to proceed pursuant to G.S. 163-166.7 and 163-166.13(b).
- 24 (2)If the judges of election unanimously find that the photo identification does not meet all the 25 requirements of 08 NCAC 17 .0101(c)(3) and (4), the judges of election shall enter a determination 26 that the photo identification does not bear any reasonable resemblance to the person presenting to 27 vote, and shall record their determinations in the manner set out in Paragraph $\frac{f}{f}(e)$ of this Rule. The 28 judges of election shall inform the person presenting to vote that he or she may cast a provisional 29 ballot, which shall be counted in accordance with G.S. 163 182.1A.G.S. 163-88.1. The judges 30 of election shall provide the person presenting to vote with information on the provisional voting 31 process and the address of the county board of elections office.

(e) The judges of election shall record their determination as to reasonable resemblance on a form provided by the
 State Board of Elections that provides the date and time, the voting site, the names of the judges of election, the name
 of the person presenting to vote, and the determination of each individual judge of election.

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36 History Note: Authority G.S. 163-166.7, 163-82.6A, 163-82.15, <u>163-88.1, 163-166.7,</u> 163-166.13, 163-14,
 37 163-166.14163-182.1A
 38 <u>Eff. January 1, 2016.</u>

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08 NCAC 17 .0105 is adopted with changes as published in 29:21 NCR 2437 as follows:

- **3 08 NCAC 17 .0105 DECLARATION OF RELIGIOUS OBJECTION TO PHOTOGRAPH**
- 4 (a) Declaration form: Every county board of elections shall have available a Declaration of Religious Objection to
 5 Photograph form, as prescribed by the State Board of Elections. This form shall contain:
 - (1) The voter's informationname, address, current county, and voter registration number;
- 7 (2) The following declaration: "I, [voter's name], have a sincerely-held religious objection to being 8 photographed. My voter registration will be identified as excepted from the photo identification requirements 9 associated with in-person voting beginning in 2016. This declaration will be effective for all future elections 10 at least 25 days from the date of this declaration being received by my local County Board of Elections, or, 11 if I have already cast a provisional ballot for an election, at the time I make this declaration and provide one 12 of the documents listed in G.S. 163-166.12(a)(2) to the County Board of Elections. I understand that if at 13 some time in the future I no longer hold such religious objection to being photographed, I may request a 14 cancellation of this declaration with my local County Board of Elections. I understand that a false or 15 fraudulent declaration is a Class I felony."; and
- 16 (3) The voter's dated signature.
- 17 (b) A signed declaration form, form as allowed under G.S. 163-166.13(a)(2) will shall be effective for all elections

18 going forward <u>held in the State</u> that are held at least 25 days from the date of the completed declaration being

19 received<u>made</u>, by the county board of elections, or until the voter cancels the declaration. A signed declaration form

20 as allowed under G.S. 163-182.1A(b) will be effective for the election for which the declaration was made and all

21 <u>elections going forward held in the State, or until the voter cancels the declaration.</u>

(c) The voter may cancel the declaration at any time by submitting a written statement, signed and dated, to the countyboard of elections.

(d) Upon moving to a new county in the State of North Carolina, a voter who has completed a declaration that is stillin effect shall continue to be excepted from the photo identification requirements associated with in-person voting.

26 (e) Upon receiving a completed declaration form that is received at least 25 days prior to the next election, or receiving

27 a new voter registration for a voter that has completed a still-current declaration from another county, the county board

28 of elections shall identify the voter as excepted from the photo identification requirements set out in G.S.

- 29 163-166.13(a)(2), so that the voter is identified as such in all voter registration lists and pollbooks associated with in-
- 30 person voting.
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History Note: Authority G.S. 163-82.7A, 163-166.12(a)(2), 163-166.13(a)(2), 163-182.1A(b)(2), 163-275
 Eff. January 1, 2016.