

21 NCAC 32V .0102 is amended, with changes, as published in 28:22 NCR pages 2727 - 2728 as follows:

## **21 NCAC 32V .0102 DEFINITIONS**

The following definitions apply to this Subchapter:

- (1) Approved educational program – Any program within the United States which, that, at the time of the Applicant's attendance, was approved by the Commission on Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs (CAAHEP) or the Accreditation Committee for Perfusion Education (AC-PE), (AC-PE); or any Canadian educational program recognized by the Conjoint Committee on Accreditation of the Canadian Medical Association (CMA), (CMA); or any [program,] program attended by [Applicant,] applicant that was subsequently approved by CAAHEP, [ACPE] ACPE, or [CME] CMA within seven years of the Applicant's graduation.
- (2) Board – The entity referred to in G.S. 90-682(5) The North Carolina Medical Board and its agents.
- (3) Committee – The entity referred to in G.S. 90-682(2) The Perfusionist Advisory Committee and its agents.
- (4) Provisional licensed perfusionist - The person who is authorized to practice perfusion pursuant to 90-698.
- (5) Registering - Renewing the license by paying the biennial fee and complying with Rule .0104 of this Subchapter.
- (6) Supervising - Overseeing the activities of, and accepting the responsibility for, for the perfusion services rendered by a provisional licensed perfusionist. Supervision shall be continuous but, except as otherwise provided in the rules of this Subchapter, shall not be construed as requiring the physical presence of the supervising perfusionist at the time and place that the services are rendered. Supervision shall not mean direct, on-site supervision at all times, but shall mean that the supervising perfusionist shall be readily available for consultation and assistance whenever the provisional licensee is performing or providing perfusion services. Supervision means that the supervising perfusionist shall be available for consultation and assistance while the provisional licensee is performing or providing perfusion services. The availability requirement shall not require physical presence in the operating room. Supervision shall be continuous, except as otherwise provided in the rules of this Subchapter.
- (7) "Supervising Perfusionist" means a Supervising Perfusionist – A perfusionist licensed by the Committee and who serves as a primary supervising perfusionist or as a back-up supervising perfusionist.
  - (a) The "Primary Supervising Perfusionist" is means the perfusionist who, by signing the designation of supervising perfusionist form provided by the Committee, accepts responsibility for the provisional licensed perfusionist medical activities and professional conduct at all times, whether the Primary Supervising Perfusionist perfusionist is personally providing supervision or the supervision is being provided by a Back-up Supervising

1                   Perfusionist. Conduct that violates the laws governing perfusionists may subject the  
2                   supervising perfusionists to sanctions.

- 3                   (b)    The "Back-up Supervising Perfusionist" means the perfusionist who accepts the  
4                   responsibility for the supervision of the provisional licensed perfusionist's activities in the  
5                   absence of the Primary Supervising Perfusionist. The Back-up Supervising Perfusionist is  
6                   responsible for the activities of the provisional licensed perfusionist only when providing  
7                   supervision.

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9    *History Note:*    *Authority G.S. 90-681; 90-682; 90-685(1)(3); 90-691*  
10                   *Eff. September 1, 2007.*  
11                   *Amended Eff. November 1, 2014.*  
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