15A NCAC 13B .0101 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3 15A NCAC 13B .0101 DEFINITIONS 4 The definitions in G.S. 130A 290 Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes and the following definitions 5 shall apply throughout this Subchapter; Subchapter, except for Section .1500 of this Subchapter; 6 "Aerated static pile composting" means the process in which decomposing organic material is (1)7 placed in piles over an active aeration system that is used to supply oxygen and to control 8 temperature for the purpose of producing compost. 9 "Agricultural Waste" waste" means waste materials produced from the raising of plants and animals, (2)(1)10 including animal manures, bedding, plant stalks, hulls, and vegetable matter. 11 (3)(2)"Airport" means public-use airport open to the public without prior permission and without 12 restrictions within the physical capacities of available facilities. 13 (4) "Anaerobic digestion" means the biological process in which microorganisms break down 14 biodegradable organic material in the absence of oxygen. 15 "Backyard Composting" composting" means the on-site composting of yard waste and food (5)(3)16 residuals by the owner or tenant of a residential property. The waste material is generated only 17 onsite, and the resulting compost is used only onsite or on the owner or tenant's property. from 18 residential property by the owner or tenant for non commercial use. 19 "Backyard vermicomposting" means the on-site vermicomposting by the owner or tenant of a (6) 20 residential property using organic material from the residential property with the product produced 21 used only onsite or on the owner or tenant's property. 22 "Blood products" means all bulk blood and blood products. (4)23 [(7)](5) "Cell" means compacted solid waste completely enveloped by a compacted cover material. 24 (7)[(8)] "Collection center" means a collection point for the temporary storage of solid waste for individual 25 residential households who choose to transport solid waste generated on their own property to a 26 facility owned or operated by a local government, rather than directly to a solid waste management 27 facility permitted in accordance with the rules of this Subchapter. Collection centers are also known as "convenience centers" and "drop-off-centers," and are not [transfer facilities or] transfer stations 28 29 for the purpose of this Subchapter. A person, business, or local government facility that collects 30 materials for the purpose of recycling, and does not collect any solid waste for the purpose of 31 disposal, is not a collection center for the purpose of this Subchapter. A collection center shall 32 operate [be] in accordance with Rule .0208(a) of this Subchapter. 33 (8)[(9)](6) "Compost" means <u>a</u> decomposed, humus-like organic matter, <u>produced in an aerobic</u> 34 composting process that is designed and monitored to ensure that the product is free from pathogens, 35 offensive odors, toxins toxins, or materials harmful at the point of end use. Compost is suitable for use as a soil conditioner, conditioner and may have with varying nutrient values. 36

1	(9)[(10)](7) "Compost facility" Facility" means a solid waste facility established in accordance with Section
2	.1400 of this Subchapter which that utilizes a controlled biological process of degrading
3	non-hazardous solid waste. A compost facility may include include:
4	(a) materials processing and hauling equipment;
5	(b)structures to control drainage; and
6	(c) structures to collect and treat leachate; and
7	(d) storage areas for the incoming waste, the final products, and residual materials.
8	(10)[(11)](8) "Composting" means the controlled biological decomposition of organic waste by naturally
9	occurring bacteria under an aerobic process that is designed and monitored to yield a stable,
10	humus-like, pathogen-free compost product. final product resulting in volume reduction of 30-75
11	percent.
12	(11)[(12)](9) "Composting pad" Pad" means a surface, whether soil or manufactured, where the process of
13	composting takes place, and where raw and finished materials are stored.
14	(12)[(13)] "Construction and demolition debris landfill" and "C&DLF" mean a sanitary landfill unit
15	established in accordance with Rules .0531 through .0546 of this Subchapter for the land disposal
16	of C&D [solid] waste.
17	(13)[(14)](10) "Curing" means a continuation of the composting process after the high heat stage during
18	which compost stability and maturity continue to increase. Curing occurs after completing the
19	process to further reduce pathogens and the requirements for vector attraction reduction. the final
20	state of composting, after the majority of the readily metabolized material has been decomposed, in
21	which the compost material stabilizes and dries.
22	(14)[(15)] "C&D [solid] waste" means solid waste generated solely from the construction, remodeling,
23	repair, or demolition operations on pavement and buildings or structures. C&D [solid] waste [may
24	include] includes municipal and industrial solid wastes that are identical to materials generated from
25	the construction, remodeling, repair, or demolition operations on pavement and buildings or
26	structures.
27	(15)[(16)](11) "Demolition landfill" means a sanitary landfill that was limited to receiving stumps, limbs,
28	leaves, concrete, brick, wood, uncontaminated earth or other solid wastes approved by the Division,
29	which either ceased operation or was converted to a land clearing and inert debris landfill (LCIDLF).
30	[LCIDLF.] Land Clearing and Inert Debris Landfill pursuant to Rule .0563.
31	(16)[(17)] "Digestate" means the organic material produced during the anaerobic digestion process. The
32	digestate is a wet mixture of solid and liquid that is rich in nutrients.
33	(17)((18))(12) "Division" means the Director of the Division of Waste Management or the Director's
34	authorized representative.
35	(18)[(19)](13) "Erosion control measure, structure, or device" means physical devices constructed, and
36	management practices utilized, to control sedimentation and soil erosion such as silt fences,

1	sediment basins, check dams, channels, swales, energy dissipation pads, seeding, mulching
2	mulching, and other similar items.
3	(19)[(20)](14) "Explosive gas" means Methane (CH4). a landfill gas that will propagate a flame in air at
4	25 degrees Celsius and atmospheric pressure, such as methane or hydrogen sulfide.
5	(15) "Federal act" means the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, P.L. 94 580, as
6	amended.
7	(20)[(21)](16) "Floodplain" "Floodplain", "base floodplain", "one-hundred-year floodplain", or "100-
8	year floodplain" mean "base floodplain" as defined in G.S. 143-215.52. means the lowland and
9	relatively flat areas adjoining inland and coastal waters, including flood prone areas of offshore
10	islands, which are inundated by the 100 year flood.
11	(21)[(22)](17) "Foreign matter" Matter" means metals, glass, plastics, rubber, bones, and leather, but does
12	not include sand, grit, rocks, or other similar materials.
13	(22)[(23)] "Hazardous waste" means the term as defined in G.S. 130A-290(a)(8). The term does not
14	include those solid wastes excluded from regulation pursuant to 40 CFR 261.4, incorporated by
15	reference in 15A NCAC 13A .0106. The term does include hazardous waste generated by very small
16	quantity generators as defined by 40 CFR 260.10, incorporated by reference in 15A NCAC 13A
17	<u>.0102(b).</u>
18	(18) "Hazardous waste landfill facility" means any facility or any portion of a facility for disposal of
19	hazardous waste on or in land in accordance with rules promulgated under this article.
20	(23)[(24)](19) "Incineration" means the process-disposal of burning-solid, semi-solid semi-solid, or
21	gaseous combustible wastes through a burning process designed to create to an inoffensive a waste
22	gas emission that complies with 15A NCAC 02D and a waste residue containing little or no
23	combustible material. material; but is not open burning.
24	(24)[(25)] "Incinerator" means a device designed to dispose of solid, semi-solid, or gaseous combustible
25	wastes by incineration.
26	(25)[(26)](20) "Industrial process waste" Process Waste" means any solid, semi-solid, or liquid waste
27	generated by a manufacturing or processing plant which that is a result of the manufacturing or
28	processing process. This definition does not include packaging materials associated with such
29	activities.
30	(26)[(27)] "Industrial solid waste" means the term as defined in G.S. 130A-290(a)(13b). Such waste may
31	include waste resulting from electric power generation, water treatment, and manufacturing
32	processes for the following:
33	(a) fertilizer/agricultural chemicals;
34	(b) food and related products or byproducts;
35	(c) inorganic chemicals;
36	(d) iron and steel;
37	(e) leather and leather products:

1	(f) nonferrous metals or foundries;
2	(g) organic chemicals;
3	(h) plastics and resins;
4	(i) pulp and paper:
5	(j) rubber and miscellaneous plastic products;
6	(k) stone, glass, clay, and concrete products;
7	(1) textiles; and
8	(m) transportation equipment.
9	This term does not include mining waste or oil and gas waste.
10	(27)[(28)](21) "Industrial solid waste landfill" Solid Waste Landfill" and "ISWLF" means mean a sanitary
11	landfill unit established in accordance with Rules .0503 through .0505 of this Subchapter for the
12	disposal of industrial solid waste, or for the exclusive disposal of scrap tires also known as a tire
13	monofill. facility for the land disposal of "industrial solid waste" as defined in Item (11) of Rule
14	-1602 of this Subchapter, and is not a The term land application unit, surface impoundment, injection
15	well, or waste pile, as defined under 40 CFR Part 257.
16	(28)[(29)] "Inert debris waste" means inert debris that consists solely of asphalt, cured concrete, brick,
17	concrete block, gravel, and rock. Inert debris waste shall not contain chemical adhesives or sealants,
18	or lead-based paint.
19	(29)[(30)] "In-vessel composting" or "within-vessel" means the process in which decomposing organic
20	material is enclosed in a drum, silo, bin tunnel, or other container for the purpose of producing
21	compost under aerobic conditions.
22	(30)[(31)](22) "Land clearing and inert debris landfill" or "LCIDLF" means mean a landfill unit
23	established in accordance with Rules .0563 through .0567 of this Subchapter for the disposal of yard
24	waste and inert debris waste. facility for the land disposal of land elearing waste, concrete, brick,
25	concrete block, uncontaminated soil, gravel and rock, untreated and unpainted wood, and yard trash.
26	(31)[(32)](23) "Land clearing waste" means land-clearing debris that consists solely of solid waste which
27	is generated solely from land clearing activities such as stumps, trees, limbs, brush, grass, and other
28	naturally occurring vegetative material.
29	(32)[(33)] "Landfill gas" means a gas or mixture of gases generated by the decomposition of solid waste
30	in a landfill.
31	(24) "Leachate" means any liquid, including any suspended components in liquid, that has percolated
32	through or drained from solid waste.
33	(33)[(34)] "Licensed geologist" means the term as defined in G.S. 89E.
34	(34)[(35)] "Licensed professional engineer" means "professional engineer" as defined in G.S. 89C.
35	(35)[(36)] "Licensed professional land surveyor" means "professional land surveyor" as defined in G.S.
36	<u>89C.</u>
37	(36)[(37)] "Licensed soil scientist" means the term as defined in G.S. 89F.

1 "Lower explosive limit" means the lowest percent by volume of a mixture of explosive (37)[(38)](25) 2 gases that which will propagate a flame in air at 25 degrees Celsius and atmospheric pressure. 3 (38)[(39)](26) "Microbiological wastes" waste" means and includes cultures and stocks of etiologic 4 agents. The term includes cultures of specimens from medical, pathological, pharmaceutical, 5 research, commercial, and industrial laboratories. <u>(39)[(40)](27)</u> 6 "Mulch" means a material generated from the chipping or grinding of naturally occurring 7 wood waste such as tree stumps, limbs, and branches. Mulch shall not contain material generated 8 from engineered, treated, or manufactured wood waste such as creosote telephone poles or railroad 9 ties; wooden pallets or skids; laminated wood including flooring; painted, stained, or oiled wood; 10 plywood; or composite boards such as particle board, medium-density fiberboard (MDF), oriented 11 strand board (OSB), or similar products manufactured by binding or fixing the strands, particles, 12 fibers, [veneers] veneers, or boards of wood together to form a composite material. Mulch may 13 contain material generated from the chipping or grinding of wooden pallets or skids only if the wood 14 used in their construction is naturally occurring and has not been engineered, treated, or 15 manufactured. a protective covering of various substances, substances especially organic, to which no plant food has been added and for which no plant food is claimed. Mulch is generally placed 16 17 around plants to prevent erosion, compaction, evaporation of moisture, freezing of roots, and weed 18 growth. 19 "Municipal solid waste landfill" and "MSWLF" mean a sanitary landfill unit established in <u>(40)[(41)</u>] 20 accordance with Section .1600 of this Subchapter for the disposal of municipal solid waste. 21 (41)[(42)](28) "One hundred year flood" "One-hundred-year flood", "100-year flood", or "base flood" means "base flood" as defined in G.S. 143-215.52. means a flood that has a one percent or less 22 23 chance of recurring in any year or a flood of a magnitude equaled or exceeded once in 100 years on 24 the average over a significantly long period. 25 <u>(42)[(43)](29)</u> "Open burning" means the term as defined in 15A NCAC 02D .1902, any fire wherein the 26 products of combustion are emitted directly into the outdoor atmosphere and are not directed thereto 27 through a stack or chimney, incinerator, or other similar devices. 28 <u>(43)</u>[(44)](30) "Pathogens" means organisms that are capable of producing infection or diseases, often 29 found in waste materials. 30 <u>(44)[(45)](31)</u> "Pathological wastes" waste" means and includes the following wastes that are removed 31 during surgery and autopsies: human tissues, organs, body parts, secretions and excretions, and 32 blood and body fluids fluids. that are removed during surgery and autopsies; and It also includes the 33 carcasses and body parts of all animals that were have been exposed to pathogens [that are infectious] 34 to humans during in research, were used in the production of biologicals or in the in vivo testing of 35 pharmaceuticals, or that died of <u>a known or suspected infectious</u> [disease transmissible to humans.] disease. 36

1	(32)	"Putrescible" means solid waste capable of being decomposed by microorganisms with sufficient
2		rapidity as to cause nuisances from odors and gases, such as kitchen wastes, offal and carcasses.
3	<mark>(45)[(46</mark>) "Putrescible waste" and "putrescent" ["Putrescent" means] mean solid waste that is capable of
4		or is generating odors and gases from the process of decomposition by microorganisms. Putrescible
5		waste or solid waste that may become putrescent may include medical waste, kitchen and food
6		waste, offal, and carcasses.
7	(33)	"Radioactive waste material" means any waste containing radioactive material as defined in G.S.
8		104E 5(14).
9	<u>(46)</u> [(47)](34) "Regulated Medical Waste" medical waste" means blood and body fluids in individual
10		containers in volumes greater than 20 milliliters, ml, microbiological waste, and pathological waste
11		that have not been treated pursuant to Rule .1207.1204 of this Subchapter.
12	<mark>(47)[(48</mark>)](35) "Residues from Agricultural Products and Processing" agricultural products and
13		processing" means solids, semi-solids semi-solids, or liquid residues from food and beverage
14		processing and handling, silviculture, agriculture, handling; silviculture; agriculture; and
15		aquaculture operations. operations The residues shall be that are non-toxic, non-hazardous, and shall
16		contain no domestic wastewater.
17	<mark>(48)[(49</mark>)(36) "Respondent" means the person against whom an administrative penalty has been assessed.
18	(37)	"Runoff" means the portion of precipitation that drains from an area as surface flow.
19	<mark>(49)[(50</mark>	[] "Sanitary landfill" means the term as defined in G.S. 130A-290(31). Landfills permitted in
20		accordance with Rules .0503 through .0505 and .0510; Rules .0531 through .0546; and Section
21		.1600 of this Subchapter are sanitary landfills. Land clearing and inert debris landfills are not
22		sanitary landfills.
23	[(51)	"Seasonal high groundwater table" and "SHGT" means the highest level of the uppermost aquifer
24		during a year with normal rainfall. SHGT may be determined in the field through identification of
25		redoximorphic features in the soil profile, monitoring of the water table elevation, or modeling of
26		predicted groundwater elevations.]
27	<u>(50)[(52</u>)](38) "Sediment" means <u>the term as defined in G.S. 113A-52. solid particulate matter both</u>
28		mineral and organic, that has been or is being transported by water, air, gravity, or ice from its site
29		[location]-of origin.
30	<u>(51)[(53</u>] "Septage management facility" means land, personnel, and equipment used in the management
31		of septage, including septage management firms as defined in G.S. 130A-290(a)(33), septage
32		detention and treatment facilities, and septage land application sites established in accordance with
33		Rules .0831 through .0846 of this Subchapter.
34	(39)	"Sharps" means and includes needles, syringes, and scalpel blades.
35	<u>(52)[(54</u>)](40) "Siltation" <u>"Silt"</u> means sediment resulting from accelerated erosion which that is settleable
36		or removable by <u>control measures that are</u> properly designed, constructed, and maintained control

1	measures-and which has been transported from its point of origin within the site land-disturbing
2	activity and which has been deposited, or is in suspension in water.
3	(53)[(55)](41) "Silviculture Waste" waste " means waste materials produced from the care and cultivation
4	of forest trees, including bark and woodchips.
5	(54)[(56)] "Soil" means the unconsolidated mineral and organic material of the land surface. It consists of
6	a mixture of organic matter and of sand, silt, and clay minerals.
7	(42) "Soil Group I" means soil group I as defined in 15A NCAC 13B .0807(a)(1)(A) of the Septage
8	(42) Son Group 1 means son group 1 as defined in 15A WCAC 15B .080 ((a)(1)(A) of the septage Management Rules.
8 9	[(57)](43) "Soil Scientist" [scientist"] means [a person who is a licensed soil scientist as defined in G.S.
10	^{[[377]}] ⁽⁴³⁾ Sold Scientist a General Interns [a person who is a fitterised soft scientist as General Interns .
10	Scientist or Soil Specialist by [the] American Registry of Certified [Professionals] Professional in
11	Agronomy, Crops, and [Soils,] Soils (ARCPACS) or an individual that demonstrates [or a person
	with equivalent experience or education.
13	
14	(55)[(58)](44) "Solid waste collector" means any person who collects or transports solid waste by
15	whatever means, methods such as including but not limited to, highway, rail, and navigable
16	waterway.
17	(56)[(59)](45) "Solid waste generator" means any person who produces solid waste.
18	(57)[(60)](46) "Spoiled food" means any food which that has been removed from sale by the United States
19	Department of Agriculture, the N.C. Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, North
20	Carolina Department of Agriculture, Food and Drug Administration, or any other regulatory agency
21	having jurisdiction in determining that food is unfit for consumption.
22	(58)[(61)] "Temporary debris storage and reduction site" means a site that complies with the requirements
23	of Rule .0208(b) of this Subchapter for the storage and processing of additional waste generated
24	from the following: [mean parcels of land that are reviewed by the Division to be used to store and
25	process waste generated from]
26	(a) an incident that caused a declaration of a state of emergency or disaster in accordance with
27	Chapter 166A, Article 1A, Part 4 of the General Statutes to assist with local and State
28	recovery and compliance with the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency
29	Assistance Act, Public Law 93-288, as [amended.] amended; or
30	(b) [These sites may also be established to store or process additional from a natural disaster
31	such as] a hurricane, tornado, severe storm, ice storm, or a 100-year flood event. [event,
32	even if no declaration of a state of emergency or disaster occurs. These sites shall be in
33	accordance with Rule .0208(b) of this Subchapter.]
34	(47) "Steam sterilization" means treatment by steam at high temperatures for sufficient time to render
35	infectious waste non infectious.
36	(59)[(62)](48) "Transfer facility" station" means a permanent structure with mechanical equipment
37	established in accordance with Section .0400 of this Subchapter that is used for the collection

1		collection, consolidation, or compaction of solid waste prior to the transportation of solid waste for
2		final disposal.
3	<u>(60)[(6.</u>	3)(49) "Treatment and processing facility" means a facility established in accordance with Section
4		.0300 of this Subchapter for used in the treatment and processing of solid waste for prior to the
5		transportation of solid waste for final disposal or for utilization by reclaiming or recycling.
6	<mark>(61)[(64</mark>	(50) "Vector" means a [carrier] carrier, such as rodents, insects, and birds, [birds] carrier,
7		usually an arthropod, that is capable of transmitting a pathogen from one organism to another.
8	<u>(62)[(6:</u>) "Vermicompost" means the product of the vermicomposting process that is a dark, fertile
9		mixture of decomposed organic waste, bedding material, and granular castings.
10	<u>(63)</u> [(6 4) "Vermicomposting" means the controlled and managed process by which live worms convert
11		organic materials into vermicompost.
12	<u>(64)</u> [(6	7) "Vermiculture" means raising of earthworms for the purpose of vermicomposting.
13	<u>(65)[(63</u>	3)](51) "Water supply watershed" means an area from which water drains to a point or
14		impoundment, and the water is then used as a source for a public water supply.
15	<mark>(66)[(64</mark>	})](52) "Water table" means the term defined in 15A NCAC 02L .0102. [and "groundwater table"
16		mean] means <mark>the upper limit of the portion of the ground wholly saturated with water.</mark>
17	<mark>(67)[(74</mark>)](53) "Windrow" "Windrow composting" means a process for compost production in which
18		decomposing organic materials are placed in piles and are turned or agitated to assure all parts of
19		the decomposing material meet the requirements of Section .1400 of this Subchapter for pathogen
20		reduction and vector attraction reduction. an elongated compost pile (typically eight feet wide by
21		ten feet high).
22	<u>(68)</u> [(7	[+](54) "Working face" means that portion of the land solid waste disposal site where solid wastes
23		are discharged, spread, and compacted prior to the placement of cover material.
24	(55)	"Yard trash" means Solid waste resulting from landscaping and yard maintenance such as brush,
25		grass, tree limbs, and similar vegetative material.
26	<u>(69)[(7</u>	2)](56) "Yard Waste" waste" means land-clearing waste and yard trash. "Yard Trash" and
27		"Land clearing Debris" as defined in G.S. 130A-290, including stumps, limbs, leaves, grass, and
28		untreated wood.
29		
30	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
31		Eff. April 1, 1982;
32		Amended Eff. August 1, 2008; October 1, 1995; January 4, 1993; December 1, 1991; February 1,
33		1991.<u>1991</u>:
34		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
35		

15A NCAC 13B .0102 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

- 3 15A NCAC 13B .0102 APPLICABILITY
- 4 (a) The management of solid waste is subject to Chapter 130A [Article 1 Part 2] Article 1, Part 2, and Article 9 of the
- 5 <u>General [Statutes; and shall be subject to] Statutes, as well as</u> the rules of this Subchapter.
- 6 (b) The rules of this Subchapter shall not apply to the management of hazardous waste, with the exception of Rule
- 7 .0103(h) of this Section. 15A NCAC 13A contains requirements for hazardous waste management.
- 8 (c)[(b)] The rules of this Section are applicable to the general management of solid waste by all persons in the State
- 9 <u>unless exempted by Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes or the rules of this Subchapter.</u>
- 10 These solid waste management rules are for general application throughout the State of North Carolina unless
- 11 otherwise specifically indicated by their context. Rules found in Section .0700 of this Subchapter apply to the
- 12 Division's program for solid waste management and also to the Division's program for hazardous waste management.
- 13 All other rules of this Subchapter apply to the Division's program for solid waste management but not to the Division's
- 14 program for hazardous waste management. Other hazardous waste management program rules are found in 15A
- 15 NCAC 13A. The official policy and purpose of the State of North Carolina in regard to solid waste control is set forth
- 16 in Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the North Carolina General Statutes.
- 17

18	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
19		Eff. April 1, 1982;
20		Amended Eff. February 1, 1991; October 1, 1984.<u>1984</u>;
21		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>

15A NCAC 13B .0103 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

- 3 15A NCAC 13B .0103 GENERAL CONDITIONSREQUIREMENTS
 - 4 (a) All solid waste shall be stored, collected, transported, separated, processed, recycled, recovered, and disposed of
- 5 in a manner consistent with the requirements of these Rules. the rules of this Subchapter. The Division of Solid Waste
- 6 Management-is responsible for the enforcement of these Rules. the rules of this Subchapter.
- 7 (b) No solid waste containing radioactive waste material as defined in G.S. 104E-5 shall be collected and transported,
- 8 stored, treated, processed, disposed of <u>of</u>, or reclaimed, except as specifically authorized by a radioactive material
- 9 license issued by the Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Health Service Regulation, Radiation
- 10 Protection Section. Radiation Protection, DEHNR.
- 11 (c) Solid waste shall be disposed of at a solid waste disposal site in accordance with Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the
- 12 General Statutes and the rules of this Subchapter. The disposal of solid waste shall be in accordance with the hierarchy
- 13 of methods of managing solid waste in G.S. 130A-309.04(a)(1) through (6). the Solid Waste Management Act and the
- 14 Federal Act. Hazardous waste, lead acid batteries, liquid waste, including used oil, regulated medical waste, and any
- 15 other wastes that may pose a threat to the environment or the public health, as determined by the Division, are
- 16 prohibited from disposal at a solid waste disposal site.
- 17 (d) In addition to the requirements of G.S. 130A-309.10, hazardous waste, liquid [waste,] waste as defined in Rule
- 18 .0532 of this Subchapter, and regulated medical waste are prohibited from disposal at a solid waste disposal site. The
- 19 Division may prohibit a waste stream of a particular type or from a particular source from being accepted at solid
- 20 waste management facilities or disposed of at a solid waste disposal site if the Division determines that the waste
- 21 stream contains an emerging contaminant or pathogen that may pose a risk to the environment or public health through
- 22 the management or disposal of such waste at a particular solid waste management facility. If the Division prohibits
- 23 such a waste stream, the Division shall notify all affected facilities in writing and shall post a notice on the Division's
- 24 Solid Waste Section website at https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/waste-management/solid-waste-section_no less than
- 25 <u>48 hours prior to the effective date of the prohibition. The notice shall contain the type or source of the prohibited</u>
- 26 waste stream, the reason for the prohibition, the effective date of the prohibition, and the ending date of the prohibition
- 27 or a statement that the prohibition shall be in effect until the Division removes the prohibition.
- 28 (d) The Division has developed a "Procedure and Criteria for Waste Determination" which is used to determine
- 29 whether a waste is:
- (1) hazardous as defined by 15A NCAC 13A, and
 (2) suitable for disposal at a solid waste management facility. Information required for evaluation
 includes the identity of the generator, identity of the waste and how it was generated, and laboratory
 results indicating the chemical constituency of the waste. Copies of "Procedure and Criteria for
 Waste Determination" may be obtained from and inspected at the Division, P.O. Box 27687,
 Raleigh, N.C. 27611 7687. The waste determination procedure shall be used for:
 (A) Waste which is generated outside the population and geographic area which the solid waste
- 37 management facility is permitted to serve under .0504(1)(g).

1	(B) Waste from a transfer facility other than a facility permitted under these Rules.
2	(C) Waste generated by a new generator inside the population and geographic area which the
3	Solid Waste Management Facility is permitted to serve if the components of the waste
4	cannot be readily determined otherwise.
5	(D) Waste generated through a change in industrial process by an existing generator, provided
6	the components of the waste cannot be readily determined otherwise.
7	(E) A load of waste which a sanitary landfill operator suspects may contain materials which
8	the facility is not permitted to receive.
9	(F) Requests by a generator interested in transporting waste to an identified solid waste
10	management facility for treatment and processing, transfer or disposal.
11	(G) All sludges except sludge from water treatment plants.
12	(H) Other wastes deemed appropriate by the Division for testing before transporting to a solid
13	waste management facility.
14	(e) No person shall dispose or cause the disposal of solid waste in or on waters in a manner that results in solid waste's
15	entering waters or being deposited upon lands of the state. State.
16	(f) Solid waste disposal sites including sanitary landfills, land clearing and inert debris landfills, and incinerators shall
17	comply with the same requirements as "new solid waste disposal facilities" provided in G.S. 143-215.54(c) [143-
18	215.54] in accordance with the [applicability and] effective date of S.L. 2000-150, s. 5. [dates of S.L. 2000-150.]
19	White Goods shall not be disposed of at a solid waste disposal site after January 1, 1991.
20	(g) By July 1, 1991, all All solid waste management facilities owned and operated by or on behalf of a local
21	government government, except facilities which will receive no waste after July 1, 1992, shall install have scales and
22	shall weigh all solid waste when it is received at the facility.
23	(h) By July 1, 1991, each local government operating a permitted solid waste management facility shall initiate a
24	solid waste recycling program which shall be designed to achieve the goal of recycling at least 25 percent of the
25	municipal solid waste stream by January 1, 1993, prior to final disposal or incineration at a solid waste disposal facility
26	(i) After January 1, 1998, all active sanitary landfills (except land clearing and inert debris landfills) shall be equipped
27	with liners, leachate collection systems and final cover systems as required in Sections .0500 and .1600 of this
28	Subchapter.
29	(h) When the Division assesses an administrative penalty for violations of Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General
30	Statutes and the rules adopted thereunder, the penalty shall be assessed in accordance with G.S. 130A-22 and the
31	following assessment procedures:
32	(1) For all violations for which a penalty is assessed, a notice of the assessment shall be sent to the
33	respondent by US Postal Service registered or certified mail, or hand-delivered. The notice shall
34	describe the nature of the violation, state the amount of the penalty and the costs assessed in
34 35	describe the nature of the violation, state the amount of the penalty and the costs assessed in accordance with G.S. 130A-22(j) ("investigative costs"), state when the penalty and investigative

1	(2)	After the notice has been issued, the respondent may request to settle the penalty assessment and
2		violations through informal procedures as set forth in G.S. 150B-22(a). The Division may reduce
3		the amount of the assessed penalty as a part of a settlement agreement resulting from the informal
4		procedure process.
5	(3)	The assessed penalty and the investigative costs shall be due and payable within 60 days of receipt
6		of the notice issued in accordance with Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph.
7	(4)	The assessment of a penalty does not prevent the Division from also suspending or revoking a permit
8		in accordance with G.S. 130A-23.
9		
10	History Note:	Filed as a Temporary Amendment Eff. October 28, 1988, for a Period of 180 Days to Expire on
11		April 26, 1989;
12		Authority G.S. 130A-294;
13		
15		Eff. April 1, 1982;
14		Eff. April 1, 1982; Amended Eff. October 1, 1995; January 4, 1993; February 1, 1991; September 1, 1990.<u>1990;</u>
14		Amended Eff. October 1, 1995; January 4, 1993; February 1, 1991; September 1, 1990.<u>1990;</u>
14 15		Amended Eff. October 1, 1995; January 4, 1993; February 1, 1991; September 1, 1990.<u>1990;</u> Filed as a Temporary Amendment Eff. October 28, 1988, for a Period of 180 Days to Expire on

15A NCAC 13B .0202 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3	15A NCAC 13B	B.0202 PERMIT APPLICATION
4	(a) Application	Applications for permits required by Rule .0201 of this Section shall be forwarded submitted to the
5	Department of	Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, Environmental Quality, Division of Solid-Waste
6	Management, So	lid Waste Section, Post Office Box 27687, 1646 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-
7	<u>1646.</u> 27611. Per	rmit applications shall contain the following information:
8	(1)	Site site and construction plans;
9	(2)	An an approval letter from the unit of local government having zoning authority over the area where
10		the facility is to be located stating that the proposed facility meets all of the requirements of the local
11		zoning ordinance, or that the site is not zoned;
12	(3)	Detailed-plans and specifications for solid waste management facilities shall be prepared and
13		certified by a licensed professional engineer if required by G.S. 89C, and is not under the purview
14		of another licensed professional such as a licensed professional land surveyor. [89C.] except for
15		land clearing and inert debris landfills subject to Rule .0563(1) of this Subchapter. The plans shall
16		bear an imprint of the registration seal of the engineer and geological-Geological studies shall be
17		certified by bear the seal of a licensed professional geologist, in accordance with N.C.G.S. Chapter
18		if required by G.S. 89E, [89E;] and is not under the purview of another licensed profession such as
19		a licensed soil scientist in accordance with G.S. 89F;
20	<u>(4)</u>	any additional permit application information required to be submitted by the rules of this
21		Subchapter based on the type of facility proposed by the applicant; and
22	<u>(5)(4)</u>	Any other information that the Division may request in writing for pertinent to the proposed facility.
23		facility, if it is necessary to determine compliance with the requirements of this Subchapter.
24	(b) Specific info	ormation for a permit application is found in Sections [.0300 through .1600] .0300, .0400 and .0500
25	of this Subchapt	er.
26	(b) [(c)] All app	lications for a permit approval to construct as set forth in Rule .0201(d)(1) of this Section shall also
27	include documer	ntation necessary to determine compliance with G.S. 130A-295.2 and G.S. 130A-295.3, such as the
28	following:	
29	(1)	cost estimates for financial assurance if the facility is subject to Section .1800 of this Subchapter;
30	(2)	documentation that the Division may request to determine compliance with the requirements for
31		financial qualifications in accordance with G.S. 130A-295.2(d), if any;
32	(3)	the environmental compliance history for the applicant as defined in G.S. 130A-295.3(a); and
33	(4)	if the applicant is a business entity, an organizational chart showing the structure of the applicant as
34		<u>defined in G.S. 130A-295.3(a)(i) through (iii).</u>
35	<u>(c)[(d)] All app</u>	lications for a permit approval to operate as set forth in Rule .0201(d)(2) of this Section shall also
36	include documer	ntation necessary to determine compliance with G.S. 130A-295.2 and G.S. 130A-295.3, such as the
37	following:	

1	(1)	updated cost estimates for financial assurance if the facility is subject to Section .1800 of this
2		Subchapter;
3	(2)	the executed financial assurance mechanism if the facility is subject to Section .1800 of this
4		Subchapter;
5	(3)	an updated environmental compliance history for the applicant as defined in G.S. 130A-295.3(a);
6		and
7	(4)	if the applicant is a business entity, an updated organizational chart showing the structure of the
8		applicant as defined in G.S. 130A-295.3(a)(i) through (iii).
9	<u>(d)[(e)] When a</u>	a permit applicant submits a complete application for a permit to the Division prior to the expiration
10	date of the existi	ing permit for the facility, including the payment of an annual fee and permit application fee if required
11	<u>by G.S. 130A-2</u>	91.1 or 130A-295.8, the existing permit shall not expire until a decision on the permit application is
12	made by the Div	vision.
13		
14	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
15		Eff. April 1, 1982;
16		Amended Eff. January 4, 1993; February 1, 1991; September 1, 1990; August 1, 1988.<u>1988;</u>
17		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
18		

15A NCAC 13B .0203 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

- 3 15A NCAC 13B .0203 PERMIT APPROVAL OR DENIAL
- 4 (a) Upon receipt of a permit application, the Division shall review the request to assure that all provisions of the rules
- 5 of this Subchapter, these Rules, the Solid Waste Management Act, Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes,
- 6 and the Federal <u>Resource Conservation and Recovery Act</u> of 1976, Public Law 94-580, Act, as amended, will be met.
- 7 The Division shall review permit applications in accordance with the timelines established in G.S. 130A-295.8(e).
- 8 Based on its review, the Division shall either approve or deny the request in writing.
- 9 (b) When an application is approved, the applicant shall be provided a permit. If the approval is contingent upon
- 10 certain conditions being met by the applicant, such as a final construction inspection or obtaining a local government
- 11 <u>franchise approval, such conditions shall be noted on the permit.</u>
- 12 (c) Before receiving solid waste at a newly permitted facility, an inspection shall be made by a representative of the
- 13 Division to assure that the site is prepared in accordance with the permit, and the permit shall be recorded <u>in accordance</u>
- 14 with G.S. 130A-301. with the Register of Deeds in the county where the facility is located in accordance with the
- 15 recordation requirements set out in 15A NCAC 13B .0204.
- 16 (d) By receiving solid waste at a permitted facility, the permittee(s) permittee shall be considered by the Department
- 17 to have accepted the conditions of the permit and shall comply with the conditions of the permit.
- 18 (e) When the Division denies a permit for a solid waste management facility, it shall state in writing the reason for
- 19 such denial and shall also state its estimate of the changes in the applicant's proposed activities or plans which that
- 20 will be required <u>for in order that the applicant may to obtain a permit.</u> A denial shall be without prejudice to the
- submission of a future application for a permit after revisions are made to meet objections specified as reasons for
- denial. <u>The Division shall deny a permit as set forth in G.S.130A-294(a)(4)c</u>, or for the following reasons: <u>Reasons</u>
- 23 for denial include:

24

- (1) <u>Submission submission of incomplete information;</u>
- 25 (2) Failure failure to meet applicable the requirements of this Subchapter; or
- 26 (3) Failure failure to meet any applicable a requirement or standard set forth in Article 9 of Chapter
 27 130A of the N.C. General Statutes; or
- (4) Any other reasons which siting, design, construction, or operation plans that would prevent the solid
 waste <u>management facility</u> or site from being operated [in the future] in accordance with Article 9
 of 9, Chapter 130A of the General Statutes, these Rules, the rules [requirements] of this Subchapter,
- 31
 the Federal <u>Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, Public Law 94-580, [Aet,] as</u>

 32
 amended, or any applicable standards and requirements of G.S. 89C, 89E, or 89F. [89C or 89E.] Act,
- 33 or acceptable engineering or public health and environmental standards.
- 34 (f) Appeals of permit decisions shall be in accordance with Article <u>3 of [3,]</u> Chapter 150B of the General Statutes <u>3</u>
- 35 of N.C.G.S., Chapter 150B, and the Rules <u>rules</u> adopted thereunder.

1	<u>(g) The Secreta</u>	ary [Division] may suspend or revoke a permit in accordance with G.S. 130A-23. If the Secretary	
2	[Division] revol	tes or suspends a permit, the Department [Division] shall notify the owner or operator in writing of	
3	the reasons for the permit action.		
4			
5	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;	
6		Eff. April 1, 1982;	
7		Amended Eff. August 1, 2008; February 1, 1991; August 1, 1988; February 1, 1988.<u>1988;</u>	
8		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>	
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1	

15A NCAC 13B .0301 is readopted with changes as	published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:
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2		
3	SEC	TION .0300 – TREATMENT AND SOLID WASTE -PROCESSING FACILITIES
4		
5	15A NCAC 13B	.0301 <u>SITING AND APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS</u>
6	This Rule contai	ins the information required for a permit application for each treatment and processing facility. A
7	minimum of thre	e sets of the following information shall be required in each application:
8	(a) A treatment a	and processing facility (site) shall meet the following siting requirements:
9	(1)	Floodplain Restrictions: Any portions of the site property where storage or processing of solid waste
10		occurs shall not be located in the 100-year floodplain.
11	(2)	Cultural Resources Restrictions: A site shall not damage or destroy a property of archaeological or
12		historical significance that has been listed on the National Register of Historic Places or included
13		on the Study List for the Register pursuant to 07 NCAC 04R .0206 and .0300, which are incorporated
14		by reference including subsequent amendments. [amendments and editions.]
15	(3)	State Nature and Historic Preserve Restrictions: The location, access, size, and operation of the site
16		shall not have an adverse impact on any component included in the State Nature and Historic
17		Preserve pursuant to G.S. 143-260.10.
18	<u>(4)</u>	Endangered and Threatened Species Restrictions: A site shall not jeopardize the continued existence
19		of endangered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of a critical
20		habitat, protected under the Federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, Public Law 93-205, as
21		amended.
22	<u>(5)</u>	<u>Clean Water Act Requirements: [requirements: a] A</u> site or [its] site operations shall:
23		(A) not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the United States, including wetlands,
24		that violates any requirements of the Clean Water Act, including the National Pollutant
25		Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean
26		Water Act; [Act.]
27		(B) comply with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act; and Act.
28		(C) not cause the discharge of a nonpoint source of pollution to waters of the United States,
29		including wetlands, that violates any requirement of an area-wide or Statewide water
30		quality management plan that has been approved under Section 208 or 319 of the Clean
31		Water Act.
32	<u>(6)</u>	Buffer Requirements: Unless otherwise stated in the site permit or local zoning requires larger
33		buffers, the waste handling, treatment, processing, and storage areas shall be:
34		(A) no less than 100 feet from supply wells;
35		(B) no less than 100 feet from property lines;
36		(C) no less than 50 feet from waters of the State as defined in G.S. 143-212, or wetlands as
37		defined in 40 CFR 232.2; and

1	(D) surrounded b	y an unused and cleared area of no less than 25 feet to allow access for fire or
2		esponse vehicles.
3		ne Division one electronic copy of a permit application, and the application
4	which shall contain the plans described	in Paragraphs (c) and (d) of this Rule.
5	(c) Site Plan. An application for a perm	it for a site shall contain a site plan that includes the following information:
6	(1) an aerial photograph,	representative of existing conditions, at a scale of [a] at least one inch equals
7	400 feet, showing the	e area within one quarter mile of the proposed site's boundaries with the
8	following identified:	
9	(A) property line	s of the entire property where the site will be located;
10	(B) waste treatme	ent, processing, and storage areas;
11	(C) buffer areas a	nd distances to wells, residences, wetlands and water bodies, and descriptions
12	of any buffer	requirements by local government zoning regulations;
13	(D) existing land	use and zoning;
14	(E) location of a	Il private residences, commercial and industrial buildings, public or private
15	utilities, road	s, and schools;
16	(F) on-site easen	<u>eents;</u>
17	(G) location of pe	otable wells and public water supplies;
18	(H) historic sites	described in Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule;
19	(I) <u>State [state]</u> 1	nature and historic preserves described in Subparagraph (a)(3) of this Rule;
20	(J) the existing t	opography and features of the site including general surface water drainage
21	patterns and	watersheds, 100-year floodplains, perennial and intermittent streams, rivers,
22	and lakes; an	<u>d</u>
23	(K) the classification	tion of the surface water drainage from the site in accordance with 15A NCAC
24	<u>02B .0300:</u>	
25	(2) a letter from the unit	of government having zoning jurisdiction over the site that states that the
26	proposed use is allow	ed within [the] any existing [zoning, if any;] zoning and that any necessary
27	zoning approval or pe	rmit has been obtained, and that states the local zoning buffers that apply to
28	the site; and	
29	(3) letters from both the S	tate Historic Preservation Office and the Natural Heritage Program within the
30	Department of Cultur	al and] Natural and Cultural Resources stating whether the proposed use of
31	the <u>site [property] will</u>	impact the historic sites described in Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule; State
32	nature and historic pr	eserves described in Subparagraph (a)(3) of this Rule; or the endangered or
33	threatened species des	cribed in Subparagraph (a)(4) of this Rule located at the site.
34	., .	or a permit for a site shall contain an operations plan that shall include [a
35	discussion of each of the following item	
36		of wastes that will be accepted, the anticipated sources of the waste accepted,
37	and the intended destin	nation of recyclables and waste removed from the site;

1	(2)	the procedures for receiving, screening, processing, handling, salvaging, storage, treating, and
2		removal of waste and recovered materials, including the anticipated processing, treatment, and
3		storage times,
4	(3)	procedures for handling recyclables, wastes banned from landfill disposal in accordance with G.S.
5		130A-309.10(f), and special wastes as defined in G.S. 130A-290(a)(40);
6	(4)	the solid waste treatment, processing, and storage areas, and the buffer areas required by
7		Subparagraph (a)(6) of this Rule:
8	(5)	the hours of operation, staffing, parking for visitors and employees, and traffic routing;
9	<u>(6)</u>	methods for vector control, dust and odor control, drainage and erosion control, fire prevention, and
10		daily cleanup;
11	(7)	record keeping procedures;
12	<u>(8)</u>	a description of how the site will comply [planned compliance] with the operational and closure
13		requirements of Rule .0302 of this Section;
14	<u>(9)</u>	for sites that will accept, process, or recycle construction and demolition wastes, a description of
15		how the site will comply with 40 CFR 61, Subpart M and [Part 61(M),] G.S. 130A-444 through 452;
16		[4 52, and the rules adopted thereunder;]
17	<u>(10)</u>	a contingency plan that shall address planned operations in the event of loss of power, loss of
18		communications, storm surges, scale malfunctions, and scale software malfunctions; in the event
19		that the disposal site, haul route, or transfer equipment is not available; or during conditions
20		exceeding design parameters. The owner or operator of the site shall provide back-up equipment,
21		[and] contact information to obtain the equipment, and plans to by-pass the site in case of equipment
22		breakdown. The contingency plan shall be kept updated on-site and shall include site-specific [site
23		specifie] emergency procedures and contact information in case of emergencies;
24	<u>(11)</u>	additional information for activities or features that the owner or operator is proposing [may
25		propose] that are not otherwise described in this Paragraph, or that the Division may request in
26		writing if it is necessary to determine compliance with the rules of this Subchapter;
27	<u>(12)</u>	in addition to the information required in this Paragraph, sites that are proposing to accept scrap
28		tires shall also include the information required by Rule .1106(d) of this Subchapter in the operations
29		plan, if it is not already required to be submitted by this Rule; and
30	<u>(13)</u>	in addition to the information required in this Paragraph, sites that are proposing to accept medical
31		waste shall also include the information required by Rule .1204(b)(4) of this Subchapter in the
32		operations plan, if it is not already required to be submitted by this Rule.
33	(e) The Division	n shall review all permit applications in accordance with Rule .0203 of this Subchapter.
34	(f) Plans and do	ocuments submitted in the permit application in accordance with this Rule shall be incorporated into
35	the permit [whe	n the permit is issued by the Division,] and the site shall comply with the permit in accordance with
36	<u>Rule .0203(d) of</u>	f this Subchapter.

1	(g) Permits issu	ed by the Division for treatment and processing facilities [are] shall be valid for five years; and [are]
2	shall be subject	to the permit fees set forth in G.S. 130A-295.8.
3	(h) Modificatio	ns to the plans. The owner or operator may request to modify plans that were incorporated into the
4	permit [by the I	Division in accordance with Paragraph (f) of this Rule] by submitting [the] a written request to the
5	[Division, inclu	ding]_Division that includes the modified plan and a demonstration showing how the proposed
6	modifications co	omply with the rules of this Section. The Division shall respond to the request in writing within the
7	timeline provide	ed in G.S. 130A-295.8(e); [130A-295.8(e),] and the response shall either approve or deny the request
8	as submitted or	request that additional information be submitted for the Division to consider the request. The
9	Division's appro	oval shall be based on whether the modification complies with the rules of this Subchapter. If the
10	Division approv	res the request as submitted or upon receiving the additional information requested, the Division's
11	written approval	and the revised pages of the plan shall be added to the [sites] site's operating record. The owner or
12	operator shall no	ot implement the modification until the Division has issued an approval.
13	(i) Sites that rec	evived a permit from the Division prior to the readopted effective date of this Rule shall comply with
14	the rules of this	Section with the following exceptions:
15	(1)	buildings, structures, and waste handling areas constructed prior to the readopted effective date of
16		this Rule shall not be required to comply with Paragraph (a) of this Rule for the permitted operational
17		boundary of the site [footprint] existing on the readopted effective date of this Rule, or any
18		replacements or modifications within that existing permitted operational boundary; [footprint;] and
19	(2)	if a building, structure, or waste handling area was constructed prior to the readopted effective date
20		of this Rule, and is expanded beyond [its] the existing permitted operational boundary [footprint]
21		after the readopted effective date of this Rule, the permitted operational boundary [footprint] that
22		was existing on the readopted effective date of this Rule shall not be required to comply with
23		Paragraph (a) of this Rule, but the expansion areas shall comply with these requirements.
24	(j) Site building	s, structures, and waste handling areas that are exempt from the requirements of Paragraph (a) of this
25	Rule shall contin	nue to comply with [the] any siting and buffer requirements stated in their permit issued prior to the
26	readoption date	of this Rule. [Rule, if any.]
27	(1)	-Site and operation plans;
28	(2)	An approval letter from the unit of local government having zoning authority over the area where
29		the facility is to be located, stating that the proposed facility meets all of the requirements of the
30		local zoning ordinance, or that the site is not zoned; and
31	(3)	Any other information pertinent to the proposed facility.
32		
33	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
34		<i>Eff. April 1, 1982;</i>
35		Amended Eff. February 1, 1991.<u>1991;</u>
36		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
37		

1	15A NCAC 13B .0401 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:
2	
3	SECTION .0400 - TRANSFER <u>STATIONS FACILITIES</u>
4	
5	15A NCAC 13B .0401 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY
6	This Rule contains the information required for a permit application for each transfer facility. A minimum of three
7	sets of the following information shall be required in each application:
8	(1) Site and operation plans;
9	(2) An approval letter from the unit of local government having zoning authority over the area where
10	the facility is to be located, stating that the proposed facility meets all the requirements of the local
11	zoning ordinance, or that the site is not zoned; and
12	(3) Any other information pertinent to the proposed facility.
13	(a) Owners or operators of transfer stations shall comply with applicable federal, State, and local laws, rules,
14	regulations, and ordinances, and shall comply with the rules of this Section as follows:
15	(1) Transfer stations that did not receive a permit to operate from the Division prior to the readopted
16	effective date of this Rule shall comply with the rules of this Section.
17	(2) Transfer stations that received a permit to operate from the Division prior to the readopted effective
18	date of this Rule shall comply with the rules of this Section with the following exceptions:
19	(A) buildings, structures, and waste handling areas constructed prior to the readopted effective
20	date of this Rule shall not be required to comply with Rule .0403(a), (b)(1), or (b)(2) of
21	this Section for the permitted operational boundary of the transfer station [footprint]
22	existing on the readopted effective date of this Rule, or any replacements or modifications
23	within that existing permitted operational boundary; [footprint;] and
24	(B) if a building, structure, or waste handling area was constructed prior to the readopted
25	effective date of this Rule, and is expanded beyond [its] the existing permitted operational
26	boundary of the transfer station [footprint]after the readopted effective date of this Rule,
27	the permitted operational boundary [footprint] that was existing on the readopted effective
28	date of this Rule shall not be required to comply with Rule .0403(a), (b)(1), or (b)(2) of
29	this Section, but the expansion areas shall comply with these requirements.
30	Transfer station buildings, structures, and waste handling areas that are exempt from the
31	requirements of Rule .0403(a), (b)(1), and (b)(2) of this Section by this Subparagraph shall continue
32	to comply with the comparable siting, buffer, and construction requirements stated in their permit
33	issued prior to the [readoption] readopted effective date of this Rule.
34	(b) Transition period: Transfer stations that have an effective permit issued [permitted] by the Division prior to the
35	readopted effective date of this Rule shall submit to the Division an assessment report demonstrating compliance with
36	the following conditions and the rules of this Section by no later than six months from the readopted effective date of
37	this Rule:

1	(1)	The assessment report shall include an assessment of the status of the building, access roads,
2		parking, and leachate collection system of the current operations compared to the design of the site
3		as stated in the site permit, the plans incorporated into the permit by Rule .0404(d) of this Section,
4		and the rules of this Section. If required by G.S. 89C or G.S. 89E and not under the purview of
5		another licensed profession, the assessment report or parts thereof shall be prepared by a licensed
6		professional engineer or a licensed geologist.
7	<u>(2)</u>	The assessment report shall contain recommendations for any actions necessary to comply with the
8		rules of this Section. The Division shall notify the owner or operator of the site in writing within 12
9		months of receipt of the report of [the] any changes required to comply with the rules of this Section.
10		[Section, if any.]
11	(3)	The site shall complete the actions required to comply with the rules of this Section within three
12		years of receipt of the Division's notification of the required changes. The site may submit a request
13		to extend this deadline to the Division in writing. The request shall include the reasons for the request
14		and the anticipated date that the work will be completed. The Division shall approve an extension
15		of the deadline in writing if the Division determines that the scope of work needed to comply with
16		the rules of this Section cannot be completed in three years.
17	(c) Unless other	rwise prohibited from accepting waste by local ordinance, transfer stations are not subject to service
18	area restrictions	if the receiving disposal site permit includes the origin of waste as identified by franchise or local
19	government app	<u>roval.</u>
20	(d) Wastes enter	ring the State via a transfer station are [deemed] out-of-state waste to the point of disposal, regardless
21	of any further pr	ocessing, recycling, or other reduction activity.
22	(e) The transpo	rtation of regulated medical waste shall not be subject to the rules of this Section, but shall comply
23	with Section .12	00 of this Subchapter. Transfer stations that receive or transport solid waste by rail, roadway, or water
24	shall be subject	to the rules of this Section.
25		
26	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
27		Eff. April 1, 1982;
28		Amended Eff. February 1, 1991.<u>1991;</u>
29		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
30		

15A NCAC 13B .0402 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

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3	15A NCAC 13B .0402 OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
4	Any person who maintains or operates a transfer facility shall maintain and operate the facility in conformance with
5	the following practices unless otherwise specified in the permit.
6	(1) Operational plans shall be approved and followed as specified for the facility;
7	(2) A facility shall only accept those wastes which it is permitted to receive;
8	(3) Water that comes into contact with solid waste will be contained on site or properly treated prior to
9	discharge from the site. An NPDES permit may be required prior to discharge to surface waters;
10	(4) Equipment for fire control shall be available;
11	(5) Effective vector control measures shall be applied to control flies, rodents, and other insects or
12	vermin;
13	(6) Equipment shall be provided in the storage and charging areas and elsewhere as needed or as may
14	be required in order to maintain the facility in a sanitary condition; and
15	(7) Appropriate method shall be provided to confine material subject to be blown by the wind within
16	the area. At the conclusion of each day of operation, all windblown material resulting from the
17	operation shall be collected and returned to the area by the owner or operator.
18	(a) The owner or operator of a transfer station (site) shall comply with the conditions of the permit issued by the
19	Division. In the event of noncompliance with the permit, the owner or operator shall [take all reasonable steps to
20	prevent releases to the environment and shall carry out such measures as are reasonable to] minimize the release of
21	waste, leachate, or contaminants to the environment, and shall prevent adverse impacts to human health or the
22	environment.
23	(b) The owner or operator shall submit to the Division upon written request any information or records required to be
24	kept under the conditions of the permit or the rules of this Section.
25	(c) In an enforcement action, necessity to halt or reduce the permitted activity to maintain compliance with the
26	conditions of the permit shall not be a defense. Notification of anticipated noncompliance does not stay any existing
27	permit condition.
28	(d) The owner or operator may submit an application for a permit amendment or modification in accordance with
29	G.S. 130A-294(a3). The filing of an application for a permit modification or amendment, or a notification of a
30	significant change in accordance with G.S. 130A-295.2(g), does not stay any existing permit condition.
31	(e) The Division shall deny an application for a permit for the reasons provided in G.S. 130A-294(a)(4)c. The Division
32	may suspend or revoke a permit in accordance with G.S. 130A-23. If the Division denies a permit application or
33	revokes or suspends a permit, the Division shall notify the owner or operator in writing of the reasons for the permit
34	action.
35	(f) If construction is not commenced within 18 months following the issuance date of the permit approval to construct,
36	or an amendment to the permit approval to construct, then the permit shall expire.

1	(g) The owner of	r operator shall operate and maintain all sites and related appurtenances that are installed or used by
2	the owner or ope	rator to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit, the plans incorporated in the permit in
3	accordance with	Rule .0404(d) of this Section, and any documents referenced in the permit and the rules of this
4	Section.	
5	(h) The site shall	only conduct the solid waste management activities that the site is permitted to conduct. Construction
6	and operation of	additional solid waste management activities at the site shall not impede site operations.
7	(i) Site permits i	ssued by the Division in accordance with this Section shall be [are] valid for the life-of-site operations
8	in accordance w	th Rule .0207 of this Subchapter, not to exceed 60 years from the date of the first permit issued for
9	the site.	
10	(j) Sites permitte	ed under the rules of this Section shall be subject to the permit fees set forth in G.S. 130A-295.8.
11	(k) The owner o	r operator shall report to the Division verbally or in writing within 24 hours from the time the owner
12	or operator beco	mes aware of the circumstances of any release or discharge of leachate or contaminants outside the
13	leachate collection	on system or other containment component at the site.
14		
15	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
16		Eff. April 1, 1982. <u>1982:</u> 1982;
17		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.
18		

15A NCAC 13B .0403 is adopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

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3	15A NCAC 13B	.0403	SITING AND DESIGN REQUIREMENTS
4	(a) A transfer sta	tion (sit	te) shall meet the following siting requirements:
5	(1)	Floodp	plain Restrictions: The portions of the site containing the buildings, leachate collection
6		system	s, and any areas where storage or processing of solid waste occurs shall not be located in the
7		100-ye	ear floodplain.
8	(2)	Cultura	al Resources Restrictions: A site shall not damage or destroy a property of archaeological or
9		histori	cal significance that has been listed on the National Register of Historic Places or included
10		on the	Study List for the Register pursuant to 07 NCAC 04R .0206 and .03000300 which are
11		incorp	orated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions.
12	(3)	State N	Nature and Historic Preserve Restrictions: The location, access, size, and operation of the site
13		shall n	not have an adverse impact on any component included in the State Nature and Historic
14		Preserv	ve pursuant to G.S. 143-260.10.
15	(4)	Endan	gered and Threatened Species Restrictions: A site shall not jeopardize the continued existence
16		of end	angered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of a critical
17		habitat	r, protected under the Federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, Public Law 93-205, as
18		amend	ed.
19	(5)	Clean	Water Act <u>Requirements: [requirements: a] A</u> site or site operations shall:
20		(A)	not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the United States, including wetlands,
21			that violates any requirements of the Clean Water Act, including the National Pollutant
22			Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean
23			Water <u>Act:</u>
24		(B)	comply with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act; and Act.
25		(C)	not cause the discharge of a nonpoint source of pollution to waters of the United States,
26			including wetlands, that violates any requirement of an area-wide or Statewide water
27			quality management plan that has been approved under Section 208 or 319 of the Clean
28			Water Act.
29	(6)	Buffer	Requirements: Unless otherwise stated in the site permit or local zoning requires larger
30		buffers	s, the waste loading, unloading, and storage areas at the site shall be:
31		(A)	no less than 100 feet from supply wells;
32		(B)	no less than 100 feet from property lines;
33		(C)	no less than 50 feet from waters of the State as defined in G.S. 143-212, or wetlands as
34			defined in 40 CFR 232.2; and
35		(D)	surrounded by an unused and cleared area of no less than 25 feet to allow access for fire or
36			emergency response vehicles.
37	(b) Sites shall m	eet the f	following design requirements:

1	(1)	Sites shall be designed and constructed so that all solid waste receiving, handling, transfer, and
2		storage occurs on an impervious surface, such as concrete or asphalt, unless otherwise stated in the
3		site permit.
4	(2)	Tipping floors areas shall be located within an enclosed building or covered area to prevent
5		precipitation from coming into contact with waste, and all waste shall be managed on contained in
6		the tipping floors area unless otherwise stated in the site permit. For the purpose of the rules of this
7		Section, "tipping floor" means the area where waste is offloaded from residential or commercial
8		vehicles, and staged and consolidated for transport to its intended disposal location.
9	(3)	All recovered materials and recyclables stored at the site shall comply with G.S. 130A-309.05(c).
10	(4)	The site shall be designed to operate within the capacity specified in the permit to accommodate
11		estimated waste volumes, and within schedules prescribed in the permit for removal of all waste
12		streams and materials permitted to be handled at the site. Other activities occurring at a site shall
13		not prohibit compliance with the operational requirements in Rule .0405 of this Section.
14	(5)	A water supply shall be provided for cleaning site floors, walls, and equipment.
15	(6)	Leachate, including wash water and process water, shall be collected and contained within the site's
16		collection and containment system described in the site permit.
17	(7)	All vehicles and containers that contain solid waste shall be staged within the perimeter of a leachate
18		collection system or shall be covered and in compliance comply with Rule .0405(c) -0105 of this
19		Subchapter. Section.
20	(8)	Leachate collection and treatment systems shall be designed to facilitate the removal of leachate and
21		wastewater, and may include pipes, manholes, trenches, berms, collection sumps or basins, pumps,
22		risers, liners, and liner splices.
23	(9)	The site design shall include barriers such as fencing and gates to prevent unauthorized entry and to
24		minimize the escape of windblown materials off site.
25	(10)	In accordance with G.S. 130A-295.5, sites shall be designed and operated so that traffic congestion
26		from loading and unloading of collection and transportation vehicles is minimized beyond the site
27		entrance onto the public road, and beyond any egress ramp approved by the N.C. Department of
28		Transportation.
29	(11)	An all-weather road that is accessible by the Division and loaded collection vehicles shall be
30		provided from the entrance gate to the unloading, receiving, and tipping areas.
31	(12)	Storage areas for waste materials shall be designed to prevent potential fires from spreading outside
32		the storage area, to prevent vectors, and to prevent the escape of waste, leachate, odors, dust, and
33		litter from the site.
34	(13)	If materials banned from landfill disposal in accordance with G.S. 130A-309.10(f) or recyclable
35		materials will be stored on site, the site design shall include a storage area for these materials that is
36		separate from the areas used for handling of waste meant for disposal.
37	(14)	Sites shall be designed and operated to prevent the attraction of vectors.

1	(15)	Sites shall be designed and operated to minimize the spread of odors and fugitive dust emissions
2		generated by solid waste over the property line to comply with 15A NCAC 02D .0540 and .1806.
3	(16)	Sites shall be designed, operated, and maintained to direct surface water run-on and run-off to
4		prevent ponding or collection of surface water in waste handling and storage areas.
5	(17)	Sites that intend to accept, process, or recycle construction and demolition wastes shall be designed
6		to comply with 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, and Part 61(M), G.S. 130A-444 through 452.452, and the
7		rules adopted thereunder.
8		
9	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
10		Eff. January 1, 2021.

15A NCAC 13B .0404 is adopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3 15A NCAC 13B .0404 APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS

4 (a) Applications for transfer station permits submitted in accordance with Paragraph (c) of this Rule shall be submitted

- 5 to the Division of Waste Management Solid Waste Section for review and approval prior to commencement of
- 6 construction or operation of a transfer station (site).

7 (b) Permit applications for transfer stations are shall be subject to the permit application fees required by G.S.

8 130A-295.8.

9 (c) In accordance with Rule .0201 of this Subchapter, a permit for a transfer station shall have two parts:

- 10(1)Permit Approval to Construct. An application for a permit approval to construct a transfer station11shall meet the requirements of Paragraphs (g) through (m) of this Rule and shall be submitted to the12Division prior to commencing construction of the site. The <u>A permit applicant shall submit to the</u>13Division one electronic copy of a permit application, which application shall contain include the14plans required in Paragraphs (g) through (j) of this Rule.
- 15 (2) Permit Approval to Operate. The owner or operator shall meet the pre-operative requirements listed 16 in the permit approval to construct to qualify for a permit approval to operate. Construction 17 documentation as outlined in Paragraph (n) of this Rule shall be submitted to the Division prior to 18 receiving waste at the site. The site shall not begin receiving waste until a permit approval to operate 19 has been issued by the Division.

20 (d) Permits issued by the Division in accordance with this Section shall incorporate all plans approved by the Division

that are required to be submitted by Paragraphs (g) through (j) of this Rule, and a Corrective Action Plan if required
in accordance with Rule .0405(a)(2) of this Section.

(e) Amendment to the permit. The owner or operator shall submit an application to amend the permit for a change in
 ownership or corporate structure of a permitted site. The owner or operator shall notify the Division within 30 days of

a change in ownership or corporate structure in accordance with G.S. 130A-295.2(g).

26 (f) Modifications to the plans. The owner or operator may request to modify plans that were incorporated into the

27 permit by the Division in accordance with the rules of this Section by submitting the <u>a written</u> request to the Division,

28 including Division that includes the modified plan and a demonstration showing how the proposed modifications

29 comply with the rules of this Section. The Division shall respond to the request in writing within the timeline provided

30 in G.S. <u>130A-295.8(e)</u>; 130A 295.8(e), and the response shall either approve or deny the request as submitted or

31 request that additional information be submitted for the Division to consider the request. The Division's approval shall

32 be based on whether the modification complies with the rules of this Subchapter. If the Division approves the request

33 as submitted or upon receiving the additional information requested, the Division's written approval and the revised

34 pages of the plan shall be added to the site's operating record. The owner or operator shall not implement the

- 35 modification until the Division has issued an approval.
- 36 (g) Site Plan. An application for a permit for a site shall contain a site plan that includes the following information:

1	(1)	an aerial photograph, representative of existing conditions, at a scale of a <u>at</u> least one inch equals
2		400 feet, showing the area within one quarter mile of the proposed site's boundaries with the
3		following identified:
4		(A) property lines of the entire property where the site will be located;
5		(B) existing land use and zoning;
6		(C) location of all private residences, commercial and industrial buildings, public or private
7		utilities, roads, and schools;
8		(D) on-site easements;
9		(E) location of potable wells and public water supplies;
10		(F) historic sites described in Rule .0403(a)(2) of this Section;
11		(G) <u>State state nature and historic preserves described in Rule .0403(a)(3) of this Section;</u>
12		(H) the existing topography and features of the site including general surface water drainage
13		patterns and watersheds, 100-year floodplains, perennial and intermittent streams, rivers,
14		and lakes; and
15		(I) the classification of the surface water drainage from the site in accordance with 15A NCAC
16		02B .0300.
17	(2)	a siting report demonstrating compliance with the siting criteria of Rule .0403(a) of this Section,
18		including a letter from the unit of government having zoning jurisdiction over the site that states
19		that the proposed use is allowed within the any existing zoning, if any; zoning and that any necessary
20		zoning approval or permit has been obtained, and that states the local zoning buffers that apply to
21		the site.
22	(3)	letters from both the State Historic Preservation Office and the Natural Heritage Program within the
23		Department of Cultural and Natural and Cultural Resources stating whether the proposed use of the
24		property site as a solid waste transfer station will impact the historic sites described in Rule
25		.0403(a)(2) of this Section; State nature and historic preserves described in Rule .0403(a)(3) of this
26		Section; or the endangered or threatened species described in Rule .0403(a)(4) of this Section
27		located at the site. on the transfer station property.
28	(h) Constructio	n Plan. An application for a permit for a site shall contain a construction plan that includes the
29	following items:	
30	(1)	Site construction Construction drawings showing:
31		(A) existing and proposed contours;
32		(B) property boundaries;
33		(C) the location of barriers, fences, or other structures that control access to the <u>site; site</u> ,
34		(D) buffer areas and distances to wells, residences, wetlands and water bodies bodies, and
35		descriptions of any buffer requirements by local government zoning regulations;
36		(E) the water diversion, collection, conveyance, erosion and sedimentation control, treatment,
37		storage, and discharge facilities that will be used, such as drainage patterns and surface

1		water drainage control structures both within the area and at the site perimeter, including		
2		berms, ditches, sedimentation basins, pumps, sumps, culverts, pipes, inlets, velocity		
3		breaks, sodding, erosion matting, or other methods of erosion control;		
4		(F) the solid waste storage, loading, and unloading areas, including the tipping floor;		
5		(G) buildings and facilities that will be used in the operation, including their horizontal and		
6		vertical dimensions;		
7		(H) concrete foundations or pads and identification of all other ground cover for the site		
8		operation;		
9		(I) location of scales and weigh stations that will be used in the operation;		
10		(J) a survey grid with base lines and monuments that will be used for field control;		
11		(K) access roads and traffic flow patterns to and within the site;		
12		(L) leachate collection, control, and treatment systems including pipes, manholes, trenches,		
13		berms, collection sumps or basins, pumps, risers, liners, and liner splices; and		
14		(M) materials management handling areas for sites that will manage pre-sorted recyclables and		
15		any materials diverted from the incoming waste stream; and		
16	(2)	a description of how the site will comply with the design requirements of Rule .0403(b) of this		
17		Section.		
18	(i) Operations Plan. An application for a permit for a site shall contain an operations plan that shall include a discussion			
19	of each of the fe	ollowing items: the following information:		
20	(1)	the type and quantity of waste that will be accepted, the anticipated sources of the waste accepted,		
21		the intended destination of waste removed from the site, and the intended destination of recovered		
22		materials if any are proposed to be removed from the site;		
23	(2)	the procedures and anticipated processing and storage times for the activities that the site is		
24		proposing to conduct, such as receiving, screening, processing, handling, salvaging, storage, and		
25		removal of waste and recovered materials including recyclables, wastes banned from landfill		
26		disposal in accordance with G.S. 130A-309.10(f), and special wastes as defined in G.S. 130A-		
27		290(a)(40);		
28	(3)	the hours of operation, staffing, parking for visitors and employees, and traffic routing;		
29	(4)	methods for vector control, dust and odor control, drainage and erosion control, fire prevention, and		
30	(7)	daily cleanup;		
31	(5)	record-keeping procedures;		
32	(6)	groundwater and surface water monitoring and corrective action, if required by the Division in 2220 of this Section:		
33 34	(7)	accordance with Rule .0405(a)(2) of this Section;		
34 35	(7)	<u>a description of how the site will comply planned compliance</u> with the operational requirements of Rule .0405 of this Section;		
33				

1	(8)	for sites that will accept, process, or recycle construction and demolition wastes, a description of
2		how the site will comply with 40 CFR 61, Subpart M, and Part 61(M), G.S. 130A-444 through 452;
3		4 52, and the rules adopted thereunder;
4	(9)	for sites designed with a leachate collection system, a leachate management plan that includes the
5		following: following information:
6		(A) a description of the performance and design concepts for the leachate collection system
7		and any storm water segregation included in the engineering design;
8		(B) monitoring procedures for leachate storage tanks, if <u>present</u> ; <u>present</u> , to ensure proper
9		functioning;
10		(C) operational control methods to ensure that surface water is diverted from the operational
11		area, and the tipping floor is free of standing water; and
12		(D) a process to abandon or remove the leachate collection system upon closure of the site. The
13		Division may allow leachate collection systems to remain in place for future use if the
14		owner or operator provides documentation of measures taken to comply with the
15		requirements of this Section and to protect human health and safety and the environment,
16		such as capping or blocking of any discharge points or open-ended piping to prevent
17		unintended collection, storage, or discharge of leachate. The Division may also require
18		recordation and land use restrictions in accordance with Rule <u>.0406(b)(4)</u> .0406(7) of this
19		Section;
20	(10)	a contingency plan that shall address planned operations in the event of loss of power, loss of
21		communications, storm surges, scale malfunctions, and scale software malfunctions; in the event
22		that the disposal site, haul route, or transfer equipment is not available; or during conditions
23		exceeding design parameters. The owner or operator of a site shall provide back-up equipment, and
24		contact information to obtain the equipment, and plans to by-pass the site in case of equipment
25		breakdown. The contingency plan shall be kept updated on-site and shall include site-specific
26		emergency procedures and contact information in case of emergencies; and
27	(11)	additional information for activities or features that the owner or operator is proposing that are not
28		otherwise described in this Paragraph, or that the Division may request in writing if it is necessary
29		to determine compliance with the rules of this Subchapter.
30	(j) Closure Plan	An application for a permit for a site shall contain a closure plan that describes the steps necessary
31	to close the site a	at any point during the active life of the site in accordance with the requirements in Rule .0406 of this
32	Section. The clo	sure plan shall include the following information:
33	(1)	a description of all activities, including the removal of any remaining solid wastes or materials from
34		the site, activities required for the closure of the site, and abandonment of all on-site systems;
35		systems.
36	(2)	a schedule for completing all activities necessary to satisfy the closure criteria activities as set forth
37		in Rule .0406 of this Section;

- 1 (3) the cost estimate for closure and post closure post-closure care activities; and
 - (4) a plan for retention of operating record and receipts including those from closure activities.
- 3 (k) Sites shall comply with financial responsibility requirements in accordance with G.S. 130A-295.2 and Section

4 .1800 of this Subchapter. If the Division requires the site to conduct post-closure care in accordance with Rule .0406(c)

- 5 .0406(b) of this Section, the site shall maintain financial assurance during the post-closure care period until released
- 6 from post-closure care by the Division.
- 7 (1) Owners or operators of sites are subject to the compliance history review requirements in G.S. 130A-295.3.
- 8 (m) Sites shall comply with the traffic study requirements in G.S. <u>130A-295.5</u>. <u>130A-295.5</u>.
- 9 (n) Following completion of construction but prior to commencing operations, the owner or operator shall submit to
- 10 the Division the as-built drawings and a final construction report that the site has been constructed in accordance with
- 11 the Division-approved drawings and specifications in the permit to construct. If required by G.S. 89C, these items
- 12 shall be certified by a licensed professional engineer.
- 13

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- 14 History Note: Authority G.S. 130A-294;
 - Eff. January 1, 2021.
- 15 16

15A NCAC 13B .0405 is adopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3	15A NCAC 13B	.0405	OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS
4	(a) The owner of	operato	r of a transfer station (site) shall maintain and operate the site in accordance with the approved
5	operations plan	submitte	d in accordance with incorporated into the permit by Rule .0404(d) .0404(i) of this Section
6	and the followin	g conditi	ons:
7	(1)	Dust ar	nd Odor Control. Fugitive dust emissions generated by site operations shall comply with 15A
8		NCAC	02D .0540. The site shall comply with 15A NCAC 02D .1806 for odors.
9	(2)	Ground	dwater and Surface Water Monitoring and Corrective Action Requirements. The site shall
10		preven	t the release of leachate and contaminants to groundwater and surface water and shall not
11		<u>cause</u> a	in exceedance of the groundwater quality standards in 15A NCAC 02L or the surface water
12		quality	standards in 15A NCAC 02B. In the event of a release of leachate or contaminants to the
13		enviror	nment, the site shall comply with 15A NCAC 02L 02L and the surface water quality
14		standar	ds in 15A NCAC 02B.
15	(3)	Fire Pr	otection and Control.
16		(A)	Open burning of solid waste is prohibited at all sites, unless approval has been obtained
17			from the Division, and from the Division of Air Quality in accordance with 15A NCAC
18			02D .1900, and from the local government prior to any burning activity.
19		(B)	Hot ashes, hot loads, or cinders cinders, and waste that is smoldering, smoking, or burning
20			shall not be accepted at a site. The waste screening procedures required in accordance with
21			Subparagraph (8) of this Paragraph and described in the operations plan shall address
22			identification and rejection of this waste. loads containing hot ashes and cinders.
23		(C)	The operator of a site shall provide equipment on-site to control fires and make documented
24			arrangements with a local fire protection agency to provide fire-fighting services.
25		(D)	The operator shall verbally notify the Division of fires that occur at a site within 24 hours
26			of the fire and shall submit a written report to the Division within 15 days of the fire. The
27			report shall include the site name and permit number; the date and time of the fire; actions
28			taken by the operator in response to the fire; the cause of the fire; the location and size of
29			the fire; the area, type, type and amount of waste that caught fire; and a plan of action to
30			prevent fires in the future; the name and title of the person submitting the information,
31			information; and the date the information is submitted.
32	(4)	Vector	Control. Owners or operators of a site shall operate and maintain the site to prevent on-site
33		popula	tions of vectors.
34	(5)	Noise (Control. Noise levels shall meet local ordinances if they exist. If local ordinances for noise
35		do not	exist, noise levels for site operations, except fire and safety alarms, shall not exceed 85
36		decibel	s at the property line.

1	(6)	Erosio	n and Sedimentation Control Requirements. The site shall comply with 15A NCAC 04, which
2		is inco	prporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions; and the owner or
3		operate	or shall utilize erosion and sedimentation control measures that prevent sediment from leaving
4		the site	e and prevent on-site erosion.
5	(7)	Trainir	ng. During hours of operation, an operator trained in accordance with G.S. 130A-309.25 shall
6		be on-	site. Sites shall provide all staff with no less than eight hours of training updates annually that
7		include	es a review of the operations plan and permit documents. Documentation of the training shall
8		be plac	ced in the operating record and provided to the Division upon written request.
9	(8)	Waste	Screening. Sites shall comply with the following waste screening requirements:
10		(A)	Site personnel shall screen incoming loads weekly at a rate of no less than five percent of
11			the average daily waste tonnage reported in the site's annual report for the previous year.
12			Site personnel shall be trained annually to identify liquid waste, hazardous waste,
13			polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) wastes, PCB waste, special wastes as defined in G.S.
14			130A-290(a)(40), wastes banned from landfill disposal in accordance with G.S. 130A-
15			309.10(f) if the site receiving the waste for disposal is a landfill, and wastes that the
16			intended final disposal site is not permitted by the Division to accept. The screening shall
17			be conducted as described in the approved operations plan prepared in accordance with
18			Rule .0404(i) of this Section. Waste screening and rejected wastes shall be recorded in
19			writing, and the records shall be kept on site for no less than five years and shall be made
20			available to the Division during a site inspection or upon request.
21		(B)	The owner or operator shall include in the operations plan a plan to manage any identified
22			hazardous and liquid wastes. The plan shall address identification, removal, storage, and
23			final disposal of the waste.
24	(9)	Waste	Acceptance: Sites shall not accept the following:
25		(A)	hazardous waste unless the site is permitted by the Division in accordance with 15A NCAC
26			13A to receive such waste;
27		(B)	polychlorinated biphenyl biphenyls (PCB) wastes as defined in 40 CFR 761.3, which is
28			incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments and editions, and may be
29			accessed at www.ecfr.gov at no cost;
30		(C)	asbestos waste unless the waste is received and handled in compliance with the
31			requirements of 40 CFR 61.150, which is incorporated by reference, including subsequent
32			amendments and editions, and may be accessed at www.ecfr.gov at no cost. Bags shall be
33			no less than six mil thick and shall be labeled with the warning required by 40 CFR
34			61.150(a)(1)(iv) that they contain asbestos-containing materials. Sites shall provide notice
35			to the landfill facility receiving the asbestos waste prior to disposal. disposal:
36		(D)	waste banned by G.S. 130A-309.10 at the disposal destination; and
37		(E)	waste banned by local law or ordinance at the disposal destination. destination; and

1		(F) waste banned from disposal by a local law or an ordinance at the place of waste origin.
	(10)	Windblown waste: Site staff shall conduct daily inspections for windblown waste on the site
2	(10)	
3		property. Windblown litter from site operations discovered during the daily inspections or observed
4		on adjacent properties shall be picked up and containerized for proper-disposal by the end of each
5		operating day, unless the landowner of the adjacent property denies access to site staff. The site shall
6		prevent waste from being blown outside the waste handling areas by the wind, using methods such
7		as:
8		(A) requiring that vehicles entering and leaving the site keep waste covered;
9		(B) providing skirts, such as rubber belting or brushes, around the top of chutes to minimize
10		the space between the chute and the hauling trailer at sites with chutes and hoppers; or
11		(C) preventing waste from leaving the site using methods such as fencing, netting, or diking.
12	(11)	Site Cleaning and Maintenance: Unless otherwise stated in the site permit, all waste shall be
13		removed from the tipping floor, the truck loading bays, and from behind push walls by the end of
14		each day of operation and disposed of in accordance with this Subchapter. The tipping floor, push
15		walls, and truck loading bays shall be cleaned with a pressure washer no less than once per month.
16		The remaining areas of the site building including side walls and any material storage areas outside
17		of the building shall be cleaned with a pressure washer no less than twice per year. Wash water
18		generated from cleaning waste handling areas shall be contained and treated as leachate. Cleaning
19		and maintenance records shall be maintained and made available to the Division upon written
20		request.
21	(b) Water that c	omes into contact with solid waste is leachate and shall be collected from the site for disposal to an

approved facility or discharged directly from the site into a sanitary sewer line. A National Pollutant Discharge
 Elimination System (NPDES) permit may be required prior to the discharge of leachate to surface waters, as provided
 by 40 CFR Parts 258.26 and 258.27, which are incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments and

editions, and may be accessed at www.ecfr.gov at no cost.

26 (c) All vehicles and containers being used for the temporary storage of solid waste shall be maintained to be leak-

27 resistant in accordance with Rule .0105 of this Subchapter, Subchapter; and or shall be stored so that any potential

28 release of leachate from the vehicles or containers will be collected to prevent the release of leachate to the

29 <u>environment.</u> by the leachate collection system.

(d) Operating Record and Recordkeeping requirements. The owner or operator of a site shall retain an operating
 record in electronic or hard copy format at the site, or in an alternative location stated in the permit. The records
 required by Subparagraphs (1) and (2) of this Paragraph shall be maintained for no less than five years. The records
 required by Subparagraphs (3) through (9) of this Paragraph shall be maintained for the <u>life-of-site. life of the site.</u>

- 34 The operating record shall contain the following information:
- records of waste inspections, monitoring results, certifications of training, and training procedures
 required by the rules of this Section;

1	(2)	amounts by weight of solid waste received at the site including county and state of generation, in	
2		accordance with G.S. 130A-309.09D;	
3	(3)	demonstrations, certifications, findings, monitoring, testing, or analytical data required by the rules	
4		of this Section;	
5	(4)	closure or post-closure care monitoring, testing, or analytical data required by the rules of this	
6		Section;	
7	(5)	cost estimates and financial assurance documentation required by Section .1800 of this Subchapter;	
8	(6)	site audit records, compliance records, maintenance records, and inspection reports;	
9	(7)	a copy of the current Permit to Construct and Permit to Operate;	
10	(8)	a copy of the plans that have been incorporated into the permit in accordance with Rule .0404(d) of	
11		this Section; and	
12	(9)	a Corrective Action Plan, if required by <u>15A NCAC 02L .0106. Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule.</u>	
13	(e) Access requirements.		
14	(1)	Sites shall be secured to prevent unauthorized entry by means such as gates, chains, berms, or fences.	
15	(2)	An attendant shall always be on duty at the site while it is open for public use to ensure compliance	
16		with operational requirements.	
17	(3)	The access roads shall be of all-weather construction and maintained to be accessible by loaded	
18		collection vehicles and by the Division.	
19	(4)	Signs shall be posted at the site entrances unless otherwise stated in the site permit. The signs shall	
20		be constructed of a durable, weather-resistant material. The signs shall be clear and legible to the	
21		public. and The signs shall state show the name of the operator of the site, emergency contact	
22		information, the operating hours of the site, the permit number of the current permit authorizing	
23		operations at the site, the types of waste that can be accepted under the permit, and that hazardous	
24		waste and liquid waste cannot be accepted at the site.	
25			
26	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;	
27		Eff. January 1, 2021.	
15A NCAC 13B .0406 is adopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

2		
3	15A NCAC 13H	3.0406 CLOSURE REQUIREMENTS
4	(a) The owner	or operator of a transfer station (site) shall schedule and document closure of the site all sites in
5	accordance with	the following criteria:
6	(1)	The owner or operator shall submit written notification of closure to the Division no less than 90
7		days prior to the proposed date of cessation of waste acceptance at the a site.
8	(2)	The owner or operator shall begin closure activities in Paragraph (b) of this Rule no later than 30
9		days after the date of the final receipt of waste at the site.
10	(3)	The owner or operator shall remove all waste from the site in accordance with the requirements of
11		this Subchapter, and complete closure activities in Paragraph (b) of this Rule of the site in
12		accordance with the site permit and the rules of this Section-within 180 days following the after
13		beginning of the closure activities as specified in Subparagraph (2) of this Paragraph.
14	(4)	When the requirements of Subparagraph (3) of this-Paragraph (b) have been met, the owner or
15		operator shall notify the Division in writing that the requirements have been met. The notification
16		shall describe state how the requirements were met and shall be placed in the operating record.
17	(5)	A final inspection for closure shall be conducted by the Division to verify that the conditions of
18		closure <u>in this Rule</u> have been met.
19	(b) The owner of	or operator shall complete the following closure activities to close the site:
20	<u>(1)</u>	The owner or operator shall remove all waste from the site in accordance with the requirements of
21		this Subchapter.
22	<u>(2)(6)</u>	Leachate collection systems, if present, shall be closed in accordance with the approved leachate
23		management plan submitted in accordance with incorporated into the permit by Rule .0404(d)
24		.0404(i)(9) of this Section.
25	<u>(3)</u>	The owner or operator shall complete any closure activities stated in the closure plan incorporated
26		into the permit by Rule .0404(d) of this Section.
27	(7)	Recordation and Land Use Restrictions.
28	<u>(4)(A)</u>	-If the site has been required by the Division to conduct a corrective action program following closure
29		of the site in accordance with this Rule, or elects to leave a leachate collection system or tank in
30		place for future use, the owner or operator shall submit to the Division a notice for the site property
31		that has been recorded record a notice for the site property at the local county Register of Deeds
32		office that meets the following criteria:
33		(A) The notice shall be is discoverable during a title search for the site property deed. property,
34		and notify the Division that the notice has been recorded and a copy has been placed in the
35		operating record.
36		(B) The notice shall be in accordance with G.S. 130A-310.71(e) or G.S. 143B-279.10.

1	(C)(B) The notice shall notify any potential purchaser of the property that the land has been used
2	as a solid waste management facility and its use may be restricted by the Division.
3	(C) Upon written request by the owner or operator, the Division shall provide the land owner
4	of record documentation to record with the county Register of Deeds, stating that site use
5	is no longer restricted if all post closure care activities required by the Rules of this Section
6	are completed, the Division authorizes termination of any corrective action program in
7	accordance with 15A NCAC 02L .0106, and the leachate collection system has been
8	removed.
9	(c)(b) If the Division requires groundwater or surface water monitoring or corrective action at the a site in accordance
10	with Rule .0405(a)(2) of this Section, the monitoring and corrective action at the site shall continue in a post-closure
11	care period until the Division authorizes termination of corrective action at the site in accordance with 15A NCAC
12	02L .0106.
13	(d) The owner or operator may submit a written request to the Division after closure to remove the land-use restrictions
14	required by Subparagraph (b)(4) of this Rule. If the Division approves removal of the land-use restrictions, the
15	Division shall provide approval documentation to the landowner stating that the land-use restrictions at the site have
16	been removed, and the landowner may record the approval documentation with the county Register of Deeds. The
17	Division shall approve the removal of land-use restrictions if the following conditions are met:
18	(1) all post-closure care activities required by the rules of this Section have been completed;
19	(2) the Division authorizes termination of any corrective action program in accordance with 15A NCAC
20	<u>02L.0106; and</u>
21	(3) any leachate collection system has been removed.
22	
23	History Note: Authority G.S. 130A-294;
24	Eff. January 1, 2021.
25	

1 15A 2

15A NCAC 13B .0503 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3	15A NCAC 13B .0503	SITING AND DESIGN REQUIREMENTS FOR DISPOSAL SITES INDUSTRIAL
4		SOLID WASTE LANDFILLS
5	(a) An industrial solid w	vaste landfill (ISWLF) unit (site) ("site" or "ISWLF unit") Disposal sites shall comply with
6	the following siting requi	irements in order for a permit to be issued:
7	(1) A site s	shall meet the following siting requirements:
8	(a)	A site located in a floodplain shall not restrict the flow of the 100 year flood, reduce the
9		temporary water storage capacity of the floodplain or result in washout of solid waste so
10		as to pose a hazard to human life, wildlife or land or water resources.
11	(b)	A site shall be located in consideration of the following:
12		(i) a site shall not cause or contribute to the taking of any endangered or threatened
13		species of plants, fish, or wildlife;
14		(ii) a site shall not result in the destruction or adverse modification of the critical
15		habitat of endangered or threatened species as identified in 50 C.F.R. Part 17
16		which is hereby incorporated by reference including any subsequent amendments
17		and editions. This information is available for inspection at the Department of
18		Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, Division of Solid Waste
19		Management, 401 Oberlin Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27605 where copies
20		can be obtained at no cost;
21		(iii) a site shall not damage or destroy an archaeological or historical site; and
22		(iv) a site shall not cause an adverse impact on a state park, recreation or scenic area,
23		or any other lands included in the state nature and historic preserve.
24	(1) Floodp	lain Restrictions: [Restriction.] A site shall not be located in the 100-year floodplain in
25	accorda	ance with G.S. 143-215.54(c) and S.L. 2000-150.
26	(2) Cultura	al Resources Restrictions: A site shall not damage or destroy a property of archaeological or
27	historic	cal significance that has been listed on the National Register of Historic Places or included
28	on the	Study List for the Register pursuant to 07 NCAC 04R .0206 and .0300. [-0300, which are
29	incorpo	prated by reference including subsequent amendments or editions.]
30	(3) State N	Nature and Historic Preserve Restrictions: A site shall not have an adverse impact on any
31	<u>compo</u>	nent included in the State Nature and Historic Preserve pursuant to G.S. 143-260.10.
32	(4) Endang	gered and Threatened Species Restrictions: A site shall not jeopardize the continued existence
33	<u>of enda</u>	angered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of a critical
34	<u>habitat</u>	, protected under the Federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, Public Law 93-205, as
35	amendo	<u>ed.</u>

1		<u>(5)(c)</u>	A new	site disposing of putrescible wastes shall not be located within 10,000 feet of an airport
2			runway	used by turbojet aircraft or within 5,000 feet of an airport runway used by piston-type
3			aircraft;	and
4		<u>(6)(d)</u>	A site sl	hall have available adequate suitable soils for cover either on-site or from off-site.
5	<u>(b)(2)</u>	A site s	hall com	ply with the following design requirements for a permit to be issued: A site shall meet the
6		followin	ng design	requirements:
7		<u>(1)(a)</u>	If the si	te accepts waste types that are expected to generate explosive gases, The-the concentration
8			of explo	sive gases generated by the site site, shall not exceed:
9			<u>(A)(i)</u>	twenty-five percent of the lower explosive limit for the explosive gases in on-site site
10				structures, excluding structures (excluding gas control or recovery system components;
11				components); and
12			<u>(B)(ii)</u>	the lower explosive limit for the explosive gases at the property boundary;
13		<u>(2)(b)</u>	A site s	hall not allow uncontrolled public access so as to expose the public to potential health and
14			safety h	azards at the disposal site; A site shall be secured to prevent unauthorized entry by means
15			such as	gates, chains, berms, and fences.
16		<u>(3)(c)</u>	A site sl	hall meet the following surface water requirements:
17			<u>(A)(i)</u>	A <u>a</u> site shall not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the state State that is in
18				violation of the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
19				(NPDES), under Section 402 of the Clean Water Act, as amended, or that is in violation of
20				15A NCAC 02B; [02B.]standards promulgated under G.S. 143-214.1 and G.S. 143-215;
21			<u>(B)(ii)</u>	A <u>a</u> site shall not cause a discharge of dredged material or fill material into waters of the
22				state State that is in violation of the requirements under Section 404 of the Clean Water
23				Act, as amended, or G.S. 113A, 130A, or 143; that is in violation of any state [State]
24				requirements regulating the discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the state,
25				[State,] including wetlands; and
26			<u>(C)(iii)</u>	A <u>a</u> site shall not cause non-point source pollution of waters of the state State that violates
27				assigned water quality standards. <u>15A NCAC 02B; and [02B.]</u>
28			<u>(D)</u>	[A] a site shall comply with Rule .0602 of this Subchapter.
29		<u>(4)(d)</u>	A site sl	hall meet the following ground water groundwater protection requirements:
30			<u>(A)(i)</u>	A site, except for land clearing and inert debris landfills subject to Rule .0564(8)(e) of this
31				Section, A site shall comply with G.S. 130A-295.6(f). be designed so that the bottom
32				elevation of solid waste will be a minimum of four feet above the seasonal high water table;
33			<u>(B)(ii)</u>	Operators of new industrial solid waste landfills, lateral expansions of existing industrial
34				solid waste landfills, and industrial solid waste landfills receiving solid waste on or after
35				January 1, 1998 shall submit to the Division a design which satisfies one of the following
36				criteria: A site that has not previously been permitted by the Division for an ISWLF unit,
37				or a lateral expansion of an existing permitted site, [site] shall be designed with a leachate

1		collection system, a closure cap system, and a composite liner system consisting of an
2		upper component and lower component. The upper component of the composite liner
3		system shall consist of a flexible membrane liner (FML) no less than 30 mil thick. FML
4		components consisting of high-density polyethylene (HDPE) shall be no less than 60 mil
5		thick. The lower component of the composite liner system shall consist of a layer of
6		compacted soil no less than two feet thick with a hydraulic conductivity of no more than 1
7		X 10 ⁻⁷ centimeters per second. [10-7 cm/sec. FML components consisting of high density
8		polyethylene (HDPE) shall be no less than 60 mil thick.] The FML component shall be
9		installed in direct and uniform contact with the compacted soil component.
10	<u>(C)(A)</u>	An owner or operator applying for a permit for a site that has not previously been permitted
11		by the Division [for] as an ISWLF unit, or a lateral expansion of an existing permitted site,
12		[site] may submit a request to the Division to be exempt from the requirements of Part (B)
13		of this Subparagraph. The request shall be submitted in writing with the proposed site
14		information required to be submitted in accordance with Rule .0504(c) of this Section. The
15		request shall include a description of the types of waste proposed to be disposed of at the
16		site, and a proposed site design that will ensure demonstrates that the post-settlement
17		bottom elevation of the waste will be a minimum of four feet above both the seasonal high
18		groundwater [table] table, as defined in Rule .0532 of this Section, and the bedrock datum
19		plane contours as required by G.S. 130A-295.6(f). The site design shall also demonstrate
20		that the ground water groundwater quality standards or interim maximum allowable
21		contaminant levels established under 15A NCAC 2L-02L will not be exceeded in the
22		uppermost aquifer at the compliance boundary established by the Division in accordance
23		with 15A NCAC 2L.02L. The site design shall be based upon modeling methods that
24		include the hydrogeologic characteristics of the site and surrounding lands; the climatic
25		factors of the area; and the volume and physical and chemical characteristics of the
26		leachate. The Division shall approve the request if the request and the proposed site design
27		comply with Article 9 of Chapter 130A of the General Statutes and the rules of this
28		Subchapter. acceptable to the Division, which shall include, at a minimum, the following
29		factors:
30		(I) the hydrogeologic characteristics of the facility and surrounding lands;
31		(II) the climatic factors of the area; and
32		(III) the volume and physical and chemical characteristics of the leachate; or
33		(B) a design with a leachate collection system, a closure cap system, and a composite
34		liner system consisting of two components: the upper component shall consist of
35		a minimum 30 ml flexible membrane (FML), and the lower components shall
36		consist of at least a two-foot layer of compacted soil with a hydraulic conductivity

1			of no more than 1 X 10 7cm/sec. FML components consisting of high density
2			polyethylene (HDPE) shall be at least 60 ml thick.
3			The FML component shall be installed in direct and uniform contact with the compacted
4			soil component.
5		(iii)	The Division reserves the right to require an applicant to submit a liner design if the
6			groundwater protection demonstration is Sub-item (ii) in of this Paragraph is not
7			satisfactory.
8		<u>(D)(iv)</u>	Industrial solid waste landfills A site shall comply with ground water standards established
9			under 15A NCAC 2L-Rule .0601 of this Subchapter. at the compliance boundary.
10	<u>(5)(e)</u>	A site sl	hall not engage in open burning of solid waste. waste unless approval has been obtained
11		from the	Division, and from the Division of Air Quality in accordance with 15A NCAC 02D .1900,
12		and fron	n the local government prior to any burning activity.
13	<u>(6)(f)</u>	A site,	except a land clearing and inert debris landfill, A site shall meet the following buffer
14		requiren	nents:
15		<u>(A)(i)</u>	A site that received site study approval from the Division in accordance with Rule
16			.0504(a)(1) of this Section prior to the readopted effective date of this Rule shall maintain
17			a buffer of 50 feet between all property lines and disposal areas. A site that receives site
18			study approval after the readopted effective date of this Rule shall maintain a buffer of no
19			less than 200 feet A 50 foot minimum buffer between all property lines and disposal areas;
20		<u>(B)(ii)</u>	A site shall have a buffer of no less than 500 feet 500 foot minimum buffer between the
21			disposal area and residential structures private dwellings and supply wells existing at the
22			time that the Division issues the site study approval in accordance with Rule $.0504(a)(1)$
23			of this Section; and disposal areas; and
24		<u>(C)(iii)</u>	A site shall have a buffer of no less than 50 feet 50 foot minimum buffer between the
25		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	disposal area and any stream, river, lake, pond, or other waters of the State as defined in
26			G.S. 143-212; streams and rivers and disposal areas; and
27	<u>(7)(g)</u>	A site sh	mall comply with the requirements in 15A NCAC 04 for sedimentation and erosion control.
28	<u></u> (8)		CAC-04 is incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions.
29		-	ments of the Sedimentation Pollution Control Law (15A NCAC 4) shall be met.
30			
31	History Note:	Authorit	y G.S. 130A-294;
32	<i>Insidi</i> y 1000.		il 1, 1982;
33			d Eff. October 1, 1995; January 4, 1993; February 1, 1991; September 1, 1990.1990;
34			ed Eff. January 1, 2021.
34 35		<u>Keuu0pi</u>	си цу. запиату 1, 2021.

15A NCAC 13B .0508 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3	15A NCAC 13E	3.0508 <u>SITING AND APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR INCINERATORS</u>
4	Five sets of plan	s shall be required for each application.
5	(a) An incinerat	or [for the disposal of solid waste] (site) shall meet the following siting requirements:
6	(1)	Floodplain Restrictions: Any portions of the site property containing the incinerator building and
7		areas where storage or processing of solid waste occurs shall not be located in the 100-year
8		<u>floodplain.</u>
9	(2)	Cultural Resources Restrictions: A site shall not damage or destroy a property of archaeological or
10		historical significance that has been listed on the National Register of Historic Places or included
11		on the Study List for the Register pursuant to 07 NCAC 04R .0206 and .0300. [-0300, which are
12		incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions.]
13	(3)	State Nature and Historic Preserve Restrictions: The location, access, size, and operation of the site
14		shall not have an adverse impact on any component included in the State Nature and Historic
15		Preserve pursuant to G.S. 143-260.10.
16	<u>(4)</u>	Endangered and Threatened Species Restrictions: A site shall not jeopardize the continued existence
17		of endangered or threatened species or result in the destruction or adverse modification of a critical
18		habitat, protected under the Federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, Public Law 93-205, as
19		amended.
20	(5)	Clean Water Act Requirements: [requirements: a] A site or [its] site operations shall:
21		(A) not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the United States, including wetlands,
22		that violates any requirements of the Clean Water Act, including the National Pollutant
23		Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean
24		Water Act; [Act.]
25		(B) comply with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act; and [Act.]
26		(C) not cause the discharge of a nonpoint source of pollution to waters of the United States,
27		including wetlands, that violates any requirement of an area-wide or Statewide water
28		quality management plan that has been approved under Section 208 or 319 of the Clean
29		Water Act.
30	<u>(6)</u>	The permit issued by the Division for the site shall state the site-specific buffer requirements for the
31		site. When determining the site-specific buffers, the Division shall include any buffers required by
32		the incinerator permit issued by the Division of Air Quality for the site. [[Note: Incinerators are also
33		subject to the requirements of 15A NCAC 02D.]]
34	(b) A permit app	plicant shall submit to the Division one electronic copy of a permit application, [and the application]
35		ain the plans described in Paragraphs (c) and (d) of this Rule.
36	(c) Site Plan. Ar	n application for a permit for <mark>a site [incinerator for the disposal of solid waste]</mark> shall contain a site plan
37	that includes the	following information:

1	<u>(1)</u>	an aerial photograph, representative of existing conditions, at a scale of [a] at least one inch equals
2		400 feet, showing the area within one quarter mile of the proposed site's boundaries with the
3		following identified:
4		(A) property lines of the entire property where the site will be located;
5		(B) existing land use and zoning;
6		(C) location of all private residences, commercial and industrial buildings, public or private
7		utilities, roads, and schools;
8		(D) on-site easements;
9		(E) location of potable wells and public water supplies;
10		(F) historic sites described in Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule;
11		(G) State [state] nature and historic preserves described in Subparagraph (a)(3) of this Rule;
12		(H) the existing topography and features of the site, [site] including general surface water
13		drainage patterns and watersheds, 100-year floodplains, perennial and intermittent streams,
14		rivers, and lakes; and
15		(I) the classification of the surface water drainage from the site in accordance with 15A NCAC
16		<u>02B .0300;</u>
17	(2)	a letter from the unit of government having zoning jurisdiction over the site that states that the
18		proposed use is allowed within [the] any existing zoning and [zoning, if any;] that any necessary
19		zoning approval or permit has been obtained, and that states the local zoning buffers that apply to
20		the site;
21	(3)	letters from both the State Historic Preservation Office and the Natural Heritage Program within the
22		Department of [Cultural and] Natural and Cultural Resources stating whether the proposed use of
23		the property will impact the historic sites described in Subparagraph (a)(2) of this Rule; State nature
24		and historic preserves described in Subparagraph (a)(3) of this Rule; or the endangered or threatened
25		species described in Subparagraph (a)(4) of this Rule located at the site; and
26	(4)	a copy of the valid air quality permit for the operation of the incinerator issued by the Department
27		of Environmental Quality, Division of Air Quality in accordance with 15A NCAC 02D.
28	(d) Operations I	Plan. An application for a permit for a site [incinerator for the disposal of solid waste] shall contain an
29	operatio	ons plan that shall include the following information: [a discussion of each of the following items:]
30	<u>(1)</u>	the type and quantity of wastes that will be accepted, [accepted;] including the anticipated sources
31		of the wastes accepted, and the intended destination of materials and ash removed from the site;
32	(2)	the procedures for receiving, storing, incineration, and removal of waste and ash, including the
33		anticipated storage and incineration times:
34	<u>(3)</u>	the hours of operation and staffing:
35	<u>(4)</u>	methods for daily cleanup;
36	<u>(5)</u>	record-keeping procedures;

1	(6)	a description of how the site will comply [planned compliance] with the operational and closure
2		requirements of Rule .0509 of this Section;
3	(7)	a contingency plan that shall address planned operations in the event of loss of power, loss of
4		communications, storm surges, scale malfunctions, and scale software malfunctions; in the event
5		that the disposal site, haul route, or transfer equipment is not available; or during conditions
6		exceeding design parameters. The owner or operator of the site shall provide back-up equipment,
7		and contact information to obtain the equipment, and plans to by-pass the site in case of equipment
8		breakdown. The contingency plan shall be kept updated on-site and shall include site specific
9		emergency procedures and contact information in case of emergencies;
10	(8)	additional information that the Division may request in writing pertaining to the site operations if it
11		is necessary to determine compliance with the rules of this Subchapter; and
12	<u>(9)</u>	in addition to the information required in this Paragraph, incinerators that are permitted by the
13		Division to accept medical waste shall also include the information required by Rule .1204(b)(4) of
14		this Subchapter in the operations plan.
15	(e) The Division	shall review all permit applications in accordance with Rule .0203 of this Subchapter.
16	(f) Plans and do	cuments submitted in the permit application in accordance with this Rule shall be incorporated into
17	<u>the permit <mark>[wher</mark></u>	the permit is issued by the Division,] and the site shall comply with the permit in accordance with
18	<u>Rule .0203(d) of</u>	this Subchapter.
19	(g) Permits issue	ed by the Division for incinerators shall be [are] valid for five years, and shall be [are] subject to the
20	permit fees set fo	orth in G.S. 130A-295.8.
21	(h) Sites that rec	evived a permit from the Division prior to the readopted effective date of this Rule shall comply with
22	the rules of this S	Section with the following exceptions:
23	(1)	buildings, structures, and waste handling areas constructed prior to the readopted effective date of
24		this Rule shall not be required to comply with Paragraph (a) of this Rule for the permitted operational
25		boundary [footprint] existing on the readopted effective date of this Rule, or any replacements or
26		modifications within that existing permitted operational boundary; [footprint;] and
27	(2)	if a building, structure, or waste handling area was constructed prior to the readopted effective date
28		of this Rule, and is expanded beyond [its] the existing permitted operational boundary [footprint]
29		after the readopted effective date of this Rule, the permitted operational boundary [footprint] that
30		was existing on the readopted effective date of this Rule shall not be required to comply with
31		Paragraph (a) of this Rule, but the expansion areas shall comply with these requirements.
32	(i) Site building	s, structures, and waste handling areas that are exempt from the requirements of Paragraph (a) of this
33	Rule shall contin	nue to comply with [the] any siting and buffer requirements stated in their permit issued prior to the
34	readoption date of	of this Rule. [Rule, if any.]
35	(1)	Site and operation plans of the proposed incinerator;
36	(2)	A copy of the air quality permit application to the Division of Environmental Management,
37		Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources;

1	(3)	An approval letter from the unit of local government having zoning authority over the area where
2		the facility is to be located stating that the site meets all of the requirements of the local zoning
3		ordinance, or that the site is not zoned; and
4	(4)	The type, quantity and source of waste for disposal.
5		
6	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
7		Eff. April 1, 1982;
8		Amended Eff. February 1, 1991; September 1, 1990.<u>1990;</u>
9		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
10		

15A NCAC 13B .0562 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3	15A NCAC 13B .05	562 BENEFICIAL FILL
4	A permit is not requ	ired for beneficial fill activity that meets all of the following conditions:
5	(1) Th	ne fill material consists only of inert debris strictly limited to concrete, brick, concrete block,
6	un	contaminated soil, rock, and gravel.
7	(2) Th	ne fill activity involves no excavation.
8	(3) Th	the purpose of the fill activity is to improve land use potential or other approved beneficial reuses.
9	(4) Th	ne fill activity is not exempt from, and must comply with, all other applicable Federal, State, and
10	Local laws	, ordinances, rules, and regulations, including but not limited to zoning restrictions, flood plain
11	restrictions	, wetland restrictions, mining regulations, sedimentation and erosion control regulations. Fill
12	activity sha	ll not contravene groundwater standards.
13	(a) "Beneficial fill"	means a fill activity to level or bring an area to grade for the beneficial purpose of stabilizing the
14	land or improving th	e land use potential using only inert debris waste.
15	(b) A solid waste m	anagement permit is not required for beneficial fill that meets the following conditions:
16	<u>(1) an</u>	y soils mixed with the beneficial fill or used for cover shall meet unrestricted use standards for
17	<u>so</u>	ils as defined in G.S. 130A-310.65;
18	<u>(2)</u> ex	cavation shall not be conducted for the purpose of creating a beneficial fill area or expanding the
19	<u>fo</u>	otprint of the existing beneficial fill area;
20	<u>(3) in</u>	the absence of local ordinances pertaining to beneficial fill, the activity shall be limited in duration
21	to	one year from the initial placement of material and no larger than one acre in size;
22	<u>(4)</u> the	e beneficial fill shall be setback from an adjacent property line a distance that allows for slope
23	<u>co</u>	nstruction and maintenance in accordance with [this Rule;] Subparagraph (5) of this Paragraph
24	an an	d any local ordinances:
25	<u>(5)</u> the	e beneficial fill shall be covered with a minimum of one foot of compacted soil and graded at a
26	<u>slc</u>	ope [no greater than a] ratio that shall not exceed three horizontal to one vertical;
27	<u>(6)</u> the	e beneficial fill [is not exempt from, and] shall comply with [with,] all other applicable federal,
28	Sta	ate, and local laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations, including local zoning restrictions, flood
29	pla	ain regulations, wetland regulations, mining regulations, and sedimentation and erosion control
30	res	gulations:
31	<u>(7)</u> the	e beneficial fill shall comply with the groundwater quality standards established in 15A NCAC
32	<u>02</u>	L; and
33	<u>(8) be</u>	neficial fill shall not be placed in waters of the State, or at or below the seasonal high groundwater
34	[<mark>ta</mark>	ble.] table as defined in Rule .0532 of this Section.
35	(c) Soil generated f	from properties where there has been no known release of contaminants shall not be subject to
36	regulation as a solid	l waste. This Rule and the solid waste permitting requirements under this Subchapter shall not

1	apply to fill acti	vities solely consisting of soil generated from properties where there has been no known release of
2	contaminants.	
3	(d) This Rule ar	nd the solid waste permitting requirements under this Subchapter shall [does] not apply to fill activities
4	solely consisting	g of soil generated from properties where there has been a release of contaminants, if the soil meets
5	unrestricted use	standards for soils as defined in G.S. 130A-310.65.
6	(e) Fill activitie	es using solid waste as the fill material that do not meet the requirements of this Rule are subject to
7	permitting as a s	solid waste management facility in accordance with this Subchapter.
8		
9	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
10		Eff. January 4, 1993.<u>1993;</u>
11		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
12		

1 15A NCAC 13B .0563 is readopted <u>with changes</u> as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

2

3	15A NCAC 13B	3.0563 APPLICABILITY REQ. FOR LAND CLEARING/INERT DEBRIS (LCID)
4		LANDFILLS GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LCIDLFS
5	Management of l	and clearing and inert debris shall be in accordance with the State hierarchy for managing solid waste
6	as provided for	under G.S. 130A 309.04(a). Disposal in a landfill is considered to be the least desirable method of
7	managing land c	clearing and inert debris. Where landfilling is necessary, the requirements of this Rule apply. The
8	owner or operate	or of a land clearing and inert debris landfill (site) shall obtain a permit from the Division, unless
9	exempted from p	permitting pursuant to G.S. 130A-294(a)(4)a. A site shall comply with Rules .0564 through .0567 of
10	this Section, and	the following requirements:
11	(1)	The site shall accept only yard waste and inert debris waste for disposal. An individual permit from
12		the Division of Solid Waste Management is not required for Land Clearing and Inert Debris (LCID)
13		landfills that meet all of the following conditions:
14		(a) The facility is to be operated for the disposal of land clearing waste, inert debris, untreated
15		wood, and yard trash. Operations must be consistent and in compliance with the local
16		government solid waste management plan as approved by the Division of Solid Waste
17		Management.
18		(b) The total disposal area is under two acres in size.
19		(c) The facility and practices comply with the siting criteria under Rule .0564, and operational
20		requirements under Rule .0566.
21	<u>(2)(d)</u>	The fill activity site is not exempt from, and must shall comply with all other Federal, federal, State,
22		and or Local local laws, ordinances, Rules, rules, regulations, and or orders, including but not limited
23		to-zoning regulations, restrictions, flood plain regulations, restrictions, wetland regulations,
24		restrictions, sedimentation and erosion control regulations, requirements, and mining regulations.
25	(2)	Where an individual permit is not required, the following applies:
26		(a) The owner of the land where the landfill is located must notify the Division on a prescribed
27		form, duly signed, notarized, and recorded as per Sub-item (2)(b) of this Rule. The operator
28		of the landfill, if different from the land owner, shall also sign the notification form.
29		(b) The owner must file the prescribed notification form for recordation in the Register of
30		Deeds' Office. The Register of Deeds shall index the notification in the grantor index under
31		the name of the owner of the land in the county or counties in which the land is located. A
32		copy of the recorded notification, affixed with the Register's seal and the date, book and
33		page number of recording shall be sent to the Division of Solid Waste Management.
34		(c) When the land on which the Land Clearing and Inert Debris Landfill is sold, leased,
35		conveyed, or transferred in any manner, the deed or other instrument of transfer shall
36		contain in the description section in no smaller type than that used in the body of the deed

1		or instrument a statement that the property has been used as a Land Clearing and Inert
2		Debris Landfill and a reference by book and page to the recordation of the notification.
3	(3)	An individual permit is required, except for landfills subject to Item (5) of this Rule, for the
4		construction and operation of a Land Clearing and Inert Debris (LCID) landfill when:
5		(a) The facility is to be operated for the disposal of land clearing waste, inert debris, untreated
6		wood, and yard trash. Operations must be consistent and in compliance with the local
7		government solid waste management plan as approved by the Division of Solid Waste
8		Management, and
9		(b) The total disposal area is greater than two acres in size.
10	<u>(3)(4)</u>	Individual permits Permits issued by the Division for land clearing and inert debris landfills shall
11		be <u>valid issued</u> for not more than five years. [years;] years, and [are] shall be subject to the permit
12		fees set forth in G.S. 130A-295.8.
13	<u>(4)(5)</u>	A permit shall not be required for a site that meets the following conditions: Landfilling of land
14		clearing and inert debris generated solely from, and within the right of way of, North Carolina
15		Department of Transportation projects shall be subject to the following:
16		(a) the site is within the right-of-way of a N.C. Department of Transportation project; [The site
17		is property shall be a project right of way owned by the State of North Carolina or the N.C.
18		Department of Transportation, and the site shall be operated the N.C. Department of
19		Transportation.] Only waste types as described in Sub item (1)(a) of this Rule may be
20		disposed of within the Department of Transportation right of way.
20 21		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste
21		(b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste
21 22		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-
21 22 23		(b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way
21 22 23 24		(b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right- of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated.
21 22 23 24 25		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and
21 22 23 24 25 26		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting
21 22 23 24 25 26 27		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10).
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	(5)	 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10). (e) Disposal sites are not subject to the requirements of Item (2) of this Rule and Rule .0204
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<u>(5)</u>	 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The-the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10). (e) Disposal sites are not subject to the requirements of Item (2) of this Rule and Rule .0204 of this Subchapter.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<u>(5)</u> (6)	 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10). (e) Disposal sites are not subject to the requirements of Item (2) of this Rule and Rule .0204 of this Subchapter. Owners or operators shall not construct or operate more than one site that is exempted from
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10). (e) Disposal sites are not subject to the requirements of Item (2) of this Rule and Rule .0204 of this Subchapter. Owners or operators shall not construct or operate more than one site that is exempted from permitting in accordance with G.S. 130A-294(a)(4)a. on any single parcel of land.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in sizesize; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10). (e) Disposal sites are not subject to the requirements of Item (2) of this Rule and Rule .0204 of this Subchapter. Owners or operators shall not construct or operate more than one site that is exempted from permitting in accordance with G.S. 130A-294(a)(4)a. on any single parcel of land.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size-size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10). (e) Disposal sites are not subject to the requirements of Item (2) of this Rule and Rule .0204 of this Subchapter. Owners or operators shall not construct or operate more than one site that is exempted from permitting in accordance with G.S. 130A-294(a)(4)a. on any single parcel of land. Within five years of the readopted effective date of this Rule shall comply with the
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34		 (b) [The site shall accept] the site accepts only [land clearing] yard waste and inert debris waste that was generated from within the same N.C. Department of Transportation project right-of-way that the site is located in; [in.] Waste is landfilled within the project right of way from which it was generated. (c) The the site disposal area shall does not exceed two contiguous acres in size. size; and (d) Disposal sites shall comply [The site shall comply] the site complies with the siting requirements of Rule .0564 of this Section. Section except for Item (10). (e) Disposal sites are not subject to the requirements of Item (2) of this Rule and Rule .0204 of this Subchapter. Owners or operators shall not construct or operate more than one site that is exempted from permitting in accordance with G.S. 130A-294(a)(4)a. on any single parcel of land. Within five years of the readopted effective date of this Rule, the owner or operator of a notified LCIDLF that was not closed prior to the readopted effective date of this Rule shall comply with the requirements of this Rule .0567(b) of

1		readopted effective date of this Rule because the site was designed and constructed to be two acres
2		or less in size, and was required to record a notification for the site with the Register of Deeds' office
3		and submit the notification to the Division.
4	(6)	Landfills that are currently permitted as demolition landfills are required to comply with the
5		following:
6		(a) Only waste types as described in Sub item (3)(a) of this Rule may be accepted for disposal,
7		as of the effective date of this Rule unless otherwise specified in the existing permit.
8		(b) Operations must be in compliance with Rule .0566 of this Section as of the effective date
9		of this Rule.
10		(c) Existing demolition landfills must comply with the siting criteria requirements of these
11		Rules as of January 1, 1998 or cease operations and close in accordance with these Rules.
12		
13	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294; 130A-301; <u>130A-301.1;</u>
14		Eff. January 4, 1993.<u>1993;</u>
15		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
16		

1 15A NCAC 13B .0564 is readopted <u>with changes</u> as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

2

2			
3	15A NCAC 13B .0564 SITING CRITERIA FOR LCIDLFSLAND CLEARING AND INERT DEBRIS		
4	(LCID) LANDFILLS		
5	The following si	ting criteria shall apply for Land Clearing and Inert Debris (LCID) landfills: A land clearing and inert	
6	<u>debris landfill (s</u>	ite) shall meet the following siting criteria:	
7	(1)	Floodplain Restrictions: [Restrictions.] Facilities or practices, [The] A site shall not be located in	
8		the 100-year floodplain.	
9	(2)	Facilities or practices shall not cause or contribute to the taking of any endangered or threatened	
10		species of plants, fish, or wildlife.	
11	(3)	Facilities or practices shall not result in the destruction or adverse modification of the critical habitat	
12		of endangered or threatened species as identified in 50 CFR Part 17 which is hereby incorporated	
13		by reference including any subsequent amendments and editions. This material is available for	
14		inspection at the Department of Environment, Health, and Natural Resources, Division of Solid	
15		Waste Management, 401 Oberlin Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27605 where copies can be	
16		obtained at no cost.	
17	<u>(2)(4)</u>	<u>Cultural Resources Restrictions: [Restrictions.]</u> Facilities or practices [The] <u>A</u> site and site	
18		operations shall not damage or destroy an archaeological or historical site. a property of	
19		archaeological or historical significance that has been listed on the National Register of Historic	
20		Places or included on the Study List for the Register pursuant to 07 NCAC 04R .0206 and .0300.	
21		[.0300, which are incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions.]	
22	<u>(3)(5)</u>	State Nature and Historic Preserve Restrictions: [Restrictions.] Facilities or practices [The] A site	
23		and site operations shall not eause have an adverse impact on a state park, recreation or scenic area,	
24		or any other lands included in the state nature and historic preserve. any component included in the	
25		State Nature and Historic Preserve pursuant to G.S. 143-260.10.	
26	(4)	Endangered and Threatened Species Restrictions: [Restrictions. The] A site and site operations shall	
27		not jeopardize the continued existence of endangered or threatened species or result in the	
28		destruction or adverse modification of a critical habitat, protected under the Federal Endangered	
29		Species Act of 1973, Public Law 93-205, as amended.	
30	(5)	Clean Water Act Requirements: [requirements. The] A site and site operations shall:	
31		(a) not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the United States, including wetlands,	
32		that violates any requirements of the Clean Water Act, including the National Pollutant	
33		Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean	
34		Water Act; [Act.]	
35		(b) comply with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act; and [Aet.]	
36		(c) not cause the discharge of a nonpoint source of pollution to waters of the United States,	
37		including wetlands, that violates any requirement of an area-wide or Statewide water	

1		quality management plan that has been approved under Section 208 or 319 of the Clean
2		Water Act.
3	(6)	-Facilities shall not be located in any wetland as defined in the Clean Water Act, Section 404(b).
4	(7)	It must be shown that adequate suitable soils are available for cover, either on site or from on or off
5		site.
6	(8)	Land Clearing and Inert Debris landfills shall meet the following surface and ground water
7		requirements:
8		(a) Facilities or practices shall not cause a discharge of pollutants into waters of the state that
9		is in violation of the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
10		(NPDES), under Section 402 of the Clean Water Act, as amended.
11		(b) Facilities or practices shall not cause a discharge of dredged materials or fill material into
12		waters of the state that is in violation of the requirements under Section 404 of the Clean
13		Water Act, as amended.
14		(c) Facilities or practices shall not cause non point source pollution of waters of the state that
15		violates assigned water quality standards.
16		(d) Waste in landfills with a disposal area greater than two acres shall be placed a minimum of
17		four feet above the seasonal high water table, except where an alternative separation is
18		approved by the Division.
19		(e) Waste in landfills with a disposal area less than two acres shall be placed above the seasonal
20		high water table.
21	<u>(6)(9)</u>	Buffer Requirements: [Requirements.] The facility-[The] A site shall maintain meet the following
22		minimum-buffer requirements:
23		(a) 50 feet from the waste boundary to all surface waters of the state <u>State</u> as defined in G.S.
24		143-212.
25		(b) 100 feet from the waste boundary disposal area to property lines, residential dwellings,
26		commercial or public buildings, and potable wells.
27	(c)	-The Division may establish alternative site-specific buffers in the permit conditions if it is necessary
28		for the preservation of public health and the environment. Buffer requirements may be adjusted as
29		necessary to insure adequate protection of public health and the environment.
30	<u>(7)(10)</u>	The site shall establish and maintain an access road around the waste boundary for access by
31		emergency or fire-fighting vehicles and equipment. The facility shall meet all requirements of any
32		applicable zoning ordinance.
33	<u>(8)</u>	The site shall have soil available for cover either on site or from on or off site.
34	<u>(9)</u>	The site and site operations shall comply with 15A NCAC 02L for protection of groundwater
35		quality. The bottom elevation of the waste shall be no less than four feet above the seasonal high
36		groundwater [table.] table as defined in Rule .0532 of this Section.
37		

1	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
2		Eff. January 4, 1993.<u>1</u>993;
3		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
4		

15A NCAC 13B .0566 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3 15A NCAC 13B .0566 **OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR LCIDLFS REQ. FOR LAND** 4 **CLEARING/INERT DEBRIS (LCID) LANDFILLS** 5 Land Clearing and Inert Debris (LCID) landfills The owner or operator of a land clearing and inert debris landfill 6 (site) shall comply with the permit conditions, the plans incorporated into the permit in accordance with Rule .0565(d) 7 of this Section, and meet the following operational requirements: 8 Operational plans shall be approved and followed as specified for the facility. (1)9 (1)(2)The facility site shall only accept those solid wastes that which it is permitted to receive. 10 Solid waste in the landfill shall be compacted. restricted to the smallest area feasible and compacted (2)(3)11 as densely as practical into cells. Slopes shall not exceed a ratio of three horizontal to one vertical 12 [ratio] at any time. 13 <u>(3)(4)</u> All waste shall be covered with no less than six inches of soil monthly, Adequate soil cover shall be 14 applied monthly, or when the working face active area reaches one acre in size, whichever occurs 15 first. Any soils used for cover at [a] the site shall meet unrestricted use standards for soils as defined in G.S. 130A-310.65. 16 17 (4)(5)120 calendar days after completion of any phase of disposal operations, or upon revocation of a 18 permit, the disposal area Areas that will not have additional wastes placed on them for three months 19 or more, but where final termination of disposal operations has not occurred, shall be covered with 20 a minimum of no less than one foot of suitable soil cover sloped to allow direct the flow of surface 21 water from the landfill, and stabilized with vegetative ground cover or other stabilizing material. 22 runoff in a controlled manner. The Division may require further action in order to correct any 23 condition which that the Division determines is or may become be injurious to the public health, or 24 a nuisance to the community. 25 <u>(5)(6)</u> Adequate erosion control measures, structures, or devices shall be utilized to prevent silt from 26 leaving the site and to prevent excessive on site erosion. on-site erosion, and shall comply with 15A NCAC 04. [04, which is incorporated by reference including subsequent amendments and editions.] 27 28 (7)Provisions for a ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion must shall be accomplished within 30 29 working days or 120 calendar days upon completion of any phase of landfill development. 30 The facility site shall be adequately secured by means of barriers such as gates, chains, berms, and <u>(6)(8)</u> 31 fences fences, etc. to prevent unauthorized access. access except when an operator is on duty. An 32 attendant operator shall be on duty at all times while the site landfill is open for public use to assure 33 compliance with operational requirements and to prevent acceptance of unauthorized wastes. 34 Access roads shall be of all-weather construction and shall be maintained to allow access by vehicles <u>(7)</u>(9) 35 transporting waste, Department staff, and fire-fighting vehicles. properly maintained. 36 (8)(10) Surface water shall be diverted from the working face and shall not be impounded over waste. 37 (9)(11) Solid waste shall not be disposed of in water.

1	(10)(12) Fire Protection and Control.
2	(a) Open burning of solid waste is prohibitied. prohibited, unless approval has been obtained
3	from the Division, the local government, and the Division of Air Quality in accordance
4	with 15A NCAC 02D .1900 prior to any burning activity.
5	(b) Hot ashes, [hot loads, or cinders] cinders, and waste that is smoldering, smoking, or burning
6	shall not be disposed of in the landfill. The waste screening procedures described in the
7	operations plan in accordance with this Rule shall address identification and rejection of
8	this waste. [loads containing hot ashes and cinders.]
9	(c) The owner or operator shall provide equipment on-site to control fires and make
10	[documented] arrangements with a local fire protection agency to provide fire-fighting
11	services.
12	(d) The owner or operator shall provide verbal notification to the Division of fires that occur
13	at the site within 24 hours of the fire and shall submit written notification to the Division
14	within 15 days of the fire. The notification shall include the site name and permit number;
15	the date and time of the fire; actions taken by the owner or operator in response to the fire;
16	the cause of the fire; the location and size of the fire; the [area, type,] type and amount of
17	waste that caught fire; [and] a plan of action to prevent fires in the future; the name and
18	title of the person submitting this information; [information,] and the date the information
19	is submitted.
20	(11)(13) The concentration of explosive gases generated by the site facility shall not exceed: [exceed]
21	(a) <u>twenty-five [25]</u> Twenty five percent of the lower explosive limit for the gases in facility
22	structures. site structures; or
23	(b) The <u>the</u> lower explosive limit for the gases at the property boundary.
24	The Division may require quarterly monitoring of explosive gases if it is necessary to determine
25	compliance with this Item. If the Division requires monitoring, the Division shall provide written
26	notice of the requirement to the owner or operator.
27	(12)(14) Leachate shall be contained and managed on-site. [onsite.] Leachate shall be properly managed on
28	site through the use of current best management practices.
29	(13)(15) [A] The site shall comply with 15A NCAC 02L for the protection of groundwater quality, and the
30	surface water quality standards established in 15A NCAC 02B. Should the Division deem it
31	necessary, ground water or surface water monitoring, or both, may be required as provided for under
32	Rules .0601 and .0602 of this Subchapter.
33	(14)(16) A sign shall be posted at the facility <u>site</u> entrance showing the <u>site contact contact's name and <mark>phone</mark></u>
34	number, number in case of an emergency and the permit number. the permit number, emergency
35	contact information, and the waste types accepted for disposal at the site. The permit number
36	requirement is not applicable for facilities not requiring an individual permit.

1	<u>(15)</u>	Inert debris waste accepted at the site shall be placed within the permitted landfill footprint unless
2		it is being processed for recycling or [beneficial] reuse. Inert debris waste shall not be placed as
3		beneficial fill as defined in Rule .0562 within the site buffer areas or elsewhere on the property
4		unless stated in the site permit.
5	<u>(16)</u>	The owner or operator shall submit to the Division upon written request any information or records
6		required to be kept under the conditions of the permit or the rules of this Section.
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8	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
9		Eff. January 4, 1993.<u>1993;</u>
10		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
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15A NCAC 13B .0567 is adopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

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3	15A NCAC 13H	3.0567 CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE REQUIREMENTS FOR LCIDLFS	
4	(a) The owner of	or operator of a land clearing and inert debris landfill (site) shall implement the closure of the site in	
5	accordance with this Rule and the closure and post-closure plans incorporated into the permit in accordance with Rule		
6	.0565(d) of this	Section. The owner or operator shall notify the Division no less than 90 days prior to the expected	
7	closure of the sit	e.	
8	(b) Closure Rec	uirements.	
9	(1)	The owner or operator of a site shall begin closure activities no later than 30 days after the final	
10		receipt of wastes. Closure activities shall include the following:	
11		(A) covering the The disposal area shall be covered with no less than one foot of soil cover	
12		sloped to direct the flow of surface water from the landfill landfill;	
13		(B) stabilizing the soil cover and stabilized with vegetative ground cover or other stabilizing	
14		material. material; and	
15		(C) any closure activities included in the closure and post-closure plan incorporated into the	
16		permit.	
17	(2)	The owner or operator of a site shall complete the closure activities in accordance with the closure	
18		and post closure care plan incorporated into the permit in accordance with Rule .0565(d) of this	
19		Section within 120 days after following the beginning the closure activities as specified in	
20		Subparagraph (1) of this Paragraph. of closure.	
21	(3)	Within 30 days of completion of closure of the site, the owner or operator shall submit to the	
22		Division a certification verifying that closure has been completed in accordance with this Rule. the	
23		closure plan. If required by G.S. 89C, the certification shall be completed by a licensed professional	
24		engineer.	
25	(4)	When a site has been closed in accordance with this Rule, the permit is terminated. Any future solid	
26		waste management or disposal at the site shall require a new permit.	
27	(c) Post-Closure	care Requirements.	
28	(1)	Following closure of the site, the owner or operator shall conduct post-closure care in accordance	
29		with the closure and post-closure care plan incorporated into the permit in accordance with Rule	
30		.0565(d) of this Section, and the following requirements:	
31		(A) maintenance of the integrity and effectiveness of any cap system, including making repairs	
32		to the cover to correct the effects of settlement, subsidence, erosion, or other events, and	
33		preventing surface water run-on and run-off from eroding or otherwise damaging the cap	
34		system;	
35		(B) maintenance of the vegetative cover of the cap, and ensuring that trees and other woody	
36		vegetation do not become established on the cap;	

1		(C)	maintenance of vehicle and fire-fighting lanes to allow access to the entire waste boundary
2			of the site;
3		(D)	groundwater, surface water, and explosive gas monitoring in accordance with the closure
4			and post closure care plan, if it is required by the Division to determine compliance with
5			Rule .0566(11) or (13) of this Section;
6		(E)	maintenance of the operating record by the owner or operator. The operating record shall
7			be made available to the Division for inspection upon request during the post-closure care
8			period; and
9		(F)	any additional actions that the Division may require request in writing if the Division
10			determines that the actions are necessary to correct any condition that the Division
11			determines may be injurious to the public health or a nuisance to the community. In making
12			this determination, the Division shall consider the compliance history of the site, the
13			circumstances and use of properties adjacent to the site, the use of groundwater and surface
14			water downgradient of the site, and any groundwater, surface water, and explosive gas
15			monitoring results.
16	(2)	Proper	ty lines shall not be altered to result in reduction of the buffer areas set forth in Rule .0564(6)
17		of this	Section or stated in the site permit.
18	(3)	The bu	ffer areas set forth in Rule .0564(6) of this Section or stated in the site permit shall not be
19		develop	ped or utilized for residential, commercial, industrial, or institutional purposes, including
20		above-	ground or below-ground construction or improvements such as utilities, roads, parking lots,
21		and sid	ewalks.
22	(4)	Post-cl	osure care shall be conducted for 10 years.
23			
24	History Note:	Author	ity G.S. 130A-294;
25		Eff. Jai	nuary 1, 2021.
26			

15A NCAC 13B .0601 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3 15A NCAC 13B .0601 **GROUND-WATER-GROUNDWATER MONITORING** 4 (a) This Rule shall apply to a sanitary landfill that is not subject to Rules .0531 through .0546 or Section .1600 of this Subchapter (site). [(hereinafter "site").] This Rule shall apply for the life of the site and the post-closure care period 5 6 of the site. 7 (b) [A] The site shall be subject to the groundwater requirements and standards in 15A NCAC 02L .0101 through 8 .0114 and 15A NCAC 02L .0201 through .0202. The site shall not cause an exceedance of the groundwater quality 9 standards and interim maximum allowable concentrations established under 15A NCAC 02L .0202 in the uppermost 10 aquifer at the review boundary or compliance boundary as established in 15A NCAC 02L .0107 and .0108. 11 (c)(a) The Division shall require a solid waste management facility to [A] The site shall provide such ground water 12 groundwater monitoring capability as the Division determines to be necessary to detect the effects of the site facility 13 on ground water groundwater in the area. In making such a determination, the Division shall consider the following 14 factors: 15 (1) the design of the site, [site] facility, the nature of the processes it will use, and the type of waste it 16 will handle; 17 soil and other geological conditions in the area; (2) 18 (3) nearness of ground water groundwater to the site; facility; 19 (4) uses that are being or may be made of any ground water groundwater that may be affected by the 20 site; facility; and 21 (5) any other factors that reasonably-relate to the potential for ground water-groundwater effects from 22 the site. facility. 23 (b) Responsibility for sample collection and analysis will be defined as a part of the permit condition. (c) Any other information that the Division deems pertinent to the development of a ground water monitoring system 24 will be required. 25 26 (d) <u>All-The construction of monitoring wells</u> required pursuant to this Rule-shall comply with monitoring well construction standards of 15A NCAC 2C .0105.02C .0108. Copies of 15A NCAC 2C may be obtained from and 27 28 inspected at the Division. 29 (e) The owner or operator of a site shall submit a A-record of the monitoring well installation shall be filed with to 30 the Division upon completion of the installation. monitoring wells. (f) Groundwater quality monitoring wells shall be constructed of materials, and by procedures, approved by the 31 32 Division. f(f) The site shall not cause an exceedance of the groundwater quality standards and interim maximum allowable 33 concentrations established under 15A NCAC 02L .0202 in the uppermost aquifer at the review boundary or 34 compliance boundary as established in 15A NCAC 02L .0107 and .0108.] 35 36 37 *History Note:* Authority G.S. 130A-294;

1	Eff. April 1, 1982;
2	Amended Eff. September 1, 1990; August 1, 1988; January 1, 1985.<u>1985;</u>
3	<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>
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15A NCAC 13B .0602 is readopted with changes as published in 35:04 NCR 451 as follows:

3	15A NCAC 13E	3.0602 SURFACE WATER MONITORING
4	(a) The Division	n shall require a solid waste management facility to This Rule shall apply to a sanitary landfill that is
5	not subject to R	ules .0531 through .0546 or Section .1600 of this Subchapter (site).[(hereinafter "site").] This Rule
6	<u>shall apply for th</u>	he life of the site and the post-closure care period of the site.
7	(b) The owner	or operator of [a] the site shall provide such surface water monitoring capability as the Division
8	determines to be	e necessary to detect the effects of the site facility on surface water in the area. waters contained on or
9	bordering the sit	e property. In making such a this determination, the Division shall consider the following factors:
10	(1)	the design of the site, facility, the nature of the process processes it will use, and the type of waste
11		it will handle;
12	(2)	drainage patterns and other hydrological conditions in the area;
13	(3)	nearness of surface water to the site; facility;
14	(4)	uses that are being or may be made of any surface water that may be affected by the site; facility;
15		and
16	(5)	any other factors that reasonably relate to the potential for surface water effects from the site. facility.
17	(b) Responsibili	ity for sample collection and analysis will be defined as a part of the permit conditions.
18	(c) Any other in	formation that the Division deems pertinent to the development of a surface water monitoring system
19	will be required.	-
20	(c) The site sha	ll not cause an exceedance of the surface water standards established under 15A NCAC 02B .0200.
21	[<mark>If a surface wa</mark>	ater quality standard is not established in 15A NCAC 02B .0200 for any detected constituent or
22	parameter, the c	owner or operator shall obtain a determination from the Division on establishing a surface water
23	<mark>standard-using-</mark> l	EPA Nationally Recommended Water Quality Criteria which can be viewed on the Department's
24	website at	
25	<mark>standards.</mark>]	
26		
27	History Note:	Authority G.S. 130A-294;
28		Eff. April 1, 1982. <u>1982;</u>
29		<u>Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.</u>