11 NCAC 04 .0418 is readopted with changes as published in NCR 34:12 1110-1112 as follows:

11 NCAC 04 .0418 TOTAL LOSSES ON MOTOR VEHICLES

The commissioner shall consider as prima facie violative of G.S. 58 63-15(11) the failure by an insurer to adhere to the following procedures concerning settlement of covered "total loss" motor vehicle claims when such failure is so frequent as to indicate a general business practice:

- (1) If the insurer and the claimant are initially unable to reach an agreement as to the value of the vehicle, the insurer shall base any further settlement offer not only on published regional average values of similar vehicles, but also on the value of the vehicle in the local market. Local market value shall be determined by using either the local market price of a comparable vehicle or, if no comparable vehicle can be found, quotations from at least two qualified dealers within the local market area. Additionally, if the claimant represents that the vehicle actually owned by him was in better than average condition, the insurer shall give due consideration to the condition of the claimant's vehicle prior to the accident.
- Where the insurer has the right to elect to replace the vehicle and does so elect, the replacement vehicle shall be available without delay, similar to the lost vehicle, and paid for by the insurer, subject only to the deductible and to the value of any enhancements acceptable to the insured.
- (3) If the insurer makes a deduction for the salvage value of a "total loss" vehicle retained by the claimant, the insurer, if so requested by the claimant, shall furnish the claimant with the name and address of a salvage dealer who will purchase the salvage for the amount deducted.
- (4) If a written statement is requested by the claimant, a total loss payment by an insurer shall be accompanied by a written statement listing the estimates, evaluations and deductions used in calculating the payment, if any, and the source of these values.
- When a motor vehicle is damaged in an amount which, inclusive of original and supplemental claims, equals or exceeds 75 percent of the preaccident actual cash value, as such value is determined in accordance with this Rule, an insurance carrier shall "total loss" the automobile by paying the claimant the preaccident value, and in return, receiving possession of the legal title of the salvage of said automobile. At the election of the claimant, or in those circumstances where the insurance carrier will be unable to obtain an unencumbered title to the damaged vehicle then the insurance carrier shall have the right to deduct the value of the salvage of the total loss from the actual value of the vehicle and leave such salvage with the claimant subject to the insurance carrier abiding by Subparagraphs (3) and (6) of this Rule. No insurer, adjuster, appraiser, agent, or any other person shall enter into any oral or written agreement(s), by and between themselves, to limit any original or supplemental claim(s) so as to artificially keep the repair cost of a damaged vehicle below 75% of its preaccident value, if in fact such original and any supplemental claim(s) exceed or would exceed 75% of the vehicle's preaccident value.

1	(6)	The insurer shall be responsible for all reasonable towing and storage charges until three days after
2		the owner and storage facility are notified in writing that the insurer will no longer reimburse the
3		owner or storage facility for storage charges. Notification to the owner shall include the name
4		address, and telephone number of the facility where the vehicle is being stored. Notification to the
5		storage facility shall include the name, address, and, if available, telephone number of the owner
6		No insurer shall abandon the salvage of a motor vehicle to a towing or storage service without the
7		consent of the service involved. In instances where the towing and storage charges are paid to the
8		owner, the check or draft for the amount of such service shall be payable jointly to the owner an
9		the towing or storage service.
10	(a) The Commis	sioner shall consider as prima facie violative of G.S. 58-63-15(11) the failure by an insurance company
11	to adhere to the pr	ocedures in this Rule concerning the settlement of covered "total loss" motor vehicle claims when
12	the failure is so f	requent as to indicate a general business practice.
13	(b) For the purp	oses of this Rule, the following terms shall mean:
14	<u>(1)</u>	"Licensed Motor Vehicle Dealer" means a person who is licensed by the North Carolina
15		Department of Transportation Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to Chapter 20, Article 12 of
16		the N.C. General Statutes.
17	<u>(2)</u>	"Local Market Area" means an area within a 100-mile radius of the place where the motor vehicle
18		is principally garaged. If a substantially similar motor vehicle is unavailable within a 100-mile
19		radius, the insurance company may increase the radius in increments of 50 miles until a
20		substantially similar motor vehicle can be found.
21	<u>(3)</u>	"Published Regional Average Values" means values derived from printed or electronically
22		published motor vehicle pricing guides recognized in the motor vehicle industry, including
23		[Edmunds, Kelley Blue Book,and] National Automobile Dealers Association Pricing Guide
24		[Book or Kelley Blue Book that analyze current and historical motor vehicle sales data
25		taking into consideration the year, make, model and condition of the motor vehicle, motor vehicle
26		market conditions, and geographic area to reach an average retail value of the motor vehicle.
27	[(4)	"Reasonable and Customary Towing and Storage Charges" means the amount that is generally
28		charged in in the local business market.]
29	[(5)] <u>(4</u>)	"Substantially Similar Motor Vehicle" means a motor vehicle of the same make, model, [year,]
30		and year [options, equipment, condition, and mileage] of the damaged motor vehicle. [If unable
31		to identify substantially similar motor vehicles, documentation in shall be sufficient proof of
32		compliance for the purposes of this Rule.
33	(c) When a mot	or vehicle is damaged in an amount which, inclusive of original and supplemental claims, equals or
34	exceeds 75 perce	ent of the pre-accident actual cash value as determined in accordance with Paragraph (d) of this Rule,
35	an insurance con	npany shall designate the motor vehicle as a "total loss" and pay the claimant the pre-accident value.
36	In return, the insur	ance company shall receive possession of the legal title of the salvage of the total loss motor vehicle.

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1	(d) If the insurance company and the claimant are [initially] unable to reach an agreement as to the actual cash value		
2	of the total loss motor vehicle, the settlement offer [actual cash value] shall be based upon [calculated using] the following		
3	[methods] values: and adjusted for condition, options, equipment, and mileage, less the cost of unrepaired damage that		
4	pre-existed the accident:]		
5	(1) The published regional average values of substantially similar motor vehicles; and		
6	(2) The retail cost of two or more substantially similar motor vehicles in the local market area whe		
7	substantially similar motor vehicles are available or were available within [the last ninety (90)		
8	90 days of the accident to consumers in the local market [area; or] area.		
9	(3) One of two or more quotations obtained by the insurance company from two or more license		
10	motor vehicle dealers located within the local market area.		
11	If no substantially similar motor vehicle is able to be located in the local market area, the settlement offer may be		
12	based upon quotations obtained from two or more licensed motor vehicle dealers located within the local market area.		
13	(e) The settlement offer may be adjusted for condition, options, equipment, and mileage, less the cost of unrepaired		
14	damage that pre-existed the accident.		
15	[(e)](f) Applicable sales tax and vehicle registration fees shall be included as part of the actual cash value settlement		
16	of the total loss motor vehicle, except where the claimant retains the salvage vehicle.		
17	[(f)](g) The insurance company shall give consideration to evidence presented by the claimant such as receipts.		
18	[photographs] photographs, or other documentation that the total loss motor vehicle owned by him or her was in a		
19	better condition prior to the accident than suggested by the insurer's settlement offer.		
20	[(g)](h) When a motor vehicle's total loss is settled on a basis which deviates from this Rule, the deviation must be		
21	supported by documentation within the claim file detailing the total loss motor vehicle's condition and the reason		
22	for the deviation. Any deductions from the actual cash value of the total loss motor vehicle, including deduction for		
23	salvage or prior damage, [must] shall be itemized and contain the amount of the deduction. The documentation that		
24	supports the basis for the settlement shall be [explained to] shared with the claimant. The insurance company's record		
25	shall include documentation of the total loss settlement.		
26	[(h)](i) If requested by the claimant, a total loss payment by an insurance company shall be accompanied by a written		
27	statement listing the estimates, evaluations, and any deductions used in calculating the payment, and the source of		
28	these values.		
29	[(i)](j) No insurance company, adjuster, appraiser, agent, or any other person shall enter into any oral or written		
30	agreement(s), by and between themselves, to limit any original or supplemental claim(s) to keep the repair cost of a		
31	damaged motor vehicle below 75 percent of its pre-accident value.		
32	[(j)](k) At the election of the claimant, or in those circumstances where the insurance company will be unable to		
33	obtain an unencumbered title to the total loss motor vehicle, the insurance company shall have the right to deduct the		
34	value of the salvage of the total loss motor vehicle from the actual cash value calculation and leave the salvage motor		
35	vehicle with the claimant.		

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- 1 [(k)](1) If the insurance company makes a deduction for the salvage value of a total loss motor vehicle retained by
 2 the claimant, the insurance company shall, upon request of the claimant, furnish the claimant with the name and
- 3 address of a salvage dealer who will purchase the salvage for the amount deducted.
- 4 [(1)](m) Where the insurance company has the right to elect to replace the total loss motor vehicle and does so, the
- 5 replacement motor vehicle shall be substantially similar to the total loss motor vehicle and paid for by the insurance company,
- 6 <u>subject only to the deductible and to the value of any additional options and equipment chosen by the claimant.</u>
- 7 [(m)](n) The insurance company shall be responsible for all reasonable [and customary] towing and storage charges
- 8 until three days after the motor vehicle's owner and storage facility are notified in writing that the insurance company
- 9 [will] shall no longer reimburse the motor vehicle's owner or storage facility for storage charges. Notification to the
- 10 motor vehicle's owner shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the facility where the motor vehicle
- is being stored. Notification to the storage facility shall include the name, address, and, if available, telephone number
- of the motor vehicle's owner. Proof of mailing, as defined in Rule .0430 of this Section, shall serve as the proof that
- 13 <u>the notification required by this Rule occurred.</u>
- 14 (o) In instances where the towing and storage charges are paid to the owner, the check or draft for the amount of
- such service shall be payable jointly to the owner and the towing or storage service.
- 16 (n) (p) No insurance company shall abandon the salvage of a total loss motor vehicle to a towing or storage service without
- 17 <u>the consent of the towing or storage</u> service involved.
- 19 *History Note:* Authority G.S. 58-2-40; 58-63-65; <u>58-63-65</u>; <u>20-279.2</u>; [20-279.21;]
- 20 *Eff. December 15, 1979;*

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- 21 Amended Eff. April 1, 1993; April 1, 1989; July 1, 1986. <u>July 1, 1986.</u> <u>July 1, 1986.</u>
- 22 <u>Readopted Eff. April 1, 2020.</u>

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

Mailing address: 6714 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-6700 Street address: 1711 New Hope Church Rd Raleigh, NC 27609-6285

March 20, 2020

Loretta Peace-Bunch, Rulemaking Coordinator Department of Insurance

Sent via email only: loretta.peace-bunch@ncdoi.gov

Re: Objection to Rule 11 NCAC 04 .0418

Dear Ms. Peace-Bunch:

At its meeting yesterday, the Rules Review Commission objected to the above-captioned Rule in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.10.

The Commission objected this Rule for ambiguity in Subparagraph (b)(3) and Paragraph (d). Specifically, Subparagraph (b)(3) does not define or explain what qualifies as a "pricing guide." In Paragraph (d), the process for calculating a car's "actual cash value" is unclear as written.

Please respond to this letter in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 150B-21.12. If you have any questions regarding the Commission's actions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Ashley Snyder

Commission Counsel

cc: John Hoomani, john.hoomani@ncdoi.gov

REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE

AGENCY: Department of Insurance

RULE CITATION: 11 NCAC 04 .0418

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: March 13, 2020

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may call our office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following technical changes be made:

Throughout this Rule, were the changes made post-publication made in response to public comment?

In (b)(2), line 18, please delete or define "principally."

At line 18, do you mean "may" or "shall?" If you mean "may," is this decision in the discretion of the insurance company?

In (b)(3), does your regulated public understand what you mean by "pricing guides?" Are they required to use specific guides approved by the Commissioner as mentioned in G.S. 20-271.21(d1)(2)?

In (b)(4), by "year newer," I assume you only mean "one year newer" and not any newer vehicle of the same made and model, correct?

In (b)(4), please refer to "Paragraph (d) of this Rule" instead of "subsection (d)."

In (c), line 30, please define "original claim" and "supplemental claim."

At line 31 and throughout this rule, is "actual cash value" the same as "fair market retail value" as used in G.S. 20-271.21(d1)(2)?

In (c), line 33, the rule says "the insurance shall receive possession of the legal title . . ." Please compare this language to Paragraph (e) where the rule mentions the claimant retaining the salvage vehicle. Does the claimant have an option to retain the vehicle? Under what circumstances may the claimant do so? Please clarify.

Does (d) comply with the procedure set forth in G.S. 20-279.21(d1)(2) or is the procedure to determine actual cash value a different process? Please clarify.

At line 34, please delete or define "initially."

Ashley Snyder Commission Counsel Date submitted to agency: March 2, 2020 In (d), line 36, did you intentionally retain the language "condition, options, equipment, and mileage" when that language was removed from (b)(4)?

In (d)(1)-(3), please consider the following if it was your intent:

condition, options, equipment, and mileage, less the cost of unrepaired damage that pre-existed the accident:

- (1) The published regional average values of substantially similar motor vehicles; and
- (2) Either of the following:
 - [(1)] (A) The retail cost of two or more substantially similar motor vehicles in the local market area when substantially similar motor vehicles are available or were available within the last ninety (90) days to consumers in the local market area; or
 - [(2)] (B) One of two or more quotations obtained by the insurance company from two or more licensed motor vehicle dealers located within the local market area.
- In (d)(2), please delete "ninety" and use "90." See 26 NCAC 02C .0108.
- In (d)(2), what begins the clock for the 90-day count? Do you mean "within the last 90 days from the date of the accident" or "within the last 90 days from the date of the retail sarch?"
- In (f), line 9, please add a comma after "photographs."
- In (g), under what circumstances may an insurer deviate from this rule? Any time they provide the documentation described in Paragraph (g)?
- At line 14, please change "must" to "shall."
- At line 15, does the explanation have to be in writing?
- At line 29, do you mean "may" instead of "will?"
- In (m), line 33, please delete or define "reasonable." Under what circumstances are towing and storage charges considered to be reasonable as opposed to unreasonable?
- At line 34, please change "will" to "shall."
- In (o), whose consent is required? What do you mean by "the service involved?" Please clarify.
- Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

11 NCAC 04 .0418 is readopted with changes as published in NCR 34:12 1110-1112 as follows:

11 NCAC 04 .0418 TOTAL LOSSES ON MOTOR VEHICLES

The commissioner shall consider as prima facie violative of G.S. 58 63-15(11) the failure by an insurer to adhere to the following procedures concerning settlement of covered "total loss" motor vehicle claims when such failure is so frequent as to indicate a general business practice:

- (1) If the insurer and the claimant are initially unable to reach an agreement as to the value of the vehicle, the insurer shall base any further settlement offer not only on published regional average values of similar vehicles, but also on the value of the vehicle in the local market. Local market value shall be determined by using either the local market price of a comparable vehicle or, if no comparable vehicle can be found, quotations from at least two qualified dealers within the local market area. Additionally, if the claimant represents that the vehicle actually owned by him was in better than average condition, the insurer shall give due consideration to the condition of the claimant's vehicle prior to the accident.
- Where the insurer has the right to elect to replace the vehicle and does so elect, the replacement vehicle shall be available without delay, similar to the lost vehicle, and paid for by the insurer, subject only to the deductible and to the value of any enhancements acceptable to the insured.
- (3) If the insurer makes a deduction for the salvage value of a "total loss" vehicle retained by the claimant, the insurer, if so requested by the claimant, shall furnish the claimant with the name and address of a salvage dealer who will purchase the salvage for the amount deducted.
- (4) If a written statement is requested by the claimant, a total loss payment by an insurer shall be accompanied by a written statement listing the estimates, evaluations and deductions used in calculating the payment, if any, and the source of these values.
- When a motor vehicle is damaged in an amount which, inclusive of original and supplemental claims, equals or exceeds 75 percent of the preaccident actual cash value, as such value is determined in accordance with this Rule, an insurance carrier shall "total loss" the automobile by paying the claimant the preaccident value, and in return, receiving possession of the legal title of the salvage of said automobile. At the election of the claimant, or in those circumstances where the insurance carrier will be unable to obtain an unencumbered title to the damaged vehicle then the insurance carrier shall have the right to deduct the value of the salvage of the total loss from the actual value of the vehicle and leave such salvage with the claimant subject to the insurance carrier abiding by Subparagraphs (3) and (6) of this Rule. No insurer, adjuster, appraiser, agent, or any other person shall enter into any oral or written agreement(s), by and between themselves, to limit any original or supplemental claim(s) so as to artificially keep the repair cost of a damaged vehicle below 75% of its preaccident value, if in fact such original and any supplemental claim(s) exceed or would exceed 75% of the vehicle's preaccident value.

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1	(6)	The insurer shall be responsible for all reasonable towing and storage charges until three days after
2		the owner and storage facility are notified in writing that the insurer will no longer reimburse the
3		owner or storage facility for storage charges. Notification to the owner shall include the name,
4		address, and telephone number of the facility where the vehicle is being stored. Notification to the
5		storage facility shall include the name, address, and, if available, telephone number of the owner.
6		No insurer shall abandon the salvage of a motor vehicle to a towing or storage service without the
7		consent of the service involved. In instances where the towing and storage charges are paid to the
8		owner, the check or draft for the amount of such service shall be payable jointly to the owner and
9		the towing or storage service.
10	(a) The Commis	ssioner shall consider as prima facie violative of G.S. 58-63-15(11) the failure by an insurance company
11	to adhere to the p	rocedures in this Rule concerning the settlement of covered "total loss" motor vehicle claims when
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13	(b) For the purp	poses of this Rule, the following terms shall mean:
14	<u>(1)</u>	"Licensed Motor Vehicle Dealer" means a person who is licensed by the North Carolina
15		Department of Transportation Division of Motor Vehicles pursuant to Chapter 20, Article 12 of
16		the N.C. General Statutes.
17	<u>(2)</u>	"Local Market Area" means an area within a 100-mile radius of the place where the motor vehicle
18		is principally garaged. If a substantially similar motor vehicle is unavailable within a 100-mile
19		radius, the insurance company may increase the radius in increments of 50 miles until a
20		substantially similar motor vehicle can be found.
21	<u>(3)</u>	"Published Regional Average Values" means values derived from printed or electronically
22		published pricing guides including Edmunds, Kelley Blue Book, and National Automobile
23		Dealers Association Pricing Guide Book.
24	[(4)	"Reasonable and Customary Towing and Storage Charges" means the amount that is generally
25		charged in in the local business market.]
26	[(5)] <u>(4</u>	'Substantially Similar Motor Vehicle' means a motor vehicle of the same make, model, year, or
27		vear newer. [options, equipment, condition, and mileage] of the damaged motor vehicle. If unable
28		to identify substantially similar motor vehicles, documentation in subsection (d) shall be sufficient
29		proof of compliance for the purposes of this Rule.
30	(c) When a mo	tor vehicle is damaged in an amount which, inclusive of original and supplemental claims, equals or
31	exceeds 75 perce	ent of the pre-accident actual cash value as determined in accordance with Paragraph (d) of this Rule,
32	an insurance con	mpany shall designate the motor vehicle as a "total loss" and pay the claimant the pre-accident value.
33	In return, the insu	rance company shall receive possession of the legal title of the salvage of the total loss motor vehicle.
34	(d) If the insura	ance company and the claimant are initially unable to reach an agreement as to the actual cash value
35	of the total loss	motor vehicle, the actual cash value shall be calculated using the following methods and adjusted for
36	condition, option	ns, equipment, and mileage, less the cost of unrepaired damage that pre-existed the accident:
37	<u>(1)</u>	The published regional average values of substantially similar motor vehicles; and

1	<u>(2)</u>	The retail cost of two or more substantially similar motor vehicles in the local market area when	
2		substantially similar motor vehicles are available or were available within the last ninety (90)	
3		days to consumers in the local market area; or	
4	<u>(3)</u>	One of two or more quotations obtained by the insurance company from two or more licensed	
5		motor vehicle dealers located within the local market area.	
6	(e) Applicable sales tax and vehicle registration fees shall be included as part of the actual cash value settlement of		
7	the total loss motor vehicle, except where the claimant retains the salvage vehicle.		
8	(f) The insurance company shall give consideration to evidence presented by the claimant such as receipts,		
9	photographs or other documentation that the total loss motor vehicle owned by him or her was in a better condition		
10	prior to the accident than suggested by the insurer's settlement offer.		
11	(g) When a motor vehicle's total loss is settled on a basis which deviates from this Rule, the deviation must be		
12	supported by documentation within the claim file detailing the total loss motor vehicle's condition and the reason		
13	for the deviation. Any deductions from the actual cash value of the total loss motor vehicle, including deduction for		
14	salvage or prior damage, must be itemized and contain the amount of the deduction. The basis for the settlement		
15	shall be explained to the claimant. The insurance company's record shall include documentation of the total loss		
16	settlement.		
17	(h) If requested by the claimant, a total loss payment by an insurance company shall be accompanied by a written		
18	statement listing the estimates, evaluations, and any deductions used in calculating the payment, and the source of		
19	these values.		
20	(i) No insurance company, adjuster, appraiser, agent, or any other person shall enter into any oral or written		
21	agreement(s), by and between themselves, to limit any original or supplemental claim(s) to keep the repair cost of a		
22	damaged motor vehicle below 75 percent of its pre-accident value.		
23	(j) At the election of the claimant, or in those circumstances where the insurance company will be unable to obtain		
24	an unencumbere	ed title to the total loss motor vehicle, the insurance company shall have the right to deduct the value	
25	of the salvage of	f the total loss motor vehicle from the actual cash value calculation and leave the salvage motor vehicle	
26	with the claimar	<u>nt.</u>	
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28	claimant, the ins	surance company shall, upon request of the claimant, furnish the claimant with the name and address	
29	of a salvage dea	ler who will purchase the salvage for the amount deducted.	
30	(l) Where the	insurance company has the right to elect to replace the total loss motor vehicle and does so, the	
31	replacement mo	tor vehicle shall be substantially similar to the total loss motor vehicle and paid for by the insurance company,	
32		he deductible and to the value of any additional options and equipment chosen by the claimant.	
33	(m) The insura	nce company shall be responsible for all reasonable [and customary] towing and storage charges until	
34	three days after t	the motor vehicle's owner and storage facility are notified in writing that the insurance company will	
35	no longer reimb	ourse the motor vehicle's owner or storage facility for storage charges. Notification to the motor	
36	vehicle's owner shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the facility where the motor vehicle is		

being stored. Notification to the storage facility shall include the name, address, and, if available, telephone number of

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1 the motor vehicle's owner. Proof of mailing, as defined in Rule .0430 of this Section, shall serve as the proof that 2 the notification required by this Rule occurred. 3 (n) In instances where the towing and storage charges are paid to the owner, the check or draft for the amount of 4 such service shall be payable jointly to the owner and the towing or storage service. 5 (n) (o) No insurance company shall abandon the salvage of a total loss motor vehicle to a towing or storage service without 6 the consent of the service involved. 7 8 History Note: Authority G.S. 58-2-40; 58-63-65, 58-63-65; 20-279.2; 20-279.21; 9 Eff. December 15, 1979;

Amended Eff. April 1, 1993; April 1, 1989; July 1, 1986. July 1, 1986;

Readopted Eff. April 1, 2020.

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