19A NCAC 02E .0204 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:

- 3 19A NCAC 02E .0204 LOCAL ZONING AUTHORITIES
- 4 Local A local zoning authority authorities may [request from] become certified to control outdoor advertising (a) 5 within its jurisdiction. In accordance with 23 CFR 750.706(c), the local zoning authority must demonstrate to the 6 Chief Engineer that it has [control of ]certify [submit ]to the Board of Transportation when they have established 7 effective control-within zoned commercial and industrial areas, through regulations or ordinances with respect to size, 8 lighting and spacing of outdoor advertising signs in commercial and industrial zones fin accordance with 23 CFR 9 750.706(c) when they have established effective control within commercial and industrial zones, through regulations 10 or ordinances with respect to size, lighting and spacing of outdoor advertising signs consistent with the intent of as 11 allowed under the Highway Beautification Act of 1965, Section 131 of Title 23 of the United States Code, and with 12 customary use. Upon authorization from the Chief Engineer to the local zoning authority, the size, lighting and spacing 13 requirements set forth in G.S. 136 Articles 11 and 11A or 19A NCAC 02E .0200, will not apply to those areas and the 14 local zoning authority shall be authorized to issue permits for the erection and maintenance of outdoor advertising 15 signs. 16 (b) Upon authorization from the Chief Engineer to the local zoning authority, the size, lighting and spacing 17 requirements set forth in this Section shall not apply to those areas and the local zoning authority shall be authorized 18 to issue permits for the erection and maintenance of outdoor advertising signs, subject to G.S. 136-131.2.[signs.] A 19 permit issued by a local zoning authority shall be accepted in lieu of a state permit issued by the Department of 20 Transportation. 21 (c) The Chief Engineer shall notify the Federal Highway Administration in writing of those zoning jurisdictions 22 wherein local control applies. 23 (d) Nothing contained herein shall relieve the State of the responsibility of limiting signs within controlled areas 24 to commercial and industrial zones. Where a local zoning authority fails to satisfy its obligations for maintaining local 25 control, the local zoning authority may be decertified. 26 (e) Outdoor advertising signs with a valid Department of Transportation permit are subject to the limitations set 27 forth in G.S. 136-131.2. 28 29 Authority G.S. 136-130;136-131.2; 136-138; History Note: 30 Eff. July 1, 1978; 31 Amended Eff. December 1, 2012; November 1, 1993.1993; 32 Readopted Eff. March 1, 2021. 33

19A NCAC 02E .0206 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:

2

#### 3 19A NCAC 02E .0206 APPLICATIONS

4 (a) An application for an outdoor advertising permit structure shall be required for a new outdoor advertising structure <u>5</u> and shall be made on NCDOT form OA-1, which may be obtained at any District Office or the NCDOT website at <u>6</u> www.ncdot.gov. Upon completion, the application shall be submitted to the district office for the district where the 7 proposed site is located. [The application] Applications shall [be submitted by Certified Mail ]and include the following 8 attachments:information: 9 The applicant's contact information:<mark>A [a ]written lease or written proof of interest in the land where a</mark> (1)10 sign is proposed to be constructed. An applicant may delete redact information pertaining to term and <del>amount of lease:</del> <u>11</u> fa notarized statement from the property owner and adjacent property owners if the sign can only be 12 (2)<u>13</u> accessed from the adjacent property providing the right of entry allowing DOT personnel to enter upon <u>14</u> property when necessary for the enforcement of the Outdoor Advertising Control Act or these rules;]A <u>15</u> fa fright of entry form to provide the right of entry from the property owner or adjacent property owners to allow DOT personnel to enter upon property when necessary for the enforcement of the Outdoor 16 17 Advertising Control Act or these rules; Configuration and description of sign\_structure; and If [if]zoned, a written statement from the local <u>18</u> (2)<del>(3)</del> <u>19</u> zoning authority indicating the present zoning of the parcel and its effective date. Upon request of the district engineer, [District Engineer's Office ]the applicant shall submit copies of minutes from the 20 21 appropriate zoning authority pertinent to the zoning action; The applicant's signature. If fif the area is an unzoned commercial or industrial area, a copy of the 22 <mark>(3)<del>(4)</del></mark> documentation confirming that the requirements under .19A NCAC 02E[Rule ].0203(5)(a)(i) and (ii)[ <u>23</u> 24 of this Section ]have been met; <u>25</u> <del>(5)</del> A [a]sign permit of [or ]zoning permit, if required by the local government having jurisdiction over the <u>26</u> proposed location; A [a ]written certification from the sign owner [permit applicant ]indicating there has been no <u>27</u> <del>(6)</del> <u>28</u> misrepresentation of any material facts regarding the permit application, or other information supplied <u>29</u> <del>to acquire a permit; and</del> <u>30</u> (7) The [the ]initial nonrefundable permit fee. 31 (b) The application shall include the following attachments: (1.)(1) a written lease or written proof of interest in the land where a sign is proposed to be constructed. An <u>32</u> applicant may redact information pertaining to term and amount of lease; <u>33</u> <u>34</u>  $\frac{(2)}{(2)}$  a right of entry form to provide the right of entry from the property owner or adjacent property owners to allow DOT personnel to enter upon property when necessary for the enforcement of the Outdoor <u>35</u>

<u>1</u>		Advertising Control Act of these Rules:
<u>2</u>	( <u>3.)(3)</u>	if zoned, a written statement from the local zoning authority indicating the present zoning of
<u>3</u>		the parcel and its effective date. Upon request of the District Engineer's Office the applicant
<u>4</u>		shall submit copies of minutes from the zoning authority pertinent to the zoning action;
<u>5</u>	(4.)(4)	if the area is an unzoned commercial or industrial area, a copy of the documentation confirming
<u>6</u>		that the requirements Rule .0203(5)(a)(i) and (ii) of this Section have been met;
<u>7</u>	<mark>(5.)</mark> (5)	a sign permit or zoning permit, if required by the local government having jurisdiction over the
<u>8</u>		proposed location;
<u>9</u>	<mark>(6.)(6)</mark>	a written certification from the permit applicant indicating there has been no misrepresentation
<u>10</u>		of any facts regarding the permit application, or other information supplied to acquire a permit;
<u>11</u>		and
<u>12</u>	<mark>(7.)(7)</mark>	the initial permit fee of \$120.00.
<u>13</u>	(c)(b) Any omi	ssion of <mark>attachments-attachments, information,</mark> or certification required in <u>this Rule</u> Items [Subparagraphs
<u>14</u>	<mark>(a)(1)](1)</mark>	<del>gh (7) in this Rule</del> may <u>shall</u> cause the rejection <u>and return</u> of the <mark>application and fee. <del>application.</del> If the</mark>
<u>15</u>	application is in	complete, the entire application package, including application fee, shall be returned to the applicant.
<u>16</u>	(d) The act of r	econstruction or relocation of a conforming sign within the permitted parcel boundaries as authorized in
<u>17</u>	Rule .0225 of th	nis Section is not the erection of a new sign and does not require a new permit; only an alteration permit
<u>18</u>	addendum to the	e existing permit shall be necessary.
<u>19</u>		
<u>20</u>	History Note:	Authority G.S. 136-130; <u>136-133;</u>
<u>21</u>		Eff. July 1, 1978;
<u>22</u>		Amended Eff. August 1, 2000; November 1, 1993; December 1, 1990; June 15, <del>1981,</del> 1981;
<u>23</u>		Readopted Eff. March 1, 2021.

1	19A NCAC 02E.	0225 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:
2		
3	19A NCAC 02E	.0225 REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/ALTERATION/ <u>RECONSTRUCTION</u> OF
4		<mark>{CONFORMING</mark>  SIGNS <mark>AND REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF NON-</mark>
5		CONFORMING SIGNS
6	(a) Signs <u>shall <del>n</del></u>	not be serviced from or across the right of way right-of-way, or the right-of-way of interstates and
7	fully controlled a	ccess primary routes freeways or from or across controlled access barriers or fences of controlled routes.
8	(b) Subject to G.	S. 136-131.2, conforming_Conforming signs may be altered within the limits of in accordance with the
9	following:rules in	-[Rules of ]this Section.
10	(1)	A conforming sign that has been destroyed or significantly damaged may be reconstructed within the
11		limits of in accordance with this Rule and Rule .0203 of this Section.the rules in [Rules of ]this [Section.]
12		Section by notifying the district engineer in writing of any substantial changes that would affect the
13		original dimensions of the initial permit application.[-Conforming sign structures may be reconstructed
14		so long as the reconstruction does not conflict with any applicable state or federal rules, regulations, or
15		ordinances.]
16	(2)	Conforming sign structures may be reconstructed so long as the reconstruction does not conflict with
17		any applicable [state, ][ State,][ State or federal] State rules or statutes or Federal regulations.[local rules,
18		regulations or ordinances.]
19	(3)	A nonrefundable alteration permit fee is required with the application. Any alteration beyond reasonable
20		repair and maintenance, reconstruction, or relocation of a conforming sign structure shall not commence
21		until the District Engineer's office receives from the permit holder [submits] a written notice [to the
22		District Engineer's office] detailing the proposed alteration and the schedule for the alteration work. The
23		written notice shall include the sign owner's name, the permit number, and the proposed sign
24		configuration. This written notice shall be attached to the sign permit as an alteration permit addendum.
25		The sign structure, except sign faces, shall be completed within 180 days from the date of the receipt
26		[issuance] of the alteration permit addendum. If the sign structure, except sign faces, is not constructed
27		within 180 days of receipt <del>[issuance]</del> of the alteration permit addendum then any intervening rule change
28		shall apply to the sign structure.
29	<u>(4)</u>	Conforming sign structures shall not be changed from a static face to an automatic changing face, nor
30		shall the sign height be increased without receipt[issuance]_of an alteration permit addendum_[local
31		approval.] Local approval may also be required if required by the local government having jurisdiction
32		over the sign location. Any change to a sign that is not considered reasonable repair or reconstruction
33		as defined by this Rule shall obtain local approval before receiving an alteration permit addendum if
34		required by the local government having jurisdiction over the sign location.
35	<del>(4)<mark>(2)(5</mark>)</del>	Conforming signs that are altered, reconstructed, or relocated shall not require a new permit unless the
36		sign is relocated outside of the parcel boundary of the sign location. Conforming signs may be relocated
37		[on] within the same parcel boundary of the [shall have their] sign location. Conforming signs relocated

1	on the same parcel shall have their sign location updated after the alteration, reconstruction, or relocation
2	work is completed. The new location shall be listed on the permit addendum by Department of
3	Transportation personnel. The alteration of a conforming outdoor advertising structure shall not
4	commence until an alteration application has been submitted to the District Engineer's office. An
5	application for an outdoor advertising alteration permit shall be made on NCDOT form OA 1A, which
6	may be obtained at any District Office or the NCDOT website at www.ncdot.gov. The outdoor
7	advertising structure, except sign faces, shall be completed within 180 days from the date of the issuance
8	of the alteration permit. If the outdoor advertising structure, except sign faces, is not constructed within
9	180 days of issuance of the alteration permit then any intervening rule change shall apply to the sign
10	structure. During the 180 day period, the altered outdoor advertising structure shall be considered in
11	existence for the purpose of spacing of adjacent signs. A nonrefundable alteration permit fee is required
12	with the application.
13	(c) Alteration to a nonconforming sign or sign conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause is prohibited. Nonconforming
14	Subject to G.S. 136-131.2, signs not conforming to State standards shall not be [altered,]altered beyond reasonable repair
15	and maintenance, reconstructed, or relocated unless the sign structure becomes a conforming sign. Fexcept that reasonable
16	repairs and maintenance shall be permitted or to bring the sign into conformance of the Rules of this Section and the
17	Outdoor Advertising Control Act,]Reasonable repair and maintenance are permitted including changing the advertising
18	message or copy. The following activities are considered to be reasonable repair and maintenance:
19	(1) Change [change ] of advertising message or copy on the sign face;
20	(2) Replacement Freplacement of border and trim;
21	(3) Repair [repair ] and replacement of a structural member, including a pole, stringer, or panel, with like
22	material;
23	(4) Alterations [alterations of the dimensions of painted bulletins incidental to copy change; and]
24	(5) Any [any ]net decrease in the outside dimensions of the advertising copy portion of the sign; but if the
25	sign face or faces are reduced they may not thereafter be increased beyond the size of the sign on the
26	date it became nonconforming.
27	(d) The addition of lighting or illumination [either affixed or adjacent] to existing nonconforming signs not conforming
28	to State standards or signs conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause is specifically prohibited as reasonable
29	maintenance; however, such the lighting may be permanently removed from such sign structure.
30	(e) A nonconforming sign not conforming to State standards or sign conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause may
31	continue to be maintained as long as it is not abandoned, destroyed, discontinued, or significantly damaged.
32	(f) When the combined damage to the face and support poles of a sign not conforming to State standards appears to be
33	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E <u>.0201(29), .0201(28)</u> , the sign owner permit holder may request the Department
34	to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the
35	extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner-permit holder perform repairs without notification to the
36	Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than $\frac{50\%50 \text{ percent}}{50\%50 \text{ percent}}$ of the combination of the sign

37 face and support pole(s), poles, the permit shall may be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure,

1 the only components to be used to calculate this value are the sign face and support pole(s). poles. The percent damage

- 2 shall be calculated by dividing the unsalvageable sign components by the original sign structure component quantities,
- 3 using the following criteria:

4	(1)	Outdoor Advertising on Wooden Poles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be 50%50
5		percent and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be 50%;50 percent;
6	(2)	Outdoor Advertising on Steel Poles or Beams: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be
7		80%80 percent and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be 20%; 20 percent; and
8	(3)	Outdoor Advertising on Monopoles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be 80%80
9		percent and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be 20%.20 percent.
10	(g) For the purposes	s of this Rule, the following activities are considered to be reasonable repair and maintenance:
11	(1)	change of advertising message or copy on the sign face;
12	<u>(2)</u>	replacement of border and trim;
13	<u>(3)</u>	repair and replacement of a structural member, including a pole, stringer, or panel, with like material;
14	<u>(4)</u>	alterations of the dimensions of painted bulletins incidental to copy change; and
15	<u>(5)</u>	any net decrease in the outside dimensions of the advertising copy portion of the sign; but if the sign
16		face or faces of a Sign Not Conforming to State Standards are reduced they shall not thereafter be
17		increased beyond the size of the sign on the date it became a Sign Not Conforming to State Standards.
18	(h) For the purposes	of this Rule and G.S. 136-131.2, "reconstruction" means the rebuilding of a sign and shall include the
19	<u>changing of an exis</u>	ting multipole outdoor advertising structure to a new monopole structure. "Reconstruction" shall not
20	include the changing	g of a static face to an automatic changing face nor increasing the sign height.
21		
22	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>136-89.58; 136-30; 136-131.2;</u> 136-130; 136-89.58;
23		Eff. August 1, 2000;
24		Amended Eff. August 1, <del>2000.2000;</del>
25		Readopted Eff. March 1, 2021.
26		



### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

January 5, 2021

Helen Landi Rulemaking Coordinator, North Carolina Department of Transportation Sent via email only: <sup>(1)</sup>hlandi@ncdot.gov

Re: Objection to Rules 19A NCAC 02E .0204, .0206, and .0225

Dear Ms. Landi:

At its December 17, 2020 meeting, the Rules Review Commission objected to the above-referenced Rules in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.10.

The Commission objected to 19A NCAC .0204, .0206, and .0225 for lack of statutory authority, finding that as written the Rules conflict with G.S. 136-131.1 and 136-131.2. Specifically, the Commission found that requiring local approval or transferring regulatory oversight to local governments as provided in these Rules is beyond the authority of the agency.

Please respond to this letter in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 150B-21.12. If you have any questions regarding the Commission's actions, please let me know.

incerely, Commission Counsel

cc: Hannah Jernigan

Julian Mann, III, Director Chief Administrative Law Judge Fred G. Morrison, Jr. Senior Administrative Law Judge Linda T. Worth Deputy Director

An Equal Employment Opportunity Employer

1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, NC 27609 Telephone: (984) 236-1850 | Facsimile: (984) 236-1871 www.oah.nc.gov

19A NCAC 02E .0204 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:

2 3 19A NCAC 02E .0204 LOCAL ZONING AUTHORITIES 4 <u>(a)</u> Local zoning authorities may request from the Chief Engineer control of certify submit to the Board of 5 Transportation when they have established effective control within zoned commercial and industrial areas, through 6 regulations or ordinances with respect to size, lighting and spacing of outdoor advertising signs in commercial and 7 industrial zones in accordance with 23 CFR 750.706(c) when they have established effective control within 8 commercial and industrial zones, through regulations or ordinances with respect to size, lighting and spacing of 9 outdoor advertising signs consistent with the intent of the Highway Beautification Act of 1965, Section 131 of Title 10 23 of the United States Code, and with customary use. Upon authorization from the Chief Engineer to the local zoning 11 authority, the size, lighting and spacing requirements set forth in G.S. 136 Articles 11 and 11A or 19A NCAC 02E .0200, will not apply to those areas and the local zoning authority shall be authorized to issue permits for the erection 12 13 and maintenance of outdoor advertising signs. 14 Upon authorization from the Chief Engineer to the local zoning authority, the size, lighting and spacing (b) 15 requirements set forth in this Section shall not apply to those areas and the local zoning authority shall be authorized to issue permits for the erection and maintenance of outdoor advertising signs, subject to G.S. 136-131.2. [signs.] 16 (c) The Chief Engineer shall notify the Federal Highway Administration in writing of those zoning jurisdictions 17 18 wherein local control applies. 19 (d) Nothing contained herein shall relieve the State of the responsibility of limiting signs within controlled areas to commercial and industrial zones. 20 21 22 Authority G.S. 136-130;136-131.2; 136-138; History Note: 23 Eff. July 1, 1978; 24 Amended Eff. December 1, 2012; November 1, 1993.1993; 25 Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.

26

19A NCAC 02E .0206 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:

2

#### 3 19A NCAC 02E .0206 APPLICATIONS

(a) An application for an outdoor advertising permit shall be made on NCDOT form OA-1, which may be obtained at any
 District Office or the NCDOT website at www.ncdot.gov. Upon completion, the application shall be submitted to the
 district office for the district where the proposed site is located. [The application]Applications shall [be submitted by
 Certified Mail ]and include the following attachments:information:

- 8
   (1)
   The applicant's contact information; A [a ]written lease or written proof of interest in the land where a

   9
   sign is proposed to be constructed. An applicant may delete redact information pertaining to term and

   10
   amount of lease;
- 11
   (2)
   [a notarized statement from the property owner and adjacent property owners if the sign can only be

   12
   accessed from the adjacent property providing the right of entry allowing DOT personnel to enter upon

   13
   property when necessary for the enforcement of the Outdoor Advertising Control Act or these rules;]A

   14
   [a]right of entry form to provide the right of entry from the property owner or adjacent property owners

   15
   to allow DOT personnel to enter upon property when necessary for the enforcement of the Outdoor

   16
   Advertising Control Act or these rules;
- 17
   (2)(3)
   Configuration and description of sign structure; and If [if ]zoned, a written statement from the local

   18
   zoning authority indicating the present zoning of the parcel and its effective date. Upon request of the

   19
   district engineer, [District Engineer's Office ]the applicant shall submit copies of minutes from the

   20
   appropriate zoning authority pertinent to the zoning action;
- 21
   (3)(4)
   The applicant's signature. If [if ] the area is an unzoned commercial or industrial area, a copy of the

   22
   documentation confirming that the requirements under .19A NCAC 02E[Rule ].0203(5)(a)(i) and (ii)[

   23
   of this Section ] have been met;
- 24
   (5) A [a]sign permit of [or ]zoning permit, if required by the local government having jurisdiction over the

   25
   proposed location;
- 26
   (6)
   A [a ]written certification from the sign owner [permit applicant ]indicating there has been no

   27
   misrepresentation of any material facts regarding the permit application, or other information supplied

   28
   to acquire a permit; and
- <u>29</u> The [the ]initial nonrefundable permit fee.
- <u>30</u> (b) The application shall include the following attachments:
- 31
   (1.)(1) a written lease or written proof of interest in the land where a sign is proposed to be constructed. An

   32
   applicant may redact information pertaining to term and amount of lease;

   33
   (2.)(2) a right of entry form to provide the right of entry from the property owner or adjacent property owners
- 34to allow DOT personnel to enter upon property when necessary for the enforcement of the Outdoor35Advertising Control Act of these Rules;

<u>1</u>	( <u>3.)(3)</u>	if zoned, a written statement from the local zoning authority indicating the present zoning of
<u>2</u>		the parcel and its effective date. Upon request of the District Engineer's Office the applicant
<u>3</u>		shall submit copies of minutes from the zoning authority pertinent to the zoning action;
<u>4</u>	<mark>(4.)(4)</mark>	if the area is an unzoned commercial or industrial area, a copy of the documentation confirming
<u>5</u>		that the requirements Rule .0203(5)(a)(i) and (ii) of this Section have been met:
<u>6</u>	<del>(5.)<u>(5)</u></del>	a sign permit or zoning permit, if required by the local government having jurisdiction over the
<u>7</u>		proposed location;
<u>8</u>	<mark>(6.)(6)</mark>	a written certification from the permit applicant indicating there has been no misrepresentation
<u>9</u>		of any facts regarding the permit application, or other information supplied to acquire a permit;
<u>10</u>		and
<u>11</u>	<del>(7.)<u>(</u>7)</del>	the initial permit fee of \$120.00.
<u>12</u>	(c)(b) Any omi	ssion of <mark>attachments attachments, information,</mark> or certification required in <u>this Rule Items [Subparagraphs</u>
<u>13</u>	<del>(a)(1)](1)</del> throug	<del>gh (7) in this Rule</del> may shall cause the rejection and return of the application and fee. application. If the
<u>14</u>	application is in	complete, the entire application package, including application fee, shall be returned to the applicant.
<u>15</u>		
<u>16</u>	History Note:	Authority G.S. 136-130; <u>136-133;</u>
<u>17</u>		Eff. July 1, 1978;
<u>18</u>		Amended Eff. August 1, 2000; November 1, 1993; December 1, 1990; June 15, <del>1981.</del> 1981;
<u>19</u>		Readopted Eff. January1, 2021.

1	19A NCAC 02E	0225 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:
2		
3	19A NCAC 02E	.0225 REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/ALTERATION/RECONSTRUCTION OF
4		<mark> CONFORMING</mark>  SIGNS <mark>AND REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF NON-</mark>
5		CONFORMING SIGNS
6	(a) Signs <u>shall </u> #	hay not be serviced from or across the right of way right-of-way, or the right-of-way of interstates and
7	fully controlled a	ccess primary routes freeways or from or across controlled access barriers or fences of controlled routes.
8	(b) Subject to G	S. 136-131.2, conforming Conforming signs may be altered within the limits of in accordance with the
9	following:rules in	n [Rules of ]this Section.
10	(1)	A conforming sign that has been destroyed or significantly damaged may be reconstructed within the
11		limits of in accordance with this Rule and Rule .0203 of this Section.the rules in [Rules of ]this [Section.]
12		Section by notifying the district engineer in writing of any substantial changes that would affect the
13		original dimensions of the initial permit application.[- Conforming sign structures may be reconstructed
14		so long as the reconstruction does not conflict with any applicable state or federal rules, regulations, or
15		ordinances.]
16	<u>(2)</u>	Conforming sign structures may be reconstructed so long as the reconstruction does not conflict with
17		any applicable [state, ] State, federal or local rules, regulations or ordinances.
18	(3)	A nonrefundable alteration permit fee is required with the application. Any alteration beyond reasonable
19		repair and maintenance, reconstruction, or relocation of a conforming sign structure shall not commence
20		until the permit holder submits a written notice to the District Engineer's office detailing the proposed
21		alteration and the schedule for the alteration work. The written notice shall include the sign owner's
22		name, the permit number, and the proposed sign configuration. This written notice shall be attached to
23		the sign permit as an alteration permit addendum. The sign structure, except sign faces, shall be
24		completed within 180 days from the date of the issuance of the alteration addendum. If the sign structure,
25		except sign faces, is not constructed within 180 days of issuance of the alteration permit addendum then
26		any intervening rule change shall apply to the sign structure.
27	<u>(4)</u>	Conforming sign structures shall not be changed from a static face to an automatic changing face, nor
28		shall the sign height be increased without local approval.
29	(4) <mark>(2)(5</mark>	Conforming signs that are altered, reconstructed, or relocated shall not require a new permit unless the
30		sign is relocated outside of the parcel boundary of the sign location. Conforming signs relocated on the
31		same parcel shall have their sign location updated after the alteration, reconstruction, or relocation work
32		is completed. The new location shall be listed on the permit addendum by Department of Transportation
33		personnel. The alteration of a conforming outdoor advertising structure shall not commence until an
34		alteration application has been submitted to the District Engineer's office. An application for an
35		outdoor advertising alteration permit shall be made on NCDOT form OA-1A, which may be obtained at
36		any District Office or the NCDOT website at www.ncdot.gov. The outdoor advertising
37		structure, except sign faces, shall be completed within 180 days from the date of the issuance of the

1	alteration permit. If the outdoor advertising structure, except sign faces, is not constructed within 180
2	days of issuance of the alteration permit then any intervening rule change shall apply to the sign structure.
3	During the 180 day period, the altered outdoor advertising structure shall be considered in existence for
4	the purpose of spacing of adjacent signs. A nonrefundable alteration permit fee is required with the
5	application.
6	(c) Alteration to a nonconforming sign or sign conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause is prohibited. Nonconforming
7	Subject to G.S. 136-131.2, signs not conforming to State standards shall not be [altered,]altered beyond reasonable repair
8	and maintenance, reconstructed, or relocated unless the sign structure becomes a conforming sign. [except that reasonable
9	repairs and maintenance shall be permitted or to bring the sign into conformance of the Rules of this Section and the
10	Outdoor Advertising Control Act,]Reasonable repair and maintenance are permitted including changing the advertising
11	message or copy. The following activities are considered to be reasonable repair and maintenance:
12	(1) Change [change ]of advertising message or copy on the sign face;
13	(2) Replacement [replacement ] of border and trim;
14	(3) Repair [repair ]and replacement of a structural member, including a pole, stringer, or panel, with like
15	material;
16	(4) Alterations [alterations of the dimensions of painted bulletins incidental to copy change; and]
17	(5) Any [any ]net decrease in the outside dimensions of the advertising copy portion of the sign; but if the
18	sign face or faces are reduced they may not thereafter be increased beyond the size of the sign on the
19	date it became nonconforming.
20	(d) The addition of lighting or illumination feither affixed or adjacent to existing nonconforming signs not conforming
21	to State standards or signs conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause is specifically prohibited as reasonable
22	maintenance; however, such the lighting may be permanently removed from such sign structure.
23	(e) A nonconforming sign not conforming to State standards or sign conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause may
24	continue to be maintained as long as it is not abandoned, destroyed, discontinued, or significantly damaged.
25	(f) When the combined damage to the face and support poles of a sign not conforming to State standards appears to be
26	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E .0201(29), .0201(28), the sign owner permit holder may request the Department
27	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E .0201(29), .0201(28), the sign owner-permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the
27 28	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E <u>.0201(29), .0201(28)</u> , the sign owner permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the
27 28 29	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E .0201(29), .0201(28), the sign owner permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than 50%50 percent of the combination of the sign
27 28 29 30	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E .0201(29), .0201(28), the sign owner-permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner-permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than 50%50 percent of the combination of the sign face and support pole(s), poles, the permit shall may be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure,
27 28 29 30 31	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E <del>.0201(29), <u>.0201(28)</u>, the sign owner permit holder</del> may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being <del>made.made to determine the</del> <u>extent or percentage of the damage</u> . Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than <del>50%50 percent</del> of the combination of the sign face and support <del>pole(s), poles,</del> the permit <u>shall may</u> be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure, the only components to be used to calculate this value are the sign face and support <del>pole(s), poles.</del> The percent damage
27 28 29 30 31 32	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E <u>.0201(29), .0201(28)</u> , the sign owner permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than 50%50 percent of the combination of the sign face and support pole(s), poles, the permit shall may be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure, the only components to be used to calculate this value are the sign face and support pole(s), poles. The percent damage shall be calculated by dividing the unsalvageable sign components by the original sign structure component quantities,
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E <del>.0201(29), <u>.0201(28)</u>, the sign owner permit holder</del> may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than <del>50%50 percent</del> of the combination of the sign face and support <del>pole(s), poles</del> the permit <u>shall may</u> be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure, the only components to be used to calculate this value are the sign face and support <del>pole(s), poles</del> . The percent damage shall be calculated by dividing the unsalvageable sign components by the original sign structure component quantities, using the following criteria:
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> <li>34</li> </ul>	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E .0201(29), .0201(28), the sign owner permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than 50%50 percent of the combination of the sign face and support pole(s), poles, the permit shall may be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure, the only components to be used to calculate this value are the sign face and support pole(s). poles. The percent damage shall be calculated by dividing the unsalvageable sign components by the original sign structure component quantities, using the following criteria: (1) Outdoor Advertising on Wooden Poles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be 50%50
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> <li>34</li> <li>35</li> </ul>	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E <u>.0201(29)</u> , <u>.0201(28)</u> , the sign owner permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being <u>made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage</u> . Should the <u>sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department</u> , and the Department later determines the damage is greater than <u>50%50 percent</u> of the combination of the sign face and support <u>pole(s)</u> , <u>poles</u> , the permit <u>shall may</u> be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure, the only components to be used to calculate this value are the sign face and support <u>pole(s), poles</u> . The percent damage shall be calculated by dividing the unsalvageable sign components by the original sign structure component quantities, using the following criteria: (1) Outdoor Advertising on Wooden Poles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be <u>50%50 percent</u> and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be <u>50%;50 percent</u> :
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> <li>29</li> <li>30</li> <li>31</li> <li>32</li> <li>33</li> <li>34</li> </ul>	significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E .0201(29), .0201(28), the sign owner permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage. Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later determines the damage is greater than 50%50 percent of the combination of the sign face and support pole(s), poles, the permit shall may be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure, the only components to be used to calculate this value are the sign face and support pole(s). poles. The percent damage shall be calculated by dividing the unsalvageable sign components by the original sign structure component quantities, using the following criteria: (1) Outdoor Advertising on Wooden Poles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be 50%50

1	(3)	Outdoor Advertising on Monopoles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be 80%80
2		percent and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be 20%.20 percent.
3 (	g) For the purpose	es of this Rule, the following activities are considered to be reasonable repair and maintenance:
4	<u>(1)</u>	change of advertising message or copy on the sign face:
5	<u>(2)</u>	replacement of border and trim;
6	<u>(3)</u>	repair and replacement of a structural member, including a pole, stringer, or panel, with like material;
7	<u>(4)</u>	alterations of the dimensions of painted bulletins incidental to copy change; and
8	(5)	any net decrease in the outside dimensions of the advertising copy portion of the sign; but if the sign
9		face or faces of a Sign Not Conforming to State Standards are reduced they shall not thereafter be
10		increased beyond the size of the sign on the date it became a Sign Not Conforming to State Standards.
11		
12	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>136-89.58; 136-30; 136-131.2;<del>136-130; 136-89.58;</del></u>
13		Eff. August 1, 2000;
14		Amended Eff. August 1, <del>2000.<u>2000;</u></del>
15		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2021.
16		



### STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

Mailing address: 6714 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-6700

Street address: 1711 New Hope Church Rd Raleigh, NC 27609-6285

October 15, 2020

### Helen Landi, Rulemaking Coordinator Department of Transportation Sent via email only to: rulemaking@ncdot.gov

Re: Extension of the Period of Review 19A NCAC 02E .0201, .0202, .0203, .0204, .0206, .0207, .0208, .0209, .0210, .0212, .0213, .0214, .0215, .0224, .0225, and .0226

Dear Ms. Landi:

At its meeting this morning, the Rules Review Commission extended the period of review for the above-captioned rules in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.10. They did so in response to a request from the Department of Transportation to extend the period in order to allow the agency additional time to address the written comments submitted to the Rules Review Commission in accordance with 26 NCAC 05 .0103.

Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.13, when the Commission extends the period of review, it is required to approve or object to the rules or call a public hearing on the same within 70 days.

If you have any questions regarding the Commission's actions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Amber May

Commission Counsel

Administration 919/431-3000 fax:919/431-3100

Rules Division 919/431-3000 fax: 919/431-3104

Judges and Assistants 919/431-3000 fax: 919/431-3100 Clerk's Office 919/431-3000 fax: 919/431-3100

 Rules Review
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 Commission
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 919/431-3000
 919

 fax: 919/431-3104
 fax: 9

Civil Rights Division 919/431-3036 fax: 919/431-3103

An Equal Employment Opportunity Employer

### **REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE**

AGENCY: North Carolina Department of Transportation

RULE CITATION: 19A NCAC 02E .0204

### DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Friday, October 9, 2020

# <u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may call our office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following technical changes be made:

Overall, what is the intent of this Rule? Is this essentially saying that a local zoning authority can come up with different criteria with respect to sizing, lighting, and spacing if approved by the Chief Engineer? If that's correct, does G.S. 131.2 have any applicability? Would this only apply to non-permitted outdoor advertising?

In (a), what is meant by "local zoning authorities may certify to the Board of Transportation"? What are they certifying? Since there appears to be an approval component here, do you mean something like "may request approval" or "may submit"?

Also, by "may" on line 4, do you mean "shall"? I read this as providing the option for local zoning authorities, but not that they have to do this. If that's correct, I think this is fine as written.

In (a), what is "effective control"? Is this defined elsewhere? Is it a term of art in this industry?

In (a), what is "customary use"? Is this defined elsewhere? Is it a term of art in this industry?

In (b), how is authorization sought and determined?

Where specifically in this Section can the sizing, lighting, and spacing requirements be found? Is this Rule .0203?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

19A NCAC 02E .0204 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 without substantive changes as follows:

- 3 19A NCAC 02E .0204 LOCAL ZONING AUTHORITIES
- 4 Local zoning authorities may certify to the Board of Transportation when they have established effective (a) 5 control within zoned commercial and industrial areas, through regulations or ordinances with respect to size, lighting 6 and spacing of outdoor advertising signs consistent with the intent of the Highway Beautification Act of 1965, Section 7 131 of Title 23 of the United States Code, and with customary use. Upon authorization from the Chief Engineer to 8 the local zoning authority, the size, lighting and spacing requirements set forth in G.S. 136 Articles 11 and 11A or 9 19A NCAC 02E .0200, will not apply to those areas and the local zoning authority shall be authorized to issue permits 10 for the erection and maintenance of outdoor advertising signs. 11 (b) Upon authorization from the Chief Engineer to the local zoning authority, the size, lighting and spacing 12 requirements set forth in this Section shall not apply to those areas and the local zoning authority shall be authorized 13 to issue permits for the erection and maintenance of outdoor advertising signs. 14 15 History Note: Authority G.S. 136-130; 16 Eff. July 1, 1978; 17 Amended Eff. December 1, 2012; November 1, 1993.1993; 18 Readopted Eff. November 1, 2020. 19

### **REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE**

AGENCY: North Carolina Department of Transportation

RULE CITATION: 19A NCAC 02E .0206

#### DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Friday, October 9, 2020

## <u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may call our office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following technical changes be made:

In (a), are the substantive requirements of the OA-1 set forth elsewhere in rule or statute? If not, please provide the information. If you need to add it here, I would suggest listing the requirements of the form in (a), then picking up the other required attachments and make them (b).

In (a)(2), what is a right of entry form? Is it anything other than granting DOT permission to enter? If so, are the substantive requirements set forth elsewhere in rule or statute?

In (a)(7), what is the "initial nonrefundable permit fee"? Please provide the appropriate cross-reference.

In (b), given the second sentence, do you need the first? Here, do you mean something like "If the application is incomplete or missing the requirements set forth in Subparagraphs (a)(1) through (7) of this Rule..."?

In (b), add (a) before (1).

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

19A NCAC 02E .0206 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:

3	19A NCAC 02E .0206	APPLICATIONS
5		ALLENATION

S 4 (a) An application for an outdoor advertising permit shall be made on NCDOT form OA-1, which may be obtained at any 5 District Office or the NCDOT website at www.ncdot.gov. Upon completion, the application shall be submitted to the 6 district office for the district where the proposed site is located. The application shall be submitted by Certified Mail and 7 include the following attachments: 8 (1)A-a written lease or written proof of interest in the land where a sign is proposed to be constructed. An 9 applicant may delete redact information pertaining to term and amount of lease; 10 (2)A-a right of entry form to provide the right of entry from the property owner or adjacent property owners 11 to allow DOT personnel to enter upon property when necessary for the enforcement of the Outdoor 12 Advertising Control Act or these rules; 13 (3) If if zoned, a written statement from the local zoning authority indicating the present zoning of the parcel 14 and its effective date. Upon request of the district engineer, District Engineer's Office the applicant shall 15 submit copies of minutes from the appropriate zoning authority pertinent to the zoning action; (4) 16 <u>If if the area is an unzoned commercial or industrial area, a copy of the documentation confirming that</u> the requirements under .19A NCAC 02ERule .0203(5)(a)(i) and (ii) of this Section have been met; 17 18 A <u>a</u>-sign permit of <u>or</u> zoning permit, if required by the local government having jurisdiction over the (5) 19 proposed location; 20 (6)A a written certification from the sign owner permit applicant indicating there has been no 21 misrepresentation of any material facts regarding the permit application, or other information supplied 22 to acquire a permit; and 23 (7)The the initial nonrefundable permit fee. 24 (b) Any omission of attachments or certification required in Items Subparagraphs (1) through (7) in this Rule may shall 25 cause the rejection of the application. If the application is incomplete, the entire application package, including application 26 fee, shall be returned to the applicant. 27

28 History Note: Authority G.S. 136-130; 29 Eff. July 1, 1978; 30 Amended Eff. August 1, 2000; November 1, 1993; December 1, 1990; June 15, <del>1981.</del>1981; 31 Readopted Eff. November 1, 2020.

### **REQUEST FOR TECHNICAL CHANGE**

AGENCY: North Carolina Department of Transportation

RULE CITATION: 19A NCAC 02E .0225

### DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: Friday, October 9, 2020

## <u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may call our office to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following technical changes be made:

In (a), by "may", do you mean "shall"?

In (b), line 8, rather than "the Rules of this Section", do you mean "the following:"? Otherwise, there is no link between (b) and (b)(1) through (5) and I don't quite understand how they go together.

In (b)(1), what specific rule?

In (b)(2), capitalize "state" if you mean the State of North Carolina

In (b)(4), by "may not" and "cannot", do you mean "shall not"?

In (b)(5), change "will be" to "shall be"

In (b)(5), what is your authority for a "alteration permit addendum fee"? The only fees I see that you have authority for is the initial application and the renewal fee. If you do have authority for this fee, what is it?

In (c), remove the comma after "altered"

In (c)(3), what is meant by "like material"? Is this like material to that which is permitted?

In (c)(5), by "they may not", do you mean "they shall not"?

In (f), line 21, how will it be determined whether the permit will be revoked?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

1	19A NCAC 02E	.0225 is readopted as published in 34:13 NCR 1251-1253 with changes as follows:
2		
3	19A NCAC 02E	.0225 REPAIR/MAINTENANCE/ALTERATION/RECONSTRUCTION OF
4		<del> CONFORMING</del>  SIGNS <mark>AND REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF NON-</mark>
5		CONFORMING SIGNS
6	(a) Signs may n	ot be serviced from or across the right of way-right-of-way, or the right-of-way of interstates and fully
7	controlled access	primary routes freeways or from or across controlled access barriers or fences of controlled routes.
8	(b) Conforming	signs may be altered within the limits of in accordance with the rules in Rules of this Section.
9	(1)	A conforming sign that has been destroyed or significantly damaged may be reconstructed within the
10		limits of in accordance with the rules in Rules of this Section. Section by notifying the district engineer
11		in writing of any substantial changes that would affect the original dimensions of the initial permi
12		application.[-Conforming sign structures may be reconstructed so long as the reconstruction does no
13		conflict with any applicable state or federal rules, regulations, or ordinances.]
14	(2)	Conforming sign structures may be reconstructed so long as the reconstruction does not conflict with
15		any applicable state, federal or local rules, regulations or ordinances.
16	<mark>(3)</mark>	A nonrefundable alteration permit fee is required with the application. Conforming sign structures may
17		be reconstructed by changing an existing multi-pole structure to a monopole structure so long as the
18		square footage of the advertising surface area is not increased.
19	(4)	Conforming sign structures may not be changed from a static face to an automatic changing face, and
20		the sign height cannot be increased without local approval.
21	<del>(4)<mark>(2)(</mark>5</del>	)The alteration of a conforming <mark>[outdoor advertising] sign</mark> structure shall not commence until <mark>[an</mark>
22		alteration application has been submitted to the District Engineer's office. An application for an outdoo
23		advertising alteration permit shall be made on NCDOT form OA-1A, which may be obtained at any
24		District Office or the NCDOT website at www.nedot.gov.] the permit holder provides written notice to
25		the North Carolina Department of Transportation stating the proposed alteration and the schedule for
26		alteration work. This documentation will be attached to the sign permit as an alteration permit addendum
27		The fourtdoor advertising]sign structure, except sign faces, shall be completed within 180 days from the
28		date of the issuance of the alteration [permit.] addendum. If the [outdoor advertising] sign structure.
29		except sign faces, is not constructed within 180 days of issuance of the alteration permit addendum the
30		any intervening rule change shall apply to the sign structure. During the 180-day period, the altered
31		[outdoor advertising] sign structure shall be considered in existence for the purpose of spacing of
32		adjacent signs. A nonrefundable alteration permit addendum fee is required with the fapplication.]
33		submittal.
34	(c) Alteration to	a nonconforming sign or sign conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause is prohibited. <u>Nonconformin</u>
35	signs shall not be	e altered, or reconstructed. Fexcept that reasonable repairs and maintenance shall be permitted or to bring

1	and maintenanc	e <mark> are shall be permitted.permitted including changing the advertising message or copy.</mark> The following	
2	activities are considered to be reasonable repair and maintenance:		
3	(1)	Change change of advertising message or copy on the sign face;	
4	(2)	Replacement replacement of border and trim;	
5	(3)	Repair repair and replacement of a structural member, including a pole, stringer, or panel, with like	
6		material;	
7	(4)	Alterations alterations of the dimensions of painted bulletins incidental to copy change; and	
8	(5)	Any any net decrease in the outside dimensions of the advertising copy portion of the sign; but if the	
9		sign face or faces are reduced they may not thereafter be increased beyond the size of the sign on the	
10		date it became nonconforming.	
11	(d) The addition	n of lighting or illumination <u>either affixed or adjacent</u> to existing nonconforming signs <del>or signs conforming</del>	
12	by virtue of the	grandfather clause-is specifically prohibited as reasonable maintenance; however, such-the lighting may	
13	be permanently	removed from such sign structure.	
14	(e) A nonconforming sign or sign conforming by virtue of the grandfather clause may continue to be maintained as long		
15	as it is not abandoned, destroyed, discontinued, or significantly damaged.		
16	(f) When the c	ombined damage to the face and support poles appears to be significant, as defined in 19A NCAC 02E	
17	<del>.0201(29), <u>.020</u></del>	1(28), the sign owner-permit holder may request the Department to review the damaged sign, including	
18	salvageable sign components, prior to repairs being made.made to determine the extent or percentage of the damage.		
19	Should the sign owner permit holder perform repairs without notification to the Department, and the Department later		
20	determines the damage is greater than 50%50 percent of the combination of the sign face and support pole(s), poles, the		
21	permit may be revoked. To determine the percent of damage to the sign structure, the only components to be used to		
22	calculate this value are the sign face and support pole(s). poles. The percent damage shall be calculated by dividing the		
23	unsalvageable s	ign components by the original sign structure component quantities, using the following criteria:	
24	(1)	Outdoor Advertising on Wooden Poles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be 50%50	
25		percent and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be 50%;50 percent;	
26	(2)	Outdoor Advertising on Steel Poles or Beams: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be	
27		80%80 percent and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be 20%; 20 percent; and	
28	(3)	Outdoor Advertising on Monopoles: The percentage of damage attributable to poles shall be 80%80	
29		percent and the percentage of damage attributable to sign face shall be 20%.20 percent.	
30			
31	History Note:	Authority G.S. <u>136-89.58; 136-30; 136-131.2;</u> <del>136-130; 136-89.58;</del>	
32		Eff. August 1, 2000;	
33		Amended Eff. August 1, <del>2000.<u>2000;</u></del>	
34		Readopted Eff. November 1, 2020.	
35			