

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

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January 9, 2020

Jennifer Everett
Environmental Management Commission
Sent via email only to: Jennifer.everett@ncdenr.gov

Re: 15A NCAC 02B .0240 (to be recodified as 15A NCAC 02B .0703)

Dear Ms. Everett:

At its meeting on December 19, 2019, the Rules Review Commission objected to the above-captioned rule in accordance with G.S. 150B-21.10.

The Commission objected to this Rule based on lack of statutory authority. Specifically, certain proposed changes to the Rule, such as in Subparagraph (a)(4), would change standards in other rules, in contravention to Session Laws 2016-94 and 2018-5. The Commission found the agency does not have authority to contravene those laws.

Please respond to this letter in accordance with the provisions of G.S. 150B-21.12. If you have any questions regarding the Commission's action, please let me know.

Sincerely,

Amanda J. Reeder Commission Counsel

cc: Phillip Reynolds, NC DOJ

1	15A NCAC 02E	3.0240 is readopted with changes as published in 33:16 NCR 1671-1717 as follows:	
2			
3	15A NCAC 02I		
4	(a) The purpos	e of this Rule is to establish procedures for the optional payment of nutrient offset fees to the N	I C
5	Ecosystem Enha	incement Program, subsequently referred to as the Program, or to other public or private parties whe	re
6	the Program or	such parties implement projects for nutrient offset purposes and accept payments for those purpose)S,
7	and where either	r of the following applies:	
8	(1)	The following rules of this Section allow offsite options or nutrient offset payments toward	rd
9		fulfillment or maintenance of nutrient reduction requirements:	
10		(A) .0234 and .0235 of the Neuse nutrient strategy,	
11		(B) .0258 of the Tar Pamlico nutrient strategy, and	
12		(C) applicable rules of the Jordan nutrient strategy, which is described in Rule .0262; and	
13	(2)	Other rules adopted by the Commission allow this option toward fulfillment of nutrient loc	ad
14		reduction requirements.	
15	(a) PURPOSE.	The purpose of this Rule is to establish standards and procedures applicable to providers for approv	⁄al
16	of nutrient reduc	ction projects and associated nutrient offset credits that will be transferred to persons or entities subjection	et.
17	to nutrient rules	of this Subchapter. [Nutrient offset credits represent a compliance option where allowed by nutrie	nt
18	rules of this Su	behapter.] Nutrient offset credit is distinct from nutrient accounting for direct compliance wi	th
19	individual nutri	ent strategy rules, which is not governed by this Rule [rule.] Nutrient accounting includes joi	nt
20	compliance by 1	nultiple local governments as authorized in individual nutrient strategy rules. Nutrient offset credi	<u>its</u>
21	represent a com	pliance option where allowed by nutrient rules of this Subchapter, including:	
22	<u>(1)</u>	the Neuse Nutrient Strategy as set forth in Rule .0710 of this Section;	
23	<u>(2)</u>	the Tar-Pamlico Nutrient Strategy as set forth in Rule .0730 of this Section;	
24	<u>(3)</u>	the Jordan Lake Nutrient Strategy as set forth in Rule .0262 of this Subchapter; and	
25	<u>(4)</u>	the Falls Lake Nutrient Strategy as set forth in Rule .0275 of this Subchapter.	
26	(b) Offset fees	paid pursuant to this Rule shall be used to achieve nutrient load reductions subject to the following	ng
27	geographic restr	i ctions:	
28	(1)	Load reductions shall be located within the same 8 digit cataloguing unit, as designated by the U	JS
29		Geological Survey, as the loading activity that is being offset;	
30	(2)	The Division shall track impacts by 10 digit watershed, as designated by the US Geological Surve	e y
31		and providers shall locate projects proportional to the location of impacts to the extent that the	he
32		projects would meet the least cost alternative criterion per S.L. 2007 438. The location of loc	ad
33		reduction projects shall be reviewed during the approval process described in Paragraph (c) of the	
34		Rule;	
35	(3)	Impacts that occur in the watershed of Falls Lake in the upper Neuse River Basin may be offset on	ı ly
36	` _	by load reductions in the same watershed; Impacts in the Neuse 01-8 digit cataloguing unit belo	

1		the Falls watershed, as designated by the US Geological Survey, may be offset only by load
2		reductions in that same lower watershed;
3	(4)	Restrictions established in the Jordan nutrient strategy, which is described in Rule 15A NCAC 02B
4		.0262; and
5	(5)	Any further restrictions established by the Commission through rulemaking.
6	(b) GEOGRAF	PHIC RESTRICTIONS. Nutrient offset credits may be used to satisfy regulatory obligations only when
7	generated by a	nutrient reduction project within an allowable geographic area identified in G.S. 143-214.26, as
8	designated by t	he U.S. Geological Survey, with the following additional restrictions:
9	<u>(1)</u>	Nutrient offset credits may be used to satisfy regulatory obligations incurred in the upper Falls
10		watershed only if they were generated by a nutrient reduction project located within the upper Falls
11		watershed, as this geographic area is described in 15A NCAC 02B .0276.
12	<u>(2)</u>	Nutrient offset credits may be used to satisfy regulatory obligations incurred in the lower Falls
13		watershed only if they were generated by a nutrient reduction project located within the Falls Lake
14		watershed, as these geographic areas are described in 15A NCAC 02B .0276.
15	<u>(3)</u>	Nutrient offset credits may be used to satisfy regulatory obligations incurred in the Jordan Lake
16		watershed only if they were generated by a nutrient reduction project in the same subwatershed of
17		the Jordan Lake watershed, as these geographic areas are described in 15A NCAC 02B .0262.
18	<u>(4)</u>	Nutrient offset credits may be used to satisfy regulatory obligations incurred in the Neuse 01 8-digit
19		cataloguing unit, as designated by the U.S. Geological Survey, [below] outside of the Falls Lake
20		watershed only if they were generated by a nutrient reduction project [within the same geographic
21		area] located outside of the Falls Lake watershed.
22	<u>(5)</u>	Nutrient offset credits generated by nutrient reduction projects for compliance with an estuarine
23		nutrient strategy shall be generated in an area that is within or drains to:
24		(A) [an assessment unit] surface waters identified for restoration under the applicable nutrient-
25		related TMDL or nutrient [strategy,] strategy; or
26		(B) [an assessment unit] surface waters classified as SA, SB, or SC that fails to meet the
27		chlorophyll-a water quality standard in a subsequent integrated report.
28	(c) The Progr	ram and other parties shall obtain Division approval of proposed nutrient offset projects prior to
29	construction. C	Other parties shall sell credits in compliance with approved credit release schedules and with the
30	requirements of	f this Rule. Project approval shall be based on the following standards:
31	(1)	Load reductions eligible for credit shall not include reductions used to satisfy other requirements
32		under the same nutrient strategy;
33	(2)	The Program and other parties shall agree to provide adequate financial assurance to protect and
34		maintain load reductions for the stated duration, including for maintenance, repair and renovation
35		of the proposed measure;
36	(3)	The Program and other parties shall agree that once credits are established for a measure and until
37		they are exhausted, they shall provide a credit/debit ledger to the Division at regular intervals;

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1	(4)	The P ₁	rogram and other parties shall agree that the party responsible for a measure shall allow the
2		Division	on access to it throughout its lifetime for compliance inspection purposes;
3	(5)	The Pr	ogram or other party seeking approval shall obtain a site review from Division staff prior te
4		Division	on approval to verify site conditions suitable to achieve the proposed load reductions through
5		the pro	pposed measure; and
6	(6)	The Pa	rogram shall submit a proposal, and other parties shall submit a proposal or a draft banking
7		instrur	ment, addressing the following items regarding a proposed load reducing measure:
8		(A)	Identify the location and site boundaries of the proposed measure, the geographic area to
9			be served by credits in compliance with the requirements of Paragraph (b) of this Rule,
10			existing conditions in the contributing drainage area and location of the measure, and the
11			nature of the proposed measure with sufficient detail to support estimates of load reduction
12			required in this Paragraph;
13		(B)	Provide calculations of the annual magnitudes of load reductions and identify final credit
14			values incorporating any delivery factors or other adjustments required under rules
15			identified in Paragraph (a) of this Rule;
16		(C)	Define the duration of load reductions, and provide a conservation easement or similar
17			legal mechanism to be recorded with the County Register of Deeds and that is sufficient to
18			ensure protection and maintenance of load reductions for the stated duration;
19		(D)	Identify the property owner and parties responsible for obtaining all permits and other
20			authorizations needed to establish the proposed measure, for constructing and ensuring
21			initial performance of the proposed measure, for reporting on and successfully completing
22			the measure, for holding and enforcing the conservation easement, and for ensuring
23			protection and maintenance of functions for its stated duration;
24		(E)	Provide a plan for implementing the proposed measure, including a timeline, a commitment
25			to provide an as built plan and report upon establishment of the measure, elements to be
26			included in the as built plan and report, a commitment to provide a bond or other financial
27			assurance sufficient to cover all aspects of establishment and initial performance prior to
28			the release of any credits, and criteria for successful completion; and
29		(F)	Provide a monitoring and maintenance plan designed to achieve successful completion,
30			that commits to annual reporting to the Division until success is achieved, that recognizes
31			the Division's authority to require extension or re initiation of monitoring depending on
32			progress toward success, and that commits to a final report upon completion. The final
33			report shall reaffirm the party that shall hold and enforce the conservation easement or
34			other legal instrument.
35	(c) NUTRIEN	Γ OFFSE	T CREDIT APPROVAL STANDARD. Providers shall demonstrate that a nutrient reduction
36	project is desig	ned, cons	structed, [implemented] implemented, and sustained in a manner that, according to the best
37	available scient	ific evide	ence, [studies] studies, and principles, will generate the estimated nutrient load reduction for

1 the duration of time for which credits are approved. Nutrient offset credits shall be generated and transferred in 2 accordance with G.S. 143-214.26. 3 (d) The Program shall establish and revise nutrient offset rates as set out in Rule .0274 of this Section. Offset payments 4 accepted by the Program shall be placed into the Riparian Buffer Restoration Fund administered by the Department 5 pursuant to G.S. 143-214.21 6 (d) QUANTIFYING NUTRIENT OFFSET CREDITS. The quantity of nutrient offset credits eligible to be generated 7 by a nutrient reduction project shall be determined according to the following provisions: 8 Nutrient reduction credit sought on developed lands shall be calculated in relation to load reductions (1) 9 achieved relative to the project site's current loading condition, as determined by the provider and 10 verified by the Division; 11 <u>(2)</u> Nutrient load reductions shall be site-specific estimates of decreases in annual mass load of nitrogen 12 and/or or phosphorus to the nearest receiving surface water feature. Such estimates shall be 13 supported by the weight of evidence from available, current and applicable research, may involve 14 water quality modeling or engineering formulas and calculations, and shall reflect as closely as 15 possible project design specifications. 16 Note: The Commission seeks public comment on the following options regarding the generation of nutrient offset credits stream mitigation credits in spatially overlapping areas. OPTION 1: Reductions shall not include those already implemented to satisfy other requirements under the same (3) nutrient strategy; other local, state or federal requirements; or those resulting from state or federal compensatory mitigation requirements. Specifically, a nutrient reduction project shall not generate nutrient offset credits and stream, buffer or wetland mitigation credits in spatially overlapping areas. [OPTION 2:] Unless specifically excepted in Rule, reductions shall not include those already implemented to satisfy other requirements under the same nutrient strategy; other local, [state] State or federal requirements; or those resulting from [state] State or federal compensatory mitigation requirements. Specifically, a nutrient reduction project shall not generate nutrient offset credits and buffer or wetland mitigation credits in spatially overlapping areas. However, restored forest buffer areas associated with stream mitigation projects may generate both stream and nutrient offset credits in spatially overlapping areas within 50 feet from the top of the stream bank. 17 18 (4) Stream, buffer, or wetland mitigation credit that has not been used to satisfy a mitigation requirement 19 may be converted into nutrient offset credit if the credit-generating project or portion thereof 20 complies with this Rule. 21 <u>(5)</u> A nutrient reduction project may generate both nitrogen and phosphorus offset credits in the same

A nutrient reduction project may be designed to generate permanent nutrient offset credit [and/] or

term nutrient offset credit and shall specify which, or both, in the project plan. Permanent nutrient

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area.

<u>(6)</u>

1		reduction credits and term nutrient reduction credits shall be maintained to separate leagers
2		separately, even if associated with the same nutrient offset [bank or] project.
3	<u>(7)</u>	Permanent nutrient offset credits may be utilized for temporary compliance purposes. If so, for For
4		each pound of annual term compliance credit received, 1/30th of one pound of permanent nutrient
5		offset credit shall be utilized and retired by removal from the applicable ledger. [This conversion
6		shall also be subject to other applicable trading ratios.]
7	<u>(8)</u>	Nutrient offset credits that were approved prior to the adoption of this Rule may make application
8		to be reclassified. The Division shall approve the application [of] associated with any [bank] nutrient
9		offset project to reclassify credits as permanent [which] that meet the requirements for permanent
10		credits at the time of the application to be reclassified. Other nutrient offset credits that were
11		approved prior to the adoption of this Rule or that were conditionally approved pursuant to a
12		mitigation banking instrument or other agreement with DEQ prior to the adoption of this [rule,]
13		Rule, [are] shall be considered term credits and may be transferred between term and permanent
14		ledgers at a ratio of 30 years of term nutrient offset credit to one permanent nutrient offset credit.
15	<u>(9)</u>	Term nutrient offset credits shall be associated with the calendar year or years in which the
16		associated nutrient load reductions are generated.
17	(e) Persons who	seek to pay nutrient offset fees under rules of this Section shall do so in compliance with such rules,
18	the requirements	s of Paragraph (b) of this Rule, and the following:
19	(1)	A non-governmental entity shall purchase nutrient offset credit from a party other than the Program
20		if such credit is available in compliance with the criteria of this Rule at the time credit is sought, and
21		shall otherwise demonstrate to the permitting authority that such credit is not available before
22		seeking to make payment to the Program;
23	(2)	Offset payments made to the Program shall be contingent upon acceptance of the payment by the
24		Program. The financial, temporal and technical ability of the Program to satisfy the mitigation
25		request will be considered to determine whether the Program will accept or deny the request;
26	(3)	Where persons seek to offset more than one nutrient type, they shall make payment to address each
27		type;
28	(4)	The offset payment shall be an amount sufficient to fund 30 years of nutrient reduction.
29	(5)	Persons who seek offsets to meet new development stormwater permitting requirements shall
30		provide proof of offset credit purchase to the permitting authority prior to approval of the
31		development plan; and
32	(6)	A wastewater discharger that elects to purchase offset credits for the purpose of fulfilling or
33		maintaining nutrient reduction requirements shall submit proof of offset credit acquisition or a letter
34		of commitment from the Program or third party provider with its request for permit modification.
35		Issuance of a permit that applies credits to nutrient limits shall be contingent on receipt of proof of
36		offset credit acquisition. A discharger may propose to make incremental payments for additional
37		nutrient allocations, contingent upon receiving a letter of commitment from the Program or third

1		party p	provider to provide the offset credit needed for permit issuance. In that event the Division may
2		issue c	or modify that permit accordingly, and shall condition any flow increase associated with that
3		increm	nental purchase on payment in full for the additional allocation. Offset responsibility for
4		nutrier	at increases covered under this Paragraph shall be transferred to the Program or third party
5		provid	er when it has received the entire payment.
6	(e) PROJECT	APPRO	VAL STANDARDS. Providers shall comply with the following requirements to request
7	approval from t	the Divis	ion to implement a nutrient reduction project for the purpose of generating nutrient offset
8	credits.		
9	<u>(1)</u>	<u>NUTR</u>	IENT OFFSET BANKING INSTRUMENT. Providers [except DMS] seeking approval of a
10		<u>nutrier</u>	nt offset bank shall submit their draft nutrient offset banking instrument to the Division prior
11		to seek	king approval of project plans. A nutrient offset banking instrument shall provide legal and
12		financi	ial assurances that a provider will implement, maintain, and sustain nutrient reduction projects
13		as pro	posed in subsequent project plans and associated nutrient reduction practice design
14		specifi	cations.
15	<u>(2)</u>	<u>PROJI</u>	ECT PLAN REQUIREMENTS. Prior to initiating a nutrient reduction project, providers shall
16		submit	t a project plan proposal to the Division for review and approval that includes the following
17		elemer	<u>nts:</u>
18		(<u>A</u>)[Site A site location and site boundaries of the proposed project.
19		<u>(B)</u>	The geographic area eligible to be served by nutrient offset credits in accordance with
20			Paragraph (b) of this Rule [and] or in compliance with in-lieu fee nutrient offset [applicable
21			mitigation permit requirements applicable at the time an in-lieu fee payment was accepted.
22		<u>(C)</u>	Documentation of the conditions of the site at the time of the submittal of the project plan.
23		<u>(D)</u>	Documentation of the condition of the site during the baseline period of the applicable
24			nutrient [strategy.] strategy, unless excepted by Subparagraph (d)(1) of this Paragraph. The
25			Division may accept more recent documentation if it determines such documentation
26			establishes the probable loading condition of the site during the baseline period.
27		<u>(E)[</u>	Description] A description of the proposed project [with sufficient detail to] that supports
28			[support] compliance with the standard in Paragraph (c) of this Rule. Projects conforming
29			to minimum design criteria for stormwater control measures in 15A NCAC 02H .1050
30			through .1062 [meet] shall be deemed as meeting this requirement. Design criteria for
31			stormwater control measure variants and additional nutrient reduction practices established
32			in the Division's Catalog of Nutrient Reduction Practices also meet this requirement.
33		<u>(F)</u>	Nutrient credit calculations determined in conformance with Paragraph (d) of this Rule.
34		<u>(G)</u>	Identification of the property owner and parties responsible for obtaining all permits and
35			other authorizations needed to:
36			(i) establish the proposed [project,]project;
37			(ii) construct and ensure initial performance of the [project, project;

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1		(iii) report on and successfully complete the [project,] project by completing all
2		crediting milestones;
3		(iv) hold and enforce all easement or other protection [mechanisms,]mechanisms; and
4		(v) ensure maintenance of the project for its credited duration.
5		(H) [Description] A description of how the project will be implemented, which shall include a
6		timeline and a commitment to provide an as-built report upon the full project construction
7		or installation.
8		(I) [Description] A description of how the project will be maintained and monitored after it
9		has been installed and for its duration.
10		(J) [Description] A description of how the project will be sustained for its credited life,
11		including a commitment to repair and renovate it as needed to maintain its performance, to
12		keep records of all such operation, maintenance, monitoring, repair and renovation, and to
13		notify the Division of any significant performance remediation needs and plans.
14		(K) Identification of federal or [state] State grant funding contributing to project
15		implementation.
16	<u>(3)</u>	FINANCIAL ASSURANCES. Providers [except DMS] seeking approval of a nutrient offset bank
17		shall provide the financial assurance that a project plan will be [completed]constructed as proposed.
18		The financial assurance shall be in the form of a completion bond, credit insurance, letter of credit,
19		escrow, or other vehicle acceptable to the [Division,] Division in accordance with this
20		Subparagraph, payable to, or for the benefit of, the Division, to ensure the involved property is
21		secured in fee title or by easement and that planting or construction, monitoring [and/or] or
22		maintenance are completed as necessary to meet the requirements of the project plan.
23	<u>(4)</u>	PROJECT PLAN APPROVAL. The Division shall approve the provider's project plan proposal
24		after verifying the provider's compliance with Subparagraphs [(e)(1),] (1), (2) and (3) of this [Rule]
25		Paragraph and completing an onsite review to verify that preconstruction site conditions are suitable
26		to generate the credits proposed by the project plan. However, the Division may partially or fully
27		waive these requirements for term practices or projects if it determines that the burden of compliance
28		is disproportionate to the value of the credits being generated and alternative means are used to
29		satisfy the basic credit approval standard set forth in Paragraph (c) of this Rule.
30	(f) Credits assoc	iated with load reducing activities funded under this Rule shall be awarded exclusively to the person,
31	municipality, dis	charger, or group of dischargers who paid the offset fee.
32	(f) RELEASE	AND ACCOUNTING FOR NUTRIENT OFFSET CREDITS. The Division shall release nutrient
33	offset credits from	m an approved project in the following manner:
34	(1)	The Division shall release credits to providers upon confirmation that project-specific milestones
35		reflected in the project plan's credit release schedule have been met. Project-specific milestones for
36		permanent nutrient offset credits shall conform to the following requirements:

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1		(A) Credits shall not be released until the property is secured in fee title or by easement and
2		financial assurance is posted for planting or construction of the project.
3		(B) No more than 50 percent of the credits shall be released for a project until financial
4		assurance is provided for monitoring and maintenance activities lasting until project
5		completion.
6		(C) No more than 80 percent of the credits shall be released for a project until the provider
7		complies with the requirements of Paragraph (g).
8	<u>(2)</u>	Once credits are released for a [project] nutrient offset bank and until [the are exhausted] bank
9		closure, nutrient offset bank providers [except for DMS] shall provide a credit/debit ledger to the
10		Division at [regular] intervals no less frequently than quarterly.
11	<u>(3)</u>	The Division shall not release any credits for a project if that project is financed in whole or in part
12		by [state] State grant funding or federal grant funding.
13	(g) MAINTAIN	ING PERMANENT NUTRIENT OFFSET CREDITS. [<mark>A provider shall transfer responsibility for</mark>
14	oversight of a co	mpleted permanent project to a perpetual steward in accordance with this Paragraph and the approved
15	project plan. A p	erpetual steward may also transfer responsibility to another perpetual steward in accordance with the
16	terms of this Par	agraph, subject to DWR approval. The provider shall ensure that the following mechanisms are in
17	place to ensure t	hat load reductions are sustained in perpetuity: All permanent nutrient offset projects shall comply
18	with the followir	g requirements:
19	(1)	A provider shall transfer responsibility for oversight of a completed permanent project to a perpetual
20		steward in accordance with this Paragraph and the approved project plan. A perpetual steward may
21		also transfer responsibility to another perpetual steward in accordance with the terms of this
22		Paragraph, subject to DWR approval. [The provider shall ensure that the following mechanisms are
23		in place to ensure that load reductions are sustained in perpetuity: Perpetual stewards may not
24		assume project maintenance or restoration responsibilities.
25	<u>(2)</u>	The provider shall create and transfer to the perpetual steward a non-wasting endowment or other
26		dedicated financial surety to provide for the oversight of the [project's load reductions.] completed
27		permanent project. The endowment amount shall be proportionate to the duties accepted by the
28		perpetual steward.
29	<u>(3)</u>	For projects utilizing conservation easements, the provider shall acquire and then transfer a
30		conservation easement to a perpetual steward in accordance with [46] 26 U.S.C. 170(h) and the
31		Conservation and Historic Preservation Agreements Act, G.S. [121-34 et seq.] 121, Article 4. The
32		terms of the conservation easement shall be consistent with a Division-approved template or be
33		approved by the [Division.] Division as conforming to Paragraph (c) of this Rule. Non-governmental
34		perpetual stewards shall be accredited by the Land Trust Accreditation [Commission.] Commission
35		or approved by the Division.
36	<u>(4)</u>	For projects utilizing [stormwater control measures (SCMs), SCMs] SCMs, they shall be placed in
37		and protected by recorded drainage easements with recorded access easements to the nearest public

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1		right-of-way for purposes of operation and maintenance. These easements shall be granted in favor
2		of the person or entity responsible for operating and maintaining the structures, with a note as to the
3		responsible person or entity. [Structure operation and maintenance shall be the responsibility of the
4		landowner or easement holder unless the Division gives written approval for another person or
5		entity.] Easements shall be of sufficient width for inspection and maintenance of the project.
6	[(4)]	The Division may temporarily or permanently invalidate permanent credits generated by an SCM if
7		it determines that the [bank or project] SCM has been impacted due to failure to comply with the
8		terms of an associated project plan, nutrient offset banking instrument, easement, maintenance
9		agreement, [or] other protective agreement, or this Rule.
10	<u>(5)</u>	[Notwithstanding the other requirements of this Paragraph, a permanent project Projects designed
11		to restore a natural ecological community at the project site, which are completed and then damaged
12		by natural causes, may be passively restored exclusively through natural ecological processes.
13		[processes after project completion if:
14		(A) it is damaged by natural causes that could not have been prevented by the exercise of
15		foresight or caution, and
16		(B) the practice employed is designed to restore a natural ecological community at the project
17		site.]
18	(h) RENEWIN	IG TERM NUTRIENT OFFSET CREDITS. Expiring term nutrient offset credits may be renewed by
19	the provider up	on providing documentation to the Division that the project meets the [basic] credit approval standard
20	set forth in Para	graph (c) of this Rule for the duration of the renewal period.
21	(i) ADDITION	AL PROVISIONS REGARDING THE DIVISION OF MITIGATION SERVICES.
22	<u>(1)</u>	DMS shall establish and revise nutrient offset rates as set out in 15A NCAC 02R .0602. Offset
23		payments accepted by DMS shall be placed into the Riparian Buffer Restoration Fund administered
24		by the Department pursuant to G.S. 143-214.21.
25	<u>(2)</u>	On or before November 30 of each year, DMS shall provide an annual report to the Division
26		concerning the nutrient in-lieu fee program that includes a requirement ledger. The requirement
27		ledger shall include all nutrient offset credit requirements paid by 8-digit [service area] cataloguing
28		unit or for each geographic area identified in Paragraph (b), Paragraph (b) of this Rule, the date by
29		which the requirement shall be satisfied by a project, [the requirement due date,] and the projects
30		and credits that have been applied to all requirements.
31	<u>(3)</u>	Subject to the geographic restrictions in Paragraph (b), Paragraph (b) of this Rule, DMS may accept
32		payments for nutrient offset credits prior to initiating projects. After accepting payment, DMS shall
33		construct projects that, upon completion as described in the approved project plan, will generate
34		nutrient offset credits sufficient to fulfill all new requirements generated by these payments. [Such
35		projects] Projects shall be instituted before the end of the first full [state] State fiscal year after DMS
36		receives payment and constructed before the end of the third full [state] State fiscal year after DMS

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I		receiv	es payment. DMS may also acquire credits from another provider to apply toward its
2		require	ements.
3	<u>(4)</u>	If DM	S fails to meet deadlines associated with project institution or construction as specified in
4		Subpa	ragraph [(i)(3) of this Rule,] (3) of this Paragraph, then DMS shall develop an action strategy
5		to incl	ude in the annual report specified in Subparagraph [(i)(2) of this Rule.] <mark>(2) of this Paragraph</mark> .
6		Action	strategies shall include all of the following:
7		<u>(A)</u>	a list of factors resulting in delays or deficiencies in procurement, project [implementation]
8			implementation, [and/or] or [construction,] construction;
9		<u>(B)</u>	specific actions and a timeline planned by DMS to satisfy outstanding credit requirements
10			such that a project will be instituted before the end of the first full state fiscal year after the
11			action strategy is submitted to the Division in the annual report and constructed before the
12			end of the third full state fiscal year after the action strategy is submitted to the Division in
13			the annual report, unless otherwise specified in the action [strategy,] strategy;
14		<u>(C)</u>	the anticipated date by which all outstanding nutrient offset credit requirements will be
15			[satisfied,] satisfied; and
16		<u>(D)</u>	an evaluation of current progress in relation to any prior action strategies. strategies if
17			applicable.]
18	(j) NUTRIENT	OFFSE	T CREDIT TRANSACTIONS. Parties who seek to acquire nutrient offset credits under rules
19	of this Subchapt	er shall	do so in compliance with [such] those rules, the requirements of Paragraph (b) of this [rule,]
20	Rule, G.S. 143-2	214.26, a	and the following:
21	<u>(1)</u>	Offset	payments made to DMS shall be contingent upon acceptance of the payment by DMS. DMS
22		shall c	onsider its financial, [temporal] temporal, and technical ability to satisfy the request to make
23		its det	ermination.
24	<u>(2)</u>	Where	persons seek to satisfy regulatory obligations for more than one nutrient type, they shall
25		acquir	e nutrient reduction credits to address each type.
26	<u>(3)</u>	Projec	ts shall be approved and the associated offset credits released by the Division before they may
27		be util	ized for NPDES wastewater permit compliance purposes.
28	<u>(4)</u>	For of	fset credits used to meet [the] NPDES wastewater discharge requirements, the applicant shall
29		provid	e [10] 50 percent additional credits to address the uncertainty factor for using unmonitored
30		nonpo	int source reductions to meet point source discharge limits. [For offset credits used to meet
31		the di	scharge requirements, the applicant shall provide no additional credits to address the
32		uncert	ainty factor for using monitored nonpoint source reductions to meet point source discharge
33		<mark>limits.</mark>	Application of this ratio is in addition to other ratios that may be applied, including delivery
34		or tran	sport factors where applicable.
35	<u>(5)</u>	Delive	ry factors shall be applied to estimate nutrient reductions to an impaired water body subject
36		to a nu	strient strategy if required under rules of this Subchapter for that strategy.

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1	<u>(6)</u>	Term credits may be utilized for compliance only during the year in which they are generated and
2		as described in Subparagraph (d)(2) of this Rule. They may not be cumulatively banked for future
3		<u>years.</u>
4	(k) DEVELOP	ER-RESPONSIBLE NUTRIENT OFFSET PROJECTS. A developer subject to new development
5	stormwater requ	irements of this Subchapter may satisfy its nutrient reduction obligations by generating its own offsite
6	credits. It may d	lo so by establishing a nutrient offset bank and generating credits in accordance with this [rule.] Rule.
7	Alternatively, th	ne developer shall comply with all provisions of this [rule] Rule governing the generation of nutrient
8	offset credits by	a provider with the following modifications:
9	<u>(1)</u>	Instead of a credit release schedule, credit for the project may be assigned upon construction of the
10		project and submission to the Division of the as-built report as described in the project plan;
11	<u>(2)</u>	Credit shall be assigned at a 50 percent rate based on the design specifications of the fully completed
12		project(s); and
13	<u>(3)</u>	Liability for the generation of credits as described in the project plan remains with the developer
14		until the completion of all milestones associated with the project.
15	(1) NPDES V	VASTEWATER PERMITTEE-RESPONSIBLE NUTRIENT OFFSET PROJECTS. A locality,
16	authority, utility	, or sanitation district operating a permitted wastewater facility subject to wastewater rules of this
17	Subchapter may	generate nutrient offset credits by installing projects in accordance with this [rule.] Rule. Any credits
18	generated may t	hen be utilized for compliance purposes as if acquired from another provider.
19		
20	History Note:	Authority G.S. 143-214.1; 143-214.20; 143-214.21; <u>143-214.26;</u> [S.L. 1995, c. 572; S.L. 2007, c.
21		438; S.L. 2009, c. 337; S.L. 2009, c. 484; S.L. 2009, c. 486;]
22		Eff. August 1, 1998;
23		Amended Eff. August 1, 2006;
24		Amended Eff. September 1, 2010.
25		Readopted Eff. January 1, 2020.

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