AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03I .0101

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (1)(e), lines 34-35, how is the "primary mission" of an organization determined?

In (1)(f)(i), p.2, line 2, define "deleterious".

In (1)(f)(ii), line 6, how is it determined that a point source outfall has "public health significance"? Also, what does "public health significance" mean in this context?

In (1)(f)(iv), line 10, how are shellfish polluted if they are impacted by a "potential" source of pollution? "Potential" is defined by Merriam-Webster as "existing in possibility, capable of development into actuality" which indicates that it is not presently a source of pollution. Please clarify.

In (1)(f)(v), lines 12-14, to clarify, when the Division lacks information as to the quality of shellfish growing waters, they default to designating such waters as "polluted"?

In (1)(j)(ii), line 23, capitalize "state" if referring only to the State of North Carolina.

In (2)(d), p.3, line 17, define "adulteration".

In (4), p.6, lines 11-13, the sentence "Fish habitats as used in this definition . . . of fish species." does not appear to meet the definition of a rule under 150B-2(8a) as written. Consider deleting this sentence and folding the relevant portions into the previous sentence as follows:

"Fish habitat areas" means the estuarine and marine areas that support juvenile and adult populations of fish species <u>throughout their entire life cycle, including early growth and development</u>, as well as forage species utilized in the food chain.

In (4), line 14, the Rule states that the habitats "include" the areas in (4)(a) through (i). Are there any other fish habitats in Coastal Fishing Waters that should be included here?

In (4)(a), line 15, is "riverine" part of the "estuarine" or "marine" areas referenced in (4)?

In (4)(i)(ii), p.8, lines 3-4, please take out the parentheses and include the information in the body of the rule.

In (4)(i), line 13, did you mean "of this Rule" instead of "or this Rule"?

1	15A NCAC 03	I .0101 is	amende	d as published in 38:03 NCR 107-113 as follows:
2				SUBCHAPTER 03I – GENERAL RULES
4				SUBCITAL TER USI - GENERAL RULES
5				SECTION .0100 - GENERAL RULES
6				
7	15A NCAC 03	3I .0101	DEFI	NITIONS
8	All definitions	set out in	G.S. 113	3, Subchapter IV and the following additional terms shall apply to this Chapter:
9	(1)	enforc	ement ar	nd management terms:
10		(a)	"Com	mercial quota" means total quantity of fish allocated for harvest by commercial
11			fishin	g operations.
12		(b)	"Educ	ational institution" means a college, university, or community college accredited by
13			an acc	rediting agency recognized by the U.S. Department of Education; an Environmental
14			Educa	tion Center certified by the N.C. Department of Environmental Quality Office of
15			Envir	onmental Education and Public Affairs; or a zoo or aquarium certified by the
16			Assoc	iation of Zoos and Aquariums.
17		(c)	"Inter	nal Coastal Waters" or "Internal Waters" means all Coastal Fishing Waters except
18			the At	clantic Ocean.
19		(d)	length	of finfish:
20			(i)	"Curved fork length" means a length determined by measuring along a line tracing
21				the contour of the body from the tip of the upper jaw to the middle of the fork in
22				the caudal (tail) fin.
23			(ii)	"Fork length" means a length determined by measuring along a straight line the
24				distance from the tip of the snout with the mouth closed to the middle of the fork
25				in the caudal (tail) fin, except that fork length for billfish is measured from the tip
26				of the lower jaw to the middle of the fork of the caudal (tail) fin.
27			(iii)	"Pectoral fin curved fork length" means a length of a beheaded fish from the dorsal
28				insertion of the pectoral fin to the fork of the tail measured along the contour of
29				the body in a line that runs along the top of the pectoral fin and the top of the
30				caudal keel.
31			(iv)	"Total length" means a length determined by measuring along a straight line the
32				distance from the tip of the snout with the mouth closed to the tip of the
33				compressed caudal (tail) fin.
34		(e)	"Nong	governmental conservation organization" means an organization whose primary
35			missio	on is the conservation of natural resources.
36		(f)	"Pollu	tted" means any shellfish growing waters as defined in 15A NCAC 18A .0901:

1 of 10

1			(i)	that are contaminated with fecal material, pathogenic microorganisms, poisonous
2				or deleterious substances, or marine biotoxins that render the consumption of
3				shellfish from those growing waters hazardous;
4			(ii)	that have been determined through a sanitary survey as defined in 15A NCAC
5				18A .0901 to be adjacent to a sewage treatment plant outfall or other point source
6				outfall with public health significance;
7			(iii)	that have been determined through a sanitary survey as defined in 15A NCAC
8				18A .0901 to be in or adjacent to a marina;
9			(iv)	that have been determined through a sanitary survey as defined in 15A NCAC
10				18A .0901 to be impacted by other potential sources of pollution that render the
11				consumption of shellfish from those growing waters hazardous; or
12			(v)	where the Division of Marine Fisheries is unable to complete the monitoring
13				necessary to determine the presence of contamination or potential pollution
14				sources.
15		(g)	"Recre	ational possession limit" means restrictions on size, quantity, season, time period,
16			area, m	neans, and methods where take or possession is for a recreational purpose.
17		(h)	"Recre	ational quota" means total quantity of fish allocated for harvest for a recreational
18			purpos	e.
19		(i)	"Regul	ar closed oyster season" means March 31 through October 15, unless amended by
20			the Fis	heries Director through proclamation authority.
21		(j)	"Scient	tific institution" means one of the following entities:
22			(i)	an educational institution as defined in this Item;
23			(ii)	a state or federal agency charged with the management of marine or estuarine
24				resources; or
25			(iii)	a professional organization or secondary school working under the direction of,
26				or in compliance with mandates from, the entities listed in Sub-items (j)(i) and (ii)
27				of this Item.
28	(2)	fishing	activitie	s:
29		(a)	"Aqua	culture operation" means an operation that produces artificially propagated stocks of
30			marine	or estuarine resources, or other non-native species that may thrive if introduced into
31			Coasta	l Fishing Waters, or obtains such stocks from permitted sources for the purpose of
32			rearing	g on private bottom (with or without the superadjacent water column) or in a
33			control	lled environment. A controlled environment provides and maintains throughout the
34			rearing	process one or more of the following:
35			(i)	food;
36			(ii)	predator protection;
37			(iii)	salinity;

1		(iv)	temperature controls; or
2		(v)	water circulation, utilizing technology not found in the natural environment.
3	(b)	"Atten	ded" means being in a vessel, in the water or on the shore, and immediately available
4		to wor	k the gear and be within 100 yards of any gear in use by that person at all times.
5		Attend	ed does not include being in a building or structure.
6	(c)	"Blue o	crab shedding" means the process whereby a blue crab emerges soft from its former
7		hard e	xoskeleton. A shedding operation is any operation that holds peeler crabs in a
8		control	led environment. A controlled environment provides and maintains throughout the
9		sheddi	ng process one or more of the following:
10		(i)	food;
11		(ii)	predator protection;
12		(iii)	salinity;
13		(iv)	temperature controls; or
14		(v)	water circulation, utilizing technology not found in the natural environment. A
15			shedding operation does not include transporting pink or red-line peeler crabs to
16			a permitted shedding operation.
17	(d)	"Depui	ration" means mechanical purification or the removal of adulteration from live
18		oysters	, clams, or mussels by any artificially controlled means.
19	(e)	"Long	haul operation" means fishing a seine towed between two vessels.
20	(f)	"Peelei	crab" means a blue crab that has a soft shell developing under a hard shell and
21		having	a white, pink, or red-line or rim on the outer edge of the back fin or flipper.
22	(g)	"Posse	ss" means any actual or constructive holding whether under claim of ownership or
23		not.	
24	(h)	"Recre	ational purpose" means a fishing activity that is not a commercial fishing operation
25		as defin	ned in G.S. 113-168.
26	(i)	"Shellf	ish marketing from leases and franchises" means the harvest of oysters, clams,
27		scallop	s, or mussels from privately held shellfish bottoms and lawful sale of those shellfish
28		to the p	public at large or to a licensed shellfish dealer.
29	(j)	"Shellf	ish planting effort on leases and franchises" means the process of obtaining
30		authori	zed cultch materials, seed shellfish, and shellfish stocks from polluted waters and
31		the pla	cement of those materials on privately held shellfish bottoms for increased shellfish
32		produc	tion.
33	(k)	"Shellf	ish production on leases and franchises" means:
34		(i)	the culture of oysters, clams, scallops, or mussels on shellfish leases and
35			franchises from a sublegal harvest size to a marketable size

3 of 10 5

1			(ii)	the transplanting (relay) of oysters, clams, scallops, or mussels from areas closed
2				due to pollution to shellfish leases and franchises in open waters and the natural
3				cleansing of those shellfish.
4		<u>(1)(i)</u>	"Swipe	e net operations" means fishing a seine towed by one vessel.
5		(m) (j)	"Trans	port" means to ship, carry, or cause to be carried or moved by public or private
6			carrier	by land, sea, or air.
7		(n)(k)	"Use"	means to employ, set, operate, or permit to be operated or employed.
8	(3)	gear:		
9		(a)	"Bunt	net" means the last encircling net of a long haul or swipe net operation constructed
10			of sma	ll mesh webbing. The bunt net is used to form a pen or pound from which the catch
11			is dipp	ed or bailed.
12		(b)	"Chan	nel net" means a net used to take shrimp that is anchored or attached to the bottom
13			at both	ends or with one end anchored or attached to the bottom and the other end attached
14			to a ve	ssel.
15		(c)	"Comr	nercial fishing equipment or gear" means all fishing equipment used in Coastal
16			Fishing	g Waters except:
17			(i)	cast nets;
18			(ii)	collapsible crab traps, a trap used for taking crabs with the largest open dimension
19				no larger than 18 inches and that by design is collapsed at all times when in the
20				water, except when it is being retrieved from or lowered to the bottom;
21			(iii)	dip nets or scoops having a handle not more than eight feet in length and a hoop
22				or frame to which the net is attached not exceeding 60 inches along the perimeter;
23			(iv)	gigs or other pointed implements that are propelled by hand, whether or not the
24				implement remains in the hand;
25			(v)	hand operated rakes no more than 12 inches wide and weighing no more than six
26				pounds and hand operated tongs;
27			(vi)	hook and line, and bait and line equipment other than multiple-hook or multiple-
28				bait trotline;
29			(vii)	landing nets used to assist in taking fish when the initial and primary method of
30				taking is by the use of hook and line;
31			(viii)	minnow traps when no more than two are in use;
32			(ix)	seines less than 30 feet in length;
33			(x)	spears, Hawaiian slings, or similar devices that propel pointed implements by
34				mechanical means, including elastic tubing or bands, pressurized gas, or similar
35				means.
36		(d)	"Corkl	ine" means the support structure a net is attached to that is nearest to the water
37			surface	when in use. Corkline length is measured from the outer most mesh knot at one end

1		of the corkline following along the line to the outer most mesh knot at the opposite end of
2		the corkline.
3	(e)	"Dredge" means a device towed by engine power consisting of a frame, tooth bar or smooth
4		bar, and catchbag used in the harvest of oysters, clams, crabs, scallops, or conchs.
5	(f)	"Fixed or stationary net" means a net anchored or staked to the bottom, or some structure
6		attached to the bottom, at both ends of the net.
7	(g)	"Fyke net" means an entrapment net supported by a series of internal or external hoops or
8		frames, with one or more lead or leaders that guide fish to the net mouth. The net has one
9		or more internal funnel-shaped openings with tapered ends directed inward from the mouth,
10		through which fish enter the enclosure. The portion of the net designed to hold or trap fish
11		is completely enclosed in mesh or webbing, except for the openings for fish passage into
12		or out of the net (funnel area).
13	(h)	"Gill net" means a net set vertically in the water to capture fish by entanglement of the gills
14		in its mesh as a result of net design, construction, mesh length, webbing diameter, or
15		method in which it is used.
16	(i)	"Headrope" means the support structure for the mesh or webbing of a trawl that is nearest
17		to the water surface when in use. Headrope length is measured from the outer most mesh
18		knot at one end of the headrope following along the line to the outer most mesh knot at the
19		opposite end of the headrope.
20	(j)	"Hoop net" means an entrapment net supported by a series of internal or external hoops or
21		frames. The net has one or more internal funnel-shaped openings with tapered ends directed
22		inward from the mouth, through which fish enter the enclosure. The portion of the net
23		designed to hold or trap the fish is completely enclosed in mesh or webbing, except for the
24		openings for fish passage into or out of the net (funnel area).
25	(k)	"Lead" means a mesh or webbing structure consisting of nylon, monofilament, plastic,
26		wire, or similar material set vertically in the water and held in place by stakes or anchors
27		to guide fish into an enclosure. Lead length is measured from the outer most end of the lead
28		along the top or bottom line, whichever is longer, to the opposite end of the lead.
29	(1)	"Mechanical methods for clamming" means dredges, hydraulic clam dredges, stick rakes,
30		and other rakes when towed by engine power, patent tongs, kicking with propellers or
31		deflector plates with or without trawls, and any other method that utilizes mechanical
32		means to harvest clams.
33	(m)	"Mechanical methods for oystering" means dredges, patent tongs, stick rakes, and other
34		rakes when towed by engine power, and any other method that utilizes mechanical means
35		to harvest oysters.
36	(n)	"Mesh length" means the distance from the inside of one knot to the outside of the opposite
37		knot, when the net is stretched hand-tight in a manner that closes the mesh opening.

5 of 10 7

1		(0)	Poun	a net set means a fish trap consisting of a holding pen, one or more enclosures, lead
2			or lead	ders, and stakes or anchors used to support the trap. The holding pen, enclosures, and
3			lead(s)) are not conical, nor are they supported by hoops or frames.
4		(p)	"Purse	gill net" means any gill net used to encircle fish when the net is closed by the use
5			of a pu	urse line through rings located along the top or bottom line or elsewhere on such net.
6		(q)	"Seine	" means a net set vertically in the water and pulled by hand or power to capture fish
7			by end	circlement and confining fish within itself or against another net, the shore or bank
8			as a re	sult of net design, construction, mesh length, webbing diameter, or method in which
9			it is us	sed.
10	(4)	"Fish	habitat ar	eas" means the estuarine and marine areas that support juvenile and adult populations
11		of fisl	n species,	, as well as forage species utilized in the food chain. Fish habitats as used in this
12		defini	tion, are v	vital for portions of the entire life cycle, including the early growth and development
13		of fis	h species	. Fish habitats in all Coastal Fishing Waters, as determined through marine and
14		estuar	ine surve	y sampling, include:
15		(a)	"Anad	fromous fish nursery areas" means those areas in the riverine and estuarine systems
16			utilize	d by post-larval and later juvenile anadromous fish.
17		(b)	"Anad	fromous fish spawning areas" means those areas where evidence of spawning of
18			anadro	omous fish has been documented in Division sampling records through direct
19			observ	vation of spawning, capture of running ripe females, or capture of eggs or early larvae.
20		(c)	"Coral	I" means:
21			(i)	fire corals and hydrocorals (Class Hydrozoa);
22			(ii)	stony corals and black corals (Class Anthozoa, Subclass Scleractinia); or
23			(iii)	Octocorals; Gorgonian corals (Class Anthozoa, Subclass Octocorallia), which
24				include sea fans (Gorgonia sp.), sea whips (Leptogorgia sp. and Lophogorgia sp.),
25				and sea pansies (Renilla sp.).
26		(d)	"Intert	tidal oyster bed" means a formation, regardless of size or shape, formed of shell and
27			live oy	ysters of varying density.
28		(e)	"Live	rock" means living marine organisms or an assemblage thereof attached to a hard
29			substr	ate, excluding mollusk shells, but including dead coral or rock. Living marine
30			organi	isms associated with hard bottoms, banks, reefs, and live rock include:
31			(i)	Coralline algae (Division Rhodophyta);
32			(ii)	Acetabularia sp., mermaid's fan and cups (Udotea sp.), watercress (Halimeda sp.),
33				green feather, green grape algae (Caulerpa sp.)(Division Chlorophyta);
34			(iii)	Sargassum sp., Dictyopteris sp., Zonaria sp. (Division Phaeophyta);
35			(iv)	sponges (Phylum Porifera);

1		(v)	hard and soft corals, sea anemones (Phylum Cnidaria), including fire corals (Class
2			Hydrozoa), and Gorgonians, whip corals, sea pansies, anemones, Solengastrea
3			(Class Anthozoa);
4		(vi)	Bryozoans (Phylum Bryozoa);
5		(vii)	tube worms (Phylum Annelida), fan worms (Sabellidae), feather duster and
6			Christmas treeworms (Serpulidae), and sand castle worms (Sabellaridae);
7		(viii)	mussel banks (Phylum Mollusca: Gastropoda); and
8		(ix)	acorn barnacles (Arthropoda: Crustacea: Semibalanus sp.).
9	(f)	"Nurse	ery areas" means areas that for reasons such as food, cover, bottom type, salinity,
10		temper	rature, and other factors, young finfish and crustaceans spend the major portion of
11		their ir	nitial growing season. Primary nursery areas are those areas in the estuarine system
12		where	initial post-larval development takes place. These are areas where populations are
13		unifor	nly early juveniles. Secondary nursery areas are those areas in the estuarine system
14		where	later juvenile development takes place. Populations are composed of developing
15		sub-ad	ults of similar size that have migrated from an upstream primary nursery area to the
16		second	ary nursery area located in the middle portion of the estuarine system.
17	(g)	"Shellf	fish producing habitats" means historic or existing areas that shellfish, such as clams,
18		oysters	s, scallops, mussels, and whelks use to reproduce and survive because of such
19		favora	ble conditions as bottom type, salinity, currents, cover, and cultch. Included are those
20		shellfis	sh producing areas closed to shellfish harvest due to pollution.
21	(h)	"Strate	gic Habitat Areas" means locations of individual fish habitats or systems of habitats
22		that pr	ovide exceptional habitat functions or that are particularly at risk due to imminent
23		threats	, vulnerability, or rarity.
24	(i)	"Subm	erged aquatic vegetation (SAV) habitat" means submerged lands that:
25		(i)	are vegetated with one or more species of submerged aquatic vegetation including
26			bushy pondweed or southern naiad (Najas guadalupensis), coontail
27			(Ceratophyllum demersum), eelgrass (Zostera marina), horned pondweed
28			(Zannichellia palustris), naiads (Najas spp.), redhead grass (Potamogeton
29			perfoliatus), sago pondweed (Stuckenia pectinata, formerly Potamogeton
30			pectinatus), shoalgrass (Halodule wrightii), slender pondweed (Potamogeton
31			pusillus), water stargrass (Heteranthera dubia), water starwort (Callitriche
32			heterophylla), waterweeds (Elodea spp.), widgeongrass (Ruppia maritima), and
33			wild celery (Vallisneria americana). These areas may be identified by the presence
34			of above-ground leaves, below-ground rhizomes, or reproductive structures
35			associated with one or more SAV species and include the sediment within these
36			areas; or

7 of 10

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(ii) have been vegetated by one or more of the species identified in Sub-item (4)(i)(i) of this Rule within the past 10 annual growing seasons and that meet the average physical requirements of water depth (six feet or less), average light availability (secchi depth of one foot or more), and limited wave exposure that characterize the environment suitable for growth of SAV. The past presence of SAV may be demonstrated by aerial photography, SAV survey, map, or other documentation. An extension of the past 10 annual growing seasons criteria may be considered when average environmental conditions are altered by drought, rainfall, or storm force winds.

This habitat occurs in both subtidal and intertidal zones and may occur in isolated patches or cover extensive areas. In defining SAV habitat, the Marine Fisheries Commission recognizes the Aquatic Weed Control Act of 1991 (G.S. 113A-220 et. seq.) and does not intend the submerged aquatic vegetation definition, or this Rule or 15A NCAC 03K .0304 and .0404, to apply to or conflict with the non-development control activities authorized by that Act.

- (5) licenses, permits, leases and franchises, and record keeping:
 - (a) "Assignment" means temporary transferal to another person of privileges under a license for which assignment is permitted. The person assigning the license delegates the privileges permitted under the license to be exercised by the assignee, but retains the power to revoke the assignment at any time, and is still the responsible party for the license.
 - (b) "Designee" means any person who is under the direct control of the permittee or who is employed by or under contract to the permittee for the purposes authorized by the permit.
 - (c) "For hire vessel", as defined by G.S. 113-174, means when the vessel is fishing in State waters or when the vessel originates from or returns to a North Carolina port.
 - (d) "Franchise" means a franchise recognized pursuant to G.S. 113-206.
 - (e) "Holder" means a person who has been lawfully issued in the person's name a license, permit, franchise, lease, or assignment.
 - (f) "Land" means:
 - (i) for commercial fishing operations, when fish reach the shore or a structure connected to the shore.
 - (ii) for purposes of trip tickets, when fish reach a licensed seafood dealer, or where the fisherman is the dealer, when fish reach the shore or a structure connected to the shore.
 - (iii) for recreational fishing operations, when fish are retained in possession by the fisherman.

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1		(g)	"Licensee" means any person holding a valid license from the Department to take or deal
2			in marine fisheries resources, resources, except as otherwise defined in 15A NCAC 03O
3			<u>.0109.</u>
4		(h)	"Logbook" means paper forms provided by the Division and electronic data files generated
5			from software provided by the Division for the reporting of fisheries statistics by persons
6			engaged in commercial or recreational fishing or for-hire operators.
7		(i)	"Master" means captain or operator of a vessel or one who commands and has control,
8			authority, or power over a vessel.
9		(j)	"New fish dealer" means any fish dealer making application for a fish dealer license who
10			did not possess a valid dealer license for the previous license year in that name. For
11			purposes of license issuance, adding new categories to an existing fish dealers license does
12			not constitute a new dealer.
13		(k)	"Office of the Division" means physical locations of the Division conducting license and
14			permit transactions in Wilmington, Morehead City, Washington, Morehead City, Roanoke
15			Island, and Elizabeth City, and Roanoke Island, North Carolina. Other businesses or
16			entities designated by the Secretary to issue Recreational Commercial Gear Licenses or
17			Coastal Recreational Fishing Licenses are not considered Offices of the Division.
18		(1)	"Responsible party" means the person who coordinates, supervises, or otherwise directs
19			operations of a business entity, such as a corporate officer or executive level supervisor of
20			business operations, and the person responsible for use of the issued license in compliance
21			with applicable statutes and rules.
22		(m)	"Tournament organizer" means the person who coordinates, supervises, or otherwise
23			directs a recreational fishing tournament and is the holder of the Recreational Fishing
24			Tournament License.
25		(n)	"Transaction" means an act of doing business such that fish are sold, offered for sale,
26			exchanged, bartered, distributed, or landed.
27		(o)	"Transfer" means permanent transferal to another person of privileges under a license for
28			which transfer is permitted. The person transferring the license retains no rights or interest
29			under the license transferred.
30		(p)	"Trip ticket" means paper forms provided by the Division and electronic data files
31			generated from software provided by the Division for the reporting of fisheries statistics
32			by licensed fish dealers.
33			
34	History Note:	Autho	rity G.S. 113-134; 113-174; 113-182; 143B-289.52;
35		Eff. Ja	unuary 1, 1991;
36		Amend	ded Eff. March 1, 1995; March 1, 1994; October 1, 1993; July 1, 1993;
37		Recod	lified from 15A NCAC 03I .0001 Eff. December 17, 1996;

9 of 10

1	Amended Eff. April 1, 1999; August 1, 1998; April 1, 1997;
2	Temporary Amendment Eff. May 1, 2000; August 1, 1999; July 1, 1999;
3	Amended Eff. August 1, 2000;
4	Temporary Amendment Eff. August 1, 2000;
5	Amended Eff. May 1, 2015; April 1, 2014; April 1, 2011; April 1, 2009; October 1, 2008; December
6	1, 2007; December 1, 2006; September 1, 2005; April 1, 2003; April 1, 2001;
7	Readopted Eff. June 1, 2022. 2022;
8	Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review of 15A NCAC 03O .0201).

12 10 of 10

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03I .0113

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (b)(15), line 25, does MFC's statutory authority to collect records extend to social and economic data about the fisherman? Please specifically cite the statute(s) that gives you that authority.

Also, in (b)(15), please define what "social and economic data" means in this context. What data are you intending to collect?

In (d), do you have statutory authority for this provision? I believe you have the authority to criminalize failure to comply with data collection under your statutes, but I am not sure the cited statutes extend to barring harassment. Please specifically cite the statute(s) that give you this authority.

In (d), line 31, the references to the CFR don't really define the terms listed here. The Rule just seems to repeat the content of the CFR. I don't think these terms are necessarily unclear, but I'm not sure what this provision is doing.

In your History Note, I don't understand the reference to 113-221.2. Why is this cited?

In your History Note, should you cite to G.S. 113-135 for the provision that failure to comply with the MFC's rules is unlawful?

1 15A NCAC 03I .0113 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 113 as follows: 2 3 BIOLOGICAL SAMPLING DATA COLLECTION 15A NCAC 03I .0113 4 (a) For the purpose of this Rule, "responsible person" shall mean any licensee or person engaged in regulated activity 5 under Chapter 113, Subchapter IV, of the General Statutes. 6 (b) It shall be unlawful for any licensee under Chapter 113, Subchapter IV, of the General Statutes-responsible person 7 to refuse to allow the Fisheries Director or the Fisheries Director's agents to obtain biological data, harvest information, 8 or other statistical data necessary or useful to the conservation and management of marine and estuarine resources 9 from for the taking of fish in the licensee's possession. by the responsible person. Such data shall include, but is not 10 limited to, may include: 11 (1) species identification, identification; 12 <u>(2)</u> species length, length; 13 **(3)** species weight, weight; 14 (4) species age, age; 15 (5) species sex, sex; 16 **(6)** number, number of species; 17 quantity of catch; <u>(7)</u> 18 (8) area of catch, catch; 19 (9) harvest method, and of quantity catch.method; 20 <u>(10)</u> gear and gear specifications; 21 <u>(11)</u> target species; 22 (12)number of hours and days the responsible person spent fishing; 23 (13)state, county, and zip code of responsible person; 24 number of individuals fishing with responsible person; and <u>(14)</u> 25 (15)social and economic data, including fishing expenditures. 26 (c) It shall be unlawful for any responsible person to refuse to allow the Fisheries Director or the Fisheries Director's 27 agents to obtain data for the protection of public health related to the public health programs that fall under the 28 authority of the Marine Fisheries Commission. 29 (d) It shall be unlawful for any responsible person to harass the Fisheries Director or the Fisheries Director's agents 30 in any way related to the requirements of Paragraphs (b) and (c) of this Rule, including verbal or physical harassment 31 or sexual harassment. For the purpose of this Rule, "harassment" shall be defined consistent with 50 CFR 600.725(o), 32 (t), and (u), including to: 33 (1) harass; 34 sexually harass, including making sexual connotations; <u>(2)</u> 35 (3) oppose; 36 <u>(4)</u> impede; 37 **(5)** intimidate;

1	<u>(6)</u>	interfere;
2	<u>(7)</u>	prohibit or bar by command, impediment, threat, coercion, interference, or refusal of reasonable
3		assistance, the Fisheries Director or the Fisheries Director's agents from conducting his or her duties;
4		<u>or</u>
5	<u>(8)</u>	tamper with or destroy samples or equipment;
6	50 CFR 600.72:	5(o), (t), and (u), is incorporated by reference except as provided in Paragraph (e) of this Rule, including
7	subsequent a	mendments and editions. A copy of the reference material can be found at
8	https://www.ec	fr.gov/current/title-50/chapter-VI/part-600/subpart-H/section-600.725, at no cost.
9	(e) Exceptions	to 50 CFR 600.725(t) include "assault".
10		
11	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-170.3; 113-174.1; <u>113-181;</u> 113-182; <u>113-221.2;</u> 143B-289.52;
12		Eff. October 1, 1992;
13		Recodified from 15A NCAC 31.0013 Eff. December 17, 1996;
14		Readopted Eff. March 15, 2023.2023;
15		Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198).

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03K .0101

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

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In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (a)(2) and (3), in the interests of clarity for your regulated public, please cross reference the rules describing the Aquaculture Seed Transplant Permit and the Shellfish Relocation Permit, as you did in (a)(1) for the Depuration permit.

In (b), are the maps and proclamations available on your website as well? Consider adding that to the Rule if so.

In (d), line 28, do you mean "polluted water" as defined by NC's laws, or under the law of the state or country where the shellfish was harvested? Please revise and clarify.

1	15A NCAC 03K .0101 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 113-114 as follows:					
2						
3	SUBCHAPTER 03K - OYSTERS, CLAMS, SCALLOPS, AND MUSSELS					
4						
5		SECTION .0100 - SHELLFISH, GENERAL				
6 7	15A NCAC 031	K .0101 PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES IN POLLUTED SHELLFISH AREAS				
8		unlawful to possess, sell, or take oysters, clams, or mussels from areas that have been designated as				
9		clamation by the Fisheries Director except as provided in Rules .0103, .0104, .0107, and .0401 of this				
10		ept in accordance with:				
11	(1)	a Depuration Permit as set forth in Rule .0107 of this Section;				
12	<u>(2)</u>	an Aquaculture Seed Transplant Permit; or				
13	<u>(3)</u>	a Shellfish Relocation Permit. The Fisheries Director may, by proclamation, designate sites for				
14	12.4	relocation where shellfish would otherwise be destroyed due to maintenance dredging, construction,				
15		or other development activities.				
16	Individuals sha	ll obtain an Aquaculture Seed Transplant Permit from the Secretary, or a Depuration Permit or a				
17	Shellfish Reloca	ation Permit from the Fisheries Director setting forth the time, area, and method by which such shellfish				
18	may be taken. T	The procedures and requirements for obtaining permits are found in 15A NCAC 03O .0500.				
19	(b) The Fisheri	es Director shall issue shellfish polluted area proclamations if criteria for approved shellfish harvest				
20	areas in accorda	ance with 15A NCAC 18A .0900 have not been met. The Fisheries Director may reopen any such				
21	closed area by p	proclamation if criteria for approved shellfish harvest areas in accordance with 15A NCAC 18A .0900				
22	have been met.	Copies of these proclamations and maps of these areas are available upon request at the Division of				
23	Marine Fisherie	s, 3441 Arendell Street, P.O. Box 769, Morehead City, NC 28557; 800-682-2632 or 252-726-7021.				
24	(b)(c) The Fish	eries Director may, by proclamation, close areas to the taking of oysters, clams, scallops, and mussels				
25	to protect the sh	nellfish populations for management purposes or for protection of public health related to the public				
26	health programs that fall under the authority of the Marine Fisheries Commission not specified in Paragraph (a)					
27	Paragraphs (a) o	or (b) of this Rule.				
28	<u>(e)(d)</u> It shall l	be unlawful to possess or sell oysters, clams, or mussels taken from polluted waters outside North				
29	Carolina, excep	t as provided in 15A NCAC 03I .0104.				
30						
31	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-168.5; 113-169.2; 113-182; <u>113-203;</u> 113-221.1; <u>113-221.2;</u>				
32		143B-289.52;				
33		Eff. January 1, 1991;				
34		Amended Eff. July 1, 1993;				
35		Temporary Amendment Eff. July 1, 1999;				
36		Amended Eff. August 1, 2000;				
37		Temporary Amendment Eff. October 1, 2001;				

1 of 2

1	Amended Eff. October 1, 2008; April 1, 2003;
2	Readopted Eff. March 15, 2023. 2023;
3	Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198)

18 2 of 2

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03K .0110

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

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In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (a), line 5, is the Model Ordinance incorporated by reference anywhere in your Rules?

In the list following (a), you've deleted "or" at lines 14 and 18, indicating that the list is conjunctive, rather than disjunctive. However, line 10 states that the Fisheries Director may impose requirements on "any" of the following. What's the intent of the change?

1	15A NCAC 03k	3.0110 is	amended as published in 38:03 NCR 114 as follows:
2			
3	15A NCAC 031	K .0110	PUBLIC HEALTH AND CONTROL OF OYSTERS, CLAMS, SCALLOPS, AND
4			MUSSELS
5	(a) The Nationa	l Shellfisl	n Sanitation Program Guide for Control of Molluscan Shellfish, Section II: Model Ordinance
6	(Model Ordinan	ice) inclu	des requirements for the sale or distribution of shellfish from approved areas or shellstock
7	shellfish dealers	s, as defin	ned in 15A NCAC 18A .0301, and to ensure that shellfish have not been adulterated or
8	mislabeled misb	randed d	uring cultivation, harvesting, processing, storage, or transport. To protect public health, the
9	Fisheries Direct	or may, b	y proclamation, impose requirements of the Model Ordinance as set forth in Paragraph (b)
10	of this Rule on a	any of the	following:
11	(1)	the cult	ivation, distribution, harvesting, processing, sale, storage, or transport of of:
12		(A)	oysters;
13		(B)	clams;
14		(C)	scallops; or and
15		(D)	mussels;
16	(2)	areas us	sed to store shellfish;
17	(3)	means a	and methods to take shellfish;
18	(4)	vessels	used to take shellfish; orand
19	(5)	shellsto	ck conveyances as defined in 15A NCAC 18A .0301.
20	(b) Proclamation	ns issued	under this Rule may impose any of the following requirements:
21	(1)	specify	time and temperature controls;
22	(2)	specify	sanitation requirements to prevent a food safety hazard, as defined in 15A NCAC 18A .0301,
23		or cross	s-contamination or adulteration of shellfish;
24	(3)	specify	sanitation control procedures set forth in 21 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part CFR
25		123.11;	
26	(4)	specify	Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point (HACCP) requirements set forth in 21 CFR
27		Part:CF	<u>R:</u>
28		(A)	123.3 Definitions;
29		(B)	123.6 HACCP Plan;
30		(C)	123.7 Corrective Actions;
31		(D)	123.8 Verification;
32		(E)	123.9 Records; and
33		(F)	123.28 Source Controls;
34	(5)	specify	tagging and labeling requirements;
35	(6)	implem	ent the National Shellfish Sanitation Program's training requirements for shellfish harvesters
36		and cer	tified shellfish dealers;

1	(7)	require sales records and collection and submission of information to provide a mechanism for		
2		tracing shellfish product back to the water body of origin; and		
3	(8)	require product recall and specify recall procedures.		
4	21 CFR 123.3,	123.6-9, 123.11, and 123.28 are hereby-incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments		
5	and editions.	A copy of the reference materials material can be found at http://www.ecfr.gov/egi bin/text-		
6	idx?SID=f4cdd	666e75f54ccda1d9938f4edd9ab&mc=true&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title21/21tab_02.tpl, free of charge.		
7	https://www.ect	r.gov/current/title-21/chapter-I/subchapter-B/part-123?toc=1, at no cost.		
8	(c) Proclamations issued under this Rule shall suspend appropriate rules or portions of rules under the authority of			
9	the Marine Fis	heries Commission as specified in the proclamation. The provisions of 15A NCAC 03I .0102		
10	terminating suspension of a rule pending the next Marine Fisheries Commission meeting and requiring review by the			
11	Marine Fisherie	s Commission at the next meeting shall not apply to proclamations issued under this Rule.		
12				
13	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-182; 113-201; 113-221.1; 113-221.2; 143B-289.52;		
14		Eff. April 1, 2014;		
15		Amended Eff. May 1, 2017;		
16		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. January 9,		
17		2018. 2018;		
18		Amended Eff. August 1, 2024.		

2 of 2

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03K .0301

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

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In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (b), when do paragraph (a) of this Rule and the area limitations in Rule .0302 apply? You can apply and suspend rules and portions of rules by proclamation, but if you're doing it by rule, a waiver provision must "establish specific guidelines the agency must follow in determining whether to waive or modify" the requirements of the Rule.

1	15A NCAC 03K	.0301 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 114-115 as follows:	
2			
3		SECTION .0300 - HARD CLAMS (MERCENARIA)	
4			
5	15A NCAC 03K	C.0301 SIZE AND HARVEST LIMITS OF CLAMS	
6	(a) It shall be ur	nlawful to take, land, or possess aboard a vessel more than 6,250 hard clams per commercial fishing	
7	operation from p	public bottom in internal waters. It shall be unlawful to take, possess, sell, or purchase any clams	
8	(except Rangia o	or freshwater clams) less than one inch thick except in accordance with Rule .0305 of this Section.	
9	Clams shall be o	culled where harvested and all clams of less than legal size with their shell, shall be immediately	
10	returned to the b	oottom from which they were taken. In determining whether the size and harvest limits have been	
11	exceeded, Marin	ne Fisheries Inspectors shall be authorized and empowered to grade all, or any portion, or any	
12	combination of p	portions of the entire quantity being graded, and in cases of violations, may seize and return to public	
13	bottom or otherwise dispose of the clams as authorized by law the entire quantity being graded or any portion thereof.		
14	(b) Size and har	vest limits established in Paragraph (a) of this Rule and the season and area limitations established in	
15	Rule .0302 of thi	s Section may or may not apply for:	
16	(1)	harvest limits for temporary openings consistent with the requirements of 15A NCAC 18A .0900	
17		and the North Carolina Hard Clam Fishery Management Plan; or	
18	(2)	maintenance dredging operations, when clams would otherwise be destroyed, upon approval by the	
19		Division of Marine Fisheries and consistent with the North Carolina Hard Clam Fishery	
20		Management Plan; or Plan.	
21	(3)	relaying of clams from polluted waters to private shellfish bottom as permitted by Rule .0104 of this	
22		Subchapter.	
23			
24	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-136; 113-137; 113-182; 113-221.2; 143B-289.52;	
25		Eff. January 1, 1991;	
26		Amended Eff. March 1, 1994;	
27		Readopted Eff. March 15, 2023. 2023;	
28		Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198).	

1 of 1 23

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03O .0101

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

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In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (a), line 11, should it say "available <u>from</u> license agents" instead of "available at license agents"?

In (b), line 12, I believe "purpose" should be plural.

In (c), lines 16-17, how long will the Division hold an incomplete application before returning it?

In (c)(3), line 25, please capitalize "state" if referring to the State of North Carolina.

In (c)(4), line 28, what is a "marine or estuarine resource conviction"? Can you be more specific, in the rule, as to what constitutes a "marine or estuarine resource conviction"?

In (d), p.2, line 8, what are you requiring when asking for "certification" of the state of residency?

In (d)(1), line 10, to be clear, a non-resident applicant has to only "certify" his residency, but a resident of the state of North Carolina must notarize the certification. Is that your intent?

In (e)(1), line 30, please spell out the first usage of CRFL.

In (e)(1), line 30, is there a reason that the first usage of "certification" is modified by "valid" and the second is not?

1	15A NCAC 03	O .0101 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 115-117 as follows:
2		
3		SUBCHAPTER 03O - LICENSES, LEASES, FRANCHISES, AND PERMITS
4		
5		SECTION .0100 - LICENSES
6 7	15A NCAC 03	60.0101 PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS TO OBTAIN LICENSES,
8	ISA NCAC 03	ENDORSEMENTS, AND COMMERCIAL FISHING VESSEL REGISTRATIONS
9	(a) Division of	f Marine Fisheries licenses are available at offices of the Division or by mail from the Morehead City
10		vivision, unless otherwise specified. In addition, Recreational Commercial Gear Licenses are available
11		ts of the Wildlife Resources Commission in accordance with G.S. 113-270.1.
12	(b) For the pur	rpose of this Rule, the procedures and requirements for the licensee shall also apply to the responsible
13	party, the perso	on holding power of attorney, the tournament organizer, and the vessel master.
14	(c) To obtain 1	Division of Marine Fisheries licenses, endorsements, and Commercial Fishing Vessel Registrations, a
15	licensee shall p	rovide a completed application to an office of the Division by mail or in person. Applications submitted
16	without comple	ete and required information shall not be processed until all required information has been submitted.
17	Incomplete app	olications shall be returned to the applicant with deficiency in the application so noted. The following
18	shall be require	ed for the application:
19	(1)	full name, physical address, mailing address, date of birth, and signature of the licensee. If the
20		licensee is not appearing before a license agent or a representative of the Division, the licensee's
21		signature shall be notarized.
22	(2)	a statement from the licensee that the information and supporting documentation submitted with the
23		application is true and correct.
24	(3)	current and valid picture identification of the licensee. Acceptable forms of picture identification
25		are state driver's license, state identification card issued by the Division of Motor Vehicles, military
26		identification card, resident alien card (green card), or passport; or if purchased by mail, a copy
27		thereof.
28	(4)	certification that the applicant does not have four or more marine or estuarine resource convictions
29		during the previous three years.
30	(5)	current articles of incorporation and a current list of corporate officers when purchasing a license or
31		Commercial Fishing Vessel Registration in a corporate name. In the case of incorporation of an
32		individual fishing vessel, the name of the vessel master shall also be specified. The licensee shall
33		notify the Morehead City Office of the Division within five days of changing the vessel master.
34	(6)	a current copy of a written partnership agreement shall be provided when purchasing a license,
35		endorsement, or Commercial Fishing Vessel Registration in a partnership name, if a partnership is
36		established.

1 of 4 25

1	(7)	valid	documentation papers or current motor boat registration, or copy thereof when purchasing a
2		Comn	nercial Fishing Vessel Registration. If an application for transfer of documentation is pending,
3		a copy	y of the pending application and a notarized bill of sale may be submitted.
4	(8)	affirm	nation of liability insurance and that the operator is knowledgeable of United States Coast
5		Guard	(USCG) safety requirements for the vessels used in the operation in accordance with G.S.
6		113-1	68.6 when purchasing a Commercial Fishing Vessel Registration with a for-hire endorsement.
7	(d) In addition	to the	requirements of Paragraph (c) of this Rule, proof of residency for non-residents shall be
8	documented by	the lice	ensee with certification of the state of residency. Proof of residency for residents of North
9	Carolina shall b	e docum	nented by the licensee as follows:
10	(1)	Standa	ard or Retired Standard Commercial Fishing Licenses: A notarized certification from the
11		applic	eant that the applicant is a resident of the State of North Carolina as defined by G.S. 113-130(4)
12		and:	
13		(A)	a notarized certification from the applicant that a North Carolina State Income Tax Return
14			was filed for the previous calendar or tax year as a North Carolina resident;
15		(B)	a notarized certification that the applicant was not required to file a North Carolina State
16			Income Tax Return for the previous calendar or tax year; or
17		(C)	military identification or military dependent identification, and permanent change of
18			station orders or assignment orders substantiating the military individual's active duty
19			assignment at a military facility in North Carolina.
20	(2)	All of	her types of licenses:
21		(A)	North Carolina voter registration card;
22		(B)	current North Carolina Driver's License;
23		(C)	current North Carolina Certificate of Domicile;
24		(D)	current North Carolina Identification Card issued by the North Carolina Division of Motor
25			Vehicles; or
26		(E)	military identification or military dependent identification, and permanent change of
27			station orders or assignment orders substantiating the military individual's active duty
28			assignment at a military facility in North Carolina.
29	(e) In addition	to the re	quirements in Paragraphs (c) and (d) of this Rule, the following shall be required:
30	(1)	Blank	et For-Hire Captain's CRFL: a valid certification from the USCG that allows carrying six or
31		fewer	passengers or a certification from the USCG that allows carrying more than six passengers.
32	(2)	Blank	et For-Hire Vessel CRFL or Non-Blanket For-Hire Vessel License:
33		(A)	valid documentation papers or current motor boat registration, or copies thereof for the
34			vessel engaged as for-hire; or
35		(B)	a copy of the pending application and a notarized bill of sale if an application for transfer
36			of documentation is pending.
37	(3)	Fish I	Dealer License:

1		(A)	the physical address of the established location where business is conducted and, if
2			different, the address where records are kept; and
3		(B)	a valid Permit and Certificate of Compliance from the Division of Marine Fisheries
4			Shellfish Sanitation and Recreational Water Quality Section, if purchasing a Fish Dealer
5			License with clam or oyster categories or a consolidated license.
6	(4)	Land	or Sell License:
7		(A)	valid documentation papers or current motor boat registration, or copy thereof; or
8		(B)	a copy of the pending application and a notarized bill of sale if an application for transfer
9			of documentation is pending.
10	The fees for a I	Land or S	ell License shall be based on the vessel's homeport as it appears on the USCG documentation
11	papers or the st	ate in wh	nich the vessel is registered, in accordance with G.S. 113-169.5.
12	(5)	Ocean	Fishing Pier License:
13		(A)	the information required in G.S. 113-169.4; and
14		(B)	linear length of the pier. A Marine Fisheries inspector's signature is required to verify the
15			linear length of the pier before the license can be issued.
16	(6)	Recre	ational Fishing Tournament License to Sell Fish: name and date or dates of the tournament.
17	(7)	Spotte	er Plane License:
18		(A)	the information required in G.S. 113-171.1;
19		(B)	the current aircraft registration; and
20		(C)	a list of operators.
21	(f) For a Licen	se to Lan	d Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean, in addition to the requirements in Paragraphs (c) and (d)
22	of this Rule, the	e followi	ng shall be applicable:
23	(1)	for the	e purpose of this Paragraph, "license year" means the period beginning July 1 of a year through
24		June 3	60 of the following year.
25	(2)	to qua	lify for a License to Land Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean, the applicant shall:
26		(A)	have landed in North Carolina at least 1,000 pounds of flounder from a single vessel each
27			year from the Atlantic Ocean during any two of the 1992-93, 1993-94, 1994-95 license
28			years for which the person had a vessel that was licensed to land in North Carolina;
29		(B)	have been licensed under G.S. 113-152 or 113-153 during any two of the 1992-93, 1993-
30			94, or 1994-95 license years; and
31		(C)	hold a valid Standard or Retired Standard Commercial Fishing License or valid Land or
32			Sell License.
33	(3)	it shal	l be unlawful for a person to hold more Licenses to Land Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean
34		than th	ne number of vessels that the person owns that individually met the eligibility requirements of
35		Parts ((f)(2)(A) and $(f)(2)(B)$ of this Rule.
36	(4)	the Li	icense to Land Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean is only valid when used on the vessel
37		specif	ied at the time of license issuance.

3 of 4 27

1 (5) at the time of issuance, the applicant for the License to Land Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean shall 2 specify the name of the vessel master for each License to Land Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean 3 issued. 4 (6) the holder of the License to Land Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean shall notify the Morehead City 5 Office of the Division of Marine Fisheries within five days of change as to the vessel master 6 identified on the license. 7 **(7)** Licenses to Land Flounder from the Atlantic Ocean are issued for the current license year. 8 (g) For a Recreational Fishing Tournament License to Sell Fish, in addition to the requirements in Paragraphs (c) and 9 (d) of this Rule, the following shall be applicable: 10 it shall be unlawful for anyone other than the holder of the Recreational Fishing Tournament License (1) 11 to Sell Fish to sell fish taken during a recreational fishing tournament. 12 (2) fish to be sold under the Recreational Fishing Tournament License to Sell Fish shall be sold only to 13 licensed fish dealers and shall comply with all applicable rules of the Marine Fisheries Commission 14 or provisions of proclamations issued by the Fisheries Director as authorized by the Marine Fisheries 15 Commission. 16 (3) it shall be unlawful for a licensed recreational fishing tournament organizer to fail to accurately and 17 legibly complete a North Carolina Recreational Fishing Tournament Disposition of Proceeds from 18 the Sale of Fish Form provided by the Division of Marine Fisheries and submit the form to the 19 Division within 30 days after the last day of the tournament. 20 (h) It shall be unlawful for a license, endorsement, or Commercial Fishing Vessel Registration holder to fail to notify 21 the Division of Marine Fisheries within 30 days of a change of name or address, in accordance with G.S. 113-169.2. 22 (i) If requested by the Division, it shall be unlawful for a licensee to fail to participate in and provide accurate 23 information for data collection in accordance with 15A NCAC 03I .0113 and for survey programs administered by 24 the Division. 25 26 History Note: Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-168; 113-168.1-6; 113-169.2-5; 113-171.1; 113-174.3; 113-182; 27 143B-289.52; 28 Eff. January 1, 1991; 29 Amended Eff. July 1, 1997; March 1, 1994; 30 Temporary Amendment Eff. July 1, 1999; 31 Amended Eff. August 1, 2000; 32 Temporary Amendment Eff. April 1, 2001; 33 Amended Eff. May 1, 2015; July 1, 2008; December 1, 2006; August 1, 2004; August 1, 2002; 34 Readopted Eff. March 15, 2023.2023;

Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198).

28 4 of 4

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AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03O .0109

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (c), line 11, are the substantive requirements or contents of the assignment form described in a rule or statute?

15A NCAC 03O .0109 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 117-118 as follows:

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15A NCAC 03O .0109 ASSIGNMENT OF STANDARD COMMERCIAL FISHING LICENSE

- 4 (a) For the purpose of this Rule, "licensee" shall mean the person issued a Standard Commercial Fishing License and
- 5 "assignee" shall mean the individual to whom the licensee assigns a Standard Commercial Fishing License in
- 6 accordance with the requirements of this Rule.
- 7 (b) If requested by the Division of Marine Fisheries, it shall be unlawful for a licensee or assignee to fail to participate
- 8 in and provide accurate information for data collection in accordance with 15A NCAC 03I .0113 and for survey
- 9 programs administered by the Division.
- 10 (b)(c) The Division of Marine Fisheries shall provide assignment forms to the licensee upon request. Only Division
- assignment forms shall be used to obtain an assignment. On the assignment form, the licensee shall designate what, if
- 12 any, endorsements are included in the assignment. Endorsements shall not be assigned independent of the Standard
- 13 Commercial Fishing License. It shall be unlawful for the licensee or the assignee to fail to submit within five days the
- 14 completed assignment form to any office of the Division in person or by mail to the Morehead City Office. The
- 15 Morehead City Office is located at 3441 Arendell Street, Morehead City, North Carolina, 28557. If the completed
- 16 assignment form is not received by the Division within five days from the date it was signed, the assignment shall be
- 17 null and void. Incomplete forms shall be returned to the licensee with deficiency in the form so noted. An assignment
- is in effect from the date specified on the assignment form and when:
- 19 (1) the assignment form is complete with all required information;
 - (2) signatures of the current license holder and the assignee are notarized; and
- 21 (3) the assignee has in the assignee's possession the current licensee's original actual Standard 22 Commercial Fishing License, including applicable endorsements in accordance with G.S. 113-
- 23 169.2.
 - (e)(d) For an extension of time for assignments, a new assignment form shall be completed in accordance with
- 25 Subparagraphs (b)(1) through (b)(3) of this Rule.
- 26 $\frac{(d)(e)}{(e)}$ Assignments shall terminate:
 - (1) when the date specified on the assignment form is reached;
 - (2) if the licensee or assignee are determined ineligible for a license or assignment;
- 29 (3) if the Division receives a notarized statement from the current license holder stating a revised date 30 for an earlier assignment termination;
 - (4) upon the licensee or assignee's death; or
- 32 (5) when the Standard Commercial Fishing License expires.
- 33 (e)(f) It shall be unlawful for an individual assigned a Standard Commercial Fishing License when involved in a
- 34 commercial fishing operation to fail to have the original actual Standard Commercial Fishing License, any assigned
- 35 endorsements, and a copy of the assignment form in the individual's possession ready at hand for inspection in
- 36 accordance with G.S. 113-168.1.
- 37 (f)(g) All landings occurring during the time of the assignment shall be credited to the licensee, not the assignee.

- 1 (g)(h) It shall be unlawful to be assigned more than a single Standard Commercial Fishing License at any one time.
- 2 It shall be unlawful to assign a Standard Commercial Fishing License to more than one individual at any one time.
- 3 Assignments shall only be made by the licensee and shall not be further assigned by assignees. Masters identified on
- 4 the Standard Commercial Fishing Licenses of corporations consisting of an individual fishing vessel shall not assign
- 5 such licenses.
- 6 (h)(i) It shall be unlawful for a person to accept assignment of a Standard Commercial Fishing License for which they
- 7 are ineligible.
- 8 (i)(j) It shall be unlawful for any assignee of a Standard Commercial Fishing License not to return the assignment and
- 9 the Standard Commercial Fishing License with any assigned endorsements to the licensee within five days of notice
- that the assignment has been terminated or a demand by the licensee to return the license.

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- 12 History Note: Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-135; 113-168.1; 113-168.2; 113-168.5; 113-169.2; 113-182; 113-187;
- 13 *143B-289.52*;
- 14 Eff. January 1, 1991;
- 15 Temporary Amendment Eff. October 2, 1999; July 1, 1999;
- 16 Amended Eff. August 1, 2000;
- 17 Readopted Eff. March 15, 2023.2023;
- 18 Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198).

2 of 2 31

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03O .0201

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

Pursuant to SL 2019-37, s.3.(d), the permanent rule adopted to implement the session law is "not subject to Part 3 of Article 2A of Chapter 150B" and will become effective under G.S. 150B-21.3(b1), as if the rule had received 10 letters requesting legislative review. Thus, this rule is not properly before the RRC for review.

1	15A NCAC 03O	.0201 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 118-120 as follows:
2		
3		SECTION .0200 – SHELLFISH LEASES AND FRANCHISES
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5	15A NCAC 030	.0201 STANDARDS AND REQUIREMENTS FOR SHELLFISH LEASES AND
6		FRANCHISES
7	(a) For the purpo	ose of this Section:
8	<u>(1)</u>	"extensive shellfish culture" shall mean shellfish grown on the bottom without the use of cages,
9		racks, bags, or floats.
10	<u>(2)</u>	"intensive shellfish culture" shall mean shellfish grown on the bottom or in the water column using
11		cages, racks, bags, or floats.
12	<u>(3)</u>	"plant" shall mean providing evidence of purchasing shellfish seed or planting shellfish seed or
13		authorized cultch materials on a shellfish lease or franchise.
14	<u>(4)</u>	"produce" shall mean the culture and harvest of oysters, clams, scallops, or mussels from a shellfish
15		lease or franchise and lawful sale of those shellfish to the public at large or to a licensed shellfish
16		dealer.
17	(a)(b) All areas	of the public bottom underlying Coastal Fishing Waters shall meet the following standards and
18	requirements, in	addition to the standards in G.S. 113-202, in order to be deemed suitable for leasing for shellfish
19	aquaculture purp	oses:
20	(1)	the proposed shellfish lease area shall not contain a "natural shellfish bed," as defined in G.S. 113-
21		201.1, or have 10 bushels or more of shellfish per acre;
22	(2)	the proposed shellfish lease area shall not be closer than 250 feet from a developed shoreline or a
23		water-dependent shore-based structure, except no minimum setback is required when the area to be
24		leased borders the applicant's property, the property of "riparian owners" as defined in G.S. 113-
25		201.1 who have consented in a notarized statement, or is in an area bordered by undeveloped
26		shoreline. For the <u>purposes</u> of this Rule, a water-dependent shore-based structure shall
27		include docks, wharves, boat ramps, bridges, bulkheads, and groins;
28	(3)	the proposed shellfish lease area shall not be closer than 250 feet to an existing lease;
29	(4)	the proposed shellfish lease area, either alone or when considered cumulatively with other existing
30		leases in the area, lease areas in the vicinity, shall not interfere with navigation or with existing,
31		traditional uses of the area; and
32	(5)	the proposed shellfish lease area shall not be less than one-half acre and shall not exceed 10 acres.
33	(b)(c) To be sui	table for leasing for shellfish aquaculture purposes, shellfish water column leases superjacent to a
34	shellfish bottom	lease shall meet the standards in G.S. 113-202.1 and shellfish water column leases superjacent to
35	franchises recogn	nized pursuant to G.S. 113-206-shall meet the standards in G.S. 113-202.2.

1	(c)(d) Franchis	ses recognized pursuant to G.S. 113 206 and shellfish bottom leases Shellfish bottom leases and
2	\	ted on or before July 1, 2019 shall be terminated unless they meet the following requirements, in
3	_	tandards in and as allowed by G.S. 113-202:
4	(1)	they produce and market 10 bushels of shellfish per acre per year; and
5	(2)	they are planted with 25 bushels of seed shellfish per acre per year or 50 bushels of cultch per acre
	(2)	
6		per year, or a combination of cultch and seed shellfish where the percentage of required cultch
7	(1)() (1) 11(1)	planted and the percentage of required seed shellfish planted totals at least 100 percent.
8		water column leases granted on or before July 1, 2019 shall be terminated unless they meet the
9	• •	rements, in addition to the standards in and as allowed by G.S. 113-202.1 and G.S. 113-202.2:
10	(1)	they produce and market 40 bushels of shellfish per acre per year; or
11	(2)	the underlying bottom is planted with 100 bushels of cultch or seed shellfish per acre per year.
12	(f) Shellfish bot	tom leases and franchises granted after July 1, 2019 shall be terminated unless they meet the following
13	requirements, in	addition to the standards in and as allowed by G.S. 113-202:
14	<u>(1)</u>	they produce a minimum of 20 bushels of shellfish per acre averaged over the previous three-year
15		period beginning in year five of the shellfish bottom lease or franchise; or
16	<u>(2)</u>	for intensive culture bottom operations, the holder of the shellfish bottom lease or franchise provides
17		evidence of purchasing a minimum of 23,000 shellfish seed per acre annually and for extensive
18		culture bottom operations, the holder of the lease or franchise plants a minimum of 15,000 shellfish
19		seed per acre per year.
20	(g) Shellfish w	vater column leases granted after July 1, 2019 shall be terminated unless they meet the following
21	requirements, in	addition to the standards in and as allowed by G.S. 113-202.1 and 113-202.2:
22	<u>(1)</u>	they produce a minimum of 50 bushels of shellfish per acre averaged over the previous three-year
23		period beginning in year five of the shellfish water column lease; or
24	(2)	the holder of the shellfish water column lease provides evidence of purchasing a minimum of 23,000
25		shellfish seed per acre annually.
26	(e)(h) The follo	wing standards shall be applied to determine compliance with Paragraphs (e) and (d) (d), (e), (f), and
27	(g) of this Rule:	
28	(1)	Only only shellfish marketed, planted or produced as defined in 15A NCAC 03I .0101 as
29	()	the fishing activities "shellfish marketing from leases and franchises," "shellfish planting effort on
30		leases and franchises," or "shellfish production on leases and franchises"-Paragraph (a) of this Rule
31		shall be included in the <u>annual shellfish lease</u> and franchise <u>production</u> reports required by Rule
32		.0207 of this Section.
33	(2)	If if more than one shellfish lease or franchise is used in the production of shellfish, one of the leases
34	(2)	or franchises used in the production of the shellfish shall be designated as the producing lease or
35		franchise for those shellfish. Each bushel of shellfish shall be produced by only one shellfish lease
36		or franchise. Shellfish transplanted between shellfish leases or franchises shall be credited as
50		or remember offention demonstrated between shellion leaded of framellises shall be electred as

or franchise. Shellfish transplanted between shellfish leases or franchises shall be credited as

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planting effort on only one lease or franchise.

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1	(3)	Produc	tion and marketing production information and planting effort information shall be compiled
2		and ave	eraged separately to assess compliance with the requirements of this Rule. The shellfish lease
3		or franc	chise Shellfish bottom leases and franchises granted on or before July 1, 2019 shall meet both
4		the pro	duction requirement and the planting effort requirement within the dates set forth in G.S.
5		113-20	2.1 and G.S. 113-202.2 to be deemed in compliance for shellfish bottom leases. The shellfish
6		lease or	r franchise compliance. Shellfish bottom leases and franchises granted after July 1, 2019 and
7		shellfis	h water column leases shall meet either the production requirement or the planting effort
8		require	ment within the dates set forth in G.S. 113-202.1 and G.S. 113-202.2 to be deemed in
9		compli	ance for shellfish water column leases.compliance.
10	(4)	All-all	bushel measurements shall be in standard U.S. bushels.
11	(5)	In <u>in</u> d e	etermining production and marketing averages and planting effort averages for information
12		not rep	orted in bushel measurements, the following conversion factors shall be used:
13		(A)	300 oysters, 400 clams, or 400 scallops equal one bushel; and
14		(B)	40 pounds of scallop shell, 60 pounds of oyster shell, 75 pounds of clam shell, or 90 pounds
15			of fossil stone equal one bushel.
16	(6)	Produc	tion and marketing production rate averages shall be computed irrespective of transfer of the
17		shellfis	h lease or franchise. The production and marketing rates shall be averaged for the following
18		situatio	ns using the time periods described:
19		(A)	for an initial shellfish bottom lease or franchise, over the consecutive full calendar years
20			remaining on the bottom lease or franchise contract after December 31 following the
21			second anniversary of the initial bottom lease or franchise;
22		(B)	for a renewal shellfish bottom lease or franchise, over the consecutive full calendar years
23			beginning January 1 of the final year of the previous bottom lease or franchise term and
24			ending December 31 of the final year of the current bottom lease or franchise contract;
25		(C)	for a shellfish water column lease, over the first five-year period for an initial water column
26			lease and over the most recent five-year period thereafter for a renewal water column lease;
27			or
28		(D)	for a shellfish bottom lease or franchise issued an extension period under Rule .0208 of
29			this Section, over the most recent five-year period.
30	(7)	In <u>in</u>th	e event that a portion of an existing shellfish lease or franchise is obtained by a new lease or
31		franchi	se holder, the production history for the portion obtained shall be a percentage of the
32		origina	ting lease or franchise production equal to the percentage of the area of lease or franchise site
33		obtaine	d to the area of the originating lease or franchise.
34	(f)(i) Persons T	o be eligi	ble for additional shellfish lease acreage, persons holding five or more any acres under all a
35	shellfish bottom	leases	and franchises combined lease or franchise shall meet the requirements established in
36	Paragraph (c) of	this Rul	e before submitting an application for additional shellfish lease acreage to the Division of
37	Marine Fisheries	s. in:	

3 of 4 35

1	<u>(1)</u>	Paragraphs (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this Rule;
2	<u>(2)</u>	Rule .0204 of this Section; and
3	<u>(3)</u>	Rule .0503(a) of this Subchapter.
4		
5	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-182; 113-201; 113-202; 113-202.1; 113-202.2; 113-206;
6		143B-289.52; <u>S.L. 2019-37, s. 3;</u>
7		Eff. January 1, 1991;
8		Amended Eff. May 1, 1997; March 1, 1995; March 1, 1994; September 1, 1991;
9		Temporary Amendment Eff. October 1, 2001;
10		Amended Eff. May 1, 2017; October 1, 2008; April 1, 2003;
11		Readopted Eff. August 23, 2022. 2022;
12		Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-37).

36 4 of 4

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03O .0501

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (a)(6), what additional information are you requiring? Are these specific permit requirements as described in Rule .0503, or are there others?

In (h), p.3, lines 4-5, how long will the Division hold an incomplete application before returning it to the applicant?

In (j), line 12, what other factors will the Fisheries Director or his or her agent evaluate?

In (j)(2), line 15, what is a "valid justification" for a permit? How would an applicant demonstrate a valid justification?

In (j)(3), line 16, what constitutes a "fisheries violation"?

In (k), line 17, under what circumstances would the MFC modify a permit? According to what criteria?

1	15A NCAC 03C	0.0501 1	s amended as published in 38:03 NCR 120-121 as follows:
2			
3			SECTION .0500 - PERMITS
4			
5	15A NCAC 030	0.0501	PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS TO OBTAIN PERMITS
6	(a) To obtain a	Division	n of Marine Fisheries permit, an applicant, responsible party, or person holding a power of
7	attorney shall pr	ovide the	e following information:
8	(1)	the ful	I name, physical address, mailing address, date of birth, and signature of the applicant on the
9		applica	ation and, if the applicant is not appearing before a license agent or the designated Division
10		of Mar	ine Fisheries contact, the applicant's signature on the application shall be notarized;
11	(2)	a curre	ent picture identification of the applicant, responsible party, or person holding a power of
12		attorne	ey, acceptable forms of which shall include driver's license, North Carolina Identification card
13		issued	by the North Carolina Division of Motor Vehicles, military identification card, resident alien
14		card (g	green card), or passport or, if applying by mail, a copy thereof;
15	(3)	for per	mits that require a list of designees, the full names and dates of birth of the designees of the
16		applica	ant who will be acting pursuant to the requested permit;
17	(4)	certific	eation that the applicant and his or her designees do not have four or more marine or estuarine
18		resour	ce convictions during the previous three years;
19	(5)	for per	mit applications from business entities:
20		(A)	the business name;
21		(B)	the type of business entity: corporation, "educational institution" as defined in 15A NCAC
22			03I .0101, limited liability company (LLC), partnership, or sole proprietorship;
23		(C)	the name, address, and phone number of responsible party and other identifying
24			information required by this Subchapter or rules related to a specific permit;
25		(D)	for a corporation applying for a permit in a corporate name, the current articles of
26			incorporation and a current list of corporate officers;
27		(E)	for a partnership that is established by a written partnership agreement, a current copy of
28			such agreement shall be provided when applying for a permit; and
29		(F)	for business entities other than corporations, copies of current assumed name statements if
30			filed with the Register of Deeds office for the corresponding county and copies of current
31			business privilege tax certificates, if applicable; and
32	(6)	additio	onal information as required for specific permits.
33	(b) A permittee	shall ho	ld a valid:
34	(1)	Standa	rd or Retired Standard Commercial Fishing License in order to hold:
35		(A)	an Atlantic Ocean Striped Bass Commercial Gear Permit;
36		(B)	a Permit for Weekend Trawling for Live Shrimp; or
37		(C)	a Pound Net Set Permit.

1		The master designated on the single vessel corporation Standard Commercial Fishing License is the
2		individual required to hold the Permit for Weekend Trawling for Live Shrimp.
3	(2)	Fish Dealer License in the proper category in order to hold dealer permits for monitoring fisheries
4		under a quota or allocation for that category.
5	(c) An individu	al who is assigned a valid Standard Commercial Fishing License with applicable endorsements shall
6	be eligible to ho	ld any permit that requires a Standard Commercial Fishing License except a Pound Net Set Permit.
7	(d) If mechanic	al methods to take shellfish are used, a permittee and his designees shall hold a valid Standard or
8	Retired Standard	Commercial Fishing License with a Shellfish Endorsement in order for a permittee to hold a:
9	(1)	Depuration Permit;
10	(2)	Permit to Harvest Rangia Clams from Prohibited (Polluted) Areas;
11	(3) (2)	Permit to Transplant Oysters from Seed Oyster Management Areas; or
12	(4)	Permit to Transplant Prohibited (Polluted) Shellfish; or
13	(5) (3)	Permit to Use Mechanical Methods for Shellfish on Shellfish Leases or Franchises, except as
14		provided in G.S. 113-169.2.
15	(e) If mechanica	al methods to take shellfish are not used, a permittee and his designees shall hold a valid Standard or
16	Retired Standard	d Commercial Fishing License with a Shellfish Endorsement or a Shellfish License in order for a
17	permittee to hold	la:
18	(1)	Depuration Permit; or
19	(2)	Permit to Harvest Rangia Clams from Prohibited (Polluted) Areas;
20	(3) (2)	Permit to Transplant Oysters from Seed Oyster Management Areas; or Areas.
21	(4)	Permit to Transplant Prohibited (Polluted) Shellfish.
22	(f) Aquaculture	Operation Permit and Aquaculture Collection Permit:
23	(1)	A permittee shall hold a valid Aquaculture Operation Permit issued by the Fisheries Director to hold
24		an Aquaculture Collection Permit.
25	(2)	The permittee or designees shall hold appropriate licenses from the Division of Marine Fisheries for
26		the species harvested and the gear used under the Aquaculture Collection Permit.
27	(g) Atlantic Oce	ean Striped Bass Commercial Gear Permit:
28	(1)	An applicant for an Atlantic Ocean Striped Bass Commercial Gear Permit shall declare one of the
29		following types of gear for an initial permit and at intervals of three consecutive license years
30		thereafter:
31		(A) a gill net;
32		(B) a trawl net; or
33		(C) a beach seine.
34		For the purpose of this Rule, a "beach seine" shall mean a swipe net constructed of multi-filament
35		or multi-fiber webbing fished from the ocean beach that is deployed from a vessel launched from
36		the ocean beach where the fishing operation takes place. Gear declarations shall be binding on the
37		permittee for three consecutive license years without regard to subsequent annual permit issuance.

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- 1 (2) A person is not eligible for more than one Atlantic Ocean Striped Bass Commercial Gear Permit
 2 regardless of the number of Standard Commercial Fishing Licenses, Retired Standard Commercial
 3 Fishing Licenses, or assignments held by that person.
 - (h) Applications submitted without complete and required information shall not be processed until all required information has been submitted. Incomplete applications shall be returned to the applicant with the deficiency in the application noted.
 - (i) A permit shall be issued only after the application is deemed complete and the applicant certifies his or her agreement to abide by the permit general and specific conditions established under 15A NCAC 03J.0501, .0505, 03K.0103, .0104, .0107, .0111, .0401, .0501 and .0505, 03K.0103 and .0107, Rule .0211 of this Subchapter, and Rules .0502 and .0503 of this Section, as applicable to the requested permit.
- 11 (j) In determining whether to issue, modify, or renew a permit, the Fisheries Director or his or her agent shall evaluate 12 factors such as the following:
 - (1) potential threats to public health or marine and estuarine resources regulated by the Marine Fisheries Commission;
 - (2) the applicant's demonstration of a valid justification for the permit; and
 - (3) whether the applicant has a history of eight or more fisheries violations within 10 years.
 - (k) The Division of Marine Fisheries shall notify the applicant in writing of the denial or modification of any permit request and the reasons therefor. The applicant may submit further information or reasons why the permit should not be denied or modified.
- 20 (l) Permits are valid from the date of issuance through the expiration date printed on the permit. Unless otherwise
- 21 established by rule, the Fisheries Director may establish the issuance timeframe for specific types and categories of
- 22 permits based on season, calendar year, or other period based upon the nature of the activity permitted, the duration
- 23 of the activity, compliance with federal or State fishery management plans or implementing rules, conflicts with other
- fisheries or gear usage, or seasons for the species involved. The expiration date shall be specified on the permit.
- 25 (m) For permit renewals, the permittee's signature on the application shall certify all information is true and accurate.
- Notarized signatures on renewal applications shall not be required.
- 27 (n) It shall be unlawful for a permit holder to fail to notify the Division of Marine Fisheries within 30 days of a change
- of name or address, in accordance with G.S. 113-169.2.
- 29 (o) It shall be unlawful for a permit holder to fail to notify the Division of Marine Fisheries of a change of designee
- prior to use of the permit by that designee.
- 31 (p) Permit applications shall be available at all Division of Marine Fisheries offices.

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- 33 *History Note: Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-169.1; 113-169.2; 113-169.3; 113-182; 113-210; 143B-289.52;*
- 34 Temporary Adoption Eff. September 1, 2000; May 1, 2000;
- 35 Eff. April 1, 2001;
- 36 Temporary Amendment Eff. October 1, 2001;

1	Amended Eff. May 1, 2017; May 1, 2015; April 1, 2011; April 1, 2009; July 1, 2008; December 1,
2	2007; September 1, 2005; April 1, 2003; August 1, 2002;
3	Readopted Eff. April 1, 2019. 2019;
4	Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198).

4 of 4

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03O .0503

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (e)(1)(A), p.2, line 28, are the contents or substantive requirements of the forms mentioned here described in another rule or statute?

1	15A NCAC 03O	.0503 is	s amended as published in 38:03 NCR 121-125 as follows:
2			
3	15A NCAC 030	.0503	PERMIT CONDITIONS; SPECIFIC
4	(a) Aquaculture	Operation	on Permit and Aquaculture Collection Permit:
5	(1)	It shall	be unlawful to conduct aquaculture operations using marine and estuarine resources without
6		first sec	curing an Aquaculture Operation Permit from the Fisheries Director.
7	(2)	It shall	be unlawful:
8		(A)	to take marine and estuarine resources from Coastal Fishing Waters for aquaculture
9			purposes without first obtaining an Aquaculture Collection Permit from the Fisheries
10			Director;
11		(B)	to sell or use for any purpose not related to North Carolina aquaculture marine and estuarine
12			resources taken pursuant to an Aquaculture Collection Permit; or
13		(C)	to fail to submit to the Fisheries Director an annual report, due on December 1 of each year
14			on the form provided by the Division of Marine Fisheries, stating the amount and
15			disposition of marine and estuarine resources collected under authority of an Aquaculture
16			Collection Permit.
17	(3)	Lawful	ly permitted shellfish relaying activities authorized by 15A NCAC 03K .0103 and .0104 shall
18		be exe	npt from requirements to have an Aquaculture Operation Permit or Aquaculture Collection
19		Permit	issued by the Fisheries Director.
20	(4) (3)	Aquacı	alture Operation Permits and Aquaculture Collection Permits shall be issued or renewed on
21		a calen	dar year basis.
22	(5) (4)	It shall	be unlawful to fail to provide the Division with a listing of all designees acting pursuant to
23		an Aqu	aculture Collection Permit at the time of application.
24	(b) Atlantic Oce	an Stripe	ed Bass Commercial Gear Permit:
25	(1)	It shall	be unlawful to take striped bass from the Atlantic Ocean in a commercial fishing operation
26		withou	t first obtaining an Atlantic Ocean Striped Bass Commercial Gear Permit.
27	(2)	It shall	be unlawful to obtain more than one Atlantic Ocean Striped Bass Commercial Gear Permit
28		during	a license year, regardless of the number of Standard Commercial Fishing licenses, Retired
29		Standa	rd Commercial Fishing licenses, or assignments.
30	(c) Blue Crab S	Shedding	Permit: It shall be unlawful to possess more than 50 blue crabs in a shedding operation
31	without first obta	aining a l	Blue Crab Shedding Permit from the Division of Marine Fisheries.
32	(d) Coastal Reci	eational	Fishing License Exemption Permit:
33	(1)	It shall	be unlawful for the responsible party seeking exemption from recreational fishing license
34		require	ments for eligible individuals to conduct an organized fishing event held in Joint or Coastal
35		Fishing	Waters without first obtaining a Coastal Recreational Fishing License Exemption Permit.

1 of 6

1	(2)	The C	Coastal Recreational Fishing License Exemption Permit shall only be issued for recreational
2		fishing	g activity conducted solely for the participation and benefit of one of the following groups of
3		eligibl	le individuals:
4		(A)	individuals with physical or mental impairment;
5		(B)	members of the United States Armed Forces and their dependents, upon presentation of a
6			valid military identification card;
7		(C)	individuals receiving instruction on recreational fishing techniques and conservation
8			practices from employees of state or federal marine or estuarine resource management
9			agencies or instructors affiliated with educational institutions; and
10		(D)	disadvantaged youths as set forth in 42 U.S. Code 12511.
11		For the	e purpose of this Paragraph, educational institutions include high schools and other secondary
12		educat	tional institutions.
13	(3)	The C	Coastal Recreational Fishing License Exemption Permit shall be valid for the date, time, and
14		physic	cal location of the organized fishing event for which the exemption is granted and the duration
15		of the	permit shall not exceed one year from the date of issuance.
16	(4)	The C	Coastal Recreational Fishing License Exemption Permit shall only be issued if all of the
17		follow	ring, in addition to the information required in Rule .0501 of this Section, is submitted to the
18		Fisher	ries Director, in writing, at least 30 days prior to the event:
19		(A)	the name, date, time, and physical location of the event;
20		(B)	documentation that substantiates local, state, or federal involvement in the organized
21			fishing event, if applicable;
22		(C)	the cost or requirements, if any, for an individual to participate in the event; and
23		(D)	an estimate of the number of participants.
24	(e) Dealer perm	its for n	nonitoring fisheries under a quota or allocation:
25	(1)	During	g the commercial season opened by proclamation or rule for the fishery for which a dealer
26		permit	t for monitoring fisheries under a quota or allocation shall be issued, it shall be unlawful for a
27		fish de	ealer issued such permit to fail to:
28		(A)	fax or send via electronic mail by noon daily, on forms provided by the Division of Marine
29			Fisheries, the previous day's landings for the permitted fishery to the Division. Landings
30			for Fridays or Saturdays shall be submitted on the following Monday. If the dealer is unable
31			to fax or electronically mail the required information, the permittee shall call in the
32			previous day's landings to the Division;
33		(B)	submit the required form set forth in Part $(e)(1)(A)$ of this Rule to the Division upon request
34			or no later than five days after the close of the season for the fishery permitted;
35		(C)	maintain faxes and other related documentation in accordance with 15A NCAC 03I .0114;
36		(D)	contact the Division daily, regardless of whether a transaction for the fishery for which a
37			dealer is permitted occurred; and

I		(E)	record	the permanent dealer identification number on the bill of lading or receipt for each
2			transac	ction or shipment from the permitted fishery.
3	(2)	Atlan	tic Ocean	Flounder Dealer Permit:
4		(A)	It shal	l be unlawful for a fish dealer to allow vessels holding a valid License to Land
5			Flound	der from the Atlantic Ocean to land more than 100 pounds of flounder from a single
6			transa	ction at their licensed location during the open season without first obtaining an
7			Atlant	ic Ocean Flounder Dealer Permit. The licensed location shall be specified on the
8			Atlant	ic Ocean Flounder Dealer Permit and only one location per permit shall be allowed.
9		(B)	It shal	l be unlawful for a fish dealer to possess, buy, sell, or offer for sale more than 100
10			pound	s of flounder from a single transaction from the Atlantic Ocean without first
11			obtain	ing an Atlantic Ocean Flounder Dealer Permit.
12	(3)	Black	Sea Bas	s North of Cape Hatteras Dealer Permit: It shall be unlawful for a fish dealer to
13		purch	ase or pos	sess more than 100 pounds of black sea bass taken from the Atlantic Ocean north of
14		Cape	Hatteras ((35° 15.0321' N) per day per commercial fishing operation during the open season
15		unless	s the deale	er has a Black Sea Bass North of Cape Hatteras Dealer Permit.
16	(4)	Spiny	Dogfish	Dealer Permit: It shall be unlawful for a fish dealer to purchase or possess more than
17		100 p	ounds of s	spiny dogfish per day per commercial fishing operation unless the dealer has a Spiny
18		Dogfi	sh Dealer	Permit.
19	(5)	Stripe	d Bass D	ealer Permit:
20		(A)	It shal	be unlawful for a fish dealer to possess, buy, sell, or offer for sale striped bass taken
21			from t	he following areas without first obtaining a Striped Bass Dealer Permit validated for
22			the ap	plicable harvest area:
23			(i)	the Atlantic Ocean;
24			(ii)	the Albemarle Sound Management Area as designated in 15A NCAC 03R .0201;
25				or
26			(iii)	the Joint and Coastal Fishing Waters of the Central/Southern Management Area
27				as designated in 15A NCAC 03R .0201.
28		(B)	No pe	rmittee shall possess, buy, sell, or offer for sale striped bass taken from the harvest
29			areas (opened by proclamation without having a valid Division of Marine Fisheries-issued
30			tag for	the applicable area affixed through the mouth and gill cover or, in the case of striped
31			bass in	mported from other states, a similar tag that is issued for striped bass in the state of
32			origin	Division striped bass tags shall not be bought, sold, offered for sale, or transferred.
33			Tags s	shall be obtained at the Division offices. The Division shall specify the quantity of
34			tags to	be issued based on historical striped bass landings. It shall be unlawful for the
35			permit	tee to fail to surrender unused tags to the Division upon request.
36	(f) Horseshoe	Crab Bio	medical U	Jse Permit:
37	(1)	It shal	ll be unlav	wful to use horseshoe crabs for biomedical purposes without first obtaining a permit.

3 of 6 45

1	(2)	It shall	be unlawful for persons who have been issued a Horseshoe Crab Biomedical Use Permit to
2		fail to s	ubmit an annual report on the use of horseshoe crabs to the Division of Marine Fisheries,
3		due on l	February 1 of each year. Such reports shall be filed on forms provided by the Division and
4		shall inc	clude a monthly account of the number of crabs harvested, a statement of percent mortality
5		up to the	e point of release, the harvest method, the number or percent of males and females, and the
6		disposit	ion of bled crabs prior to release.
7	(3)	It shall l	be unlawful for persons who have been issued a Horseshoe Crab Biomedical Use Permit to
8		fail to co	omply with the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission Interstate Fishery Management
9		Plan for	r Horseshoe Crab. The Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission Interstate Fishery
10		Manage	ment Plan for Horseshoe Crab is incorporated by reference including subsequent
11		amendn	nents and editions. Copies of this plan are available via the Internet from the Atlantic States
12		Marine	Fisheries Commission at http://www.asmfc.org/fisheries-management/program-overview
13		and at the	he Division of Marine Fisheries, 3441 Arendell Street, P.O. Box 769, Morehead City, NC
14		28557,	at no cost.
15	(g) Permit for V	Weekend 7	Trawling for Live Shrimp:
16	(1)	It shall b	be unlawful to take shrimp with trawls from 9:00 p.m. on Friday through 12 noon on Saturday
17		without	first obtaining a Permit for Weekend Trawling for Live Shrimp.
18	(2)	It shall	be unlawful for a holder of a Permit for Weekend Trawling for Live Shrimp to use trawls
19		from 12	:01 p.m. on Saturday through 4:59 p.m. on Sunday.
20	(3)	It shall b	be unlawful for a permit holder during the timeframe specified in Subparagraph $\frac{k}{(1)}$
21		of this F	Rule to:
22		(A)	use trawl nets to take live shrimp except from areas open to the harvest of shrimp with
23			trawls;
24		(B)	take shrimp with trawls that have a combined headrope length of greater than 40 feet in
25			Internal Coastal Waters;
26		(C)	possess more than one gallon of dead shrimp (heads on) per trip;
27		(D)	fail to have a functioning live bait tank or a combination of multiple functioning live bait
28			tanks, with aerators or circulating water, with a minimum combined tank capacity of 50
29			gallons; or
30		(E)	fail to call the Division of Marine Fisheries Communications Center at 800-682-2632 or
31			252-726-7021 prior to each weekend use of the permit, specifying activities and location.
32	(h) Pound Net	Set Permit	: The holder of a Pound Net Set Permit shall follow the Pound Net Set Permit conditions as
33	set forth in 15A	NCAC 03	3J .0505.
34	(i) Scientific or	Education	nal Activity Permit:
35	(1)	It shall b	be unlawful for institutions or agencies seeking exemptions from license, rule, proclamation,

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or statutory requirements to collect, hold, culture, or exhibit for scientific or educational purposes

any marine or estuarine species without first obtaining a Scientific or Educational Activity Permit.

1	(2)	The Scientific of Educational Activity Permit shall only be issued for collection methods and
2		possession allowances approved by the Division of Marine Fisheries.
3	(3)	The Scientific or Educational Activity Permit shall only be issued for approved activities conducted
4		by or under the direction of Scientific or Educational institutions as defined in 15A NCAC 03I .0101.
5	(4)	It shall be unlawful for the responsible party issued a Scientific or Educational Activity Permit to
6		fail to submit an annual report on collections and, if authorized, sales to the Division, due on
7		December 1 of each year, unless otherwise specified on the permit. The reports shall be filed on
8		forms provided by the Division. Scientific or Educational Activity permits shall be issued on a
9		calendar year basis.
10	(5)	It shall be unlawful to sell marine or estuarine species taken under a Scientific or Educational
11		Activity Permit without:
12		(A) the required license for such sale;
13		(B) an authorization stated on the permit for such sale; and
14		(C) providing the information required by 15A NCAC 03I .0114 if the sale is to a licensed fish
15		dealer.
16	(6)	It shall be unlawful to fail to provide the Division with a list of all designees acting under a Scientific
17		or Educational Activity Permit at the time of application.
18	(7)	The permittee or designees utilizing the permit shall call the Division of Marine Fisheries
19		Communications Center at 800-682-2632 or 252-726-7021 not no later than 24 hours prior to use
20		of the permit, specifying activities and location.
21	(j) Under Dock	Oyster Culture Permit:
22	(1)	It shall be unlawful to cultivate oysters in containers under docks for personal consumption without
23		first obtaining an Under Dock Oyster Culture Permit.
24	(2)	An Under Dock Oyster Culture Permit shall be issued only in accordance with provisions set forth
25		in G.S. 113-210(c).
26	(3)	The applicant shall complete and submit an examination, with a minimum of 70 percent correct
27		answers, based on an educational package provided by the Division of Marine Fisheries pursuant to
28		G.S. 113-210(j), demonstrating the applicant's knowledge of:
29		(A) the application process;
30		(B) permit criteria;
31		(C) basic oyster biology and culture techniques;
32		(D) shellfish harvest area closures due to pollution;
33		(E) safe handling practices;
34		(F) permit conditions; and
35		(G) permit revocation criteria.
36	(4)	Action by an Under Dock Oyster Culture Permit holder to encroach on or usurp the legal rights of
37		the public to access public trust resources in Coastal Fishing Waters shall result in permit revocation.

5 of 6

1		
2	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-169.1; 113-169.2; 113-169.3; 113-182; 113-210; 143B-289.52;
3		Temporary Adoption Eff. September 1, 2000; August 1, 2000; May 1, 2000;
4		Eff. April 1, 2001;
5		Amended Eff. May 1, 2017; May 1, 2015; April 1, 2014; April 1, 2009; July 1, 2008; January 1
6		2008; September 1, 2005; October 1, 2004; August 1, 2004; August 1, 2002;
7		Readopted Eff. April 1, 2019. 2019;
8		Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198).

48 6 of 6

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 03R .0117

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

Are the oyster sanctuaries delineated here described in a map? If so, would it be possible to provide a convenience copy for the Commission's review?

1	13A NCAC 03R .011	/ is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 123-126 as follows:
2		
3	15A NCAC 03R .01	7 OYSTER SANCTUARIES
4	The Oyster Sanctuari	es referenced in 15A NCAC 03K .0209 are delineated in the following coastal water
5	areas:Coastal Fishing	Waters:
6	(1) Par	nlico Sound area:
7	(a)	Croatan Sound: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 48.2842' N
8		75° 38.3360' W; running southerly to a point 35° 48.1918' N - 75° 38.3360' W; running
9		westerly to a point 35° 48.1918' N - 75° 38.4575' W; running northerly to a point 35
10		48.2842' N - 75° 38.4575' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
11	(b)	Crab Hole: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 43.6833' N - 75
12		40.5083' W; running southerly to a point 35° 43.5000' N - 75° 40.5083' W; running
13		westerly to a point 35° 43.5000' N - 75° 40.7500' W; running northerly to a point 35
14		43.6833' N - 75° 40.7500' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
15	(c)	Pea Island: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 05.4760' N 76
16		23.5370' W35° 40.0800' N - 75° 36.7998' W; running southerly to a point 35° 05.4760' N
17		- 76° 23.4040' W35° 39.8400' N - 75° 36.7998' W; running westerly to a point 35
18		05.3680' N 76° 23.4040' W35° 39.8400' N - 75° 37.0800' W; running northerly to
19		point 35° 05.3680' N 76° 23.5370' W35° 40.0800' N - 75° 37.0800' W; running easterly
20		to the point of beginning.
21	(d)	Long Shoal: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 33.8600' N 75
22		49.9000' W35° 33.8600' N - 75° 49.7670' W; running southerly to a point 35° 33.8600' N
23		-75° 49.7670' W35° 33.7510' N - 75° 49.7670' W; running westerly to a point 35
24		33.7510' N 75° 49.7670' W35° 33.7510' N - 75° 49.9000' W; running northerly to
25		point 35° 33.7510' N 75° 49.9000' W35° 33.8600' N - 75° 49.9000' W; running easterly
26		to the point of beginning.
27	(e)	Gibbs Shoal: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 27.3550' N - 75
28		55.9190' W; running southerly to a point 35° 27.1010' N - 75° 55.9190' W; running
29		westerly to a point 35° 27.1010' N - 75° 56.2300' W; running northerly to a point 35
30		27.3550' N - 75° 56.2300' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
31	<u>(f)</u>	Gull Shoal: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 23.4520' N - 75
32		58.0533' W; running southerly to a point 35° 22.9481' N - 75° 58.0721' W; running
33		westerly to a point 35° 22.9596' N - 75° 58.5359' W; running northerly to a point 35
34		23.4638' N - 75° 58.5173' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
35	(1) (g) Deep Bay: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 22.9126' N - 76
36		22.1612' W; running southerly to a point 35° 22.7717' N - 76° 22.1612' W; running

1			westerly to a point 35° 22.7717' N - 76° 22.3377' W; running northerly to a point 35°
2			22.9126' N - 76° 22.3377' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
3		(g) (h)	West Bluff: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 18.3160' N 76°
4			10.2960' W35° 18.3160' N - 76° 10.0690' W; running southerly to a point 35° 18.3160' N
5			76° 10.0690' W35° 18.1290' N - 76° 10.0690' W; running westerly to a point 35° 18.1290'
6			N 76° 10.0690' W35°18.1290' N - 76° 10.2960' W; running northerly to a point 35°
7			18.1290' N 76° 10.2960' W35° 18.3160' N - 76° 10.2960' W; running easterly to the point
8			of beginning.
9		(h)(i)	Middle Bay: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 14.1580′ N - 76°
10			30.1780' W; running southerly to a point 35° 14.1150' N - 76° 30.1780' W; running
11			westerly to a point 35° 14.1150' N - 76° 30.3320' W; running northerly to a point 35°
12			14.1580' N - 76° 30.3320' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
13		(i) (j)	Swan Island: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 05.6170' N 76°
14			27.5040' W35° 05.6414' N - 76° 26.7651' W; running southerly to a point 35° 05.6020' N
15			76° 26.7650' W35° 05.4846' N - 76° 26.7638' W; running westerly to a point 35°
16			05.4850' N 76° 26.7640' W 35° 05.4992' N - 76° 27.5033' W; running northerly to a point
17			35° 05.4990' N 76° 27.5030' W35° 05.6554' N - 76° 27.5041' W; running easterly to the
18			point of beginning.
19		(j) (k)	Raccoon Island: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 05.4760' N
20			$76^{\circ} 23.5370' W_{35^{\circ}} 05.4760' N - 76^{\circ} 23.4040' W$; running southerly to a point 35°
21			05.4760' N 76° 23.4040' W 35° 05.3680' N - 76° 23.4040' W; running westerly to a point
22			35° 05.3860' N 76° 23.4040' W35° 05.3680' N - 76° 23.5370' W; running northerly to a
23			point 35° 05.3680' N 76° 23.5370' W 35° 05.4760' N - 76° 23.5370' W; running easterly
24			to the point of beginning.
25		<u>(1)</u>	Cedar Island: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 03.4632' N - 76°
26			22.5603' W; running southerly to a point 35° 03.1653' N - 76° 22.5699' W; running
27			westerly to a point 35° 03.1731' N - 76° 22.9321' W; running northerly to a point 35°
28			03.4710' N - 76° 22.9226' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
29		<u>(k)(m)</u>	West Bay: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 34° 58.8517' N - 76°
30			21.3632' W; running southerly to a point 34° 58.7661' N - 76° 21.3632' W; running
31			westerly to a point 34° 58.7661' N - 76° 21.4735' W; running northerly to a point 34°
32			58.8517' N - 76° 21.4735' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
33	(2)	Neuse l	River area:
34		(a)	Little Creek: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 02.6940' N 76°
35			30.9840' W35° 02.6940' N - 76° 30.7940' W; running southerly to a point 35° 02.6940' N

2 of 3 51

1		76° 30.7940' W35° 02.5380' N - 76° 30.7940' W; running westerly to a point 35° 02.5380'
2		N 76° 30.7940' W35° 02.5380' N - 76° 30.9840' W; running northerly to a point 35°
3		02.5380' N 76° 30.9840' W35° 02.6940' N - 76° 30.9840' W; running easterly to the point
4		of beginning.
5		(b) Neuse River: within the area described by a line beginning at a point 35° 00.4910' N - 76°
6		31.9350' W; running southerly to a point 35° 00.3750' N - 76° 31.9350' W; running
7		westerly to a point 35° 00.3750' N - 76° 32.0750' W; running northerly to a point 35°
8		00.4910 ' N - 76° 32.0750' W; running easterly to the point of beginning.
9		
10	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-182; 113-201; 113-204; 143B-289.52;
11		Eff. October 1, 2008;
12		Amended Eff. April 1, 2011;
13		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. January 9,
14		2018;
15		Amended Eff. <u>August 1, 2024;</u> May 1, 2021.

52 3 of 3

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 18A .0302

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (e), line 15, are the contents or substantive requirements of the forms mentioned here described in another rule or statute?

1 15A NCAC 18A .0302 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 128-129 as follows:

4 (a) It shall be unlawful to operate any of the following facilities without first obtaining a Shellfish Dealer Permit

5 and Certificate of Compliance from the Division of Marine Fisheries:

PERMITS

- 6 (1) depuration facilities;
- 7 (2) repacking plants;

15A NCAC 18A .0302

- 8 (3) shellstock plants; and
- 9 (4) shucking and packing plants.
- 10 (b) It shall be unlawful to operate as a shellstock shellfish dealer without first obtaining a Shellfish Dealer Permit
- and Certificate of Compliance from the Division.
- 12 (c) It shall be unlawful to operate as a reshipper without first obtaining a Shellfish Dealer Permit and Certificate of
- 13 Compliance from the Division if shellfish are purchased and shipped out of state.
- 14 (d) Approval for wet storage of shellstock shall be granted only to persons permitted pursuant to this Rule.
- 15 (e) Application for a permit shall be submitted in writing to the Division. Application forms may be obtained from
- the Division, P.O. Box 769, 3441 Arendell Street, Morehead City, NC 28557.
- 17 (f) No permit shall be issued by the Division until an inspection by the Division shows that the facility and
- 18 equipment comply with all applicable Rules in Sections .0300 through .0800 of this Subchapter. The owner or
- 19 responsible person-individual shall sign the completed inspection sheet to acknowledge receipt of the inspection
- 20 sheet.

3

- 21 (g) All permits shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the facility.
- 22 (h) All permits shall expire on April 30 of each year and are non-transferrable.
- 23 (i) Plans and specifications for proposed new construction, expansion of operations, or changes in operating
- 24 processes shall be submitted to the Division for review and approval prior to beginning construction or making a
- change.
- 26 (j) A permit may be revoked or suspended in accordance with 15A NCAC 03O .0504.

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28 History Note: Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-182; 113-221.2; 143B-289.52;
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- 29 *Eff. February 1, 1987;*
- 30 Amended Eff. April 1, 1997;
- 31 Readopted Eff. March 15, 2023. <u>2023.</u> 2023:
- 32 Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review pursuant to S.L. 2019-198).

54 1 of 1

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 18A .0901

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (5), what is "predictable intermittent pollution"? Who makes the prediction? Also, how often does pollution have to occur to be classified as "intermittent"?

In 10, line 31, please replace the parentheses with commas.

In (14), p.2, line 3, please change "federal/state" to "federal and state". Also, capitalize "state" if referring only to the State of North Carolina.

1	15A NCAC 18.	A .0901 is amended with changes as published in 38:03 NCR 142-143 as follows:
2		
3		SECTION .0900 - CLASSIFICATION OF SHELLFISH GROWING WATERS
4		
5	15A NCAC 18	A .0901 DEFINITIONS
6	The following	definitions shall apply to this Section.
7	(1)	"Approved" means shellfish growing waters determined suitable by the Division for the harvesting
8		of shellfish for direct market purposes.
9	(2)	"Closed-system marina" means a marina constructed in canals, basins, tributaries, or any other area
10		with restricted tidal flow.
11	(3)	"Colony forming unit" means an estimate of the number of viable bacteria cells in a sample as
12		determined by a plate count.
13	(4)	"Commercial marina" means a marina that offers one or more of the following services: fuel
14		transient dockage, haul-out facilities, or repair services.
15	(5)	"Conditionally approved" means shellfish growing waters that are subject to predictable intermitten
16		pollution but that may be used for harvesting shellfish for direct market purposes when managemen
17		plan criteria are met.
18	(6)	"Division" means the Division of Marine Fisheries or its authorized agent.
19	(7)	"Estimated 90th percentile" means a statistic that measures the variability in a sample set that shall
20		be calculated by:
21		(a) calculating the arithmetic mean and standard deviation of the sample result logarithms
22		(base 10);
23		(b) multiplying the standard deviation in Sub-Item (a) of this Item by 1.28;
24		(c) adding the product from Sub-Item (b) of this Item to the arithmetic mean; and
25		(d) taking the antilog (base 10) of the results from Sub-Item (c) of this Item to determine the
26		estimated 90 th percentile.
27	(8)	"Fecal coliform" means bacteria of the coliform group that will produce gas from lactose in a
28		multiple tube procedure liquid medium (EC or A-1) within 24 plus or minus two hours at 44.5° C
29		plus or minus 0.2° C in a water bath.
30	(9)	"Geometric mean" means the antilog (base 10) of the arithmetic mean of the sample result logarithm
31	(10)	"Marina" means any water area with a structure (such as a dock, basin, floating dock) that is utilized
32		for docking or otherwise mooring vessels and constructed to provide temporary or permanen
33		docking space for more than 10 boats.
34	(11)	"Marine biotoxins" means any poisonous compound produced by marine microorganisms and
35		accumulated by shellstock.
36	(12)	"Median" means the middle number in a given sequence of numbers, taken as the average of the
37		two middle numbers when the sequence has an even number of numbers.

56 1 of 3

1	(13)	"Most probable number (MPN)" means a statistical estimate of the number of bacteria per unit
2		volume and is determined from the number of positive results in a series of fermentation tubes.
3	(14)	"National Shellfish Sanitation Program (NSSP)" means the federal/state cooperative federal state-
4		industry program recognized by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and the Interstate
5		Shellfish Sanitation Conference (ISSC) for the sanitary control of shellfish that is adequate to ensure
6		that the shellfish produced in accordance with the NSSP Guide For The Control Of Molluscan
7		Shellfish will be safe and sanitary produced and sold for human consumption.
8	(15)	"Open-system marina" means a marina constructed in an area where tidal currents have not been
9		impeded by natural or man-made barriers.
10	(16)	"Private marina" means any marina that is not a commercial marina as defined in this Rule.
11	(17)	"Prohibited" means shellfish growing waters unsuitable for the harvesting of shellfish for direct
12		market purposes.
13	(18)	"Public health emergency" means any condition that may immediately cause shellfish waters to be
14		unsafe for the harvest of shellfish for human consumption.
15	(19)	"Restricted" means shellfish growing waters from which shellfish may be harvested only by permit
16		and are subjected to a treatment process through relaying or depuration that renders the shellfish
17		safe for human consumption.
18	(20)	"Sanitary survey" means the written evaluation of factors that affect the sanitary quality of a shellfish
19		growing area including sources of pollution, the effects of wind, tides, and currents in the
20		distribution and dilution of polluting materials, and the bacteriological quality of water.
21	(21)	"Shellfish" means the term as defined in G.S. 113-129, except the term shall not include scallops
22		when the final product is the shucked adductor muscle only.
23	(22)	"Shellfish growing area" means a management unit that defines the boundaries of a sanitary survey
24		and that is used to track the location where shellfish are harvested.
25	(23)	"Shellfish growing waters" means marine or estuarine waters that support or could support shellfish
26		life.
27	(24)	"Shellstock" means live molluscan shellfish in the shell.
28	(25)	"Shoreline survey" means an in-field inspection by the Division to identify and evaluate any
29		potential or actual pollution sources or other environmental factors that may impact the sanitary
30		quality of a shellfish growing area.
31	(26)	"Systematic random sampling strategy" means a sampling strategy designed to assess the
32		bacteriological water quality of shellfish growing waters impacted by non-point sources of pollution
33		and scheduled sufficiently far in advance to support random collection with respect to environmental
34		conditions.
35		
36	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-182; 113-221.2; 143B-289.52;
37		Eff. June 1, 1989;

2 of 3 57

1	Amended Eff. August 1, 1998; February 1, 1997; September 1, 1990
2	Readopted Eff. May 1, 2021. 2021;
3	Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review of 15A NCAC 03K .0104).

58 3 of 3

AGENCY: N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission

RULE CITATION: 15A NCAC 18A .0906

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: THURSDAY, JULY 18, 2024.

<u>PLEASE NOTE:</u> This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

In (a), line 4, did you mean "shall" instead of "may"? If not, what other factors are considered in classifying waters as restricted? The use of "may" indicates that the Division may not classify the waters as restricted even if the two factors listed here are met.

In (a)(1), line 5, what is a "significant" point source of pollution?

1	15A NCAC 18A	1.0906 is amended as published in 38:03 NCR 143 as follows:	
2			
3	15A NCAC 18A	A .0906 RESTRICTED AREAS	
4	(a) Shellfish gr	owing waters may be classified as restricted if:	
5	(1)	a sanitary survey indicates there are no significant point sources of pollution; and	
6	(2)	levels of fecal pollution, human pathogens, or poisonous or deleterious substances are at such levels	
7		that shellstock can be made safe for human consumption by either relaying or depuration.	
8	(b) Relaying of shellfish shall be conducted in accordance with all applicable rules, including 15A NCAC 03K and		
9	15A NCAC 18A .0300.		
10	(e)(b) Depuration of shellfish shall be conducted in accordance with all applicable rules, including 15A NCAC 03K		
11	and 15A NCAC 18A .0300 and .0700.		
12	(d)(c) For shellfish growing waters classified as restricted and used as a source of shellstock for depuration, the		
13	microbiological survey, as set forth in Rule .0903(c)(3) of this Section, shall indicate the bacteriological water quality		
14	does not exceed	the following standards based on results generated using the systematic random sampling strategy:	
15	(1)	a median fecal coliform most probable number (MPN) or geometric mean MPN of 88 per 100	
16		milliliters;	
17	(2)	a median fecal coliform colony-forming units (CFU) or geometric mean CFU of 88 per 100	
18		milliliters;	
19	(3)	an estimated 90^{th} percentile of 260 MPN per 100 milliliters for a five-tube decimal dilution test; or	
20	(4)	an estimated 90th percentile of 163 CFU per 100 milliliters for a membrane filter membrane-	
21		Thermotolerant Escherichia coli (mTEC) test.	
22			
23	History Note:	Authority G.S. 113-134; 113-182; 113-221.2; 143B-289.52;	
24		Eff. June 1, 1989;	
25		Readopted Eff. May 1, 2021. 2021;	
26		Amended Eff. (Pending legislative review of 15A NCAC 03K .0104).	

60 1 of 1