10A NCAC 27G .0104 is amended with changes as published in 38:01 NCR 7 as follows:

## 10A NCAC 27G .0104 STAFF DEFINITIONS

The following credentials and qualifications apply to staff described in this Subchapter:

- (1) "Associate Professional (AP)" within the mental health, developmental disabilities and substance abuse services (mh/dd/sas) system of care means an individual who is either a:
  - (a) graduate of a college or university with a masters degree in a human service field with less than one year of full-time, post-graduate degree accumulated mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional with less than one year of full-time, post-graduate degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling. Supervision shall be provided by a qualified professional with the population served until the individual meets one year of experience. The supervisor and the employee shall develop an individualized supervision plan upon hiring. The parties shall review the plan annually; or
  - (b) graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a human service field with less than two years of full-time, post-bachelor's degree accumulated mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional with less than two years of full-time, post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling. Supervision shall be provided by a qualified professional with the population served until the individual meets two years of experience. The supervisor and the employee shall develop an individualized supervision plan upon hiring. The parties shall review the plan annually; experience of the supervision plan upon hiring.
  - graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a field other than human services with less than four years of full-time, post-bachelor's degree accumulated mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional with less than four years of full-time, post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling. Supervision shall be provided by a qualified professional with the population served until the individual meets four years of experience. The supervisor and the employee shall develop an individualized supervision plan upon hiring. The parties shall review the plan annually; or
  - (d) registered nurse who is licensed to practice in the State of North Carolina by the North Carolina Board of Nursing with less than four years of full-time accumulated experience in mh/dd/sa with the population served. Supervision shall be provided by a qualified professional with the population served until the individual meets four years of experience. The supervisor and the employee shall develop an individualized supervision plan upon hiring. The parties shall review the plan annually.

1 (2) "Certified clinical supervisor (CCS)" means an individual who is certified as such by the North 2 Carolina Addictions Specialist Substance Abuse Professional Practice Board. 3 "Certified criminal justice addictions professional (CCJP)" means an individual who is certified as (3) 4 such by the North Carolina Addictions Specialist Substance Abuse Professional Practice Board. 5 (4) "Certified substance abuse counselor (CSAC)" alcohol and drug counselor" means an individual 6 who is certified as such by the North Carolina Addictions Specialist Substance Abuse Professional 7 Certification Practice Board. 8 (5) "Certified substance abuse prevention consultant (CSAPC)" specialist" means an individual who is 9 certified as such by the North Carolina Addictions Specialist Substance Abuse Professional Practice 10 Board. 11 (6)"Clinical" means having to do with the active direct treatment/habilitation treatment or habilitation 12 13 (7) "Clinical staff member" means a qualified professional or associate professional who provides 14 active direct treatment/habilitation treatment or habilitation to a client. 15 (8) "Clinical/professional "Clinical or professional supervision" means regularly scheduled assistance by a qualified professional or associate professional to a staff member who is providing direct, 16 17 therapeutic intervention to a client or clients. The purpose of clinical supervision is to ensure that 18 each client receives treatment or habilitation which that is consistent with accepted standards of 19 practice and the needs of the client. 20 (9) "Clinical social worker" means a social worker who is licensed as such by the N.C. Social Work 21 Certification and Licensure Board. 22 <u>(10)</u> "Direct Support Professional" means an individual who has a GED or high school diploma hired to 23 provide intellectual disability, developmental disability, or traumatic brain injury services. 24 Supervision shall be provided by a qualified professional with experience with the population 25 served. The supervisor and the employee shall develop an individualized supervision plan upon 26 hiring and shall review it annually thereafter. 27 (10)(11) "Director" means the individual who is responsible for the operation of the facility. 28 (12)"Family Partner" means an individual hired to provide direct engagement, support, and advocacy to 29 the family of each child and adolescent served in a Psychiatric Residential Treatment Facility. A 30 Family Partner shall meet the criteria for a Paraprofessional as defined in this Rule, have lived 31 experience as a primary caregiver for a child or adolescent with a mental health disorder, a substance 32 use disorder, intellectual disorder, or developmental disability. A Family Partner shall achieve 33 certification as a Family Peer Specialist by the National Federation of Families for Children with 34 Mental Illness within 18 months of hire and shall maintain active certification while in this role.

(11)(13) "Licensed Clinical Addictions Specialist (LCAS)" means an individual who is licensed as such by

the North Carolina Addictions Specialist Substance Abuse Professional Practice Board.

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1	(12)(14) "Licensed clinician" means an individual with full clinical licensure awarded by the State of North
2	Carolina, as a physician, licensed psychologist, licensed psychological associate, licensed clinical
3	social worker, licensed professional counselor, licensed marriage and family therapist, or licensed
4	clinical addictions specialist. "Licensed clinician" also includes an individual with full clinical
5	licensure and certification as a certified clinical nurse specialist in psychiatric mental health
6	advanced practice, or a certified nurse practitioner in psychiatric mental health advanced practice.
7	(13)(15) "Licensed Clinical Mental Health professional counselor (LPC)" (LCMHC)" means a counselor
8	who is licensed as such by the North Carolina Board of Licensed Clinical Mental Health
9	Professional Counselors.
10	(14)(16) "Nurse" means a person licensed to practice in the State of North Carolina either as a registered
11	nurse or as a licensed practical nurse.
12	(15)(17) "Paraprofessional" within the mh/dd/sas system of care means an individual who, with the exception
13	of staff providing respite services or personal care services, has a GED or high school diploma;
14	those or no GED or high school diploma, employed prior to November 1, 2001 to provide a mh/dd/sa
15	service. service are not required to have a GED or high school diploma. Supervision shall be
16	provided by a qualified professional or associate professional with the population served. The
17	supervisor and the employee shall develop an individualized supervision plan upon hiring. The
18	parties shall review the plan annually.
19	(16)(18) "Psychiatrist" means an individual who is licensed to practice medicine in the State of North
20	Carolina and who has completed a training program in psychiatry accredited by the Accreditation
21	Council for Graduate Medical Education.
22	(17)(19) "Psychologist" means an individual who is licensed to practice psychology in the State of North
23	Carolina as either a licensed psychologist or a licensed psychological associate.
24	(18)(20) "Qualified client record manager" means an individual who is a graduate of a curriculum accredited
25	by the Council on Medical Education and Registration of the American Health Information
26	Management Association and who is currently registered or accredited by the American Health
27	Information Management Association.
28	(19)(21) "Qualified professional" means, within the mh/dd/sas system of eare: care either:
29	(a) an individual who holds a license, provisional license, or certificate certificate, registration
30	or permit issued by the governing board regulating a human service profession, except
31	including a registered nurse who is licensed to practice in the State of North Carolina by
32	the North Carolina Board of Nursing who also has four years of full-time accumulated
33	experience in mh/dd/sa with the population served; or
34	(b) a graduate of a college or university with a Masters degree in a human service field and
35	has one year of full-time, pre- or post-graduate degree accumulated supervised mh/dd/sa
36	experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional who has one year

1			of full-time, <u>pre- or</u> post-graduate degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism
2			and drug abuse counseling; or
3		(c)	a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a human service field and
4			has two years of full-time, $\underline{\text{pre- or}}$ post-bachelor's degree accumulated $\underline{\text{supervised}}$ mh/dd/sa
5			experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional who has two years
6			of full-time, pre- or post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience in
7			alcoholism and drug abuse counseling; or
8		(d)	a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a field other than human
9			services and has four years of full-time, pre- or post-bachelor's degree accumulated
10			supervised mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse
11			professional who has four years of full-time, pre- or post-bachelor's degree accumulated
12			supervised experience in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling.
13	<del>(20)</del> (22	<u>)</u> "Qualif	ied substance abuse prevention professional (QSAPP)" means, within the mh/dd/sas system
14		of <del>care:</del>	care, means either:
15		(a)	a graduate of a college or university with a masters degree in a human service field and has
16			one year of full-time, post-graduate degree accumulated supervised experience in
17			substance abuse prevention; or
18		(b)	a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a human service field and
19			has two years of full-time, post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience in
20			substance abuse prevention; or
21		(c)	a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a field other than human
22			services and has four years of full-time, post bachelor's degree accumulated supervised
23			experience in substance abuse prevention; or
24		(d)	a substance abuse prevention professional who is certified as a Certified Substance Abuse
25			Prevention Consultant (CSAPC) Specialist by the North Carolina Addictions Specialist
26			Substance Abuse Professional Practice Board.
27			
28	History Note:	Authori	ty G.S. 122C-3; 122C-25; 122C-26; 143B-147; <u>S.L., 2017-32;</u> [ <del>2019-240;</del> ]
29		Eff. Ma	y 11, 1996;
30		Tempor	ary Amendment Eff. January 1, 2001;
31		Tempor	ary Amendment Expired October 13, 2001;
32		Tempor	ary Amendment Eff. November 1, 2001;
33		Amende	ed Eff. February 1, 2009; October 1, 2004; April 1, <del>2003.</del> <u>2003;</u>
34		Tempor	ary Amendment Eff. March 1, 2019;
35		Pursuar	nt to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. July 20,
36		2019;	
37		Tempor	ary Amendment Expired Eff. December 10, <mark>2<del>019.</del>2019;</mark>

10A NCAC 28A .0102 is amended with changes as published in 38:01 NCR 9 as follows:

## 10A NCAC 28A .0102 DEFINITIONS

- (a) In addition to the definitions contained in this Rule, the terms defined in G.S. 122C-3, 122C-4 and 122C-53(f) also apply to all rules in Subchapters 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D of this Chapter.
- (b) As used in the rules in Subchapters 28A, 28B, 28C, and 28D of this Chapter, the following terms have the meanings specified:
  - (1) "Abuse" means the same as defined in 42 CFR Part 488 Subpart E, which is incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments. The Code of Federal Regulations is available free of charge at https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/CFR. infliction of physical or mental pain or injury by other than accidental means; or unreasonable confinement; or the deprivation by an employee of services which are necessary to the mental and physical health of the client. Temporary discomfort that is part of an approved and documented treatment plan or use of a documented emergency procedure shall not be considered abuse.
  - (2) "Associate Professional (AP)" within the mental health, developmental disabilities and substance abuse services (mh/dd/sas) system of care means an individual who is <u>either</u> a:
    - (A) graduate of a college or university with a Masters degree in a human service field with less than one year of full-time, post-graduate degree accumulated mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional with less than one year of full-time, post-graduate degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling. Upon hiring, an individualized supervision plan shall be developed and supervision shall be provided by a qualified professional with the population served until the individual meets one year of experience; or
    - (B) graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a human service field with less than two years of full-time, post-accumulated mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional with less than two years of full-time, post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling. Upon hiring, an individualized supervision plan shall be developed and reviewed annually. Supervision shall be provided by a qualified professional with the population served until the individual meets two years of experience; or
    - (C) graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a field other than human services with less than four years of full-time, post bachelor's degree accumulated mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional with less than four years of full-time, post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling. Upon hiring, an individualized supervision plan shall be developed and reviewed annually. Supervision shall be provided by a qualified

1		professional with the population served until the individual meets four years of experience;
2		or
3		(D) registered nurse who is licensed to practice in the State of North Carolina by the North
4		Carolina Board of Nursing with less than four years of full-time accumulated experience
5		in mh/dd/sa with the population served. Upon hiring, an individualized supervision plan
6		shall be developed and reviewed annually. Supervision shall be provided by a qualified
7		professional with the population served until the individual meets four years of experience.
8	(3)	"Basic necessities" mean the essential items or substances needed to support life and health which
9		include, but are not limited to, a nutritionally sound diet balanced during three meals per day, access
10		to water and bathroom facilities at frequent intervals, seasonable clothing, medications to control
11		seizures, diabetes and other like physical health conditions, and frequent access to social contacts.
12	(4)	"Certified clinical supervisor (CCS)" means an individual who is certified as such by the North
13		Carolina Addictions Specialist Professional Practice Substance Abuse Professional Certification
14		Board.
15	(5)	"Certified substance abuse counselor (CSAC)" alcohol and drug counselor" means an individual
16		who is certified as such by the North Carolina Addictions Specialist Substance Abuse Professional
17		Practice Certification Board.
18	<u>(6)</u>	"Client" has the same meaning assigned in G.S. 133C-3. "Client" may also be referred to as a patient
19		or resident.
20	<del>(6)</del> (7)	"Client record" means any record made of confidential information. information as defined G.S.
21		<u>122C-3.</u>
22	<del>(7)</del> (8)	"Clinical Director" means Medical Director, Director of Medical Services or such person acting in
23		the position of Clinical Director, or his designee.
24	<del>(8)</del> (9)	"Clinically competent" means authorization by the State Facility Director for a qualified
25		professional to provide specific treatment/habilitation treatment or habilitation services to clients
26		based on the professional's education, training, experience, competence and judgment.
27	<del>(9)</del> (10)	"Consent" means concurrence by a client or his legally responsible person following receipt of
28		information from the qualified professional who will administer the proposed treatment or
29		procedure. Informed consent implies that the client or his legally responsible person was provided
30		with information concerning proposed treatment, including both benefits and risks, in order to make
31		an educated decision with regard to such treatment.
32	<del>(10)</del> (11)	"Dangerous articles or substances" mean, but are not limited to, any weapon or potential weapon,
33		heavy blunt object, sharp objects, potentially harmful chemicals, or drugs of any sort, including
34		alcohol.
35	(12)	"Division" means the Division of State Operated Healthcare Facilities.
36	<del>(11)</del> (13)	"Division Director" means the Director of the Division or his designee.

1	(12)(14) "Emergency" means a situation in a state facility in which a client is in imminent danger of causing
2	abuse or injury to self or others, or when substantial property damage is occurring as a result of
3	unexpected and severe forms of inappropriate behavior, and rapid intervention by the staff is needed.
4	[See Subparagraph (b)(25) of this Rule for definition of medical emergency].
5	(13)(15) "Emergency surgery" means an operation or surgery performed in a medical emergency [as
6	emergency, as defined in Subparagraph (b)(25) of this Rule Rule, where informed consent cannot
7	be obtained from an authorized person, as specified in G.S. 90-21.13, because the delay would
8	seriously worsen the physical condition or endanger the life of the client.
9	(14)(16) "Exclusionary time-out" means the removal of a client to a separate area or room from which exit
10	is not barred for the purpose of modifying behavior.
11	(15)(17) "Exploitation" means the same as defined in 42 CFR Part 483 Subpart B, which is incorporated by
12	reference, including subsequent amendments. The Code of Federal Regulations is available free of
13	charge at https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/CFR. use of a client or her/his resources,
14	including borrowing, taking or using personal property with or without her/his permission for
15	another person's profit, business or advantage.
16	(16)(18) "Forensic Division" means the unit units at Dorothea Dix Hospital any State hospital designated in
17	accordance with G.S. 122C-252 which serves clients who are:
18	(A) admitted for the purpose of evaluation for capacity to proceed to trial;
19	(B) found not guilty by reason of insanity;
20	(C) determined incapable of proceeding to trial; or trial.
21	(D) deemed to require a more secure environment to protect the health, safety and welfare of
22	elients, staff and the general public.
23	(17)(19) "Grievance" means a verbal or written complaint by or on behalf of a client concerning a situation
24	that occurred within the jurisdiction of the state facility. A grievance does not include complaints
25	that can be resolved without delay by staff present. A complaint that is not resolved shall be filed
26	and processed in accordance with the requirements of 10A NCAC 28B .0203.
27	(18)(20) "Human Rights Committee" means a committee, appointed by the Secretary, to act in a capacity
28	regarding the protection of client rights.
29	(19)(21) "Independent psychiatric consultant" means a licensed psychiatrist not on the staff of the state
30	facility in which the client is being treated. The psychiatrist may be in private practice, or be
31	employed by another state facility, or be employed by a facility other than a state facility as defined
32	in G.S. 122C-3(14).
33	(20)(22) "Interpreter services" means specialized communication services provided for the hearing impaired
34	by interpreters certified by the National Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf or the National
35	Association of the Deaf.
36	(21)(23) "Involuntary client" means a person admitted to any regional psychiatric hospital or alcoholic
37	rehabilitation center alcohol and drug abuse treatment center under the provisions of Article 5, Parts

1		7, 8 or 9 of G.S. 122C and includes includes, but it is not limited to to, clients detained pending a
2		district court hearing and clients involuntarily committed after a district court hearing. This term
3		shall also include individuals who are defendants in criminal actions and are being evaluated in a
4		state facility for mental responsibility or mental competency as a part of such criminal proceedings
5		as specified in G.S. 15A 1002 15A-1002, unless a valid order providing otherwise is issued from a
6		court of competent jurisdiction jurisdiction, and the civil commitment of defendants found not guilty
7		by reason of insanity as specified in G.S. 15A-1321.
8	<del>(22)</del> (24)	"Isolation time-out" means the removal of a client to a separate room from which exit is barred but
9		which is not locked and where there is continuous direct, uninterrupted supervision by staff for the
10		purpose of modifying behavior. "Isolation time-out" does not include precautions intended to
11		prevent transmission of a communicable disease.
12	(25)	"Licensed Clinical Addiction Specialist (LCAS)" means an individual who is certified as such by
13		the North Carolina Addictions Specialist Professional Practice Board.
14	<del>(23)</del> (26)	"Licensed Clinical Mental health professional counselor (LPC)" (LCMHC)" means a counselor who
15		is licensed as such by the North Carolina Board of Licensed Clinical Mental Health Professional
16		Counselors.
17	<del>(24)</del> (27)	"Major physical injury" means damage caused to the body resulting in profuse bleeding or contusion
18		of tissues; fracture of a bone; damage to internal organs; loss of consciousness; loss of normal
19		neurological function (inability to move or coordinate movement); or any other painful condition
20		caused by such injury.
21	<del>(25)</del> (28)	"Medical emergency" means a situation where the client is unconscious, ill, or injured, and the
22		reasonably apparent circumstances require prompt immediate decisions and actions in medical or
23		other health eare, care related decisions and actions to prevent the worsening of the necessity of
24		immediate health care treatment is so reasonably apparent that any delay in the rendering of the
25		treatment would seriously worsen the physical condition, or endanger the life life, of the
26		client.
27	<del>(26)</del> (29)	"Minimal risk research" means that the risks of harm anticipated in the proposed research are not
28		greater, considering probability and magnitude, than those ordinarily encountered in daily life or
29		during the performance of routine physical or psychological examinations or tests.
30	<del>(27)</del> (30)	"Minor client" means a person under 18 years of age who has not been married or who has not been
31		emancipated by a decree issued by a court of competent jurisdiction or is not a member of the armed
32		forces.
33		(A) has not been married; or
34		(B) has not been emancipated by a decree issued by a court of competent jurisdiction; or
35		(C) is not a member of the armed forces.

1 **(31)** "Misappropriation of resident property" means the same as defined by 42 CFR Part 488 Subpart E, 2 incorporated by reference, including subsequent amendments. The Code of Federal Regulations is 3 available free of charge at https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/CFR. 4 (28)(32) "Neglect" means the same as defined by 42 CFR Part 488 Subpart E, incorporated by reference, 5 including subsequent amendments. The Code of Federal Regulations is available free of charge at 6 https://www.govinfo.gov/app/collection/CFR. failure to provide care or services necessary to 7 maintain the mental and physical health of the client. 8 (29)(33) "Normalization" means the principle of helping the client to obtain an existence as close to normal 9 as possible, taking into consideration the client's disabilities and potential, by making available to 10 him patterns and conditions of everyday life that are as close as possible to the norms and patterns 11 of the mainstream of society. 12 (30)(34) "Paraprofessional" within the mh/dd/sa system of care means an individual who, with the exception 13 of staff providing respite services or personal care services, has a GED or high school diploma; an 14 individual or no GED or high school diploma, employed prior to November 1, 2001 to provide a 15 mh/dd/sa service. service is not required to have a GED or high school diploma. Upon hiring, an 16 individualized supervision plan shall be developed and supervision shall be provided by a qualified 17 professional or associate professional with the population served. 18 (31)(35) "Person standing in loco parentis" means one who has put himself in the place of a lawful parent by 19 assuming the rights and obligations of a parent without formal adoption. 20 (32)(36) "Physical Restraint" means the application or use of any manual method of restraint that restricts 21 freedom of movement, or the application or use of any physical or mechanical device that restricts 22 freedom of movement or normal access to one's body, including material or equipment attached or 23 adjacent to the client's body that he or she cannot easily remove. Holding a client in a therapeutic 24 hold or any other manner that restricts his or her movement constitutes manual restraint for that 25 client. Mechanical devices may restrain a client to a bed or chair, or may be used as ambulatory 26 restraints. Examples of mechanical devices include cuffs, ankle straps, sheets or restraining shirts, 27 arm splints, mittens and helmets. Excluded from this definition of physical restraint are physical 28 guidance, gentle physical prompting techniques, escorting and therapeutic holds used solely for the 29 purpose of escorting a client who is walking, soft ties used solely to prevent a medically ill client 30 from removing intravenous tubes, indwelling catheters, cardiac monitor electrodes or similar 31 medical devices, and prosthetic devices or assistive technology which are designed and used to 32 increase client adaptive skills. Escorting means the temporary touching or holding of the hand, wrist, 33 arm, shoulder or back for the purpose of inducing a client to walk to a safe location. 34 (33)(37) "Protective devices" means an intervention which that provides support for weak and feeble clients 35 or enhances the safety of clients with specific medical or behavioral needs, behaviorally disordered

elients. Such devices may include posey vests, geri-chairs or table top chairs to provide support and

safety for clients with physical handicaps; disabilities; devices such as helmets and mittens for

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1	self-injurious behaviors; or devices such as soft ties used to prevent medically ill clients from
2	removing intravenous tubes, indwelling catheters, cardiac monitor electrodes or similar medical
3	devices. As provided in Rule .0207 of Subchapter 28D, the use of a protective device for behavioral
4	control shall comply with the requirements specified in Rule .0203 of Subchapter 28D.
5	(34)(38) "Psychotropic medication" means medication with the primary function of treating mental illness,
6	personality or behavior disorders. It includes, but is not limited to, antipsychotics, antidepressants,
7	antianxiety agents and mood stabilizers.
8	(35)(39) "Qualified professional" means, within the mh/dd/sas system of care, an individual who is: is either:
9	(A) an individual who holds a license, provisional license, or certificate certificate, registration
10	or permit issued by the governing board regulating a human service profession, except
11	including a registered nurse who is licensed to practice in the State of North Carolina by
12	the North Carolina Board of Nursing who also has four years of full-time accumulated
13	experience in mh/dd/sa with the population served; or
14	(B) a graduate of a college or university with a Masters degree in a human service field and
15	has one year of full-time, pre- or post-graduate degree accumulated supervised mh/dd/sa
16	experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional who has one-year
17	of full-time, pre- or post-graduate degree accumulated supervised experience in alcoholism
18	and drug abuse counseling; or
19	(C) a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a human service field and
20	has two years of full-time, pre- or post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised mh/dd/sa
21	experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional who has two years
22	of full-time, pre- or post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience in
23	alcoholism and drug abuse counseling; or
24	(D) a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree in a field other than human
25	services and has four years of full-time, pre- or post-bachelor's degree accumulated
26	mh/dd/sa experience with the population served, or a substance abuse professional who has
27	four years of full-time, pre- or post-bachelor's degree accumulated supervised experience
28	in alcoholism and drug abuse counseling.
29	(36)(40) "Regional alcohol and drug abuse treatment center" means a state facility for persons with a
30	substance abuse disorder substance abusers as specified in G.S. 122C-181(a)(3).
31	(37)(41) "Regional mental retardation developmental disability center" means a state facility for the mentally
32	retarded developmentally disabled as specified in G.S. 122C-181(a)(2).
33	(38)(42) "Regional psychiatric hospital" means a state facility for the mentally ill as specified in G.S.
34	122C-181(a)(1).
35	(39)(43) "Representative payee" means the person, group, or facility designated by a funding source, such as
36	Supplemental Security Income (SSI), to receive and handle funds according to the guidelines of the
37	source on hehalf of a client

1	(40)(44) "Research" means inquiry involving a trial or special observation made under conditions determined
2	by the investigator to confirm or disprove an hypothesis or to explicate some principle or effect.
3	(41)(45) "Respite client" means a client admitted to a mental retardation developmental disability center or
4	a neuromedical treatment center for a short-term period, normally not to exceed 30 days. The
5	primary purpose of such admission is to provide a temporary interval of rest or relief for the client's
6	regular caretaker.
7	(42)(46) "Responsible professional" shall have the meaning as specified in G.S. 122C 3 122C-3; except the
8	"responsible professional" shall also be a qualified professional as defined in Subparagraph (b)(35)
9	of this Rule.
10	(43)(47) "Seclusion" means isolating a client in a separate locked room for the purpose of controlling
11	managing a client's behavior. "Seclusion" does not include precautions intended to prevent
12	transmission of a communicable disease. In the Forensic Service, Pretrial Evaluation Unit and the
13	Forensic Treatment Program Maximum Security Ward in the Spruill Building at Dorothea Dix
14	Central Regional Hospital, the use of locked rooms is not considered seclusion for clients with
15	criminal charges who are:
16	(A) undergoing pretrial evaluations ordered by a criminal court;
17	(B) in treatment for restoration of capacity to proceed;
18	(C) in treatment to reduce violence risk; or
19	(D) considered to be an escape risk.
20	(44)(48) "State Facility Director" means the chief administrative officer or manager of a state facility or his
21	designee.
22	(45)(49) "Strike" means, but is not limited to, hitting, kicking, slapping or beating whether done with a part
23	of one's body or with an object.
24	(46)(50) "Timeout" means the removal of a client from other clients to another space within the same activity
25	area for the purpose of modifying behavior.
26	(47)(51) "Treatment" means the act, method, or manner of habilitating or rehabilitating, caring for or
27	managing a client's physical or mental problems.
28	(48)(52) "Treatment plan" means a written individual plan of treatment or habilitation for each client to be
29	undertaken by the treatment team and includes any documentation of restriction of client's rights.
30	(49)(53) "Treatment team" means an interdisciplinary group of qualified professionals sufficient in number
31	and variety by discipline to adequately assess and address the identified needs of the client.
32	(50)(54) "Unit" means an integral component of a state facility distinctly established for the delivery of one
33	or more elements of service to which specific staff and space are assigned, and for which
34	responsibility has been assigned to a director, supervisor, administrator, or manager.
35	(51)(55) "Voluntary client" means a person admitted to a state facility under the provisions of Article 5, Parts
36	2, 3, 4 or 5 of G.S. 122C.
37	

1	History Note:	Authority G.S. 122C-3; 122C-4; 122C-51; 122C-53(f); 143B-147; <u>S.L. 2017-32;</u> [ <del>2019-240;</del> ]
2		Eff. October 1, 1984;
3		Amended Eff. June 1, 1990; April 1, 1990; July 1, 1989;
4		Temporary Amendment Eff. January 1, 1998;
5		Amended Eff. April 1, 1999;
6		Temporary Amendment Eff. January 1, 2001;
7		Temporary Amendment Expired October 13, 2001;
8		Temporary Amendment Eff. November 1, 2001;
9		Amended Eff. April 1, 2003;
10		Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. June 24,
11		2017;
12		Temporary Amendment Eff. March 1, 2019;
13		Temporary Amendment Expired Eff. December 10, <mark><del>2019.</del>2019;</mark>
14		Amended Eff. January 1, 2024.