

REQUEST FOR CHANGES PURSUANT TO G.S. 150B-21.10

AGENCY: N.C. Interpreter and Transliterater Licensing Board

RULE CITATION: 21 NCAC 25 .0202

DEADLINE FOR RECEIPT: January 20, 2026

PLEASE NOTE: *This request may extend to several pages. Please be sure you have reached the end of the document.*

The Rules Review Commission staff has completed its review of this Rule prior to the Commission's next meeting. The Commission has not yet reviewed this Rule and therefore there has not been a determination as to whether the Rule will be approved. You may email the reviewing attorney to inquire concerning the staff recommendation.

In reviewing this Rule, the staff recommends the following changes be made:

The Rule is not formatted correctly. Each line should be numbered.

Please insert 1.5 line spacing (see Rule 26 NCAC 02C .0108(1)(g))

On line 1, change the Introductory Sentence to read, "21 NCAC 25 .0202 is adopted as published in 40:04 NCR 439-441 with changes as follows:" This should be in lowercase.

Is the only "change" from publication the "Eff." date in the History Note? Please highlight all changes made from publication to submission to the Commission.

*Delete "**THE**" in the Rule name.*

Subparagraph (b)(2): Is the standard for "good moral character" satisfied if the applicant is eligible 21 NCAC 25 .0301? If so, why is "presumptively established" necessary?

Subparagraph (b)(2): What type of information, that's required to be submitted as part of the application, will be considered by the Board to determine if "there is probable cause to question an applicant's moral character"?

Subparagraph (b)(2): Replace "possessing" with "lacking" for clarity.

End of Subparagraph (b)(2): Delete "later court decision" because it's unnecessary. Relevant "later court decisions" will always apply to the legal definition of "good moral character".

In (3)(F) and (G), what legal authority is being relied upon to enforce this language? Why is Utah the only state being added to this Rule?

Travis C. Wiggs
Commission Counsel
Submitted to agency: January 5, 2026

Subparagraph (c)(2): Is the standard for “good moral character” satisfied if the applicant is eligible 21 NCAC 25 .0301? If so, why is “presumptively established” necessary?

Subparagraph (c)(2): What type of information, that’s required to be submitted as part of the application, will be considered by the Board to determine if “there is probable cause to question an applicant’s moral character”?

Subparagraph (c)(2): Replace “possessing” with “lacking” for clarity.

End of Subparagraph (c)(2): Delete “later court decision” because it’s unnecessary. Relevant “later court decisions” will always apply to the legal definition of “good moral character”.

Subparagraph (c)(3): Replace “must” with “shall” for clarity and consistency.

Page 2, Subparagraph (c)(4)(f): What legal authority is being relied upon to enforce this language? Why is Utah the only state being added to this Rule?

Paragraph (d): Delete “also” before “issue” as it’s unnecessary.

Subparagraph (d)(4): How is the credential “recognized”? By what procedure? Is there a rule on this?

Subparagraph (d)(5): Replace “must” with “shall” for clarity and consistency.

History Note: S.L. 2002-182, s. 7, as amended by S.L. 2003-56 says registration with the Board shall be “on or before December 31, 2004”. What is your agency’s authority to make the provisions of this Rule retroactively effective?

History Note: Why doesn’t G.S. 90D-9 (Reciprocity) apply as legal authority for this Rule?

Please retype the rule accordingly and resubmit it to our office at 1711 New Hope Church Road, Raleigh, North Carolina 27609.

21 NCAC 25 .0202 THE APPLICATION PACKAGE AND REQUIREMENTS FOR LICENSURE

(a) An applicant for licensure shall submit the following materials to the Board:

- (1) A completed, signed, and dated application;
- (2) A clear, two-inch by two-inch, passport-style photograph of the head and shoulders of the applicant, made within two years of the date of application;
- (3) A legible, fully-completed finger print card obtained from a local law enforcement agency;
- (4) The applicant's signed, written consent to a criminal record check;
- (5) One or more cashier's checks, certified checks or money orders made payable to the North Carolina Interpreter and Transliterator Licensing Board in the amounts charged by the Department of Public Safety for all necessary local, State and federal criminal record checks; and
- (6) A cashier's check, certified check or money order made payable to the North Carolina Interpreter and Transliterator Licensing Board in the amount specified by Rule .0203 of this Section.

(b) Upon application to the Board and payment of the required fees under Rule .0203(a) of this Section, the Board shall grant an Applicant a full license as an interpreter or transliterator if the applicant meets all of the following qualifications:

- (1) Is 18 years of age or older.
- (2) Is of good moral character presumptively established by the applicant's eligibility under Rule .0302 of this Chapter. If the Board determines there is probable cause to question an applicant's moral character, and after notice to the applicant and a hearing, the Board shall deny a license if there is clear and convincing evidence the applicant lacks good moral character, including possessing the characteristics of honesty, maturity, discipline, attention to detail, and respect for the rights of others, as more fully discussed and interpreted in: In re Willis, 288 N.C. 1, 215 S.E. 2d 771, appeal dismissed, 423 U.S. 976 (1975); State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E. 2d 854 (1940); In re Legg, 325 N.C. 658, 386 S.E. 2d 174 (1989); In re Applicants for License, 143 N.C. 1, 55 S.E. 635 (1906); In re Scott Dillingham's Application, 188 N.C. 162, 124 S.E. 130 (1924); State v. Benbow, 309 N.C. 538, 308 S.E. 2d 647 (1983); and later court decisions.
- (3) Meets one of the following criteria:
 - (A) Is nationally certified by the Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf, Inc., (RID).
 - (B) Holds a valid Testing, Evaluation and Certification Unit, Inc. (TECUnit) national certification in cued language transliteration.
 - (C) Holds a current Cued Language Transliterator State Level Assessment (CLTSLA) level 3 or above classification.
 - (D) Holds a Board for Evaluation of Interpreters (BEI) assessment of Advanced or above.
 - (E) A Deaf Interpreter who holds a Board for Evaluation of Interpreters (BEI) intermediary certificate level IV or above.
 - (F) Holds a Utah Certified Interpreter certification of professional.
 - (G) Holds a Utah Certified Deaf Interpreter certification.

(c) Upon application to the Board and payment of the required fees under Rule .0203(a) of this Section, the Board shall grant an Applicant a one-time provisional license as an interpreter or transliterator if the applicant meets all of the following qualifications:

- (1) Is 18 years of age or older.
- (2) Is of good moral character presumptively established by the applicant's eligibility under 21 NCAC 25 .0302. If the Board determines there is probable cause to question an applicant's moral character, and after notice to the applicant and a hearing, the Board shall deny a license if there is clear and convincing evidence the applicant lacks good moral character, including possessing the characteristics of honesty, maturity, discipline, attention to detail, and respect for the rights of others, as more fully discussed and interpreted in: In re Willis, 288 N.C. 1, 215 S.E. 2d 771, appeal dismissed, 423 U.S. 976 (1975); State v. Harris, 216 N.C. 746, 6 S.E. 2d 854 (1940); In re Legg, 325 N.C. 658, 386 S.E. 2d 174 (1989); In re Applicants for License, 143 N.C. 1, 55 S.E. 635 (1906); In re Scott Dillingham's Application, 188 N.C. 162, 124 S.E. 130 (1924); State v. Benbow, 309 N.C. 538, 308 S.E. 2d 647 (1983); and later court decisions.
- (3) Completes two continuing education units approved by the Board. These units must be completed for each renewable year.

- (4) Holds at least a two-year associate degree in interpreting from a post-secondary institution and satisfies one the following:
 - (A) Holds a quality assurance North Carolina Interpreter Classification System (NCICS) level C classification.
 - (B) Holds a valid National Association of the Deaf (NAD) level 2 or 3 certification.
 - (C) Holds a current Educational Interpreter Performance Assessment (EIPA) level 3.5 or above classification.
 - (D) Holds a Board for Evaluation of Interpreters (BEI) assessment of Basic.
 - (E) A Deaf Interpreter who holds a Board for Evaluation of Interpreters (BEI) intermediary certificate level III.
 - (F) Holds a Utah Certified Interpreter certification of novice.

(d) Upon application to the Board, payment of the required fees under Rule .0203(a) of this Section, and meeting the requirements for a provisional license under Subparagraphs (c)(1) and (2) of this Rule, the Board shall also issue a provisional license to any of the following categories of persons seeking a one-time provisional license:

- (1) A deaf interpreter who completes 16 hours of training in interpreting coursework or workshops provided by the North Carolina Division of Services for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing, including role and function or ethics, and 20 hours in the 12 months immediately preceding the date of application in the provision of interpreting services.
- (2) An oral interpreter who completes a total of 40 hours of training in interpreting coursework or workshops related to oral interpreting.
- (3) A cued language transliterator who holds a current TECUnit Cued language Transliterator State Level Assessment (CLTSLA) level 2 or above classification.
- (4) A person providing interpreting or transliterating services who has a recognized credential from another state's licensing body in the field of interpreting or transliterating.
- (5) An interpreter or transliterator who has accumulated at least 200 hours per year in the provision of interpreting or transliterating services, in this State or another state, totaling at least 400 hours for the two years immediately preceding the date of the application. An applicant must provide documentation of hours when applying for a provisional license under this category, subject to verification by the Board.

History Note: Authority G.S. 90D-6; 90D-7; 90D-10; S.L. 2002-182, s. 7, as amended by S.L. 2003-56; Eff. March 21, 2005;
Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. July 22, 2017;
Temporary Amendment Eff. July 5, 2024;
Amended Eff. February 1, 2025.
[Eff. December 1, 2025] Eff. February 1, 2026