17 NCAC 07B . 4203 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4203 CONTRACTORS FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Sales of tangible personal property[items, as the term item is defined in G.S. 105-164.3,] to contractors for use in performing contracts with the United States Government or its agencies and instrumentalities are subject to the applicable statutory state[general State,] and-[applicable]]local[and transit rates of ] sales or [and ] use tax. [tax unless the terms of the contract between the contractor and the United States Government contain title-passage provisions of the Federal Acquisition Regulations where the title to the items purchased by the contractor is transferred to the United States Government on a regular, recurring, and routine basis.]
Sales of items, as the term item is defined in G.S. 105-164.3, to a contractor are exempt from sale and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(17), when a contract between the United States Government, or its agencies and instrumentalities, and a contractor contains a title passage clause from the Federal Acquisition Regulation as set out in 48 C.F.R. 1, such that title to items purchased by the contractor for use in performing the contract, pass from the contractor to the United States Government, or its agencies and instrumentalities, prior to any use by the contractor. [When the contract does not include a Federal Acquisition Regulation title-passage clause, items purchased by the contractor for use in performing the contract are subject to sales and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4.]

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;] 105467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. September 1, 2006; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991.1991;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4210 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4210 CHEROKEE INDIAN RESERVATIONNATIVE AMERICAN INDIAN COUNTRY

(a) Sales by Merchants on the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indian (EBCI) Reservation:
(1) SalesPursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(25), sales of tangible persenal propertyitems, as the term item is defined in G.S. 105-164.3, by merchants on the Cherokee IndianEBCI Reservation are exempt from sales and use tax when such merchants are authorized to do business on the EBCI Reservation and are paying the tribal gross receipts levy to the Tribal Council. The above exemption from the tax is applicable to all sales by merchants on the ReservationThis exemption applies without regard to the status of the purehaser.whether a purchaser is an enrolled member of the EBCI.
(2) Admission charges to an entertainment activity [sourced to] on the EBCI Reservation are exempt from sales and use tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(25), provided the retailer that offers the entertainment activity is authorized to do business on the EBCI Reservation and pays the tribal gross receipts levy to the Tribal Council. This exemption applies without regard to whether a purchaser is an enrolled member of the EBCI.
(3) For purposes of this rule, a sale occurs on the ECBI reservation when it is sourced to the reservation pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4B.
(b) Sales to Federally Recognized Native American Nations:
(1) Items Sourced to a Native American Nation's Indian Country. - SalesPursuant to G.S. 105164.13(17), retail sales of tangible personal propertyitems to a federally recognized Native American nation or an enrolled member of the federally recognized Native American nation residing within that nation's Indian Country, as the term Indian Country is defined in 18 U.S.C. 1151, by in-state vendors or out of state vendors to the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians or to individuat Indians of the band-are exempt from sales and use taxes-tax when delivery of the property oceurs on the Reservationsuch items are sourced to the nation's Indian Country.
(2) Items Sourced Outside a Native American Nation's Indian Country. -- Sales-Retail sales of angible personal property by in-state or out-of-state vendorsitems to the Eastern Band of Cherokee Indians,a federally recognized Native American nation or to individual Indians of the band, to contractors or anyone else representing Indiansan enrolled member of the federally recognized Native American nation are subject to [the applieable rates of] ]sales or and use [tax ]tax, pursuant to G.S. 105164.4, when delivery thereof oceurssourced outside the Reservation-nation's Indian Country even though such property items may be used, or incorporated into improvements en the Reservation-within the nation's Indian Country.
(c) Real Property Contracts with Federally Recognized Native American Nations: The sale of items to a real property contractor are exempt from sale and use tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(17), provided that the items are sourced to a federally recognized Native American nation's Indian Country, the purchase of the item is to fulfill a real property
contract with the nation or an enrolled member of the nation, and the item is used or installed within the sourcednation's Indian Country by the contractor or the contractor's subcontractor.
$[(1)$ A real property contractor is the consumer of an item that the real property contractor purehases, installs, or applies the item for others to fulfill a real property contract.] Contractors are users or consumers of all tangible personal property which they purchase within or without this State for use in the performance of contracts.
$[(2)$ Areal property contractor purehasing items sourced outside the nation's Indian Country]Gontractors are[is] liable for remitting the applicable-[rates of $]$ sales or [and-] tuse tax-[even if the real property contractor will use an item to fulfill a real property contract within the nation's Indian Country.] on all tangible personal property purchased within or without this State when delivery oceurs off the Reservation even though the contractors may use it or incorporate it in improvements on the Reservation.
$[(3)]$ Property purchased[Purchases] by [a real property contractor of items sourced-]and delivered to a contractor on a Reservation[federally recognized Native American nation's Indian Country] to be incorporated in an improvement[used within the nation's Indian Country] to-[fulfill a-]real property [contract with that federally recognized Native American nation or an enrolled member of that federally recognized Native American nation] is not subject to[exempt from] sales or [and ]use tax. Property purchased by and delivered to contractors on a reservation for use in performing a contract (but where the property is not incorporated in an improvement) is subject to sales or use tax unless sold by merchants on the Cherokee Indian Reservation who are authorized to do business there and who pay the tribal levy on the transaction which property is, therefore, exempt under G.S. 105-164.13(25).

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.4B; 105-164.4H; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;] 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; $105-498 ; 105-507.2 ; 105-509.1 ; 105-510.1 ; 105-511.3 ; 105-537 ; 105-538 ;$

Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. January 1, 1982.1982;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4404 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4404 EQUIPMENT FURNISHED WITH OPERATOR

(a) If the owner off [persen] transaction that provides equipment or other tangible personal property furnishes-with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time, or crew to operate such property, such owner is not deemed to be renting or leasing the property but-is not a lease or rental, as defined in G.S. 105-164.3(121), but is rendering a service if the operator is necessary for the equipment or other tangible personal property to [perform as designed]"perform as designed." and theThe receipts therefrom-from such services are not subject to the sales or use ax.tax imposed by G.S. 105-164.4 unless the service is a repair, maintenance, and installation service or other taxable service. An operator is necessary for equipment or other tangible personal property to [perform as designed]"perform as designed" when the operator's presence, skill, knowledge, and expertise are necessary [for]to bring about the desired effect of the equipment or other tangible personal [property to perform as designed.] property. An operator who only maintains, sets-up, [inspects, or monitors] or inspects the equipment or other tangible personal property, or any combination of such actions, is not necessary for the equipment or other tangible personal property to [perform as designed.]"perform as designed."
(b) [A]For purposes of G.S. 105-164.13, a person that purchases equipment or other tangible personal property to provide a service identified in [paragraph]Paragraph (a) of this Rule is not purchasing the equipment or other tangible personal property for resale and shall pay [the applicable rates of] sales and use tax on the purchase price of the equipment or other tangible personal [property.]property, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, as the consumer thereof.
(c) A person that leases or rents items of equipment or tangible personal property similar to those items provided by that person in rendering a service pursuant to Paragraph (a) of this Rule shall maintain records that establish the purchase of items used in the provision of a service pursuant to Paragraph (a) from those held for lease or rent. A person who fails to maintain the records as required by this Paragraph shall pay sales and use tax on the purchase of all equipment pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4 notwithstanding that some equipment may be held for lease or rental equipment, and the exemptions provided by G.S. 105-164.13 for items held for resale shall not be applicable. The records shall be maintained until the statute of limitations to request a refund and to be issued a proposed assessment have expired, as set out in G.S. 105-241.6 and G.S. 105-241.8.
$[(e)](\mathrm{d})$ Persons purchasingA person that provides the type of service described in [paragraph]Paragraph (a) of this Rule that purchases repair parts, lubrieants-lubricants, and other tangible personal property-property, or repair, maintenance, and installation services to maintain or repair equipment or other tangible personal property for use in rendering such service are liable for paymentshall pay [the applicable rates]-of sales or and use tax pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, at the applicable rate-on the purchase price-price of such [items.] items, as the consumer of the repair parts, lubricants, other tangible personal property, or repair, maintenance, and installation services.
[(d) Failure of a person to keep records that establish the service is exempt from tax subjects the person to liability for sales and use tax on the receipts derived from the transaction.]

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-164.22; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;] 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;

Eff. February 1, 1976.1976;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4415 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B. 4415 SKATING RINK AND BOWLING ALLEY RENTAL FEES

Charges-Admission charges for the use of a skating rink or bowling alley to skate or bowl are not subject to sales or use taxes;tax pursuant to the exception in G.S. 105-164.4G. however, if such businesses rentCharges for the rental of tangible personal property, such as skates and shoes, charges for sameshoes are subject to [the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of] sales and use tax.tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, and are not part of the admission charge. Sales-[Retail sales-] of tangible personal property[items] by such businesses are subject to the applicable statutory state and locat [rates of] -sales or use tax.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3;105-164.4; 105-164.4G; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39,
40, 42, 43, and 46;7Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; Article 46; 105-467;
105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105538;

Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. May 1, 2009; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991.1991;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4503 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4503 EQUIPMENT AND SUPPLIES FOR LAUNDRIES: ETC.

(a) SalesPursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(10), sales to commercial laundries, and pressing and dry cleaning plants [establishments,] and similar businesses establishments of laundry and dry cleaning machinery used in the direct performance of the laundering or the pressing and cleaning serviceservice, as well as parts and accessories attached to such equipment and lubricants applied to such equipment, and tangible personal property listed in G.S. 105164.13(10)a and parts and accessories thereto-are exempt from sales and use tax. [Parts and accessories attached to such equipment and lubricants applied to such equipment are also exempt from sales and use tax when purchased by eommercial laundries and pressing and dry cleaning establishments. In addition, certain tangible personal property listed in G.S. 105-164.13(10)a. is exempt from tax when purchased by commercial laundries and pressing and dry eleaning establishments.] The following items are exempt when sold to the herein named businesses:[Items]Examples of items exempt from sales and use tax when purchased by commercial laundries and pressing and dry cleaning establishments include the following:
(1) Washing machines, water heaters, water softener tanks, central control collection systems, pressing machines, marking machines, packaging machines, and folding machines and similar cleaning machines;
(2) hydraulic fluids used in laundry and dry cleaning machinery;
(3) boiler compounds used in boilers furnishing water or steam to the laundering, pressing or cleaning machinery;
(4) steam hose leading directly from the boiler to the laundering and dry cleaning machinery;
(5) press pads and covers for laundering and dry cleaning machinery;
(6) baskets, hampers, casters, or other containers used between the laundering and cleaning processes to transport or contain garments being laundered or cleaned;
(7) carbon and carbon filters used for reprocessing cleaning compounds;
(8) lint rolls and refills therefore;refills;
(9) conveyors used to transport garments along the laundering, cleaning, and pressing line during the process but not conveyors used before the laundering, cleaning, and pressing process begins or after it has been completed;
(10) boiler room machinery, including valves, fittings and water pumps; and
(11) transformers located on or adjacent to motors which-that power machinery used in the direct performance of laundering and cleaning services.
[(12) lubricants used in laundering, pressing, or cleaning machines; ]
[(13) fuel and piped natural gas used in the direct performance of the laundering or pressing and cleaning service, but not electricity;]
[(14) tags or labels used to identify garments being laundered or dry cleaned that are applied directly to garments in the direct performance of laundering or the pressing and cleaning service; ]
[(15) bags, paper, and hangers applied directly to garments in the direct performance of laundering or the pressing and cleaning service; and]
[(16) starch, soaps, detergents, cleaning fluids, and other compounds or chemicals applied directly to garments in the direct performance of laundering or the pressing and cleaning service.]
(b) The following items areItems not classified as tatndering, pressing orlaundering and dry cleaning machinery or parts and-or accessories thereto and are, therefore, are subject to the-[general State, and ]applicable statutory state and local-[and transit rates of ]sales or-and use [tax.] tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4. [Items] Examples of items not classified as laundering and dry cleaning machinery or parts or accessories include the following: when sold to the herein named businesses:
(1) coin operated musical devices, amusement devices, coin changers, vending machines-machines, and repair or replacement parts for such machines;
(2) baskets, hampers, casters, or containers used for general purposes such as to pick up soiled garments or deliver clean garments;
(3) smoke stacks, including the-any attached steel tadders attached thereto;ladders;
(4) wiring used in the general wiring system and the transformers used in connection therewith;system;
(5) sewing machines used in repairing or altering the customers' property and the replacement or repair parts to such-the machines;
(6) tailoring supplies such as buttons, threads-threads, and zippers for use in repairing or altering garments for which no charge is made to the customer;
(7) letterheads, monthly reports, envelopes and other office supplies;
(8) protective clothing for employees such as rubber gloves, aprons, protective shoes, etc. whether paid for by the employer or the employee;
(9) steam hose or pipe used in the general heating system;
(10) janitorial supplies;
(11) office furniture, fixtures and equipment, including cash registers;
(12) uniforms for employees;
(13) advertising materials;
(14) structural or building materials, supplies, fixtures and equipment whiehthat shall become a part of or be annexed to any building or structure being erected, altered or repaired;
(15) equipment used in the storage process to revitalize furs;
(16) conveyors used before or after the laundering, pressing-pressing, and cleaning process to transport garments-garments, but not those conveyors used to move the garments along the laundering, pressing_pressing, and cleaning line;
(17) lubricants used in laundering, pressing, or cleaning machines.
(18)(17) transformers used in connection with general wiring and power supply; and
$(19) \underline{(18)}$ water softener chemicals.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46; ]Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; Article 46; 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. August 1, 2009; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991; January 1, 1982.1982;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4609 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4609 FIRE TRUCKS AND EQUIPMENT

[(a) Fire Trucks Sold to Municipalities, Counties, Rural Fire Protection Districts, and Volunteer Fire Departments. Sales of fire trucks to municipalities, counties, rural fire protection districts, and volunteer fire departments organized under Chapter 69 of the North Carolina General Statutes are exempt from sales and use tax and subject to the three percent ( $3 \%$ ) highway use tax unless exempt under Article 5A of Chapter 105 of the North Carolina General Statutes. The highway use tax is administered by the Division of Motor Vehicles. The highway use tax shall be paid to the Commissioner of Motor Vehicles by the dealer, the purchaser, or other applicant for a certificate of title at the time of making application.]
[(b)](a) Firefighting Equipment. --Retail sales of items such as axes, brooms, buckets, shovels, ropes, general purpose tools, gas masks, first aid kits, blankets, portable pumps, and portable fire extinguishers and like artieles[similar items] are subject to [the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of] sales and use [tax.] tax, pursuant to G.S. 105164.4. Such items are subject to sales and use tax even if they are sold with fire trucks, as the items are eonsidered to be other fire fightingfirefighting equipment rather than accessories to the fire truck,truck. and sales of such items at retail are subject to the applicable statutory state and local sales or use tax without any maximum tax applicable thereto notwithstanding such sales are made to the above type customers or that the items are sold with fire trucks.
$[(\mathrm{c})]$ (b) Privately Owned Fire Trucks. -- Privately-Retail sales of privately owned fire trucks or vehicles en whichthat have permanently attached fire fightingfirefighting equipment has been mounted thatand are used only for fire fightingfirefighting purposes are classified as special mobile equipment, not a motor vehicle as defined in G.S. 105164.3, and sales thereof are not exempt under G.S. 105-164.13(32), but are subject to the-[general State and] applicable statutory state and local-[and transit rates of] sales or and use tax.tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4.
[(d) Repair Parts and Services for Fire Trucks.-]Sales-[Retail sales] ] frepair parts-[and repair, maintenance, and installation services-] to municipalities, counties, rural fire protection districts, and industrial users for use in repairing fire trucks are subject to the general State and applicable statutory state and local and transit rates of sales or [and ]use tax.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;]Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. September 1, 2006; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991; July 1, 1990; January 3, 1984.1984;

Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 4614 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4614 PICKUP CAMPERS: TRAHERSRECREATIONAL VEHICLES

Retail sales of The definition of motor vehicle in G.S. 105-164.3 includes camper trailers-trailers, fifth-wheel trailers, motor homes, and travel [trailers] ]trailers, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01, whichthat are designed to run on the streets and highways and which are pulled by a self propelled vehicle[motor vehicle, or are self propelled,] are classified as sales of motor vehicles and exempt from sales-[and use-] ]ax primarily for use upon the highways. The definition of motor vehicle in G.S 105-164.3 does not include truck campers, as defined in G.S. 20-4.01. Retail sales of such eamper trailers[items] are subject to the highway use tax. Retail sales of slide-in pickup camper units[truck campers] are subject to the-[general State, and] ]applieable statutory state and locat-[and transit rates of ] sales or [and] ]use tax.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-187.3; 105-262; 105-264; Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. September 1, 2006; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991; October 1, 1990; July 1, 1990.1990;

Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024,

17 NCAC 07B . 4701 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## SECTION . 4700 - PRINTERS AND NEWSPAPER OR MAGAZINE PUBLISHERS

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4701 COMMERCIAL PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS

(a) AllPursuant to G.S. 105-164.4, retail sales of tangible personal propertyitems, as the term item is defined in G.S. 105-164.3, by commercial printers or publishers are subject to the applicable statutory state and local[rates of] sales or and use tax unless the sales are subject to a lesser rate of tax under the provisions of G.S. 105-164.4(a) or are exempt tuder the provisions of G.S. 105-164.13.[by statute.]including subscriptions, plates and dies sold to customers, book binding, and other repair, maintenance, and installation services.
[(1) Subscriptions. - Retail sales of advertising circulars, catalogues, booklets, pamphlets, forms, tiekets, letterheads, envelopes, and similar items and retail sales of books, magazines, periodicals, newspapers and other publications are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax unless the sales are exempt from tax under G.S. 105-164.13. When publications are sold by subscription, the tax accrues at the time the subscription is accepted.
(2) Plates and Dies. - When, at the request of the eustomer, commercial printers purchase eustom made printing plates and dies for use in the direct production of the printed matter and title to the custom made printing plates and dies passes to the printer's customer, such items can be purchased by the commercial printer exempt from sales and use tax in accordance with 17 NCAC 07B .0106 . The printer is liable for collecting and remitting the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax on the sales price of the printing plates and dies. The printer's sales invoices and records shall show that the plates and dies are actually sold to the customer.
(3) Book Binding and other Repair, Maintenance, and Installation Services. The gross receipts derived from repair, maintenance, and installation services, including book binding and imprinting, are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax unless exempt by statute.]
[(b) Exempt Sales by Commercial Printers and Publishers.-]The following transactions-are also exempt from sales or use tax:
(1) eharges [Charges-]for advertising space in newspapers, magazines and other publications; [publications.]
(2) eharges-[Charges-] made by printers for imprinting or binding books or forms or other similar items which are owned by their customers; [when such items are purchased for resale in accordance with 17 NCAC 07B.0106.]
[(3) Printed material sold by a retailer when the printed material is delivered by the retailer in this State to a common carrier or to the United States Postal Service for delivery to the purchaser or the
purchaser's designee outside this State, and the purchaser does not subsequently use the printed material in this State.]
(3)[(4)] Printed material which is sold by a retailer to a purchaser within or without this state when the printed material is delivered by the printer directly to a mailing house-[house, ]or to a common earrier [earrier, ] or to the United States Postal Service for delivery to a mailing house in this state Which[State that] will preaddress and presort the material and deliver it to a common carrier or to the United States Postal Service for delivery to recipients outside this state-[State-] designated by the purchaser.
(A) Sales of printed material by a retailer located within or without this state which is delivered directly to the purchaser in this state for the original purpose of preparing and delivering the printed material to the United States Postal Service or a common carrier for delivery to prospective customers or other recipients outside this state are exempt from sales and use tax provided the purpose is constmmated. A purchaser of the printed material for preparation and delivery to prospective customers and other recipients outside this state must furnish the vendor a written statement certifying that the printed material is being purchased for use in a mailing program which is in place at the time of purchase; otherwise, the vendor must collect and remit the tax on the sales. Sales of printed materials to a user or consumer in this state to be placed in the purchaser's inventory for use as needed are subject to sales or use taxes notwithstanding that all or a portion of the printed material may be delivered to the United States Postal Service or a common carrier for delivery to prospective customers or other recipients outside this state.
(B) A retailer who sells printed material delivered to a common carrier or the United States Postal Service for delivery to the purchaser at a point within this state who prepares the material to be mailed to prospective customers or other recipients without charge and transports the material outside this state to be delivered to the United States Postal Service or a common carrier or to a mailing house outside this state for delivery to designated recipients is liable for sales or use tax except as provided in this Rule.
(b) Retail sales of advertising circulars, catalogues, booklets, pamphlets, forms, tickets, letterheads, envelopes and similar items and retail sales of books, magazines, periodicals, newspapers and other publications are subject to the applicable statutory state and loeal sales or use tax unless the sales are exempt from tax under the provisions of G.S. 105-164.13. When publieations, other than magazines, are sold by subseription, the tax acerues at the time the subscription is accepted.
(e)(b) Exempt Purchases of Mill Machinery or Mill Machinery Parts or Accessories by Commercial Printers or Publishers. -- Sales to[Purehases]Pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(5e), purchases by commercial printers and publishers of mill machinery and-or mill machinery equipment and-parts therefor andor accessories thereto-for use directly in the production [phase, as the term "production" is defined in Section 57 of the Sales and Use Tax Bulletins.]phase of printing and publishing, are exempt from sales and use tax. For purposes of this Rule, "Production" as a phase of
industrial or manufacturing operations shall mean all steps performed in processing and refining rooms, and in other quarters and departments of a plant, where conditioning, treating, or other operations are done on ingredient materials as an actual routine on the assembly or processing line turning out a finished product of manufacture for sale. The "Production" phase also includes the following:
(1) The movement of raw materials or ingredients from an inventory or a stockpile located on the premises of the manufacturing facility to the assembly or processing line.
(2) The movement of goods in process along the assembly or processing line.
(3) The movement of manufactured products from the assembly or processing line into shipping or storage areas and yards located on the premises of the manufacturing facility.
(4) The work of experimentation and research performed on the manufactured products.
"Production" does not include any activity connected with the movement of raw materials or ingredients into inventory nor does it include "distribution" which is any activity connected with the movement of manufactured products within storage warehouses, shipping rooms, and other such finished product storage areas and the removal of such products therefrom for sale or shipment, or "administration" which is any administrative work of offices, promotion of sales, and collection of accounts. Items that [eommercial printers and publishers may purchase exempt from sales and use as as]are mill machinery or mill machinery parts or accessories when purchased by a commercial printer or publisher include the following:
(1) Machinery and equipment and parts or accessories thereto for use directly in the production of newspapers, magazines-magazines, and other printed matter material for sale are exempt from sales tax.sale.
(2) Included herein are customCustom made plates and dies for use directly in the production of newspapers, magazines, and other printed material for sale when title thereto-to the plates and dies does not pass to the printers' customers.
(3) Sales to commereial printers and publishers of tangibleTangible personal property such as wood and metal which is-used to fabricate plates and dies for use in the production of printed matter-material for sale are exempt from sales tax when title to the plates and dies does not pass to the printers' customers.
(4) Sales to commercial printers and publishers of machinery,Machinery, equipment, film, and similar items ofother tangible personal property for use or consumption directly inthat are used or consumed by the printer in the production of the plates and dies are also exempt from sales tax that are directly used in the production of newspapers, magazines, and other printed material for sale.
(5) Lithographic and gravure plates and dies retained by the printer or publisher that are directly used in the production of newspapers, magazines and other printed material for sale. It is a printing trade practice that title to lithographic and gravme plates and dies is-[be-]retained by the printer or publisher. Unless it is otherwise agreed in writing, the items purchased by the printer or publisher[these plates and dies] are exempt from sales tax.[tax as items purchased by the printer or publisher for use.]
(6) Photo engravings, electrotypes, and lithographs for direct use in printing tangible personal property for sale.
(7) Printing presses for direct use in printing tangible personal property for sale.
(8) Cushion paper, cover paper, and tissue for use in building up the printing surface of the press for direct use in printing tangible personal property for sale.
(9) Offset or direct relief duplicating machines and repair parts or accessories for such machines, including offset blankets and plates.
(10) Positives and negatives for use in preparing plates for use in the printing process. [Purchases of sueh items by non-commercial printers for use or consumption are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(11) Chemicals used to clean printing machinery. [Chemieals used for sanitation purposes are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(12) Metal for making type.
(13) Computers used in the printing process. [Computers used for administrative purposes are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(14) Mounting tape for use in the preparation of plates.
(15) Printing machines when the machines are used to produce newspapers or other printed material for sale. [Purchases of printing machines for use in printing customers' addresses and addressograph plates for use in the mailing and shipping process are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(16) Photographs to be reproduced in newspapers. [These are classified as accessories to the manufacturing process.]
(d) Sales to commercial printers of eustom made plates and dies for resale are exempt from sales or use tax when supported by Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement Certificates of Exemption, Form E-595E. Sales to commereial printers of tangible personal property as wood and metal which becomes a component part of printing plates produced by the printers for sale to customers are likewise exempt from sales or use tax when supported by certificates of exemption. However, sales to commercial printers of machinery, equipment, film, and similar items of tangible personal property which do not enter into or become a component part of the plates and dies but are used or consumed by the printer in the direct production of the plates and dies are exempt from sales tax. When, at the request of the customer, commercial printers purchase custom made printing plates and dies for use in the direct production of the printed matter or when they purchase wood and metal which becomes a compenent part of printing plates and dies fabricated by the printer for use in the direct production of printed matter and title to the plates and dies passes to the printers' eustomers, the items may be purchased for resale. The printer is liable for collecting and remitting the applicable statutory state and local sales or use tax on the total retail sales price of the plates and dies ineluding charges for tangible personal property and art work or any other services that go into the manufacture or delivery thereof. In such cases, the printer's sales invoices and records must show that the plates and dies are actually sold to the customer; otherwise, the items are deemed to have been used by the printer, and the cost price of same is exempt from sales tax.
(e)[(d)] Sales to commercial printers and publishers of tangible personal property which is not resold as such or which[resold,] does not become an ingredient or component part of the tangible personal property which they produce for sale-[sale, ] or which[and] is not production [mill] ]machinery or [mill machinery]parts therefor and[or] accessories thereto are subject to the-[general State, and-] applicable statutory state and locat-[and transit rates of ] sales or [and] use tax.
$(\mathrm{f})(\mathrm{e})$ In-House Printers. -- The provisions of Paragraph $(\mathrm{d})[(\mathrm{e})](\mathrm{b})$ of this Rule have ne applicationdo not apply to sales of printing equipment and supplies to firms whichbusinesses that operate print shops for the production of printed matter for their own use and not for sale. Purehase of printing equipment and supplies by such firms-[businesses-]are subject to the-[general State, and ]applicable statutory state and local [and transit rates or ]sales or [and] ]use tax.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.5; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;]Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; Article 46; 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105537; 105-538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. October 1, 2009; April 1, 2001; October 1, 1993; June 1, 1992; October 1, 1991; February 1, 1988.1988;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B .4707 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 4707 PRINTING CHEMICALS

(a) [Sales] Pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13, sales of the following chemicals to commercial printers or publishers which enter into or become an ingredient or component part of printed matter which such purchasers sell-are exempt from sales and use tax tax:
(1) Chemicals that enter into or become an ingredient or component part of printed material for resale.
(2) Chemicals used to clean printing machinery.
(b) Sales of chemicals not listed in paragraph (a), including Chemicals-chemicals used by commercial printers and publishers-for [sanitation]cleaning, disinfecting, or sanitizing purpeses-purposes, are subject to the applicable statutory state[general State] and [applicable]local[and transit rates of ]sales or and use tax.tax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.4.

History Note: $\quad$ Authority G.S. 105-164.4; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-164.28; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105,
Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;]Article 39; Article 40; Article 42; Article 43; Article 44; 105-467;
105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-
538;
Eff. February 1, 1976;
Amended Eff. April 1, 2006; October 1, 1993; October 1, 1991; July 5, 1980.1980;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

17 NCAC 07B . 5002 is readopted with substantive changes pursuant to G.S. $150 \mathrm{~B}-21.3 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{c})(2) \mathrm{g}$ without notice pursuant to G.S. 150B-1(D)(4) as follows:

## 17 NCAC 07B . 5002 EYEGLASS FRAMES AND REPAIR PARTS

(a) Eyeglass frames sold in connection with the repair or replacement of corrective eyeglasses for human use ground en prescription of physicians, oculists, or optometrists-are not subject to the tax.exempt from sales and use taxtax, pursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(12), as prosthetic devices. Sales of [temples and similar items that are considered] repair or replacement parts for prosthetic [devices]devices, such as temples, nose pads, temple hinges, screws, and ear tips, are also exempt from sales and use tax. A person who sells corrective eyeglass frames and repair parts for corrective eyeglasses for human use shall keep sales records that clearly separate its sales of corrective eyeglass frames and repair parts for corrective eyeglasses for human use from sales of other items. FFailure of a person to keep records that establish a sale is exempt from sales and use tax subjects the person to liability for the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax on the sale.]
[(b) Eyeglass frames or other parts sold in connection with the repair or replacement of non-corrective eyeglasses for human use that do not meet the definition of a prosthetic device in G.S. 105-164.3, or are not specifically exempt by statute, are subject to the general State, and applicable local and transit rates of sales and use tax.]
(b) $[(\mathrm{e})](\mathrm{b})$ SalesPursuant to G.S. 105-164.13(61b), sales of eyeglass frames, repair parts for eyeglasses, cases, optical merchandise-merchandise, and optical supplies by optical-supply houses and opticians-to registered merchants, including oculists and optometrists,retailers or wholesale merchants for resale are not subject to the tax.exempt from sales and use [tax.] tax, when the purchaser complies with the requirements of 17 NCAC 07 B .0106.

History Note: Authority G.S. 105-164.3; 105-164.4; 105-164.5; 105-164.6; 105-164.13; 105-164.22; 105-262; 105-264; [Chapter 105, Articles 39, 40, 42, 43, and 46;7 105-467; 105-468; 105-469; 105-483; 105-498; 105-507.2; 105-509.1; 105-510.1; 105-511.3; 105-537; 105-538;
Eff. February 1, 1976.1976;
Readopted Eff. January 1, 2024.

